TERI SAS (Deemed to be University)





10, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, VASANT KUNJ, NEW DELHI

MINUTES

60th MEETING OF ACADEMIC COUNCIL

Meeting No. : 60th (Sixtieth))

Date : 24 December 2024 (Tuesday)

Venue : Conference Room, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Time : 10.30 AM

TERI SAS (Deemed to be University) MINUTES FOR THE 60th MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL 24 December 2024 (10.30 AM ONWARDS)

ITEMS AT A GLANCE

| <u>Item No.</u> | Particulars |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Item No.60.1: | Welcome and opening remarks by the Vice Chancellor |
| Confirmation of Mir | nutes |
| Item No. 60.2: | To confirm the minutes of the Fifty Ninth(59 th) Meeting of the Academic Council held on 04 June2024. |
| Action Taken Repor | t |
| Item No. 60.3: | Action Taken Report on the 59th Academic Council Meeting. |
| Agenda items for Inf | formation |
| Item No. 60.4: | Matters of information |
| 60.4.2 60.4.3 60.4.4 60.4.5 | Admission status Closure of programmes Scholarship details Institutional jointly-supervised dual doctorate degree agreement Erasmus+ International Mobility with University of Graz Increase in the seats for the Academic programs |
| Agenda items for Co | onsideration |
| Item No. 60.5. | Agenda Items |
| 60.5.1 | To consider in-principle approval for launching the proposed Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post- Graduate Program (FYIPP) by the Department of Biotechnology in the Academic Year 2025-26 |
| 60.5.2 | To discuss and approve the proposal of starting B.Tech (Energy Engineering) and its proposed course structure |
| 60.5.3 | |
| 60.5.4 | |

- M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
 50.5.5 To consider and approve starting the one-year PG Diploma in Renewable
- 60.5.5 To consider and approve starting the one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in online mode and also approve the Programme Project Report (PPR)
- 60.5.6 To consider and approve shifting of courses in the semester of M.Sc. Environmental Studies and Resource Management (ESRM) programme of the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
- 60.5.7 To consider and approve course framework for four years UG programme for Data Science (DS), and UG programme for Environmental Studies (ES) of the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences

- 60.5.8 To consider and approve nine Course Outlines and syllabus of the 4th semester undergraduate Data Science and Environmental Studies programmes offered by the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
- 60.5.9 To consider and approve the change in offering of the following courses in all the Masters' programmes (DoSE, DoPMS less MBA (SM) of the Department
- 60.5.10 To consider and approve extension of time period for thesis submission
- 60.5.11 To consider and approve the new courses for the 4th semester BSc Economics Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies
- 60.5.12 To consider and review the eligibility criteria for admission for MSc-Economics and BSC-Economics Programmes
- 60.5.13 To consider and approve the introduction of 5-year integrated programme in Economics for BSc (Economics) programme from AY 2025-26 onwards
- 60.5.14 To consider and approve the new courses for the 2nd and 4th semester BBA programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies
- 60.5.15 To consider and approve the revised courses for the LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines
- 60.5.16 To consider and approve the modification of the courses of MA SDP Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies
- 60.5.17 To consider and approve the courses of MA PPSD Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies
- 60.5.18 To consider and approve revised Ph.D. regulations

Item No. 60.6: Any other item with the permission of the Chair

- 60.6.1 Eligibility criteria of the programmes offered at TERI SAS
- 60.6.2 Extension for Ph.D. Scholars

TERI SAS (Deemed to be University)

MINUTES FOR THE 59th MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL 24 December 2024 (10.30 AM ONWARDS)

The Sixtieth meeting of the Academic Council was held on 24 December 2024 at 1030 hours. The following were present:-

Members Present

| Prof Suman Kumar Dhar | Prof Suresh Jain |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Prof Shreekant Gupta | Prof Vivek Suneja |
| Prof Chander Kumar Singh | Prof Sukanya Das |
| Prof Naqui Anwer | Dr Chaithanya Madhurantakam |
| Dr Ranjana Ray Chaudhuri | Dr Gopal Sarangi |
| Prof Anandita Singh | Prof Shaleen Singhal |
| Dr Sapan Thapar | Prof Shashi Bhushan Tripathi |
| Dr Shantanu De Roy | Dr Anand Madhukar |
| Dr Priyanka Arora | Dr Amit Singh |
| Dr Adwitiya Sinha | Col B Venkat |

Prof Sagnik Dey, Prof P.S.N. Rao, Mr Sudhir Vadehra, Prof Ramakrishnan Sitaraman, Prof Arun Kansal, Dr Ramkishore Singh and Dr Shruti Sharma Rana were absent with prior information.

Item No 60.1: Welcome and opening remarks by the Vice Chancellor.

Professor Suman Kumar Dhar welcomed all the members to the meeting and thanked them for their presence. He briefly informed the Council that the academic session at TERI SAS had commenced with an increased number of students enrolled in various programs. He provided an outline of the agenda items for the meeting, which included the introduction of two new programs and the revision of the Ph.D. guidelines to align with the new UGC regulations. Professor Dhar mentioned that the suggestions and guidance of the Academic Council members would be sought to refine the program structure and to seek approval during the meeting.

Confirmation of Minutes

Item No. 60.2: To confirm the minutes of the Fifty Ninth (59th) Meeting of the Academic Council held on 04 June 2024.

The minutes of the Fifty Ninth Meeting of the Academic Council, held on 04 June 2024, were circulated to the members and no comments were received.

The Academic Council may, therefore, consider confirming the minutes, as circulated.

The Academic Council approved the minutes of Fifty Ninth (59th) Meeting of Academic Council held on 04 June 2024.

Action Taken Report on the 59thAcademic Council Meeting.

Item No.60.3: Action Taken Report on the 59th Academic Council Meeting

| Sr.No. | Agenda | Action taken |
|--------|--|--------------------|
| Item | 59.5.1 To consider and approve restructuring | The same has since |
| No.1 | of MSc (Geoinformatics), MSc (Climate | been implemented. |
| | Science and Policy) and MSc (Environmental | |
| | Studies and Resource Management) | |
| | programmes, realigning of the courses and | |

| | [| |
|------|---|--------------------|
| | revision of Major & Minor project creditsin | |
| | the Department of Natural and Applied | |
| | Sciences | |
| | | |
| | 59.5.1.1.Review of the current programme | |
| | structure of MSc Geoinformatics, MSc | |
| | Climate Science and Policy (CSP) and | |
| | MSc Environmental Studies and Resource | |
| | Management (ESRM), in the context of | |
| | aligning it to the National Higher | |
| | Education Qualifications Framework | |
| | | |
| | (NHEQF) and the new proposed system of | |
| | 20 credits per semester (minimum 80 | |
| | credits for a 2-year PG programme). | |
| | 59.5.1.2.Realigning of courses across from one | |
| | semester to the other, changes in course | |
| | types (credit/audit/core/elective), changes | |
| | in course codes, removing certain courses | |
| | (NRE 165 - Introduction to Sustainable | |
| | Development, PPM 179 - Design | |
| | Thinking, NRE105 Independent Study | |
| | and NRE 102 Seminar Course in Global | |
| | Change) and change in number of credits | |
| | (NRG 178 - Principles of remote sensing. | |
| | 59.5.1.3.Revision of Minor Project and Major | |
| | Project credits, as per requirement of | |
| | NHEQF. | |
| | | |
| | To increase the Minor project credits to 8 | |
| | and add to 3 rd semester credits. In | |
| | addition, Major project credits to be | |
| | revised to 20 in the 4^{th} semester. | |
| | | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. | |
| Item | 59.5.2 To consider and approve review of the | The same has since |
| No.2 | complete course framework for four years UG | been implemented. |
| | programme and approve third semester | |
| | courses of Four-Year Undergraduate | |
| | programmes in Environmental Studies and | |
| | Data Science offered by the Department of | |
| | Natural and Applied Sciences | |
| | 59.5.2.1To consider and approve review of the | |
| | complete course framework for four years | |
| | Undergraduate programme for Data | |
| | Science (DS) and Undergraduate | |
| | programme for Environmental Studies | |
| | 1 0 | |
| | (ES) offered by the Department of Natural | |
| | and Applied Sciences. | |
| | 59.5.2.2 To consider and approve below | |
| | mentioned third semester courses of | |
| | Four-Year Undergraduate programmes in | |
| | Environmental Studies and Data Science. | |
| | (i) Data Wrangling and Visualization | |
| | (major for DS) | |
| | (ii) Cybersecurity for Data Science (major | |
| | for DS) | |
| | (iii) Data Mining and Data Analysis | |
| | | |

| | | 1 |
|--------------|---|---|
| | (major for DS) (iv) Biodiversity Conservation (major for ES) (v) Soil Conservation and Management (major for ES) (vi) Sustainable Built Environment (major for ES) (vii) Conventional and Renewable Energy Resources (minor for ES) (viii) Environmental Statistics (MDC) (ix)Introduction to Geographic Information System (SEC) (x) Modern Indian Language 2 (AEC) | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, and proposed renaming the course - Cybersecurity for Data Science (major for DS) as Cybersecurity (major for DS) and approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.3 | 59.5.3 To consider and approve aligning the learning outcomes and credit requirements of following programmes as per NHEQF offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering (i) M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and Management) – M.Tech REEM) (ii) M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) – M.Sc (ESM) (iii) P G Diploma in Renewable Energy Management – PGDREM (iv) M.Tech (Urban Development Management) –M.Tech (UDM) (v) P G Diploma in Urban Development Management) –M.Tech (UDM) (v) P G Diploma in Urban Development Management – PGDUDM The Department of Sustainable Engineering offers five programmes. There are two PG Diploma, one M.Sc and two M.Tech programmes which falls at level 6, level 6.5 and level 7, respectively as per NHEQF (National Higher Education Qualification Framework-2023). As per NHEQF, each of these programmes requires minimum of 40 credits every year (which may spread over two semesters) to be earned by any individuals enrolled in the programmes. It is, therefore, required to align the programme structures to accommodate recommendations as per NHEQF so that the credit requirements and learning outcomes of all the programmes can be aligned accordingly. | The same has since been implemented. Involvement of Professors of Practice/Honorary distinguished professors is under consideration. |
| | (a) Additional and niche' areas such as Carbon Credit, Energy storage system, Hydrogen Engineering & Electric vehicles be introduced as subjects to be taught as part of | |

| | the credits. (b) Present offering of courses as 01 credit be increased to minimum 02 to be seen as a viable learning. (c) Possibility of involving Professors of Practice / Honorary professors be explored for this niche' areas. | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Item No.4 | 59.5.4: To consider and approve five Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering | The same has since been implemented. |
| | M.Sc (Energy Studies and management) [M.Sc (ESM)] is a new programme which shall be started from the session 2024-25. There are 8 core courses in the 1st semester. Out of 8 courses, the course outline of 3 courses doesn't require fresh approval. The remaining 5 new course are as listed below, which is presented for discussion and approval. | |
| | (i) Introduction to Energy Resources, Systems and Technologies (ii) Energy System Infrastructure & Operations (iii) Energy Policy, Planning and Programmes (iv) Energy Conservation, Audit and Management (v) Energy Science Lab | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.5 | 59.5.5: To consider and approve three Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Tech (Urban Development Management)) offered by the Department of Sustainable EngineeringThe M.Tech (UDM) programme has been restructured. One course of the 1st semester, listed | M.Tech (UDM) has been applied for closure to the regulatory body, AICTE. |
| | below, is presented for discussion and approval. (i) Theories of Urbanisation and their application for urban development. Two courses of 1st semester of M.Tech (UDM) has been updated. Both the courses have been presented for discussion and approval. | |
| | (ii) MEU 167 Urban Development Policies and Programmes. (iii) MEU 179 Geoinformatics for urban development management. | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.6 | 59.5.6: To consider and approve including B.Sc in Energy and B.Voc in relevant stream as | The same has since been implemented. |

| | eligibility criteria for admission to M.Sc (ESM) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering To expand the eligibility criteria for admission to M.Sc (ESM) programme, it is proposed that candidates with B.Sc degree in Energy domain and B.Voc in relevant stream be allowed to take admission in this programme. The Academic Council approved the agenda. | |
|--------------|--|---|
| Item No.7 | 59.5.7 To consider and approve revision of programme structure of MSc (Water Science and Governance). | The program is not under offer from the Academic year 2025 -26. |
| | To consider and approve revision of programme structure of MSc (WSG), offered by the Coca Cola Department of Regional Water Studies to align the course structure with the National Higher Education Qualification Framework (NHEQF). | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.8 | 59.5.8 To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MSc Economics offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies 59.5.8.1 To align the programme outline of M.Sc Economics in line with the NHEQF guidelines, the proposal was that the Mathematical Methods of Economics (now offered in the 1st Semester) may be divided into two new courses: (a) 'Real Analysis and Optimization' and (b) 'Linear Algebra and Dynamic Optimization'. However, BoS members suggested that including both these courses in Semester 1 would be too heavy content wise, hence shall be spread across the Semesters. 59.5.8.2 To approve the following new courses for BSc Economics Programme for the third Semester. (i) Intermediate Microeconomics 1 (ii) Intermediate Microeconomics 2 (iv) Introduction to Development Economics | The same has since been implemented. |
| Item | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.59.5.9 To consider and approve revision of the | The proposal is |
| No.9 | 59.5.9 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of MBA (SM) programme offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies as per the AICTE Credit norms Vide AICTE's Model curriculum for MBA dated Jan 2018, program structure and credits have been defined as follows- | implementation for 2 nd and 4 th Semester presently. |

| | (i) First year (I and II semester) – 54 credits of | |
|---------------|--|---|
| | core courses | |
| | (ii) Second year (III and IV semester) - 42 credits | |
| | of electives | |
| | (iii) Internship / Field work – 06 credits | |
| | Total – 102 credits | |
| | Further, one credit equals to 10 hours. | |
| | It is proposed that the same be adopted for the | |
| | MBA (SM) program and the courses be revised to | |
| | be offered from the next semester commencing Jan / Feb 2025, with 06 credits for internship / | |
| | field work be equated to the minor internship | |
| | under offer at TERI SAS. | |
| | | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. It was unanimously | |
| | agreed upon to explicitly state that one credit | |
| | for teaching equates to 10 hours. | |
| Item | | The same has since |
| No.10 | 59.5.10 To consider and approve review of the following two new core courses to be | been implemented |
| 110.10 | following two new core courses to be introduced in BBA Semester -3 | seen implemented |
| | (i) Marketing Management II | |
| | (ii) Operation Management | |
| | | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and suggested that Operation Management be | |
| | A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A = A = | |
| | changed to Operations Management. The | |
| Item | Academic Council approved the agenda. | The same has been |
| Item No.11 | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the | |
| Item No.11 | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per | The same has been presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the | presented as an |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and | presented as an agenda in the |
| | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda. | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |
| No.11 | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |
| No.11 Item | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda. 59.5.12 To consider and approve review the | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |
| No.11 Item | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda. 59.5.12 To consider and approve review the suggested modifications and additions in Four | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |
| No.11 Item | Academic Council approved the agenda. 59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester. Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda. 59.5.12 To consider and approve review the suggested modifications and additions in Four Courses of LLM First Semester (i) MPL 101- Seminar/Clinic on Contemporary Issues in Infrastructure and | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |
| No.11 Item | Academic Council approved the agenda.59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the SemestersNHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester.Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated.The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda.59.5.12 To consider and approve review the suggested modifications and additions in Four Courses of LLM First Semester(i) MPL 101- Seminar/Clinic on | presented as an agenda in the current AC. |

| | (ii) MPL 141- Economic Foundations of | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | Environmental and Infrastructure Law (From 1 | |
| | Credit Course to 2 Credit Course) | |
| | (iii) MPL 155- Environmental Law and Policy | |
| | (From 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course) | |
| | (iv) MPL 157- Infrastructure Law and Policy | |
| | | |
| | (From 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course) | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. | |
| Item | 59.5.13 To consider and approve revision of | The same has since |
| No.13 | the programme outline of MA (SDP) and | been implemented |
| | align with the NHEQF | _ |
| | The MPEC, MA (SDP) Programme, in view of | |
| | the institutional mandate of adhering to the | |
| | National Higher Education Qualification | |
| | e | |
| | Framework (NHEQF) as a part of the National | |
| | Education Policy 2020 has suggested aligning the | |
| | courses as per its guideline. Necessary changes in | |
| | the credit assignments are done in the first | |
| | Semester courses. BoS members agreed to the | |
| | above agenda point considering the NEP | |
| | • • • | |
| | requirements. | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. | |
| T4 | 50.5.14 T | Th |
| Item | 59.5.14 To consider and approve the new credit | The same has since |
| No.14 | alignment of Minor and Major Projects for | been implemented |
| | MA (SDP) | |
| | It is proposed to have 8 credits for the minor | |
| | project in the 3 rd semester and 20 credits for the | |
| | Major project in the 4 th semester for MA (SDP). | |
| | | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. | |
| Item | 59.5.15 To consider and approve the revised | The same has since |
| No.15 | core courses for the 1 st Semester for MA (SDP) | been implemented |
| | | |
| | | |
| | The following courses of the 1st Semester were | |
| | The following courses of the 1st Semester were revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below.(i) Themes and Perspectives of development | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. | |
| Item | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new | The same has since |
| Item No.16 | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered | The same has since been implemented |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd Semester were revised and presented below- | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd Semester were revised and presented below- (i) Climate Change and Development | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd Semester were revised and presented below- (i) Climate Change and Development (ii) Energy Economics, Policy and Finance | |
| | revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below. (i) Themes and Perspectives of development (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development (iii) Principle of Economics The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. 59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP) The following elective courses of the 3rd Semester were revised and presented below- (i) Climate Change and Development | |

