Course Title: Mathematics for Data Science										
Course code:		No. of credits: 4		L-T-P: 45-15-0	Learning hours: 60					
				L: Lectures; T: Tu	torials;	P: Pract	ticals			
Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None										
Department: Natural and Applied Sciences										
Course coordinator: Course instructor:										
Contact details:										
Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1										
Course Description										
The course is intended to act as a foundational course for other courses that are offered as part of										
the bachelor's degree in data science that require a strong mathematical background. It will give										
an overview of the fundamental mathematical methods used for investigating environmental data.										
Course objectives										
The course aims to build conceptual understanding and applied skills in said mathematical domains of linear algebra – matrices, determinants and vector spaces; calculus – differential and integral										
		imants and vector	r sp	aces; calculus – di	Herentia	i and in	tegrai			
	ulas; and differential equations.									
Cou	Topic				L	T	P			
	Module 1: Introduction to ma	thematics for da	ata e	science	L	1	1			
1										
•	_	on: Quantitative aspects in data driven decision making, tools deterministic (analytical and numerical), stochastic 3								
	processes; mathematical modell	` ' '								
2		elations and functions, trigonometry, logarithms, quadratic								
	equations.	,,,, ,, ,, , ,, , , ,, , , ,, , , ,, , , ,, , , ,, , ,, , ,				1				
					5					
	Module 2: Linear algebra –	matrices and det	terr	ninants						
3	Matrices: Types of matrices, algebra of matrices, rank, transpose,									
	and inverse of a matrix, symme	rse of a matrix, symmetric, skew symmetric, and invertible				2				
	<u> </u>									
	orthogonal matrix.									
4	Determinants: Properties of dete									
	natrices, examples, finding an adjoint and inverse matrix,									
		applications of determinants and matrices, definition of left/right eigenvalues and eigenvectors, Caley – Hamilton theorem, singular value decomposition, interpretation of eigenvalues/vectors,								
	_									
	characteristic polynomial, dia									
	factorization: Gauss eliminati									
	Jordan-LU decomposition.	ion, iow canoni	cui	Torin, Gauss						
	Module 3: Linear algebra – vo	ector spaces								
5	Introduction of vector spaces,		r de	ependence, and						
	1	anning set, basis and dimension, finite								
	dimensional vector spaces and	_		6	3					
	kernel, range, matrix represen	ntation of a line	ar 1	transformation,						
	rank-nullity.									
6	Theorem, eigenvalues and eigen	_	of li	near equations,	3					
	consistency of a system of linear				5					
	Module 4: Differential and in	tegral calculus								

7 Differential calculus: Limits and continuity, derivatives a differentiation, logarithmic differentiation, success differentiation, infinite series, applications of differential calculincreasing and decreasing functions, the role of the Hessian maxiand minima and related extreme conditions, multivariable calculations.	sive lus, 7 ima	3				
8 Integral calculus: Indefinite integrals, methods of integration integration by substitution, by parts, decomposition into sur applications. Definite integrals, theorems of definite integrals a evaluation of definite integrals, double integrals, applications integrals and area under curves.	ms, and 7	3				
Module 5: Differential equations						
9 Linear and non-linear differential equations, solutions differential equations, differential equations of first order and f degree, ordinary differential equations.		1				
Total	45	15				

Evaluation criteria

- Minor 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 15%
- Minor 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3] -- 15%
- Assignment: 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 50%

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- understand deterministic and stochastic methods for analyzing data; and comprehend the basic mathematical concepts like relations and functions. [Module 1; Minor1]
- interpret the concepts of matrices and determinants in data science. [Module 2; Minor 1]
- apply linear and non-linear equations in real world problems. [Module 3; Minor 2]
- acquire the necessary background for advanced courses in Data Science such as coding theory, artificial intelligence, numerical computation. [Modules 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5; Major Test]

Pedagogical approach

- The course will be delivered through lectures and tutorials that will focus on developing necessary mathematical foundations for Data Science.
- The course will also focus on classroom discussions and assignments to improve the analytical and problem-solving capabilities of the students.

Reading Resources

Kreyszig, E. (2010). Advanced Engineering Mathematics. John Wiley.

Nield, T. (2022). Essential Math for Data Science. O'Reilly Media, Inc.

Prasad G. (2004). Differential Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd., Allahabad.

Prasad G. (2004). Integral Calculus. Pothishala Pvt. Ltd., Allahabad.

Ren, J., Wang, H. (2023). Mathematical Methods in Data Science. Elsevier.

Spivak, M. (2006). Calculus. Cambridge University Press.

Strang, G. (2006). *Linear Algebra and its Applications*. Belmont, CA: Thomson, Brooks/Cole.

Thomas, G.B., Fineey, R.L, Weir, M.D., Giordano, F.R. (203). *Thomas's Calculus*. Addison-Wesley.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class and ensure timely submission of assignments. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions.

Course Reviewers:

- 1. **Reviewer 1 Dr Gurminder Singh,** Associate Professor, Department of Mathematics, Birla Institute of Technology (Mesra) Jaipur Campus
- 2. Reviewer 2 Prof. Shakir Ali, Professor, Department of Mathematics, Aligarh Muslim University