| Item No.17 | 59.5.17 To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MA (PPSD) and align | The same has since been implemented |
|---------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | with the NHEQF | • |
| | The MPEC, MA (PPSD) Programme, in view of | |
| | the institutional mandate of adhering to the | |
| | National Higher Education Qualification | |
| | Framework (NHEQF) as a part of the National | |
| | Education Policy 2020 suggested aligning the | |
| | courses as per its guideline. Necessary changes in | |
| | the credit assignments in the first Semester | |
| | courses are placed. | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| Item | and approved the agenda. | The same has since |
| No.18 | 59.5.18. To approve the new/revised core courses for the 1 st Semester in MA (PPSD) | been implemented |
| | Following courses of the 1st Semester were | |
| | introduced/revised/modified and the details are | |
| | provided below- | |
| | (i) Public Policy: A Concise Exposure | |
| | (ii) Social Policies & Sustainable | |
| | Development | |
| | (iii) Public Administration and Systems | |
| | Management | |
| | (iv) Research Methods & Tools for Public | |
| | Policy and Administrative Decision | |
| | Making | |
| | (v) Globalisation and Changing | |
| | Geopolitics: Implications for | |
| | Economic & Foreign Policies | |
| | (vi) Economics for Public Policy | |
| | (vii) International Collaborative Studio on | |
| | Public Policy | |
| | (viii) Policy Lab - I: Sectoral Policy Scoping | |
| | Dr. Chandan Kumar, Programme Coordinator, | |
| | addressed the queries related to the MA-PPSD | |
| | Programme restructuring process and its | |
| | requirements. He informed the AC members that | |
| | from the upcoming Academic Session, the MA- | |
| | PPSD Programme is also offering admissions to | |
| | fresh graduate candidates, in addition to mid- | |
| | career/senior professionals joining the | |
| | Programme through DoPT or any non- | |
| | governmental organizations. Hence, the courses | |
| | have been modified and realigned in the | |
| | Programme to cater for the requirements of all the | |
| | stakeholders, including the feedback/suggestions | |
| | received from the DoPT. | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, proposed to | |
| | include think tanks also as part of stake | |
| T / | holders and approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.19 | 59.5.19 To consider and approve aligning the credit requirement of M.Sc (Biotechnology) programme as per NHEQF | The same has since been implemented. |

| | The BoS of the MSc (Biotechnology) | |
|-------|---|--------------------|
| | Programme, in view of the institutional mandate | |
| | of adhering to the National Higher Education | |
| | Qualification Framework (NHEQF) as a part of | |
| | the National Education Policy 2020 approved | |
| | aligning the courses as per its guideline is placed. | |
| | The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs | |
| | and approved the agenda. | |
| Item | 59.5.20 To consider and approve National | The same has since |
| No.20 | Eligibility Test (NET) as an Entrance Test for | been implemented. |
| | Admission to Ph.D. | |
| | UGC vide their notification dated 28 March 2024, has informed that from the academic | |
| | session 2024-25 onwards, the NET score may be | |
| | used for admission to Ph.D. programmes in | |
| | place of entrance tests conducted by the different | |
| | universities / HEIs. | |
| | At present the Ph.D intake at TERI SAS is based | |
| | on NET (JRF & LS) qualification as well as its | |
| | own Ph.D entrance test followed by interview. | |
| | This is keeping into consideration the | |
| | uniqueness of programs being offered in the | |
| | domain of sustainability. | |
| | In the light of recent UGC notification, TERI | |
| | SAS proposes to use the National Eligibility Test | |
| | (NET) scores/PhD entrance test for admission to | |
| | Ph.D. Programs. | |
| | Guidelines for admissions to Ph.D. for | |
| | academic session 2024-2025: | |
| | 1. Based on the scores obtained in NET, the candidates will be eligible in three categories. | |
| | candidates will be engible in three categories. | |
| | Qualified Eligible for | |
| | for JRF Assistant Ph.D. | |
| | Professor Admission | |
| | Category-1: Award Yes Yes Yes of JRF & appointment | |
| | as Assistant Professor | |
| | Category-2: No Yes Yes | |
| | Appointment as Assistant | |
| | Professor and admission | |
| | to Ph.D. | |
| | Category-3: | |
| | Admission to Ph.D. No No Yes only | |
| | 2. Admission under JRF Category will be | |
| | done as per UGC Notification dated 7. | |
| | November, 2022 published in the Gazette of | |
| | India: Extraordinary no. 544. | |
| | 3. As per UGC Notification dated | |
| | 27.03.2024, for students who qualify in | |
| | Categories 2 and 3, 70% weightage will be | |
| | given for test scores 30% weightage for the | |

| | interview for admission to Ph.D. program. The | |
|--------|--|--------------------|
| | Ph.D. admission will be based on the | |
| | combined merit of NET marks and the marks obtained in the Interview. | |
| | | |
| | 4. The marks obtained in the NET by the | |
| | candidates in Category 2 and 3 will be valid for | |
| | a period of one year for admission to Ph.D. | |
| | Programs. | |
| | 5. The University may hold entrance | |
| | examination for those Ph.D. programs | |
| | where NET examination in the concerned | |
| | subjects/disciplines are not conducted by | |
| | UGC. | |
| | 6. Entrance examination for applicants who | |
| | have not cleared NET cat 1,2 and 3 but still | |
| | would like to pursue the PhD program in any of | |
| | the discipline (including disciplines covered | |
| | under NET) that our Institute hosts. This will be | |
| | followed by regular interview. | |
| | 7. For Category 2 & 3, a minimum cut off | |
| | to be set in the NET score for interview at | |
| | department level. 8. Number of seats be defined for | |
| | | |
| | admission in Ph.D. programmes for NET | |
| | qualified candidates and non-NET qualified | |
| | candidates at department level. | |
| | Prof. Dhar provided a comprehensive | |
| | overview of the recent UGC regulations concerning the National Eligibility Test (NET) | |
| | | |
| | as an entrance examination for Ph.D. admissions. | |
| | The guidelines for admission to Ph.D. | |
| | programs for the academic session 2024-2025, | |
| | were discussed and approved by the Academic | |
| | Council. | |
| | Council. | |
| Item | 59.5.21 To consider and approve preparedness | The same has since |
| No.21 | for NEP 2020 in respect of UG / Integrated | been implemented. |
| 110.21 | programmes. | been implemented. |
| | Keeping into consideration of various guidelines | |
| | and directives issued from UGC on preparedness | |
| | and implementation of NEP 2020 (focussed on | |
| | UG / Integrated), it is proposed that irrespective | |
| | of the current status, each department shall plan to | |
| | offer UG / Integrated programme(s) from the | |
| | academic year 25 - 26. | |
| | This further should be broadly aligned to the | |
| | thematic areas of the respective departments so as | |
| | to enable a smooth transition from more Masters | |
| | | |
| 1 | I OHEIHEU DIOVIAIIILLES TO THE LIGT / THEVIALED | |
| | oriented programmes to the UG / Integrated | |
| | programmes. | |
| | programmes. | |
| | programmes. Prof. Dhar informed that under the National | |
| | programmes. | |

| r | 1 | 1 |
|---------------|--|---|
| | programme and there will be a requirement to offer one-year Masters programs. | |
| | He further informed that Department of Biotechnology and Legal Studies are planning to launch UG level programmes from Academic Session 2025. The Academic Council | |
| . | approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.22 | 59.5.22 To consider and approve guidelines for nominating Honorary Distinguished Professor at TERI SAS. TERI SAS offers academic programmes at UG and PG level both in the domain of sustainability. All the programmes offered have a unique blend infused as aligned to UN SDGs. To enable a greater exposure to faculty members and students alike, it is proposed that a retired Professor or Eminent Academic of repute of any University/Research/Academic Organization having an authoritative standing in a field of interest to a Department of TERI SAS may, on the recommendation of a duly constituted committee, be selected for appointment as Honorary Distinguished Professor at the TERI SAS is placed. Academic Council members discussed the need, detailed guidelines of proposed scheme for appointment of Honorary Distinguished Professor Dhar further highlighted that in addition to application-based selection, nominations of esteemed academicians and individuals | The Academic Council was informed that Professor Rakesh Bhatnagar has joined as Honorary Distinguished Professor in Department of Biotechnology. |
| | eminence by former/present Vice Chancellors, former/present Directors of National Institutes, Fellows of the National Academies shall be considered as Honorary Distinguished Professors at TERI SAS. Further, the scheme shall be notified as per the requirement. The Academic Council approved the agenda. | |
| Item No.23 | 59.5.23 To consider and approve recruitment of faculty members. Recruitment of regular faculty members as proposed by various departments have been considered and the same shall be routed through a rationalisation committee (constituted at university level). The recommendations of the same with concurrence of Finance Committee shall be put up for consideration and approval in the Executive Council. Considering the shortage of faculty members alongside a surge in admissions and the introduction of new courses for the upcoming academic session, the Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the | The Academic Council was informed that regular faculty position for Economics, Data Science and Geoinformatics were announced and the selected candidates have joined or are in process of joining. |

| | agenda regarding regular faculty recruitment across various departments as proposed. | |
|---------------|---|---|
| Item No.24 | 59.5.24 To consider and approve 12 credits in the 3rd semester to fulfil a minimum of 20 credits norms per semester including a 8-credit minor project in alignment. | The same has since been implemented. |
| | Dr. Chander Kumar Singh informed the members that an 8-credit minor project in alignment with the NHEQF guidelines is being proposed during the semester break between 2 nd and 3 rd semesters. Consequently, the students shall be undergoing only 12 credits in the 3 rd semester to fulfill a minimum of 20 credits norms per semester. | |
| | The Academic Council members recommended that students be encouraged to take elective courses as per their schedule, beyond the 12-credit requirement during the 3 rd semester. The programs should allow flexibility for students to manage their time according to their preferences, without imposing additional credit burdens. | |

The Academic Council members noted the action taken on the various items mentioned above.

Agenda items for Information

Item No. 60.4: Matters of information

60.4.1 Admissions and commencement of the Academic Year 24 - 25 for UG and PG Programs.

The Academic session 24 – 25 commenced as follows:-

- (a) 1st year PG. 12 August 24.
 (b) 2nd year PG. 20 August 24.
- (c) 1st year UG. 02 September 24.

Final admissions after the withdrawals in UG and PG for the Academic Year 24 - 25 are as follows:-

- (a) UG. 67 students
- (b) PG. 448 students

| Ser. | Name of the Programme | No. of student | | |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| No | | enrolled | | |
| PG Pr | ograms | | | |
| 1 | LLM | 24 | | |
| 2 | MBA-SM | 84 | | |
| 3 | M.ScBT | 39 | | |
| 4 | MA–PPSD | 48 | | |
| 5 | MA-SDP | 44 | | |
| 6 | M.ScCSP | 28 | | |
| 7 | M.ScEco | 60 | | |
| 8 | M.ScESRM | 56 | | |
| 9 | M.ScGEO | 39 | | |
| 10 | M.TechREEM | 14 | | |

| 11 | M.Sc. – ESM | 12 |
|------|---|-----|
| | Total | 448 |
| UG/I | ntegrated Programs | |
| 1 | Bachelor of Business Administration | 9 |
| 2 | Bachelor of Science (Data Science) | 17 |
| 3 | Bachelor of Science (Economics) | 7 |
| 4 | Bachelor of Science (Environmental Studies) | 34 |
| | Total | 67 |

Four programmes – M.Tech. (WREM), M.Tech (UDM,) M.Sc. (WSG) and PGDREM were not offered in the current academic session.

The Academic Council noted the details provided.

60.4.2 Closure of programmes

Since the intake of students in the programes M.Tech (WREM), M.Tech (UDM) and M.Sc. (WSG) were very negligible over the last two years, it has been decided to close these programmes from the academic session 2025-26.

Accordingly, closure of M.Tech (WREM), M.Tech (UDM) have been applied for with the regulatory body, AICTE.

The Academic Council noted the matter.

60.4.3 Scholarship details

TERI SAS offers a limited number of scholarships to students joining the doctoral and masters' programmes. All grants to TERI SAS students are made on a competitive basis, with due consideration for both means and merit. The criteria for selection are such that they encourage students to continuously strive towards academic and professional excellence.

Hemendra Kothari Fellowship

TERI SAS with support from Hemendra Kothari Foundation, Wildlife Conservation Trust, Mumbai provides merit fellowship to 3rd semester MSc students of Environmental Studies and Resource Management (ESRM), Climate Science and Policy (CSP), Geo-informatics(GEO), Biotechnology (BT) and Water Science & Governance for initiating projects /research ideas that synergizes with the work areas of Hemendra Kothari Foundation and TERI SAS. The foundation extensively works for Wildlife Protection in India. The following students were awarded with this Fellowship:-

Ms. Pratha Mishra, MSc (Water Science and Governance) Mr. Soumit Pandey, MSc (Economics)

Maneesh Manjunath Scholarship

TERI SAS announces Maneesh Manjunath Scholarship for the Fourth semester students. The scholarship is in the memory of TERI SAS alumnus Maneesh Manjunath (M.A SDP 2010-12) with support from Kaushal Rastogi (M.Tech 2010-12) and Pankaj Singh (M.Tech 2009-11). Proposals are invited for projects/ideas which aim towards sustainable development of the society. Scholarship of INR 30,000 is awarded to winning project proposal for implementation in a time frame of six months. The following students were awarded with this scholarship:-

Ms Nishtha Bhakta, MSc (Economics) Ms Anusha Paul Choudhury, MSc (Economics)

The Academic Council noted the matter

60.4.4 Institutional jointly-supervised dual doctorate degree agreement

Under the Institutional jointly-supervised dual doctorate degree agreement with Deakin University, Australia, doctoral students Mr Manurbhav Arya and Ms. Ayushi Niranjan have been selected to undergo furtherance of their research at Deakin University, Australia for a minimum period of 6 months. The support by Deakin University, Australia shall be for a period of 04 years as per UGC JRF entitlement.

The Academic Council noted the matter.

60.4.5 Erasmus+ International Mobility with University of Graz

Vide the agreement with University of Graz for international mobility of students and staff, Ms. Jayati Gupta, M.Sc. Economics student has been selected for the Joint International Masters in Sustainable Development programme at University of Graz. The duration of the programme is five months and shall be commencing from Feb 2025 onwards.

The Academic Council noted the matter.

60.4.6 Increase in the seats for the Academic programs

Due to the increased interest of the students in some of the selected programs, the university took a decision to enhance the seats in the specified courses as mentioned below.

| Ser | Academic Program | Present available | Proposed seats |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| No | | seats | |
| 1. | M.Sc (Climate Science & | 25 | 45 |
| | Policy) | | |
| 2. | M.sc (Economics) | 60 | 90 |
| 3. | M.A (Sustainable | 40 | 60 |
| | Development Practice) | | |
| 4. | M.A. (Public Policy & | 30 | 60 |
| | Sustainable Development) | | |

The Academic Council noted the matter.

Agenda Items for Consideration

Item No. 60.5 Agenda items

60.5.1 To consider in-principle approval for launching the proposed Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post-Graduate Program (FYIPP) by the Department of Biotechnology in the Academic Year 2025-26.

Department of Biotechnology proposes to launch Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post-Graduate Program (FYIPP) from the Academic year 2025 – 26.

Details are placed as Enclosure 1.

Professor Shashi Bhushan Tripathi presented the detailed proposal for the Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post-Graduate Program (FYIPP) to the Academic Council members. Professor Tripathi provided background information on the launch of the programs, the proposed courses to be covered over the four years, and the credit requirements for students to attain the degree. The Academic Council members discussed the FYUP and FYIPP in detail. The Academic Council members approved the proposal for both the Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post-Graduate Program (FYIPP), incorporating the suggested changes.

60.5.2 To discuss and approve the proposal of starting B.Tech (Energy Engineering) and its proposed course structure.

Department of Sustainable Engineering proposes to launch B.Tech (Energy Engineering) from the Academic year 2025 - 26.

Details are placed as Enclosure 2.

Dr. Naqui Anwer presented the detailed context, unique selling proposition (USP), and proposed program structure for the B.Tech (Energy Engineering) to be offered by the DoSE. The Academic Council members discussed the various courses being proposed and recommended the inclusion of topics on smart energy, as well as subjects related to electrical, mechanical, and chemical engineering, to enhance the program's focus on skills development and improve its job-oriented approach for graduates. Professor Anwer also outlined the infrastructure and manpower requirements necessary to apply for AICTE approval for launching this program.

The Academic Council members approved the proposal for the B.Tech (Energy Engineering), incorporating the suggested changes.

It was proposed that certain management specific courses be part of the program, to bring in an additional option of a minor.

In addition aspects of new gen technologies such as AI / ML be introduced across all the programs offered at both UG / PG level.

60.5.3 To consider and approve six Course Outlines of the 2nd semester courses of M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering

M. Sc (Energy Studies and management) has commenced from the academic session 2024-25. Following six core courses as given below are under offer in the 2nd semester.

The course outlines are placed as **Enclosure 3**.

- (a) Firm and Dispatchable Energy Resources, Technologies, Applications
- (b) Variable Energy and Decentralized Systems Resources, Technologies, Applications
- (c) Building Energy Management and Green Building
- (d) Energy Markets and Trading
- (e) Energy Project Management
- (f) Energy Systems Lab

For consideration and approval of the Academic Council please.

60.5.4 To consider and approve one Course Outline of the 3rd semester course of M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering

A 3-credit course titled "Waste to Energy" is proposed to be included for the 3rd semester of M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and Management). The course is placed as **Enclosure 4**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.5 To consider and approve starting the one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in online mode and also approve the Programme Project Report (PPR)

To consider and approve starting one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in online mode offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering along with Programme Project Report (PPR) is placed in **Enclosure 5**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.6 To consider and approve shifting of courses in the semester of M.Sc. Environmental Studies and Resource Management (ESRM) programme of the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences

To shift the course NRE 144 Environmental Health and Risk Assessment (3 credits) from second semester to third semester and the course NRE 133 Environmental Management Systems (4 credits) from third semester to second semester of MSc Environmental Studies and Resource Management (ESRM) programme as approved by the BoS (both courses are offered as electives, and proposed changes will not impact the current minimum credits required per semester for the programme structure already approved as per the NHEQF).

The updated programme outline is placed in **Enclosure 6.** Furthermore, the proposed changes also to be reflected in all programme outlines where these courses are offered as electives.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.7 To consider and approve course framework for four years UG programme for Data Science (DS), and UG programme for Environmental Studies (ES) of the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences

The course framework for four years UG programme for Data Science (DS), and UG programme for Environmental Studies (ES) of the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences is placed as **Enclosure 7** for approval.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.8 To consider and approve nine Course Outlines and syllabus of the 4th semester undergraduate – Data Science and Environmental Studies programmes offered by the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences

To discuss course outlines and syllabus of fourth semester undergraduate – Data Science programme and Environmental Studies programme reviewed

by the BoS and approval of the Academic Council as placed in Enclosure 8.

- (a) Environmental Policy, Law and Governance (ES)
 - (b) Global Climate Change (Minor)
 - (c) Network Science (DS)
 - (d) Open Source Programming (DS)
- (e) Time Series Analysis in Data Science (DS)
- (f) Environmental Laboratory I (ES)
- (g) Sustainable Natural Resource Management (ES)
- (h) Water and Soil Pollution (ES)
- (i) Spatial Data Modelling and Analysis (Minor)

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.9 To consider and approve the change in offering of the following courses in all the Masters' programmes (DoSE, DoPMS – less MBA (SM)) of the Departments

It is proposed to approve the change in offering of the following courses in all the Masters' programmes (DoSE, DoPMS – less MBA (SM)) of the Departments:-

- (a) Design Thinking
- (b) Introduction to Sustainable Development

It is proposed that university level courses such as 'Design Thinking' and 'Introduction to Sustainable Development' (currently offered as mandatory courses) be offered as elective courses for the students.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.10 To consider and approve extension of time period for thesis submission

Mr Tushaar Saxena, PhD candidate has submitted a request on 13th December 2024 for an extension of time duration for one semester for his thesis submission. He has provided the progress details justifying the case. The request was circulated between the SRC and DRC members for their information and input. Inputs received from the Officiating Supervisor and Co-supervisors and SRC members are placed in **Enclosure 9**.

The Academic Council noted the matter.

60.5.11 To consider and approve new courses for the 4th semester BSc Economics programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies.

It is proposed to approve the following new courses for the 4th Semester BSc Economics programme of TERI SAS.

List of courses

- (a) Intermediate Macroeconomics-II
- (b) Intermediate Statistical methods for economics, and
- (c) Economic History of India

Detailed outlines are placed in Enclosure 10.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.12 To consider and review the eligibility criteria for admission for MSc-Economics and BSC-Economics Programmes

It is proposed that for admission in Economics as a Major discipline under the BSc (Economics) programme at the TERI-SAS, following eligibility criteria be considered:-

Eligibility criteria for BSc (Economics)

(a) Senior Secondary School Leaving Certificate or Higher Secondary (12th Grade) Certificate obtained after successful completion of Grade 12 or equivalent from any discipline with Mathematics or Applied Mathematics in Grade 12.

(b) Applicants without a background in Mathematics/Applied Mathematics in Grade 12 may be considered eligible on successfully completing a Senior Secondary (equivalent to the 10+2 level) Mathematics course(s) at the National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS).

(c) There is no upper age bar.

Eligibility criteria for MSc (Economics)

(a) The existing criteria for admissions may be continued.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.13 To consider and approve the introduction of 5-year integrated programme in Economics for BSc (Economics) programme from AY 2025-26 onwards

It is proposed to introduce 5-year integrated programme in Economics for BSc (Economics) from AY 2025-26 onwards.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.14 To consider and approve the new courses as per AICTE Model Curriculum for the BBA programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies.

It is proposed to revise / modify BBA program under offer as per AICTE Model Curriculum. Towards this, approval for the following new courses as applicable for the 2nd and 4th Semester is placed:-

- (a) Business Communication -II
- (b) Human Behavior
- (c) Business Economics
- (d) Emerging Technologies and Business Application
- (e) Marketing Management
- (f) Media Literacy & Critical Thinking
- (g) Human Resource Management
- (h) Management accounting
- (i) Management Information System
- (j) Business Research Methodology
- (k) Entrepreneurship
- (l) Legal and ethical issues in business

Detailed outlines are placed in Enclosure 11.

60.5.15 To consider and approve the revised courses for the LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines.

It is proposed to review and approve the following revised courses for the LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines.

- (a) Legal Aspects of Bidding and Public Private Partnership (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course)
- (b) Mining and Mineral Laws (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (c) Contract Law and Management (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (d) Forest Law and Policy (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (e) Competition Law and Policy (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (f) Urban Infrastructure Law and Management (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course)
- (g) Environmental Aspects of Business Activities (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (h) Climate Change and Law (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)
- (j) Infrastructure Project Finance Law (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course)
- (k) Energy Law (Proposed to increase from 2 Credit Course at present to 3 Credit Course)

Detailed outlines are placed in Enclosure 12.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.16 To consider and approve the modification of the courses of MA SDP Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies.

| DP Progr | DP Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies:- | | | |
|----------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| S.No. | Courses | Proposed changes | | |
| 1. | Gender in Development | Increase in credit from 2 to 3 in | | |
| | Practice (SEM-II). MPD 148 | | | |
| 2. | Themes and Perspectives of | Increasing the credit from 2 to 3 | | |
| | Development (SEM-1) | in MPD 139 | | |
| 3. | Management of Development | Modification has been done by | | |
| | Organization (SEM-II) | rearranging two modules along | | |
| | | with a minor change in | | |
| | | evaluation pattern. | | |

It is proposed to approve the modification of the following courses of MA SDP Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies:-

Detailed outlines are placed in Enclosure 13.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.17 To consider and approve the courses of MA PPSD Programme of the Department of Policy and Management Studies

It is proposed to approve the following courses of MA PPSD Programme.

| | Semester II | Cred it | |
|----|--|------------|--|
| 1. | Sustainable Urbanization | 2 | |
| 2. | Water and Sustainable Development: Policy Perspectives | 2 | |
| 3. | Energy and Sustainable Development: Issues, Challenges & Policy | 2 | |
| 4. | Digital Economy: Dividends, Disputes & Dimensions | 2 | |
| 5. | Infrastructure Development and Sustainability: Issues & Policy Perspectives | | |
| 6. | Sustainable Industrial Development: Policies & Practices | | |
| 7. | Climate Change and Cities: Policies & Practices | | |
| 8. | Public Policy Assessment: Methods & Measurements | | |
| 9. | Policy Lab - II: Developing a Policy Paper | 3 | |
| | Semester III | | |
| 10 | Major Project – I | 20 | |
| | Semester IV | | |
| 11 | Major Project – II | 20 | |

Detailed outlines are placed in Enclosure 14.

Revised programme structure of MA PPSD programme is as per Enclosure 15.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

60.5.18 To consider and approve revised Ph.D. regulations

The revised Ph.D. regulations of TERI SAS is placed as **Enclosure 16** for consideration and approval of the Academic Council

Dr Gopal Sarangi presented and highlighted the proposed changes in the TERI School of Advanced Studies Ph.D. Rules-2024.

The Academic Council members deliberated on the points and approved the enclosed policy.

Item No. 60.6: Any other item with the permission of the Chair

60.6.1 Eligibility criteria of the programmes offered at TERI SAS

Dr Chander Kumar Singh presented the eligibility qualifications criteria for admission to various programmes being offered by the Institute as placed in **Enclosure 17.**

The Academic Council members noted the details presented and approved the agenda item.

60.6.2 Extension for Ph.D. Scholars

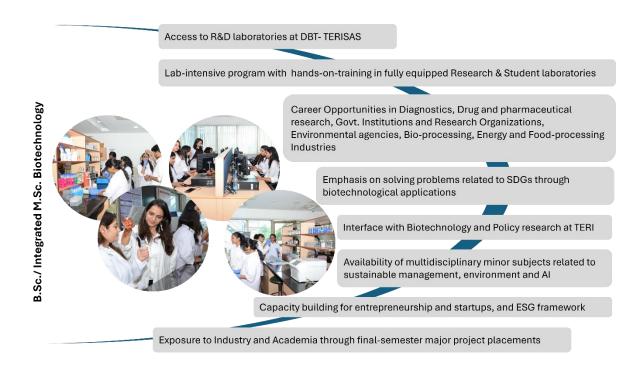
Dr Chander Kumar Singh informed that Ms Anjulata Singh, Gurbir Kaur Sidhu and Gurdeep Kaur, Ph.D. scholars of DBT are in the final stages of their thesis submission and are being given one last extension of one semester for submission of thesis with all prescribed formalities as per PhD regulations.

Mr Jeevan Jethani from DoPMS is also given one semester extension beyond which no further extension would be given.

The Academic Council members approved the extension.

Overview and outlines of the proposed Four-Year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) and the Five-Year Integrated Post-Graduate Program (FYIPP) in Biotechnology

Department of Biotechnology, TERI SAS



Submitted for consideration to the Academic Council, TERI School of Advanced Studies December 2024

Prepared by

The FYUP/FYIPP program formulation committee, Department of Biotechnology

Chairperson - Prof. Ramakrishnan Sitaraman

Implementation- Prof. Shashi Bhushan Tripathi, Dr. Souren Paul

Members- Prof. Anandita Singh, Dr. Chaithanya Madhurantakam

Senior Advisor- Prof. Suman K. Dhar, Vice-chancellor

Requirement for an FYUP and FYIPP in biotechnology at TERI SAS

The National Biotechnology Development Strategy $(2021-2025)^1$ has emphasized that biotechnology will emerge as a key driver of a knowledge-based economy. According to the Indian Bioeconomy Report of 2024^2 , India's bioeconomy was valued at USD 151 billion, while the cumulative total of start-ups reached 8,531. It is projected that the Indian bioeconomy will be worth USD 300 billion, reflecting a CAGR of 12.3%. The share of the bioeconomy in total GDP currently stands at 4.25% and is projected to be a key contributor to the economy. In addition to economic aspects biotechnology, through its contributions to the biomedical, pharmaceutical, agricultural and industrial sectors, has emerged as an indispensable and strategic enabler in the quest for national self-reliance (*Atma-nirbhartA*), environmental sustainability and the attainment of the sustainable development goals (SDGs) detailed by the United Nations³. This year (2024) the Department of Biotechnology, Government of India has recognized the potential of biomanufacturing for economic growth, employment generation and environmental protection in the national BioE3 policy⁴. One of the pillars of the BioE3 policy is 'nurturing a cohort of highly skilled workforce.'

<u>The very first of the key strategies listed by the National Biotechnology Development</u> Strategy (2021-2025) document <u>for developing the bioeconomy</u> is "building capacities – a skilled workforce and strengthened state-of-the-art infrastructure⁵." Given the collective expertise of both TERI SAS and TERI in biotechnology and sustainability studies, <u>TERI SAS</u> is uniquely poised to contribute to inter-disciplinary capacity building in both fields as well as to National Missions of critical sectoral and inter-sectoral importance such as:

- 1. POSHAN Abhiyan (Development of biofortified and protein rich wheat)⁶
- 2. National Action Plan on Anti-microbial Resistance⁷
- 3. IndCEPI (Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations a mission to develop affordable vaccines against emerging infectious diseases)⁸
- 4. National Biopharma Mission⁹
- 5. Clean Energy Mission¹⁰

URL: https://tinyurl.com/bdznctc8

¹ National Biotechnology Development Strategy (2021-2025): Knowledge- and Innovation-driven Bioeconomy. Published by the Department of Biotechnology, Ministry Of Science And Technology, Government of India. URL: https://tinyurl.com/44dp93tz

² Suresh N, Chandan, S.R. & Krishnan G.S. *India BioEconomy Report 2024*. Published by the Association of Biotechnology Led Enterprises (ABLE) for the Make In India Facilitation Cell for Biotechnology of the Biotechnology Industry Research Assistance Council (BIRAC), Government of India.

³ URL: https://tinyurl.com/2s4cuzh4

⁴ URL: https://tinyurl.com/yhz7vz42

⁵ *Op. cit.* pp. 9-11.

⁶ URL: https://tinyurl.com/en733wr4

⁷ URL: https://tinyurl.com/8auesudr

⁸ URL: https://tinyurl.com/3bem3z6c

⁹ URL: https://tinyurl.com/358dzrsw

¹⁰ URL: https://tinyurl.com/23mphs84

- 6. Swacch Bharat¹¹
- 7. Svasth Bharat¹²
- 8. GARBH-Ini (A mission to promote maternal and child health, and develop prediction tools for pre-term birth)¹³
- 9. National program on nanoscience and technology (formerly Nano Mission)¹⁴
- 10. Atmanirbhar Bharat (National self-reliance)¹⁵

The specific reasons for TERI SAS initiating an integrated 5-year integrated Master's program in Biotechnology may be summarized as follows:

- 1. Development of skilled human resources in a field of economic and strategic importance nationally and global.
- 2. Leveraging existing capacities at TERI SAS and TERI to align with national policy decisions and national missions promoting biotechnology-related research and industries.
- 3. Organization-wide directive to adapt to the impending nation-wide re-structuring of tertiary educational programs that are anticipated to significantly reduce the student intake of stand-alone two-year Master's level programs.

TERI SAS aims to create a skilled cadre of biotechnology professionals, while maintaining quality parameters at par with current requirements in academia, industry and allied professions. The proposed program leading to an integrated Masters's degree aims to provide students with an understanding of advanced concepts and techniques in biotechnology, while promoting inter-disciplinary and holistic skill development and learning that contributes to the attainment of SDGs¹⁶.

Overall guiding principles of the proposed integrated program based on NEP 2020¹⁷:

Removal of disciplinary barriers to entry, while maintaining the rigor of disciplinary requirements.

¹¹ URL: https://tinyurl.com/2exb2vh6

¹² URL: https://tinyurl.com/3utrdwrk

¹³ URL: https://www.garbhinicohort.in/

¹⁴ URL: https://tinyurl.com/8ys3n36z

¹⁵ URL: https://manodarpan.education.gov.in/

¹⁶ IMPORTANT NOTE:

⁻The success of the proposed integrated Master's program in biotechnology is critically dependent on its receiving the following types of support from TERI SAS authorities:

^{1.} Timely recruitment of additional faculty members with diverse areas of expertise.

^{2.} Expansion of physical laboratory infrastructure in the 2024-25 academic year.

^{3.} Ensuring that the Ph.D. program in Bioresources and Biotechnology is strengthened, and doctoral students incentivized with paid teaching assistantships in accordance with the mandate of NEP 2020.

Allocation of monetary resources and assurance of timely procurement for laboratory-based courses and projects.

^{5.} Establishing MoUs with industry-focused finishing schools such as Biocon Academy.

¹⁷ https://tinyurl.com/4knkadu6

Provision of multidisciplinary and interdisciplinary learning opportunities for students by integrating minors in other fields of study available at TERI SAS.

Emphasis on inclusive, barrier-free entry options at all levels to provide credit- and/or degreeearning opportunities not only for regular students but also for members of the general public who aspire to be lifelong learners.

Operational guidelines for implementation

The proposed program structures are based on the recommendations of the following UGC guidelines:

- 1. Curriculum and Credit Framework for Undergraduate Programs, 2022¹⁸.
- 2. Curriculum and Credit Framework for Postgraduate Programs, 2024¹⁹.

In the case of the proposed FYUP and FYIPP programs in biotechnology, the coverage of biotechnology/biology-related courses will be informed by the syllabus²⁰ prescribed by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, Human Resource Development Group (CSIR-HRDG) for the National Eligibility Test (NET) for Junior Research Fellowship and Lecturership.

Features common to the proposed FYUP & FYIPP programs

1. Open to all students who have passed class XII (or its equivalent abroad). No disciplinary barriers.

2. Multiple exit options with skill enhancement-based training as prescribed by UGC.

3. Multiple entry options provided as follows:

A. May enter in any semester, starting with semester 2, with no disciplinary barriers, after certification of eligibility by the Departmental Program Executive Committee.

B. Entry contingent on having completed one (or more, as applicable) entire semester(s) in a bachelor's degree program, provided the said program follows the UGC-prescribed structure and distribution of courses. (Incidentally, this facilitates re-entry for dropouts).

C. Conferment of degree is contingent on completing the required credits in terms of Major, elective, and other types of courses as prescribed by the UGC. Therefore, students utilizing lateral entry will be given the opportunity to stay back and complete credit requirements for earning their degree/diploma/certificate by choosing appropriate courses, if required.

5. The structure and contents of the proposed FYUP will be aligned with the existing master's program such that semester 7 will be the same as semester 1 of the existing two-year Master's program in terms of Major biotechnology-specific courses.

6. The FYUP in Biotechnology program will award a B.Sc. (Hons.) with a major in Biotechnology (with 50% of total credits in the major subject) and a single minor (32 credits)

¹⁸ https://tinyurl.com/bdcpuzw3

¹⁹ https://tinyurl.com/ypy7fd27

²⁰ https://tinyurl.com/yszpntj

in Environmental Studies/Business Administration/Data Science. Other minors will be added as and when TERI SAS diversifies its FYUP offerings.

7. All the major courses offered in the FYUP in Biotechnology may be counted towards fulfilment of credit requirements for a minor subject in other FYUPs offered at TERI SAS based on their requirements.

8. Semester 8 involves both theory and minor project work. For this, it is strongly recommended that TERI SAS conclude an MoU with a finishing school (e.g. Biocon Academy) so that students can gain substantial industrial exposure as well as skills required by the market (see for example: <u>BITS Biocon Certificate Program in Applied Industrial</u> <u>Microbiology²¹</u>). Doing so would also serve to attract larger numbers of motivated students over time and build long-term links with industry. If this is done, semester 8 can be conducted in a modular form for students exiting after year 4 as well as for diploma-seeking students. The theory courses will be completed first before shifting to Biocon Academy for the rest of the semester so that the attendance requirements of the UGC are met.

²¹ URL: https://tinyurl.com/346dysyx

Eligibility and selection criteria (Entry options)

| Program | Eligibility criteria | Selection criteria |
|---|---|---|
| Four-year Undergraduate Program (FYUP) in biotechnology | Senior Secondary School (10 + 2) Certificate in science or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate (best of 3 subjects + English) | Aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying Senior School Certificate Examination, followed by interaction/counselling or CUET-UG score in specific subjects or the general test/NEET score/JEE mains score (see appendix 1 for CUET-UG subject list). |
| Five-year Integrated PG Program (FYIPP) in biotechnology with specialization in plant/microbial biotechnology | Senior Secondary School (10 + 2) Certificate in science or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate (best of 3 subjects + English). | Aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying Senior School Certificate Examination, followed by interaction/counselling or CUET-UG score in specific subjects or the general test/NEET score/JEE mains score (see appendix 1 for CUET-UG subject list). |
| Two-year PG Program with specialization in plant/microbial biotechnology | Three-year B.Sc. Degree in Science / Technology or equivalent from a recognised University | Aggregate marks /CGPA of qualifying B.Sc. Degree, followed by interaction/counselling or CUET-UG score in specific subjects or the general test/NEET score/JEE mains score (see appendix 1 for CUET-UG subject list). |
| One-year PG Program in biotechnology | Four-year B.Sc. (Honours/ Honours with research) Degree or equivalent from a recognized University | Aggregate marks /CGPA of qualifying B.Sc. Degree, followed by interaction/counselling or CUET-PG CUET-UG score in specific subjects or the general test/NEET score/JEE mains score (see appendix 1 for CUET-UG subject list). |

Exit options

| Program | Year1 | Year2 | Year3 | Year4 | Year5 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|--------------|
| Four-year Undergraduate Program | UG Certificate | UG Diploma | B.Sc. Degree | B.Sc. (Honours/Honours with research) | NA |
| Five-year Integrated PG Program | UG Certificate | UG Diploma | B.Sc. Degree | B.Sc. (Honours/Honours with research) | PG Degree |
| Two-year PG Program | PG Diploma | PG Degree | NA | NA | NA |
| One-year PG Program | PG Degree | NA | NA | NA | NA |

NOTE: Students can re-enter within three years to complete the degree program. The total duration for completing the programme shall not exceed 7 years.

Detailed semester-wise list of major and minor courses of study

NOTES:

1. All students entering the FYUP/FYIPP will be required to opt for a minor subject from **one of three choices** at the time of registration in the <u>first semester</u>: Environmental Studies, Data Science and Business Administration. Based on their choice of minor, courses in the selected minor will be allotted to them as listed to fulfil credit requirements as specified by prevailing regulations.

2. Course titles are tentative and subject to change.

3. Courses without complete codes are yet to be formulated and/or approved.

4. Key terms:

Major - course required for degree/diploma in biotechnology

Minor - course required for minor in selected subject

MDC - multi-disciplinary course

AEC - ability enhancement course

SEC - skill enhancement course

VAC - value-added course

5. Colour codes for minor subjects: Blue – Data Science; Yellow – Business Administration; Green – Environmental Studies

6. Credit requirement for major subject in FYUP – 80.

7. Credit requirement for minor subject in FYUP – 32. The credit requirement for the minor subject is assigned in accordance with UGC guidelines²² that mandate providing sufficient credits to students to support their applications doctoral programs in the minor subject as well.

²² https://tinyurl.com/bdcpuzw3

Semester-wise list of courses

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|---|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 1 | New | Origin and diversity of Life | Major | 2 |
| Sem 1 | New | Biological chemistry | Major | 4 |
| Sem 1 | New | Cell and molecular biology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 1 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 1 | Practical | 2 |
| Sem 1 | AEC 101 | Communications skills and technical writing | AEC | 2 |
| Sem 1 | SEC 101 | Fundamentals of Computers and Programming | MDC | 2 |
| Sem 1 | BBP XXX | Ethics and Values in Life Sciences | Elective | 2 |
| Sem 1 | VAC 102 | Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices | VAC | 2 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 1 | MDC 103 | Data Science Fundamentals | Minor/Data Science | 2 |
|-------|---------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 1 | UDS 101 | Statistics for Data Science | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
| Sem 1 | UDS 103 | Mathematics for Data Science | Minor/Data Science | 4 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 1 | UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | Minor/ES | 3 |
|-------|---------|---|----------|---|
| Sem 1 | UES 106 | Introduction to Environmental Chemistry | Minor/ES | 3 |

| Sem 1 | UBA 101 | Financial Accounting | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|----------|------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 1 | UBA 103 | Principles of Management | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |

| Sem 2 | New | Essentials of Bioinformatics | Major | 2 |
|-------|---------------------|---|-----------|---|
| Sem 2 | New | Molecular and cellular physiology | Major | 4 |
| Sem 2 | New | Gene expression and regulation | Major | 2 |
| Sem 2 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 2 | Practical | 2 |
| Sem 2 | BBP XXX/ NRE 113 | Introductory Mathematics/ Applied Mathematics | MDC | 3 |
| Sem 2 | UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | SEC | 3 |
| Sem 2 | BPB 120 | Constitutional Values and Fundamental Duties | VAC | 2 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 2 | UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | Minor/Data Science | 3 |
|-------|---------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 2 | UDS 104 | Fundamentals of Information Technology | Minor/Data Science | 3 |
| Sem 2 | UDS 106 | Database Management System | Minor/Data Science | 3 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 2 | UES 101 | Ecology and Ecosystems | Minor/ES | 4 |
|-------|---------|-----------------------------------|----------|---|
| Sem 2 | UES 103 | Earth and Earth Surface Processes | Minor/ES | 4 |

| Sem 2 | UBA 102 | Marketing management I | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|---------|--------------------------|-----------|---|
| Sem 2 | UBA 104 | Organisational Behaviour | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Sem 3 | New | Evolutionary Biology | Major | 2 |

| Sem 3 | New | Structural biology, informatics and AI | Major | 4 |
|-------|---------|---|-----------|---|
| Sem 3 | New | Statistics for The Life Sciences-1 | Major | 2 |
| Sem 3 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 3 | Practical | 3 |
| Sem 3 | MDC 101 | Environment and Society | MDC | 2 |
| Sem 3 | BPB 213 | Data analysis and spreadsheet modelling | SEC | 3 |
| Sem 3 | VAC 101 | Basic concepts of sustainable development | VAC | 2 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 3 | UDS 201 | Data Wrangling and Visualization | Minor/Data Science | 3 |
|-------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 3 | UDS 203 | Cybersecurity for Data Science | Minor/Data Science | 3 |
| Sem 3 | UDS 205 | Data Mining and Data Analysis | Minor/Data Science | 3 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 3 | UES 201 | Sustainable Built Environment | Minor/ES | 3 |
|-------|---------|----------------------------------|----------|---|
| Sem 3 | UES 203 | Biodiversity Conservation | Minor/ES | 3 |
| Sem 3 | UES 205 | Soil Conservation and Management | Minor/ES | 3 |

| Sem 3 | UBA201 | Marketing management II | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|--------|-------------------------|-----------|---|
| Sem 3 | UBA203 | Operations Management | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 4 | New | Genetic engineering and recombinant DNA technology- Part 1 | Major | 2 |
| Sem 4 | New | Microbiology and infectious diseases | Major | 4 |
| Sem 4 | New | Mammalian cell culture and Animal Biotechnology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 4 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 4 | Practical | 3 |
| Sem 4 | New | Sustainable agriculture: Biofertilizers and biopesticides | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 4 | New | Presentation and public speaking | AEC | 3 |
| Sem 4 | UDS 106 | Database Management System | SEC | 3 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 4 | UDS XXX | Network Science | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
|-------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 4 | UDS XXX | Time Series Analysis | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
| Sem 4 | UDS XXX | Open Source Programming | Minor/Data Science | 4 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 4 | UES XXX | Natural Resource Management and Sustainability | Minor/ES | 4 |
|-------|---------|--|----------|---|
| Sem 4 | UES XXX | Environmental Policy, Law and Governance | Minor/ES | 4 |
| Sem 4 | UES XXX | Water and Soil Pollution | Minor/ES | 4 |

| Sem 4 | BPB202 | Human Resource Management | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|--------|--|-----------|---|
| Sem 4 | BPB204 | Management Accounting | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Sem 4 | BPB204 | Economic, environment and Business implication | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Sem 4 | BPB206 | Business law | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|---|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 5 | New | Introduction to Nanobiotechnology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 5 | New | Plant tissue culture, transformation and genome editing | Major | 3 |
| Sem 5 | New | Immunology and Cancer Biology | Major | 3 |
| Sem 5 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 5 | Practical | 6 |
| Sem 5 | New | Research methods in cell and molecular biology | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 5 | New | Scientific writing | AEC | 3 |
| Sem 5 | MDC 103 | Fundamentals of Data Science | MDC | 2 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 5 | UDS XXX | Predictive Modelling and Analytics | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
|-------|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 5 | UDS XXX | Cloud Computing and Big Data | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
| Sem 5 | UDS XXX | Blockchain Security | Minor/Data Science | 4 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 5 | UES XXX | Solid and Hazardous Waste Management | Minor/ES | 4 |
|-------|---------|--------------------------------------|----------|---|
| Sem 5 | UES XXX | Contemporary Environmental Issues | Minor/ES | 4 |
| Sem 5 | UES XXX | Environmental Economics | Minor/ES | 4 |

Courses for the Business Administration minor

| Sem 5 | BPB301 | Entrepreneurship and startup ecosystems in India | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|--------|--|-----------|---|
| Sem 5 | BPB303 | Design thinking and critical analysis | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Sem 5 | BPB305 | Operations Research | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 6 | New | Stem cells, regenerative and molecular medicine | Major | 3 |
| Sem 6 | New | Molecular genetics and epigenetics | Major | 3 |
| Sem 6 | New | Systems Biology and Omics | Major | 3 |
| Sem 6 | New | Biotechnology laboratory 6 | Practical | 6 |
| Sem 6 | New | Non-coding RNAs -biology and applications | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 6 | New | Artificial intelligence in sustainable agriculture | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 6 | New | Enzyme technology | DSE | 2 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 6 | UDS XXX | Machine Learning & NLP | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
|-------|---------|---|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 6 | UDS XXX | Digital Marketing Analytics | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
| Sem 6 | UDS XXX | Performance Evaluation of Computing Systems | Minor/Data Science | 4 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| Sem 6 | UES XXX | Air and Noise Pollution | Minor/ES | 3 |
|-------|---------|---|----------|---|
| Sem 6 | UES XXX | Environmental Convention and Treaties | Minor/ES | 3 |
| Sem 6 | UES XXX | Natural Hazards and Disaster Risk Reduction | Minor/ES | 4 |

Courses for the Business Administration minor

| Sem 6 | BPB302 | Financial Management | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|--------|---------------------------|-----------|---|
| Sem 6 | BPB304 | Business Research Methods | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Sem 6 | BPB306 | Supply Chain Management | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|---|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 7 | BBP 111 | Advanced Bioanalytical techniques | Major | 3 |
| Sem 7 | BBP 158 | Conceptual foundations of molecular biology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 7 | BBP 161 | Advanced Biochemistry and Biophysics | Major | 2 |
| Sem 7 | New | RNA biology: Concepts, methods and applications | Major | 2 |
| Sem 7 | BBP 105 | Biotechnology laboratory 7 | Practical | 7 |
| Sem 7 | New | Algal biotechnology | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 7 | New | Bioremediation and pollution control | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 7 | New | Biofuels for sustainability | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 7 | BPB 301 | Entrepreneurship and start-up ecosystems in India | Elective | |
| Sem 7 | BPB 403 | Entrepreneurship development and SME | Elective | 3 |
| Sem 7 | | Sustainability reporting | Elective | 2 |
| Sem 7 | BPB 403 | Entrepreneurship development and SME | Elective | 4 |
| Sem 7 | NRE 123 | Biodiversity Assessment and Conservation | Elective | 3 |
| Sem 7 | NRE 168 | Food Security and Agriculture | Elective | 3 |

Courses for the Data Science minor

| Sem 7 | UDS XXX | Spatial Data Modelling | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
|-------|---------|---|-----------------------|---|
| Sem 7 | UDS XXX | Software Engineering and Project Management | Minor/Data Science | 4 |
| Sem 7 | UDS XXX | Soft - Computing | Minor/Data Science | 4 |

Courses for the Environmental Studies minor

| S | Sem 7 | UES XXX | Climate Science and Policy | Minor/ES | 4 |
|---|-------|---------|--|----------|---|
| S | Sem 7 | UES XXX | Integrated Watershed Management | Minor/ES | 4 |
| S | Sem 7 | UES XXX | Environmental Health and Risk Assessment | Minor/ES | 4 |

Courses for the Business Administration minor

| Sem 7 | BPB 401 | Strategic management | Minor/BBA | 4 |
|-------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Sem 7 | BPB 403 | Entrepreneurship development and SME | Minor/BBA | 4 |
| Sem 7 | BPE 403 | Research methodology | Minor/BBA | 4 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| Sem 8 | BBP 144 | Conservation Genetics and Genomics | Major | 2 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 146 | Genome Structure and Diversity: Concepts and Methodologies | Major | 3 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 114 | Molecular Cell Biology - From Genes to Communities | Major | 2 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 131 | Molecular Microbiology and Immunology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 8 | New | Recent advances in biotechnology (Seminar and term paper) | Major | 2 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 106 | Biotechnology Laboratory 8 | Practical | 7 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 115 | Applied Nanobiotechnology | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 145 | Microbial Pathogenesis | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 8 | BBP 116 | Molecular Plant Physiology and Metabolism | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 8 | | Fundamentals of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) Principles | Elective | |
| Sem 8 | New | Research Project | Research Project | 12 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Sem 9 | BBP 174 | Advanced Bioinformatics and computational biology | Major | 2 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 155 | Genetic engineering and recombinant DNA technology- Part 2 | Major | 3 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 162 | Statistics for The Life Sciences-2 | Major | 3 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 163 | Gene Expression Analysis and Transcriptomics | Major | 2 |
| Sem 9 | NRE 165 | Proteomics and Protein Engineering | Major | 3 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 147 | Biotechnology Laboratory 9 | Practical | 7 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 112 | Bioprocess Engineering and Environmental Biotechnology | DSE | 3 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 141 | Molecular Genetics for Plant Functional Genomics: Principles and Practice | DSE | 3 |
| Sem 9 | BBP XXX | Biotechnology for Sustainable Agriculture | DSE | 2 |
| Sem 9 | BBP 103 | Bioethics, IPR and Regulations in Biotechnology | DSE | 3 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits |
|----------|------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Sem 10 | BBP 108 | Major Project | Major Project | 20 |

Appendix 1 – Qualifying CUET-UG Examination List

| NTA code | Subject |
|----------|---|
| 302 | Agriculture |
| 304 | Biology/Biological Studies/Biotechnology/Biochemistry |
| 306 | Chemistry |
| 307 | Environmental Studies |
| 308 | Computer Science/Informatics Practices |
| 315 | Home Science |
| 319 | Mathematics / Applied Mathematics |
| 322 | Physics |
| 327 | Teaching Aptitude |
| 501 | General Test |

Note: Any subject(s) may be chosen from the above. The highest percentage score among the chosen subjects will be considered for admission purposes.

To discuss and approve the proposal of starting B.Tech (Energy Engineering) and its proposed course structure

1.1 Context

With the urgent need to combat climate change, energy programmes focussed on sustainable and green energy sources enriched with existing as well as new technological advancements aiming to reduce carbon footprints and achieve net-zero emissions is need of the hour. The energy sector is rapidly evolving with advancements in energy storage, smart grids, and energy-efficient technologies. Programmes with courses on cutting-edge technologies and their applications will serve the purpose of imparting structured knowledge and create cadre of professionals. Energy engineering programmes having interdisciplinary approach which integrate knowledge from various fields such as mechanical, electrical, chemical and environmental engineering is crucial for developing comprehensive solutions to energy challenges. A significant portion of the Indian population still lacks reliable access to electricity. Programmes focus on developing affordable and sustainable energy solutions can bridge this gap. India has set ambitious targets for renewable energy, aiming for 500 GW of non-fossil fuel capacity by 2030 and achieving net-zero carbon emissions by 2070. This drives the need for skilled professionals in energy technologies and their deployment. There is a strong emphasis on R&D to innovate and improve energy systems. Therefore, it is the right time to introduce programmes providing opportunity to the students to be engaged in projects that address real-world energy problems, often in collaboration with industry partners.

Against this background, the industry and market need a set of professionals who can rise to this challenge to address global energy demand and associated environmental challenges like climate change and pollution that requires a paradigm shift in imparting industry-ready and practical courses that is capable of interconnecting energy and its allied areas. B.Tech. in Energy Engineering is an endeavour in this direction to produce engineers, technocrats and managers in the domain of energy and allied areas. Overall, the proposed B.Tech in Energy Engineering prepares students to tackle global energy challenges and prepares students to contribute to the country's energy transition by equipping them with the necessary technical, analytical, and managerial skills. TERI (The Energy and Resources Institute) being parent organization of TERI School of Advanced Studies (TERI SAS) has demonstrated its global leadership the fields of energy, environment and sustainability. The Department of Sustainable Engineering (erstwhile Department of Energy and Environment) at TERI SAS has a stronghold in the domain of Energy and offering M.Tech (REEM) for last 15 years. The department also started M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) from the academic session 2024-25. Universities are nearly on a mandate to offer UG programmes after the implementation of NEP 2020. In line with NEP 2020, TERI SAS has ventured into UG programmes from the last academic session with BBA & B.Sc programmes from the DoPMS and DoNAS. In continuation to strengthening UG programmes, the DoSE proposes to start offering the programme **B.Tech (Energy Engineering)**.

1.2 USP of the proposed programme

- 1. **Interdisciplinary Curriculum:** Combining engineering, environmental science, economics, and policy to provide a comprehensive understanding of the energy sector.
- 2. **Hands-on Experience:** Opportunities for internships, lab work, and field projects with leading energy companies and research institutions.
- 3. **Sustainability Focus:** Emphasis on renewable energy technologies and sustainable practices to address global energy challenges and Indian energy transition scenerio.

- 4. **Industry Collaborations:** Strong partnerships with industry leaders, offering students networking opportunities, mentorship, and potential job placements.
- 5. Career Support: Dedicated career services to help students navigate the job market and secure positions in the energy sector.
- 6. **Innovation and Entrepreneurship:** Encouragement and support for students to develop innovative solutions and start their own ventures in the energy field.

1.3 Programme intake, Fee Structure, eligibility for admission and NCrF Level

1.3.1 Programme Intake : 60

1.3.2 The eligibility criteria for admission:

| SI. No. | Programme | Duration | Eligibility | NCrF Level |
|------------|--|----------|--|---------------|
| 1 | B.Tech (Energy Engineering) | 4 years | Passed 10+2 examination with Physics, Mathematics and Chemistry. Obtained at least 60% marks (55% marks in case of candidates belonging to reserved category) in the above subjects taken together. OR Qualifying any national/state engineering entrance exam such as JEE (Main), UPSEE, WBJEE, VITEEE, BITSAT etc. | 4.0 |
| 2 | B.Tech (Energy Engineering) (Lateral Entry to Second year)# | 3 years | Passed Minimum THREE years / TWO years (Lateral Entry) Diploma examination with at least 45% marks (40% marks in case of candidates belonging to reserved category) in ANY branch of Engineering and Technology. OR Passed B.Sc. Degree from a recognized University as defined by UGC, with at least 45% marks (40% marks in case of candidates belonging to reserved category) and passed 10+2 examination with Mathematics as a subject. OR Passed B.Voc/3-year D.Voc. Stream in the same or allied sector. | 4.5 |
| 3 | B.Tech (Energy Engineering) (Lateral Entry to Final year)# | 1 year | • B.Voc. in relevant discipline | 5.5 |

Admission as per these criteria shall be made in subsequent years when the 1st admitted batch will reach to these years.

1.4 Programme Structure: [4 years – 8 semesters]

| Semester 1 | Credits | Semester 2 | Credits |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| Engineering physics | 3 | Industry collaborative field visit | 1 |
| Mathematics for engineers-I | 3 | Engineering chemistry | 3 |

| Energy, environment and climate change | 3 |
|--|------|
| Introduction to energy engineering | 3 |
| Introduction to programming languages | 2+1^ |
| Fundamentals of electrical engineering | 2+1^ |
| Physics laboratory | 3 |

^ Laboratory component

| Semester 3 | Credits |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Fluid and solid mechanics | 3 |
| Heat and mass transfer | 3 |
| Power system engineering | 3 |
| Energy policies and regulations | 3 |
| Analog and digital electronics | 2+1^ |
| Introduction to AI and ML | 3 |
| Electrical machines | 3 |

^ Laboratory component

| Semester 5 | Credits |
|---|---------|
| Bio Energy : Resources & | 3 |
| Technologies | 5 |
| Wind Energy : Resources & | 2 |
| Technologies | 3 |
| Solar Energy : Resources & | 2 |
| Technologies | 3 |
| Remote sensing & GIS | 3 |
| Control systems and automation | 2+1^ |
| Industry internship / Energy Project - I | 6 |
| | |

^ Laboratory component

| Semester 7 | Credits |
|--|---------|
| Hydrogen energy | 3 |
| Electric Vehicles | 3 |
| Green Buildings | 3 |
| Innovative energy lab | 3 |
| ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) reporting | 3 |
| Energy economics and finance | 3 |
| Elective-II | 3 |

| Chemistry laboratory | 3 |
|--|------|
| Mathematics for Engineers-II | 3 |
| Communication skills and technical writing | 3 |
| Network analysis | 2+1^ |
| Engineering Thermodynamics | 3 |

| Semester 4 | Credits |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Hydro Power : Resources & | 2+1^ |
| Technologies | 2 1 |
| Nuclear power : Resources & | 3 |
| Technologies | 5 |
| Oil and gas : Resources & | 3 |
| Technologies | 5 |
| Coal : Resources & Technologies | 3 |
| Power plant engineering | 3 |
| Power Electronics | 3 |
| Seminar / Independent Study | 3 |

| Semester 6 | Credits |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Data analytics in energy | 3 |
| Solar energy project development | 3 |
| Wind energy project development | 3 |
| Energy storage | 3 |
| Energy conservation and management | 3 |
| Energy Lab | 3 |
| Elective-I | 3 |

| Semester 8 | Credits |
|---------------------|---------|
| Energy project – II | 20 |

| Elective-I (Any one) | Credits |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Energy materials | 3 |
| Smart Grids | 3 |
| Carbon capture & utilization | 3 |
| Emerging energy technologies | 3 |

| Credits | Elective-II (Any one) | Credits |
|---------|------------------------------|---------|
| 3 | Energy & carbon markets | 3 |
| 3 | Entrepreneurship development | 3 |
| 3 | Life cycle assessment | 3 |
| 3 | Circular economy | 3 |

Enclosure 3

| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | Course ti | tle: Firm and Dispatchable Energy – Resources, Technology, Applic | ations | | 4.5 |
|--|------------|---|-----------|---------|------------------|
| Department: MSc (Energy Studies & Management) Course coordinator: Prof. Naqui Anwer Course instructor: Prof. Naqui Anwer Contact details: Course offered in: Semester 2 Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 Course description: The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased penetration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. Course objectives: To infamiliarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To inderstand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To magra knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy Course offertion: L T P I. Fossil Fuels L T P 10 understand the globad and Indian scenarios of these resources 8 2 0 Course content Module Topic I T P 1. Fossil Fuels S | | | arning | hours | : 45 |
| Course coordinator: Prof. Naqui Anwer Course instructor: Prof. Naqui Anwer Course details: Course offered in: Semester 2 Course Description: The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased considerably in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course confertives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. • To understand fish set sources technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. • To inderstand fish as well as nuclear energy. Course content • Coal: properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal: properties of natural gas, Natural gas 8 2 0 2. Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Energy 7 2 0 3. Biomass resources • Components of nuclear reactors: Fast bre | | | | | |
| Contact details: Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 Course Description: The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased penctration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. To introduce a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. To introduce a method ispatchable power will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: To inderstand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources? To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Module To inderstand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy | | | Naqui A | nwer | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 Course Description: The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased penetration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. • To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • Understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand fossil fuels as Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants 8 2 2. Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Cal-based power plant • Nuclear reactors 7 2 0 3. Biomass • Components of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors | | 1 | i vaqui 7 | | |
| Course Description: The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased penetration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy • To understand the resources of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • To coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal based power plant • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas | | | tor 2 | | |
| The firm and dispatchable power are very much essential for the stability of the grid. In view of the increased penetration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources: • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. • To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) 7 2 0 • Coal-based power plants • Nuclear Reactors • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy wat | | | ster 2 | | |
| the increased penetration of variable renewable energy resources like wind power and solar power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power has increased considerably. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To understand tossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand tossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand tossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand tossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • Coal- Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • Natural Gas Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) 3. Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resources assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves 4. Hydro Power • Hydro Power • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines. Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines of micro-hydro power plant 5. Geothermal resources | | | the orio | ł In v | iew of |
| power, the role of the firm and dispatchable power. This course introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy.Course objectives:• To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power.• To understand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power.• To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources• To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energyCourse contentModuleModule• To simpart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy• To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energyCourse content• To understand fassil fuels as well as nuclear energy• To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy• To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy• Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal• Nuclear Energy• Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy• Nuclear Energy• Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India• Classification of nuclear reactors• Nuclear Reactors• Nuclear Reactors• Cansification of biomass resources• Biomass resources• Biomass resources• Cansustication of biomass resources• Cansification of biomass resources• Cassification of biomass resources• Biomass processing• Stowes4.Hydro Power< | | | | | |
| introduces a mix of renewable and conventional energy that fall under the category of firm and dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources. To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Module Topic I. To Siffuels Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas based power plant Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fundamentals of nuclear reactors: 7 2 0 Coal-based Prendamentals of Nuclear reactors: Fundamentals of nuclear reactors: 7 2 0 Classification | | | | | |
| dispatchable power. The students in this course will be able to appreciate the resources, technologies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. Course objectives: To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To inpart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Fossil Fuels Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Natural Gas based power plants Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Resources Canbud reactors Canbud reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass Biomass resource assessment Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources Geothermal resources Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal resources Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal Energy Geothermal Energy Geothermal Energ | | | | | |
| Course objectives: • To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. • To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources • To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy • To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy • Course content Module Topic 1. Fossil Fuels • Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear Reactors • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • Components of nuclear reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) 3. Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification or biomass resources • Combustion, pyrolysis, G | dispatchat | ble power. The students in this course will be able to apprece | ciate th | e resc | ources, |
| To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To understand for global and Indian scenarios of coal, calorific value of coal Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Cassification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass resources Biomass resources Biomass resources Biomass resource and assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass recource and assessment Hydro power Hydro power Hydro power curbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant | technolog | ies, and applications surrounding these sources of energy. | | | |
| To familiarize students with the concept and need of firm and dispatchable power. To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To understand for global and Indian scenarios of these resources To understand for global and Indian scenarios of coal, calorific value of coal Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Cassification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass resources Biomass resources Biomass resources Biomass resource and assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass recource and assessment Hydro power Hydro power Hydro power curbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant | ~ | | | | |
| To understand the resources, technology, and applications of firm and dispatchable power. To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Natural Gas based power plant Natural Gas based power plant Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Nuclear reactors Components of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass resources Biomass resources Biomass resources assessment Coansition of biomass resources Biomass resources assessment Components of nuclear and sessesment Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydro rosource and assessment Hydro rosource and assessment Hydro rosource and assessment Components of micro-hydro power plant | | | 1 1 | | |
| To understand the global and Indian scenarios of these resources To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Module Topic L T Possil Fuels Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Natural Gas based power plants Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors | | | | | 0.1.1.0 r |
| To impart knowledge about dispatchable renewable energy To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Module Topic I. Fossil Fuels Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Natural Gas based power plants Suclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors Classification of biomass resources Biomass Biomass resource and assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass resources and turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant | | | dispater | lable p | ower. |
| To understand fossil fuels as well as nuclear energy Course content Module Topic I. Fossil Fuels Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India Coal-based power plant Natural Gas based power plants Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors Components of nother reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass resource assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant | | | | | |
| Course contentModuleTopicLTP1.Fossil Fuels• Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal• Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants8202.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear Reactors • Components of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant720 | | | | | |
| ModuleTopicLTP1.Fossil Fuels • Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants8202.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • Components of nuclear reactor7203.Biomass • Components of properties, or components of properties, • Chastification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of properties, Gasification • Biomass resources • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant720 | | | | | |
| • Coal: Properties of coal, formation of coal, calorific value of coal820• Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants8202.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • CanNDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant720 | | | L | Τ | Р |
| value of coal Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants8202.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass presource and assessment • Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant720 | 1. | Fossil Fuels | | | |
| • Natural Gas: Properties of natural gas, Natural gas resources in India • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plants8202.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear Fission • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | | | |
| resources in Indiao20• Coal-based power plant• Natural Gas based power plant• Coal-based power plant• Coal-based power plant• Natural Gas based power plants• Natural Gas based power plants• Coal-based power plants• Coal-based power plants2.Nuclear Energy • Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy • Nuclear fission • Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | | | |
| • Coal-based power plant • Natural Gas based power plantsImage: Constraint of the state of th | | | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| • Natural Gas based power plants• Image: Constraint of the system of the sy | | | | | - |
| 2.Nuclear Energy Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203.Biomass Biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Biomass resource assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves8204.Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydro resource and assessment Components of micro-hydro power plant720 | | | | | |
| Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass Biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Biomass resources assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources Geothermal resources Geothermal resources | | • Natural Gas based power plants | | | |
| Fundamentals of Nuclear Energy Nuclear Fission Nuclear Fission Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass Biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Biomass resources assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources Geothermal resources Geothermal resources | 2 | Nuclear Energy | | | |
| Nuclear Fission Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors Components of nuclear reactor Nuclear Reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass Biomass Classification of biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Biomass resource assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources Geothermal resources Geothermal resources Geothermal resources | | | | | |
| • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, thermal reactors • Components of nuclear reactor • Nuclear Reactors • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)7203. Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204. Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205. Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | | | |
| thermal reactors720• Components of nuclear reactor• Nuclear Reactors• CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)1203.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | Nuclear energy scenario: Global and India | | | |
| Intermal reactorsComponents of nuclear reactor• Components of nuclear reactors• Components of nuclear reactor• Nuclear Reactors• CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)3.Biomass • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves824.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant725.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | • Classification of nuclear reactors: Fast breeder reactors, | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| Nuclear Reactors CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor) Biomass Biomass resources Classification of biomass resources Biomass resource assessment Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro Power Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources | | | / | 2 | U |
| • CANDU reactor (Pressurized heavy water reactor)Image: Construct of the system of the sy | | | | | |
| 3.Biomass | | | | | |
| • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | • CANDU reactor (Pressurized neavy water reactor) | | | |
| • Biomass resources • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | 3 | Biomass | | | + |
| • Classification of biomass resources • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | 5. | | | | |
| • Biomass resource assessment • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification • Biomass processing • Stoves8204.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydro power turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | | | |
| • Combustion, pyrolysis, Gasification Biomass processing • Stoves4.Hydro Power • Hydro resource and assessment • Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| Biomass processing Stoves Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources | | | | | |
| 4. Hydro Power Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant 5. Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources | | | | | |
| Hydro resource and assessment Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources | | | | | |
| Hydropower turbines: Pelton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources | 4. | | | | |
| Kaplan turbines • Components of micro-hydro power plant7205.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | Hydro resource and assessment | | | |
| Components of micro-hydro power plant Geothermal Energy Geothermal resources 7 0 0 | | • Hydropower turbines: Perton wheel, Francis turbines and Kaplan turbines | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| 5.Geothermal Energy • Geothermal resources700 | | | | | |
| • Geothermal resources 7 0 0 | | • Components of mero-nyuro power plant | | | |
| • Geothermal resources 7 0 0 | 5. | Geothermal Energy | | | ╂───┤ |
| | | • Geothermal resources | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Classification of geothermal resources | | | |

| Geothermal energy in India Advantages and disadvantages of geothermal energy forms Gysers, Hot spring, Fumarole Geothermal power plants | nergy over | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------|----------|---------|
| Total | | 37 | 08 | 00 |
| Evaluation criteria | | 57 | 08 | 00 |
| Minor Test 1: Assignment (after completion of modules 1, 2 and 3) Minor Test 2: Written test (after completion of modules 1, 2, 3 and Minor Test 3: Written test/ Case Study Presentation (after completion Major Test: Written test/ Presentation (after completion of all modules) | 4)- 25% on of modu | | nd 6)- 2 | 25% |
| Learning outcomes Appreciate the distinction between dispatchable and non-or Understand the significance of firm and dispatchable pow Understand technology and applications of firm and dispatchable | lispatchable er | e energy | 1 | |
| Pedagogical approach A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials, group discuss site visits | ions assign | ments, o | expert | talks / |
| Materials: Text Books: Mehmet Kanoglu, Yunus A. Cengel and John M. (applications of Renewable Energy (McGraw Hill, 2020). P K Nag: Power Plant Engineering (McGraw Hill, 2017). | Cimbala: 1 | Fundan | nentals | s and |
| Reference Books: V.V.N. kishore: Renewable Energy Engineering and Technology | v (Routledg | e, 2017) |) | |
| Websites: | | | | |
| Additional information (if any): N.A. | | | | |
| Student responsibilities Attendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules | | | | |

Course reviewers:

Prof. Sadhan Mahapatra, Tejpur University

Prof. Ramesh Narayanan, IIT Delhi

| ~ | | | | |
|------------|--|---------|-------|-----|
| Course t | | echno | ologi | es, |
| Applicatio | ns de: ESMXXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P:39-6-0 Learning | a ha | | 15 |
| | site course code and title (if any): NA | g no | ui 5 | ŧJ |
| | nt: Department of Sustainable Engineering | | | |
| | ordinator: Course instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact d | | | | |
| Course ty | | ter 2 | | |
| Course de | | | | |
| | se has been designed to inculcate the design and assessment principle | | | |
| | nergy systems and technologies and their applications. Further, students wi | | | |
| | erent energy conversion procedures and address the difficulties arising due | | | |
| | nergy sources and its impact on economic viability. Also, students will be | made | e awa | are |
| | dvances on the conversion technologies and future prospective. | | | |
| Course ob | | • • • • | d. | |
| | get students understand and familiarize with energy resource assessmen different variable energies and their potential. | t pro | ceat | ire |
| | inculcate skills required for designing the technologies to harness and util | 170 1 | arial | ale |
| | ergy sources. | | ana | |
| | introduce students with different thermal and power applications of vari | able | ener | gv |
| | iversion technologies and systems. | | • | 67 |
| Module | Topic | L | Τ | P |
| 1. | Solar Energy resources and measurements | 4 | | |
| | • Solar energy resources: Availability, Sun-Earth relationship, | | | |
| | Solar time, Solar radiation on horizontal and tilted surfaces, | | | |
| | Solar radiation measurement instruments | 6 | | |
| 2. | Solar thermal Energy Conversion: | 6 | 2 | |
| | Flat Plate collectors Modelling and performance improvement Designing process of Solar Compound Pershelic Concentrators | | | |
| | Designing process of Solar Compound Parabolic Concentrators System sizing methodology and heating and cooling | | | |
| | applications of solar thermal conversion technologies, low and | | | |
| | medium temperature applications | | | |
| | Impact of variable nature of energy source on design and costs | | | |
| 3. | Concentrating Solar Thermal Power Generation: | 4 | | |
| | • Solar concentrator and CSP systems, | | | |
| | Principles and limitations of CSP systems, | | | |
| | Solar thermal power plant technologies and applications | | | |
| 4. | Fundamentals of semiconductors and solar cells: | 8 | | |
| | • Introduction to semiconductors, Charge carriers in | | | |
| | semiconductors, carrier concentration and distribution, | | | |
| | Generation of charge carriers, PN junction and space charge region, Energy band diagram and junction potential, | | | |
| | Quantitative analysis of PN junction, PN junction under | | | |
| | illumination, Manufacturing process of crystalline and multi- | | | |
| | crystalline silicon PV cell, Solar cell design and characterisation, | | | |
| | STC and NOCT, Effect of temperature and radiation on cell | | | |
| | performance | | | |
| 5. | Photovoltaics technologies and applications: | 5 | 2 | |
| | Cell to module design | | | |
| | • Components of balance of system (i.e. inverter, mounting | | | |
| | structure, storage etc.) | | | |
| | • Solar PV plant designing and safety measures (e.g. earthing, surge and lighting arrester) | | | |
| | Grid tied system and net metering | | | |
| | Standalone PV plant design considerations | | | |
| 1 | Design recommendations and costs | | | |
| | | | | |
| 6. | Wind Energy resources, Conversion Processes and Technologies: | 8 | 2 | |

| | Physics of wind, wind speed measurement and distribution, | | | |
|------------------|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | Spatial wind resources assessment tools, | | | |
| | • Overview of vertical and horizontal axis wind turbines | | | |
| | • Wind turbine aerodynamics: Momentum models, vortex models, | | | |
| | hybrid models, limitations of different models, | | | |
| | Wind turbine structural dynamics considerations | | | |
| | Peak power limitation | | | |
| | Modern Turbine subsystems | | | |
| | Applications of wind power and energy | | | |
| | Impact of variable nature on the design and cost of the system | | | |
| 7. | Tidal power and wave energy resources, Conversion Processes and | | | |
| 1. | Technologies: | | | ļ |
| | • Tidal phenomenon, Principles of tidal barrage design and | 2 | | |
| | | 2 | | |
| | operation, extracting energy from tidal currents | 2 | | |
| | • Ocean wave energy: Principle of ocean wave generation, Shore | 2 | | |
| | and near shore waves energy converters, Offshore wave energy | | | |
| | conversion devices ` | 20 | 6 | |
| | Total | 39 | 6 | |
| Evaluation | | | | |
| | nt1: 10% (after Module 4) | | | |
| | nt 2: 10% (after Modules 6) | | | |
| | 1: 10% (after Module 4) | | | |
| | 2: 10% (after Module 6) | | | |
| | : 60% (after all module) | | | |
| | outcomes: | | | |
| | e inculcates the skills that shall make the students to: | | | |
| | able to assess the resources of energy potential of variable energies source | es i.e | . sol | ar, |
| win | nd, tidal and wave energies | | | |
| • be | able to understand essential design principles used for developing the s | yster | ns a | nd |
| | hnologies required for harnessing variable energy resources. | | | |
| | able to assess the performance of variable energy conversion and utilization | tion | syste | em |
| | l technologies. | | | |
| | able to identify the applications of solar thermal collectors, solar PV s | yster | ns a | nd |
| win | nd turbines | | | |
| • be | able to design and implement the system and devices used for converting | g wa | ve a | nd |
| | al power into electrical energy. | | | |
| Pedagogic | cal approach | | | |
| A combina | ation of class-room interactions, tutorials, practical and assignments. | | | |
| Materials | | | | |
| | nded readings | | | |
| Text Book | | | | |
| • . | Energy Conversion. 2 nd edition (2017). Edited By <u>D. Yogi Goswami</u> , <u>Fr</u> CRC Press | ank | <u>Krei</u> | <u>th</u> , |
| | Renewable Energy Focus Handbook (2009) by <u>Gianfranco Pist</u> | oia. | Preh | en |
| - | Maegaard, Bent Sorensen, Mukesh Doble, Shang-Tian Yang, Harsh K. (| Gunt | a. Al | $\frac{1}{do}$ |
| | Vieira da Rosa, Paul Breeze, Truman Storvick, Soteris Kalogirou, Ro | $v S_1$ | ukan | ta. |
| | Academic Press | , | | |
| | Solar Photovoltaics – Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications. (2 | 011) | C | S |
| | Solanki, 2nd ed. PHI Learning |) | | ~. |
| | GSES Manual. (2013). Grid connected PV Systems Design and Installat | ion | Glok | bal |
| | Sustainable Energy Solutions Pty. Ltd, GSES India Sustainable Energy Pvt. | | | |
| Reference | | | | |
| | newable Energy Engineering and Technology – A Knowledge Compendiu | m ei | $\frac{1}{V}$ | VN |
| | shore (TERI Press, 2008). | <i>m</i> , et | n. 1 1 | 1 1 |
| | Sukhatme and J Nayak, "Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Coll | Portic | n a | nd |
| | rage", Third Edition (Tata McGraw Hill, 2008) | | n u | пи |
| | ndbook of photovoltaic science and engineering, ed. A. Luque and S. Heg | rodu | (In | hn |
| | ley and Sons, 2010) | cuus | 00) | |
| | otovoltaic system engineering, R. A. Messenger and A. Abtahi, 3rd ed. (| CRC | Pro | 66 |
| T • 1 //0 | ororonane system engineering, R. 11. messenger unu A. Abium, Stu eu. [| CAU | 110, | <i></i> , |
| | | | | |

2010)

5. TERÍ Energy Data Directory (TEDDY) 2020-21 (TERI Press, 2021)

Journals

- Applied Energy Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews •
- Solar Energy •
- Solar Energy compass Applied Solar Energy
- Journal of Energy Resources Technology
- Nature Energy •

Renewable Energy
Additional information (if any): NA

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules

Course Reviewers

- Prof. Atul Sharma 1. RGIPT Jais, Amethi U.P.
- 2. Dr. Siva Reddy V Director (Technical) National Institute of Solar Energy (NISE)
- 3. Dr. Anish Modi Associate Professor Department of Energy Science and Engineering Indian Institute of Technology Bombay

| Course tit | le: Building Energy Management and Green Build | ing | | |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|----------|
| | de: ESMXXX No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P:39-6-0 | Learning ho | ours:45 |
| Pre-requi | site course code and title (if any): NA | | | |
| | nt: Sustainable Engineering | | | |
| | ordinator: | Course instruc | tor(s): | |
| Contact d | etails: | | | |
| Course ty | pe: Core | Course offered | in: Semester 2 | 2 |
| Course de | escription: | | | |
| | e has been designed to make the students versed ab | | | |
| • | and globally, its impact on the climate change and | · 1 | | <u> </u> |
| | trategies and systems, building energy management | | | |
| | t Energy conservation building codes and its recom | | | r |
| | of the buildings, Green Buildings rating tools and p | procedure for deve | loping green | |
| buildings Course ob | inativos | | | |
| | get students learn and remember about the energy | concumption in di | fforont process | in the |
| | ldings. | | fielent process | in the |
| | learn, understand the passive and active strategies | and system as wel | l as he able to | annly |
| | lowering building energy use in buildings. | und system as wel | | "PP1y |
| | evaluate the impact of embodied energy of constru | ction materials on | the overall bu | ilding |
| | ergy consumption and indoor thermal comfort. | | | |
| | learn and understand the procedure for applying to | quantify energy s | avings in build | lings. |
| | understand green building rating tools and to imple | | - | - |
| | green building status. | 0 | 0 | υ |
| Module | Торіс | | L | T I |
| 1. | Introduction to Energy Use in Buildings | | 4 | |
| | • Role of buildings in global and national er | nergy use | | |
| | • Demand for different energy services in bu | uildings and their o | drivers | |
| | Indirect energy use from activities in build | lings: Using life cy | ycle | |
| | approach | | | |
| | • Impact of a changing climate on building of | | | |
| | • Specific sustainability challenges related to | o energy services | in | |
| | buildings | | | |
| 2. | Climate and Solar radiation | | 4 | |
| | • Factors affecting climate | | | |
| | • Climatic zones and their characteristics | | | |
| | • Sun-earth geometric relationship | | | |
| | • Angle of incidence | | | |
| | • Sun path diagram | | | |
| | • Solar radiation on different surfaces of bui | ldings | | |
| 2 | Solair temperature | | 2 | |
| 3. | Human comfort | | 3 | |
| | Human body and environmental condition Decomposition of thermal composition | 8 | | |
| | Parameters of thermal comfort Heat evolvenge between human body and a | nyinonmant | | |
| | Heat exchange between human body and e Thermal comfort indices | environment | | |
| | | nfort fostors | | |
| | Visual comfort: Basics of light; Visual con | | 4 | |
| | Acoustic comfort: Principles of sound; Eff transmission | lect of noise; soun | u | |
| | transmission | | | |

| 4. | Introduction to Building Physics | 6 | 4 | |
|------------|--|----|---|--|
| | • Purpose of the buildings | | | |
| | Basic principles of heat transfer | | | |
| | • Design conditions for heating and cooling in buildings | | | |
| | • Heat transfers through walls, roof and fenestration | | | |
| | • Heat loss from basement walls, floors and crawl spaces | | | |
| | • Infiltration and ventilation heat loads | | | |
| | • Energy and Thermal performance of the buildings: Energy and heat | | | |
| | exchange in buildings | | | |
| | • Estimation of indoor temperature and air conditioning load | | | |
| | • Visual performance of the buildings | | | |
| 5. | Reducing Energy Use in Building: Passive strategies, systems and | 6 | | |
| | construction materials | | | |
| | Building Shape, Form and Orientation | | | |
| | • Improving skin insulation: Using Degree days and balance point | | | |
| | temperature | | | |
| | Improving ventilation heat transfer | | | |
| | • Internal and external shading devices | | | |
| | Ventilation, Evaporative cooling | | | |
| | • Earth–air tunnel | | | |
| | • Sky-therm system | | | |
| | Solar chimney-based hybrid system | | | |
| | Desiccant Cooling and Dehumidification | | | |
| | • Natural ventilation | | | |
| | • Direct evaporative cooling using drip-type (desert) coolers | | | |
| | • Efficient and dynamic fenestrations | | | |
| | • Low embodied energy materials | | | |
| 6. | Reduction in Energy Use in Building: Active systems | 4 | 2 | |
| | District Heating and Cooling | | | |
| | • Improving heating and cooling systems' efficiency | | | |
| | Energy efficient appliances | | | |
| | • Energy efficient lighting | | | |
| | • Smart energy management systems | | | |
| 7. | Quantification of energy savings | 6 | | |
| | • Energy models | | | |
| | Embodied energy of buildings | | | |
| | • Energy levelling for appliances | | | |
| | • Testing the building for energy saving opportunities | | | |
| | Building energy modelling | | | |
| | Smart metering | | | |
| 8. | Building energy codes and green building ratings | 6 | | |
| | • Energy conservation building codes and recommendation for existing | | | |
| | and new buildings | | | |
| | • Energy efficient, net zero, green and sustainable buildings | | | |
| | • Green building rating systems: LEED, GRIHA, BREEAM etc. | | | |
| | • Role of green buildings on the sustainability of the society | | | |
| Total | | 39 | 6 | |
| Evaluation | | | | |
| Assignmen | nt1: 10% (after Module 1-4) | | | |

Assignment 2: 10% (after Modules 5-7) Minor test 1: 15% (after Module 3) Minor test 2: 15% (after Module 6) Major test: 50% (after all module)

Learning outcomes:

This course inculcates the skills that shall make the students to:

- be able to understand, analyse the buildings energy consumption and impact on climate change.
- learn and remember about the factors that affect human comforts and ensuring indoor comfort conditions.
- be able to evaluate energy and heat transfer from different components of buildings.
- be able to understand and create/implement the passive and active techniques for reducing energy consumption in buildings.
- be able to evaluate and quantify the energy saving potential in buildings.
- learn recommendations and mandatory requirement for energy conservation through energy conservation codes and their implementation
- learn about green rating tools and their implementation procedure and creating green buildings.

Pedagogical approach

A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials, practical and assignments.

Materials

Recommended readings

Text Books

- Bob Everett and Horace Herring and team. (2007). Energy saving in buildings, The Open University, UK
- Chapter 16: HEATING AND COOLING OF BUILDINGS, Yunus A. Cengil and Afshin Ghajar. Heat and Mass Transfer: Fundamentals and Applications. 6th Edition, McGraw-Hill
- Fergus Nicol, Hom Bahadur Rijal, Susan Roaf. Handbook of Resilient Thermal Comfort. Routledge; 1st edition (29 November 2024)
- Global Energy Assessment Writing Team. Global Energy Assessment: Toward a Sustainable Future. Cambridge University Press; 2012
- Koenigsberger, Ingersoll, Mayhew and Szokolay. (1975). Manual of tropical housing and building. Part 1: Climate design, Orient Longman Limited.

Reference Books

- **1.** Sustainability Through Energy Efficient Buildings. (2018). Edited by Amritanshu Shukla and Atul Sharma. CRC Press
- **2.** Wen hong, Madelaine Steller Chiang, Ruth A. Shapiro, Mark L. Clifford. (2007). Building Energy Efficiency, The Asia Business Council
- 3. Pieter de Wilde.2018. Building Performance. Analysis. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- 4. Ursula Eicker, 2009, Low Energy Cooling for Sustainable Buildings, Willey
- **5.** Minke, G., 2006. Building with Earth: design & technology of a sustainable architecture, SpringerLink
- **6.** Givoni, B., 1998. Climatic Considerations in Buildings and Urban Design, John Wiley & Sons, Canada
- **7.** N. K. Bansal, Gerd Hauser, Gernot Minke, 1994. Passive building design: a handbook of natural climatic control, Elsevier Science
- 8. B.V. Krishnan, A., Baker, N., Yannas, S., Szokolay, S., (Eds) 2001. Climate Responsive Architecture- A Design Handbook for Energy Efficient Buildings, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi

- **9.** Givoni, B., 1994. Passive and Low Energy Cooling of Buildings, John Wiley &Sons Inc., New York
- **10.** Santamouris, M., 1996. Passive Cooling of Buildings, James & James (Science Publishers) Ltd., London
- 11. Karlen, M and Benya, J., 2004. Lighting Design Basics, John Wiley & Sons Inc., New York
- 12. American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE): Fundamentals, Equipment Indian Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ISHRAE) Standards
- **13.** Richard R Janis and William K Y Tao, 2008. Mechanical and Electrical Systems in Buildings, Prentice Hall
- **14.** Vedavarz, A., Kumar, S. and Hussain, Md., 2007. HVAC: Heating, Ventilation and Air-Conditioning Handbook for design & Implementation, Industrial Press, New York
- **15.** Jan F. Kreider, Peter S. Curtiss and Ari Rabl, 2010. Heating and Cooling of Buildings- Design for efficiency, revised second edition, CRC Press, USA
- 16. BEE, 2007. Energy Conservation Building Code http://www.usgbc.org/,
- **17.** United States Green Building Council, USA http://www.igbc.in ,Indian Green Building Council, LEED India <u>http://www.grihaindia.org/</u>
- 18. BREEAM. <u>https://breeam.com/</u>
- **19.** GRIHA Website, India TERI, 2004. Sustainable Building Design Manual, Vols 1 & 2.
- 20. Our World in Data. https://ourworldindata.org/renewable-energy
- 21. https://ibpsa.org/publications/
- 22. <u>https://www.youtube.com/@IBPSAUniversity</u>
- Journals
 - Journal of Building Performance Simulation
 - Energy and Buildings
 - Building and Environment
 - Sustainable Cities and Society
 - Applied Energy

Additional information (if any): NA

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules

Course Reviewers

Prof. Athanasios "Thanos" Tzempelikos Lyles School of Civil and Construction Engineering, Purdue University, USA

Prof. Dharam Buddhi Vice Chancellor, Uttaranchal University, Dehradun India Ex-Professor, School of Energy and Environmental Studies, DAVV Indore India

Prof. Pieter de Wilde Division of Energy and Building Design Lund University, Sweden

| Course | itle: Energy Markets and Trading | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | | ning | hours | : 45 |
| | usite course code and title (if any): NA | | | |
| | nent: Department of Sustainable Engineering | The | | |
| Course | coordinator: Dr Sapan Thapar Course instructor(s): Dr Sapan | Ina | par | |
| | | | | |
| | ype: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 lescription | | | |
| Energy i markets | s at crossroads of being transitioned from a public merit good to a con are platforms for buying and selling of energy, in different formats | | - | |
| principle sectoral electricit and rene | rse offers students an understanding of the energy market structure an s, focusing on India. It encompasses evolution of the Indian energy sector, stakeholders, pricing mechanisms and procurement modes. Discussio y as well as non-electric formats (oil, gas, coal), crisscrossing conventiona wables (solar, wind, biomass, hydro). A significant part of the syllabus enco dimensions, besides providing overview on evolving market products and se | key n ns w al (co ompa | regular vill in al, oil sses er | tions, clude , gas) |
| | objectives rse provides an in-depth understanding on various dimensions of the en | ergy | marke | ets in |
| Over Unde Unde Unde Expc | ectives are - view on the Indian energy / power Sector erstand planning & operational Aspects of Indian Power System erstand working of a Power Exchange erstanding sourcing and Pricing of Coal, Oil and Gas sure to energy diplomacy reness on evolving market products | | | |
| Course | contents | | | |
| Modul e | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
| | Overview- Indian Energy & Power Sectors | | | |
| 1 | Energy - Sources, Supply & Demand Scenario Trends - Energy Production, Imports, Sales Institutions & Governing Structure Policy and regulations Sectoral Stakeholders – Thermal, Hydro, Renewables, Oil, Gas, Coal Energy Transition | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Power Sector - Planning & Operational Aspects | | | |
| 2 | Power Procurement Planning Resource Adequacy, Demand and Supply, Load Forecasting Tariff Determination - Generation, Transmission, Distribution Procurement Modes (Cost Plus, Bidding, open access, Captive) Consumer Types and Tariffs Merit Order Despatch Role of Regulator/ Government agencies Power Distribution Reforms | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | Power Markets | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| | Open Access – Concept, Modes, Charges | | | |

| Prici | ng of coal, oil and gas of energy diplomacy in energy security and access | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------|-----|---|
| | d understanding of Indian power markets king of a power exchange | | | |
| Test | 2: 20% (in form of assignment –coal, oil and gas sector asse Study 20% (Global best practices/ business models) | ssmen | ıt) | |
| Evaluat | ion criteria | - | | - |
| 6 | Digital & Advanced Metering Technologies Security Constrained Economic Despatch Energy Derivatives Ancillary Services Net-Metering / P2P Energy Storage Systems Demand Response Hydrogen Energy | 6 40 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | Energy Security Dimensions Energy Diplomacy critical minerals – availability, policies National Schemes (PLI, SPR) Resilience Against Climate Risks Regional Grids & Energy Markets Geopolitical Trends Case Study | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| 4 | Resource Availability Domestic Production and Imports Procurement – Modes, Pricing, Taxes and duties Oil Refining -Products and Pricing Natural Gas Grid, LNG Imports, Pricing Indian Gas Exchange – Operations & Instruments Hydrogen based energy systems Sale & Pricing Norms Role of Regulator/ Government agencies | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | Green Energy Open Access Types of trading platforms Power Exchange – Operations & Instruments Congestion Management Green Power Trading REC, ESCerts, Carbon Certificates, I-REC Grid Management & DSM regulations Role of RLDC, SLDC, REMC, QCA Cross Border Power Trading International Best Practices Simulating Power Trading (Group Activity) | | | |

Exposure to evolving energy market products and services

Pedagogical approach

A combination of class-room interactions, group discussions, tutorials, assignments, case studies with industry expert interaction

Suggested Readings

- India 2020 Report, IEA
- Integrated Energy Policy, Niti Aayog
- Annual Reports on Short-term Power Market, CERC
- Petroleum and Natural Gas Reports, PPAC

Websites

CEA (http://cea.nic.in/) CERC (http://www.cercind.gov.in/) Web Portals of Exchanges- IEX, PXIL, HPX Web Portals of SERCs, RLDCs, SLDCs, RPCs Ministry of Power (https://powermin.nic.in/) Grid Controller of India (https://posoco.in/en/) Ministry of New & Renewable Energy (https://mnre.gov.in/) Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas (https://mopng.gov.in/en) Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (https://pngrb.gov.in/eng-web/) Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell (https://ppac.gov.in/) Ministry of Coal (https://coal.nic.in/)

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules.

Course reviewers:

Mr Prashant Singh, Chief General Manager, ONGC Ms Sneh Daheriya, VP, PTC India Limited Mr Mithun Dubey, VP, RE-Connect Energy

| Course title: Energy Project Management | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: DSE XXX No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P : 40-05-00 Learning hours: 45 | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Sustainable Engi | neering | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Dr. Sapan Thapar | Course instructor(s): Dr. Sapan Thapar | | | | |
| Contact details: sapan.thapar@terisas.ac.in | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Course offered in: Semester 2 | | | | |

Course description

The course is designed for provide an insight to students on various aspects of energy management, encompassing electric (power, renewables) as well as non-electric sectors (coal, oil, gas). Students will be exposed to the various stages of an energy project (preimplementation to completion), its techno-commercial assessment, contract management, besides the different procurement cum pricing options. They shall further be acquainted with green finance and the enviro-social aspects of energy projects.

Course objectives

- Understand relevance of Project Management in an energy project
- Learn about project lifecycle stages
- Undertake Techno-Commercial Assessment
- Learn about PPA & EPC, ESIA
- Exposure to green finance & Project Management Techniques

Course content

| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Understanding Energy Projects Lifecycle Assessment (Upstream, Midstream, downstream) Coal, Oil and Gas based projects Power Sector Renewable Energy Projects Policy & Regulatory Aspects | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Project Development Definition, Need Project vs routine production Project planning matrix Stages of Project Role of stakeholders | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | Techno-Economic Assessment Market Analysis Technical Assessment Financial Feasibility (LCOE, NPV, IRR, payback) Project Appraisal Risk Analysis & Management | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Contract Management Supply chain management Contract selection/ tendering Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) Engineering, Procurement, Construction (EPC) Escrow Account/ Tripartite Agreement Development of DPR | 7 | 2 | 0 |

| | Procurement & Pricing Options | | | |
|------------------------|--|----------------|--------|--------|
| 5 | Energy markets – Global, Regional, National, Local Procurement – Long- term/ short-term/ Spot markets Government Regulations | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Contribution to exchequer (taxation/ subsidies) | | | |
| | Project Management Techniques | | | |
| 6 | • PERT, CPM | | | |
| Ũ | Gantt Chart | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | • ISO | | | |
| | Data Analytics | | | |
| 7 | Green Finance | | | |
| / | Concept of Project Finance | | | |
| | Climate Finance Instruments | | | |
| | Multilateral funding Support | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | Domestic & International Institutions | | | |
| | • New Instruments - Carbon Credits, Green bonds | | | |
| | Introduction to Currency Hedging | | | |
| | Enviro-Social Aspects | | | |
| 8 | Rules/ Regulations | | | |
| | Concept of ESIA | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | • End of Life Assessment (circular Economy) | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Impact on local economy (jobs, infrastructure) | | | |
| | | 40 | 05 | 0 |
| Fyaluati | on criteria | -0 | 03 | U |
| | | | | |
| Test 1 20 Test 2 20 | | | | |
| Assignme | | | | |
| Test $3 40$ |)% | | | |
| | goutcomes upleting this course, students would be able to assess: | | | |
| | ipicting this course, students would be able to assess. | | | |
| | cycle/ stages of an energy project | | | |
| | no-commercial assessment of an energy project | | | |
| | es of energy procurement and implementation models ect Management techniques, including ESIA | | | |
| | rees and types of climate finance | | | |
| Bou | | | | |
| Pedagogi | ical approach | | | |
| The cour discussed | se will be delivered through classroom lectures. Relevant case in class to expose students on the latest project management techni | studie ques | es sha | all be |
| | s Textbooks | | | |
| | asanna, C. (2008). <i>Projects, Planning, Analysis, Select</i> <i>plementation and Review</i> . Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company | | | icing, |
| • Fi | nnerty, J. D. (2013). Project financing: Asset-based financial e. | | | John |

 Frigenti, E., & Comninos, D. (2002). The Practice of Project Management: a guide to the business-focused approach. Kogan Page Publishers.

- Lewis, J. P. (2002). Fundamentals of project management: developing core competencies to help outperform the competition. AMACOM Div American Mgmt Assn.
- Scott, B. (2005). The Art of Project Management. California USA. O'Relly Media Inc.
- Thapar S. (2024). *Renewable Energy: Policies, Project Management and Economics*. Springer

Suggested readings

SECI Tenders

Energy Sector Regulations (MoP/ MNRE/ MoPNG/ CERC)

Journals

Project Management Journal International Journal of Project Management

Additional information (if any) Student responsibilities

The students are expected to submit assignments in time and come prepared with readings when provided.

Course reviewers

Prof Atul Kumar, Director, JNU Ms Avantika Garg, Manager, Indian Oil Corporation Mr Mudit Jain, Head-Research, Tata Cleantech Capital

| Course ti | tle: Energy Systems Lab | | | |
|------------|---|--------|--------|-------|
| Course co | ode: XYZ No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 17-00-56 Learnin | g hou | rs: 7 | '3 |
| Pre-requi | site course code and title (if any): | | | |
| Departme | ent: Department Sustainable Engineering | | | |
| Course co | ordinator: Prof. Naqui Anwer Course instructor: Prof. Naqui | Anw | er | |
| Contact d | letails: | | | |
| Course ty | pe: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 | | | |
| | escription: | | | |
| | y experiments help in better understanding of the subjects discussed in th | | | |
| experimer | its based on science/engineering principles stimulate students for further | inve | stigat | tion. |
| This cour | se is designed to provide a comprehensive understanding of energy tec | hnolo | gies | and |
| | tical applications. It combines theoretical knowledge with hands-on labor | ratory | wor | k to |
| prepare st | udents for careers in the energy sector. | | | |
| Course of | a i a a ti va a | | | |
| Course of | provide hands-on experience on experimental setups related to s | alar | radia | tion |
| | easurement | olai | laula | |
| | provide practical learning about the basic operation of solar thermal colle | ctor | | |
| | provide hands-on experience on experimental setups related to box type s | | cooke | er |
| • To | provide practical learning about the biomass for energy | | | |
| | | | | |
| Course co | ontent | | | |
| Module | Торіс | L | Τ | P |
| 1. | Solar radiation measurement | | | |
| | Measurement of total and diffuse solar radiation on a horizontal surface | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| | at different hours (different incident angles) | | | |
| 2. | Solar radiation measurement | | | |
| | Measurement of beam and total solar radiation on inclined plane at | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 2 | different tilt angle. | | | |
| 3. | Box type solar cooker | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| | To determine the top heat loss factor of a box type solar cooker and determination of first and second figure of merit. | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 4. | Paraboloid concentrator solar cooker | | | |
| т. | Water boiling test on paraboloid solar concentrator. Estimation of | | | |
| | conversion efficiency of the solar concentrator during water boiling | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| | test. | | | |
| 5. | Solar Thermal Collector | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| | Determination of heat loss factor F'UL of solar flat plate collector. | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 6. | Solar PV module characteristics | | | |
| | I-V characterization and spectral response of solar cells under | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| _ | illumination. | | | |
| 7. | Solar PV module characteristics | 1 | | |
| | I-V and P-V characteristics of solar PV modules under variable | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 0 | radiation and temperature condition. | | | |
| 8. | Power flow calculation for a stand-alone PV Power flow calculation for a stand-alone PV system with DC load. | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 9. | Power flow calculation for a stand-alone PV | | | |
| 9. | Power flow calculation of stand- alone battery with DC load. | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 10. | Power flow calculation for a stand-alone PV | | 1 | |
| 10. | Power flow calculation of stand-alone PV system with DC load, | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| | battery and Charge controller in circuit loop. | - | | |
| 11. | Power flow calculation for a stand-alone PV | | 1 | |
| | Power flow calculation of stand-alone wind turbine with DC load, | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| | battery and Charge controller in circuit loop. | | | |
| 12. | Biomass for energy | 2 | 0 | 4 |
| | Estimation of volatile matter and fixed carbon in biomass sample. | 4 | V | |
| 13. | Biomass for energy | 1 | 0 | 4 |

| 4. Biomass for energy Energy and environment performance testing of cook stove: Water 1 0 4 Boiling Test (WBT) and Kitchen Performance Test (KTP). | | | 1 | 1 | |
|---|---|---|--------|-----------------|-------------|
| Energy and environment performance testing of cook stove: Water 1 0 4 Boiling Test (WBT) and Kitchen Performance Test (KTP). 17 0 5 Valuation criteria 17 0 5 est 1: Performance during experiments - 30% 17 0 5 est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% 17 0 5 est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% 17 0 5 earning outcomes 16 17 0 17 0 5 fter completing this course, students would be able to: 0 | | Estimation of calorific value of solid fuels. | | | |
| Boiling Test (WBT) and Kitchen Performance Test (KTP). 17 17 0 5 valuation criteria 17 0 5 est 1: Performance during experiments - 30% est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% earning outcomes earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: • Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications • Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system • • Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of th quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics Internals: • Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi • Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. tudent responsibilities | 14. | | | | |
| Total 17 0 5 valuation criteria est 1: Performance during experiments - 30% est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: • • Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications • • Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system • • Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of th quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics Internals: • Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi • Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. tudent responsibilities | | Energy and environment performance testing of cook stove: Water | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| valuation criteria est 1: Performance during experiments - 30% est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics Iaterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | | | | | |
| est 1: Performance during experiments - 30% est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics Interials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | | Total | 17 | 0 | 56 |
| est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | | | | | |
| est 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | Test 1: Pe | erformance during experiments - 30% | | | |
| est 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% fer completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | Test 2: V | iva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30% | | | |
| est 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% earning outcomes fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of th quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | Test 3: Pr | actical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20% | | | |
| fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | Test 4: Pr | actical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20% | | | |
| fter completing this course, students would be able to: Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. | | | | | |
| Measure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal applications Characterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow, efficiency of different components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system Characterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing of cook stove edagogical approach tudents complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the quipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics faterials: Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India Idditional information (if any): N.A. | Learning | g outcomes | | | |
| Garg, H. P., and Kandpal, T. C. (1999). Laboratory manual on solar thermal experiment Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India dditional information (if any): N.A. tudent responsibilities | N C di C Pedagog Students | leasure solar radiations and test the performance of different solar thermal is haracterize solar cells and analyse different parameters such as power flow ifferent components such PV module, battery, inverter and PV system haracterize the properties of solid biofuels along with performance testing ical approach complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the be | of coc | cienc ok sto | ey of |
| Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi Solanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Photovoltaics: Lab Training Manual, Cambridge University Press, India Additional information (if any): N.A. tudent responsibilities | Material | s: | | | |
| tudent responsibilities | N • S | arosa Publishing House, New Delhi olanki, Chetan S.; Arora, Brij M.; Vasi, Juzer; (2012-reprint 2022) Solar Ph | - | | |
| tudent responsibilities .ttendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules | Addition | al information (if any): N.A. | | | |
| ttendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules | Student | responsibilities | | | |
| | Attendan | ce. discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules | | | |
| | | | | | |

Course reviewers:

Dr Sunanda Sinha, Assistant Professor, MNIT Jaipur

Dr Rhythm Singh, Assistant Professor, IIT Roorkee

| Course tit | le: Waste to Energy | | | |
|-------------|---|---------|-------|------------|
| | de: ENR XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 30-15-00 Learning | hours | : 45 | |
| Pre-requi | site course code and title (if any): NA | 110415 | • •• | |
| | nt: Sustainable Engineering | | | |
| Course co | ordinator: Dr. Lakshmi Raghupathy Course instructor: Dr. Lakshm | i Ragh | upat | hy |
| | etails: lakshmi.raghupathy@terisas.ac.in | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| | pe: Elective Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | |
| Course de | | | | |
| | ive of the course is to provide insights into waste management options b | | | |
| waste dest | ined for disposal and encouraging the use of waste as a resource for al | ternate | e ene | ergy |
| production | . This course is designed to provide an understanding of the various aspe | cts of | Wast | te to |
| Energy. 1 | ne various sources of waste generation is analyzed with a focus on it oduction. The need for characterization of wastes will be discussed a | s pote | ntial | 10r tho |
| evisting n | orms for waste utilization for alternate energy source. Various Technol | ogical | ont | ions |
| biological | chemical and thermal available for the production of energy form waste | will de | eline | ated |
| along with | economics of using alternate sources. The advances in technologies wit | h Case | e stu | dies |
| will be dis | cussed to provide a better understanding of the concepts of "Waste to H | Inergy | " in | the |
| Indian con | | 00 | | |
| | | | | |
| Course ob | | | | |
| | enable students to understand of the concept of Waste to Energy. | C | | |
| • To | link legal, technical and management principles for production of energy | torm v | vaste | ÷. |
| | learn about the best available technologies for converting waste to energy | | | |
| | analyze of case studies for understanding success and failures. facilitate the students in developing skills in the decision making process. | | | |
| - 10 | raemate the students in developing skins in the decision making process. | | | |
| Course co | ntents | | | |
| | Торіс | Ľ | T | Р |
| | Introduction | 2 | | |
| | • What is waste? The Principles of Waste Management and Waste | | | |
| | Utilization. Waste Management Hierarchy and 3R Principle of | | | |
| | Reduce, Reuse and Recycle. Waste as a Resource and its potential | | | |
| | as energy source. Towards sustainable development and reducing | | | |
| | the waste going to landfill. | | | |
| 2 | Waste Sources & Characterization | 2 | 2 | |
| 2 | • Waste production in different sectors such as domestic, industrial, | - | 2 | |
| | agriculture, post- consumer, waste etc. Classification of waste – | | | |
| | agro based, forest residues, domestic waste, industrial waste | | | |
| | (hazardous and non-hazardous). | | | |
| | Characterization of waste for energy utilization. Waste Selection | | | |
| | criteria. | | | |
| | • Quality parameters of different wastes for sustainable energy | | | |
| | production, physical, chemical, calorific value. Energy efficiency | | | |
| | parameters 3Ts, CE, DRE. | | | |
| 2 | | 4 | _ | |
| 3 | Technologies for Waste to Energy | - | 5 | |
| | Biochemical Conversion – Energy production from organic waste through anaerobic digestion and fermentation | | | |
| | through anaerobic digestion and fermentation. Thermo-chemical Conversion – Combustion, Incineration and | | | |
| | Interno-chemical Conversion – Combustion, incineration and heat recovery, Pyrolysis, Gasification and Pyrolysis; Plasma Arc | | | |
| | Technology and other newer technologies. | | | |
| | Bio-chemical process, thermochemical process gasification and | | | |
| | pyrolysis, Material and Energy balance. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Waste to Energy Options & pre-processing | 4 | 4 | |
|--|--|--|---|
| • Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) – fluff, briquettes, pellets. | | | |
| plants, Thermal power plants and Industrial boilers. Conversion of wastes to fuel resources for other useful energy | | | |
| • Energy from Plastic Wastes – Non-recyclable plastic wastes for energy recovery. Energy Recovery from waste plastics and | | | |
| | | | |
| Energy Policies | 4 | | |
| production form waste. The available schemes for the Waste to | | | |
| • Role of the Government in promoting 'Waste to Energy' Sectoral Policies, Programmes, tariff & subsidy schemes. | | | |
| | 4 | | |
| • Indian Scenario on Waste to Energy production distribution and | | | |
| storage requirements. Location and Siting of 'Waste to Energy' | 6 | | |
| Îndustry Specific Applications – In-house use – sugar, distillery, pharmaceuticals, Pulp and paper, refinery and petrochemical | | | |
| • Centralized and Decentralized Energy production, distribution and use. | | | |
| | | | |
| Waste To Energy & Environmental Implications | 4 | 4 | |
| and gas clean-up-zero- emissions. | | | |
| Carbon Credits: Carbon foot calculations and carbon credits | | | |
| transfer mechanisms. | | | |
| | Alternate Fuel Resource (AFR) – production and use in Cement plants, Thermal power plants and Industrial boilers. Conversion of wastes to fuel resources for other useful energy applications. Energy from Plastic Wastes – Non-recyclable plastic wastes for energy recovery. Energy Recovery from waste plastics and optimization of its use, benchmarking and standardization. Energy Analysis: Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Energy Policies The energy policies and other policies supporting energy production form waste. The available schemes for the Waste to Energy in India. Role of the Government in promoting 'Waste to Energy' Sectoral Policies, Programmes, tariff & subsidy schemes. Case Studies – Success/failures of waste to energy production distribution and use. Indian Scenario on Waste to Energy production distribution and use in India. Success and failures of Indian Waste to Energy plants. Centralized and Decentralized Waste to Energy Plants Waste activities – collection, segregation, transportation and storage requirements. Location and Siting of 'Waste to Energy' plants. Industry Specific Applications – In-house use – sugar, distillery, pharmaceuticals, Pulp and paper, refinery and petrochemical industry and any other industry. Centralized and Decentralized Energy production, distribution and use. Comparison of Centralized and decentralized systems and its operations. | Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) – fluff, briquettes, pellets. Alternate Fuel Resource (AFR) – production and use in Cement plants, Thermal power plants and Industrial boilers. Conversion of wastes to fuel resources for other useful energy applications. Energy from Plastic Wastes – Non-recyclable plastic wastes for energy recovery. Energy Recovery from waste plastics and optimization of its use, benchmarking and standardization. Energy Analysis: Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Energy Policies The energy policies and other policies supporting energy production form waste. The available schemes for the Waste to Energy in India. Role of the Government in promoting 'Waste to Energy' Sectoral Policies, Programmes, tariff & subsidy schemes. Case Studies – Success/failures of waste to energy production distribution and use in India. Success and failures of Indian Waste to Energy plants. Indian Scenario on Waste to Energy Production distribution and use in India. Success and failures of Indian Waste to Energy plants. Muster activities – collection, segregation, transportation and storage requirements. Location and Siting of 'Waste to Energy' plants. Industry Specific Applications – In-house use – sugar, distillery, pharmaceuticals, Pulp and paper, refinery and petrochemical industry and any other industry. Centralized and Decentralized Energy production, distribution and use. Comparison of Centralized and decentralized systems and its operations. | Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) – fluff, briquettes, pellets. Alternate Fuel Resource (AFR) – production and use in Cement plants, Thermal power plants and Industrial boilers. Conversion of wastes to fuel resources for other useful energy applications. Energy from Plastic Wastes – Non-recyclable plastic wastes for energy recovery. Energy Recovery from waste plastics and optimization of its use, benchmarking and standardization. Energy Analysis: Densification of solids, efficiency improvement of power plant and energy production from waste plastics. Energy Policies The energy policies and other policies supporting energy production form waste. The available schemes for the Waste to Energy in India. Role of the Government in promoting 'Waste to Energy' Sectoral Policies, Programmes, tariff & subsidy schemes. Case Studies – Success/failures of waste to energy production distribution and use. Indian Scenario on Waste to Energy Plants Waste activities – collection, segregation, transportation and storage requirements. Location and Siting of 'Waste to Energy' plants. Industry Specific Applications – In-house use – sugar, distillery, pharmaceuticals, Pulp and paper, refinery and petrochemical industry and any other industry. Centralized and Decentralized Energy production, distribution and use. Comparison of Centralized and decentralized systems and its operations. Waste To Energy & Environmental Implications and its operations. |

- -
- -
- Analyse the various aspects of Waste to Energy Management Systems. (Test 1 and 5) Carry out Techno-economic feasibility for Waste to Energy Plants. (Test 2) Apply the knowledge in planning and operations of Waste to Energy plants. (Test 3 and 4) -

Pedagogical approach:

A combination of class-room interactions, group discussion and presentations, tutorials and assignments

Materials:

Recommended readings

- Industrial and Urban Waste Management in India, TERI Press.
- Wealth from Waste: Trends and Technologies by Banwari Lal and Patwardhan, TERI Press. Fundamentals of waste and Environmental Engineering, S.N Mukhopadhyay, TERI Press. Gazette Notification on Waste Management Rules 2016.
- CPCB Guidelines for Co-processing in Cement/Power/Steel Industry
- Waste-to-Energy in Austria White Book Figures, Data Facts, 2nd edition, May 2010
- Report of the task Force on Waste to Energy, Niti Ayog (Formerly Planning Commission) 2014.Municipal Solid Waste Management Manual, CPHEEO, 2016

Reference Books/Journals:

Environmental and Resource Economics Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Journal of Environmental Assessment Policy and Management Reference papers and journals will also be given in class.

Approval for starting the one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in online mode.

1 Context:

The Department of Sustainable Engineering has started offering one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in regular/offline mode with approval from the BoS meeting held on 5th April 2023 and subsequently after approval by Academic Council in its 55th meeting. This has been deliberated in the above meetings of BoS and Academic Council that The PG diploma programme can be offered in online mode once the first batch (in regular mode) is passed out as per UGC regulations for offering online programmes. The Department, therefore, is seeking formal approval from the BoS to start offering the one-year PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM) in online mode. Further, to update that the process of submitting application on DEB portal for the same has been initiated. The approved eligibility criteria and programme structure are presented again for reference.

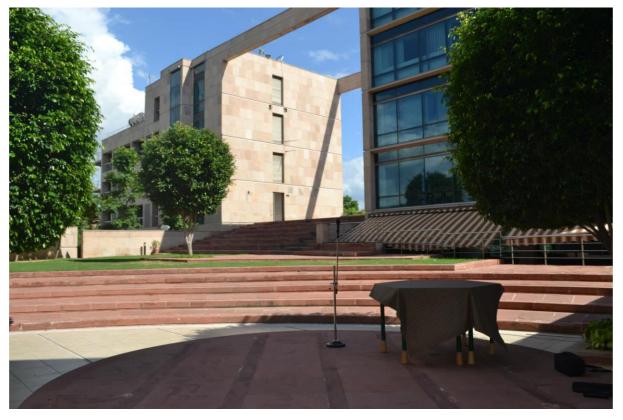
2 Eligibility Criteria:

Bachelor's degree in Science/ Technology/ Engineering/ Management or equivalent or B.Voc in similar streams. Admission will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree.

| Semester 1 | | | |
|------------|---|------|---------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills and technical writing | Core | 2 |
| ENR 148 | Energy and environmentalimplications | Core | 2 |
| ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | Core | 1 |
| ENR 154 | Renewable energy policies and regulations | Core | 3 |
| ENR 146 | Renewable energy resourcecharacteristics | Core | 3 |
| ENR 105 | Independent study | Core | 4 |
| NRE 165 | Introduction to SustainableDevelopment | | 1 |
| Semester 2 | | | |
| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| ENR 166 | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydrotechnologies | Core | 3 |
| ENR 167 | Energy and CarbonMarkets | Core | 1 |
| ENR 111 | Energy conservation and management | Core | 2 |
| ENR 156 | Renewable energy projectmanagement | Core | 3 |
| ENR 151 | Solar technologies | Core | 4 |
| ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and otherrenewable technologies | Core | 3 |
| ENR 108 | Summer internship | Core | 8 |

3 Programme Structure:





Programme Project Report

One-year online PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM)

1. Programmes Mission & Objectives:

The Indian power sector is growing very fast to achieve the new targets of 450 GW of installed capacity through renewable energy sources by the year 2030. In the year 2015, India targeted for 175 GW of installed capacity through renewable energy sources by the year 2022. To achieve these targets India is continuously working towards policy reforms, on field deployment strategies and facilitating market practices to achieve the targets. India's target to achieve net zero by 2070 also have a target to meet 50% of its energy demand using renewable energy sources. This requires trained manpower with knowledge of renewable energy policies, technologies, and its management. The programme PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management provides a structured and comprehensive knowledge about resources, technologies and management of Renewable Energy and allied fields. The program is designed to incorporate features which facilitates equal opportunity of capacity building for working professionals as well as fresh graduates

2. Mission, Goals and Programme Outcomes

2.1 HEI's Vision

To accelerate the transition towards a more sustainable world through the creation of knowledge and human capacity. To be a globally recognized deemed University in the sphere of sustainability studies.

2.2 HEI's Mission

To create new knowledge through research and contribute to the discourse on sustainability issues at national and global levels.

To design and deliver academic programmes, training and research on sustainability issues relevant to all streams of life and across age groups, assimilating the latest science and evidence.

2.3 HEI's Core Values

TERI School of Advanced Studies, in the design of its teaching-learning environment, adheres to the following values:

- o To instil the knowledge of, and desire for, systemic approaches to problem solving.
- To empower the commitment to environmental protection and social justice.
- To constructively engage in deliberative processes.
- To promote critical, and solutions-oriented, thinking.

2.4 Programme Specific Outcome

- The programme provides a comprehensive knowledge about resource characteristics of renewable sources, renewable energy technologies, renewable energy policy and regulations
- The programme also provides in depth knowledge off renewable energy project management, energy conservation and carbon markets

• The programme has inbuilt component of providing knowledge about contemporary topics like electric vehicles, energy storage systems and hydrogen technologies

3. Nature of Prospective Target Group of Learners

3.1.Students:

• College or university students seeking additional skills or knowledge to complement their degree programs.

3.2. Working Professionals:

- Individuals looking to upskill or reskill to stay competitive in their current job or industry.
- Professionals aiming for career advancement or transition into a new field.

3.3. Lifelong Learners:

- Adults who have a passion for learning and want to gain knowledge in new areas for personal enrichment.
- Retirees looking to explore new interests and keep their minds active.

3.4.Job Seekers:

- Individuals looking to improve their employability by gaining new skills or certifications.
- People who are unemployed or underemployed and want to enhance their qualifications.

3.5. Entrepreneurs and Business Owners:

- Aspiring entrepreneurs seeking knowledge and skills to start their own businesses.
- Small business owners looking to expand their business acumen and improve operations.

3.6. Specific Industries or Roles:

- Professionals in specific industries, such as new green energy technologies, green financing, energy transition, green hydrogen, electric vehicle, etc., looking for specialized training.
- Individuals in specific roles, such as managers, developers, marketers, etc., seeking role-specific skills.

4. Eligibility Criteria

A Bachelor's degree in Science/ Engineering/ Energy/ Economics/ Mathematics/ Statistics/ Geology/ Geography/ Commerce/ Management/ Computer or B.Voc in relevant stream with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 6.2 on a 10 point scale or equivalent or 55% marks in aggregate.

5. Instructional Design: Curriculum Design, Credit Structure

The Course & Curriculum Design, and Credit Structure with Credit Hours is as below: Programme Structure:

| Semester 1 | | | |
|------------|---|------|---------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills and technical writing | Core | 2 |
| ENR 148 | Energy and environmental implications | Core | 2 |
| ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | Core | 1 |
| ENR 154 | Renewable energy policies and regulations | Core | 3 |
| ENR 146 | Renewable energy resource characteristics | Core | 3 |
| ENR 105 | Independent study | Core | 4 |
| NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | | 1 |
| Semester 2 | | | |
| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| ENR 166 | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydro | Core | 3 |
| | technologies | | |
| ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | Core | 1 |
| ENR 111 | Energy conservation and management | Core | 2 |
| ENR 156 | Renewable energy project management | Core | 3 |
| ENR 151 | Solar technologies | Core | 4 |
| ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and other renewable technologies | Core | 3 |
| ENR 108 | Summer internship | Core | 8 |

6. Detailed Syllabi

Detailed Syllabus for the Programme / Courses is attached in Annexure .

7. Duration of the Program

The Programme can be completed in a minimum of 1 years, and a maximum of 'n+2' years, as per UGC Regulations.

8. Instruction Delivery Mechanisms

Courses shall be delivered in supervised self-learning mode leading to guided 'self-study' with Self Learning Material (SLM) in the form of print form / eBook Form and Self Assessments being available to the students. Additionally, Personal Contact Programs (PCP's) in classroom lecture mode at campus and online via recorded lecture / virtual classroom sessions to be provided as per a fixed schedule towards the end of each term.

9. Instruction Media

Program Instruction shall be delivered using Print SLM, eBook/eSLM, as well as a Personal Contact Program that shall be conducted in classroom mode, as well as broadcast using the internet using virtual classroom platform for students unable to attend physically.

10. Student Support Service

Systems Learner Support Service via Web, Chat, Call Support. Access to counsellors at Department.

11. Access to Library resources at the University / Department

All the enrolled students shall have full access to library resources at the University / Department. The students can get the books/journals/magazines and other reading materials issued as per university rules. The remote access of library services shall also be provided through OPAC.

12. Pedagogical Tools



13. Quality Assurance Mechanism and Expected Program Outcomes

The quality of the programme shall be ensured by the following strategies at regular intervals.

- I. Review Mechanism for Programme
- II. Course Benchmarking
- III. Mechanism for Monitoring Effectiveness.

Institutional IQAC shall also bring systematic procedures to provide necessary check to maintain the quality of the programme. The IQAC is striving to bring newer initiatives pertaining to research, campus development, ICT adoption in teaching, providing better focus for the research scholars through workshops, coordinating Academic and Administrative Audit of the University, etc. At the end of every academic year, the University conducts assessment of the curriculum/ course/ academic programme by students. The assessment focuses on broad areas like

- 1) reasons for selecting courses,
- 2) facilities available in the Departments,
- 3) quality of the syllabus,
- 4) internal assessment evaluation,
- 5) quality of the teacher in terms of regularity to classes, command over language, encouragement of students in the classes, completion of syllabus, and
- 6) rating of the programme and the Department. This feedback contributes to the academic radar prepared by the IQAC.

Towards the Quality Assurance Mechanism for ODL Programs, the University shall strengthen the Centre for Internal Quality Assurance (CIQA) exclusively for programmes in the Open and Distance Learning mode established at the beginning of Academic Year 2018-19, and follow the Quality Assurance Guidelines on learning materials in multiple media, human resources, curriculum and pedagogy, as specified in the UGC ODL Regulations. Since the CIQA is having limited functionality as of now due to suspension of distance learning programme, the CIQA will

be required to Conduct training and capacity building of teaching and administrative staff and counsellors at regular intervals.

The University IQAC's cell shall work closely with the CIQA to develop Feedback mechanisms, to allow for Program and Process Review on a regular basis. 360 Degree feedback, from Students, Faculty, Counsellors and Admin Staff shall be processed, and suggestions and improvements incorporated accordingly. The Courses shall be benchmarked with the Courses conducted in campus, for full time students, in order to ascertain the quality. Students Learning outcomes as measured through the exams and tests shall be compared on a regular basis. Post completion of a Degree Program, Students will be regularly polled / interviewed using email feedback surveys, to measure impact of the program on their professional and academic lives. These indicators shall be used to constantly improve upon the programs and make them at par industry standards and expectations.

Enclosure 6

MSc ESRM Programme Outline

| Semester | Courses | Credits | Duration |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------|----------|
| First Year | | | |
| 1st Semester | Seven core courses of 20 credits, one compulsory audit course | 20 | 15 weeks |
| 2nd Semester | Two core courses of 6 credits and five elective courses of minimum 15 credits | 21 | 15 weeks |
| Second Year | | | |
| 3rd Semester | One core course of 4 credits and three elective courses of minimum 9 credits | 13 | 15 weeks |
| | Minor Project | 8 | 8 weeks |
| 4th Semester | Major project | 20 | |
| Semester 1 | | | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills and technical writing | Core | 2 |
| NRE 113 | Applied mathematics | Core | 0 |
| NRE 121 | Ecology | Core | 3 |
| NRE 131 | Environmental chemistry and microbiology | Core | 3 |
| NRE 138 | Environmental monitoring laboratory | Core | 3 |
| NRE 139 | Environmental geosciences | Core | 3 |
| NRE 155 | Environmental law and policy | Core | 3 |
| NRE 189 | Solid and hazardous waste management | Core | 3 |
| Semester 2 | Sond and hazardous waste management | Core | 5 |
| | | | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 114 | Advanced analytical techniques for environmental application | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 115 | Environmental statistics | Core | 4 |
| NRE 123 | Biodiversity assessment and conservation | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 130 | Soil science | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 133 | Environmental management system | Elective | 4 |
| NRE 134 | Air quality management | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 141 | Basic course in environmental and resource economics | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 142 | Water quality management | Elective | |
| NRE 162 | Hydrology | Elective | 3 3 |
| NRE 170 | Advanced geosciences | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 172 | Principles of geoinformatics | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 172 | Research methodology and thesis writing | Core | 2 |
| Semester 3 | Research methodology and meshs writing | Cole | 2 |
| Course | | [| 1 |
| Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 103 | Minor project | Core | 8 |
| NRC 162 | Climate change and disaster risk reduction | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 112 | Multivariate data analysis | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 136 | Glacier hydrology | Elective | 3 |
| $\mathbf{NDT} 1 1 1 1$ | Environment health and risk assessment | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 144 | | | |
| NRE 144 NRE 145 NRE 147 | Integrated impact assessment Environmental economics | Core Elective | 4 3 |

| NRE 149 | Governance and management of natural resources | Elective | 3 |
|----------------|---|----------|---------|
| NRE 151 | Wildlife conservation and management | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 163 | Groundwater hydrology and management | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 167 | Integrated watershed management | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 168 | Food security and agriculture | Elective | 3 |
| NRE 171 | Environmental modelling | Elective | 4 |
| NRE 174 | Water and wastewater treatment processes and design | Elective | 4 |
| NRE 175 | Geoinformatics for resource management | Elective | 4 |
| NRE 178 | Satellite meteorology | Elective | 3 |
| Semester 4 | | | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| NRE 104 | Major project | Core | 20 |

Enclosure 7

| Semester 1 | rironmental Studies (Hons./Hons. with Research) | Total credits | s = 20 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|---------|
| Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | Major | 3 |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Biology | Major | 3 |
| UES 106 | Introduction to Environmental Chemistry | Major | 3 |
| AEC 101 | Communication Skills and Technical Writing | AEC | 2 |
| MDC 103 | Data Science Fundamentals | MDC | 2 |
| SEC 101 | Fundamentals of Computers and Programming | SEC | 2 |
| VAC 101 | Basic Concepts of Sustainable Development | VAC | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 2 | | Total credits | s = 26 |
| MDC 101 | Environment and Society | Major | 2 |
| UES 101 | Ecology and Ecosystems | Major | 4 |
| UES 103 | Earth and Earth Surface Processes | Major | 4 |
| UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | MDC | 3 |
| SEC 102 | Introduction to Remote Sensing | SEC | 3 |
| AEC 102 | Modern Indian Language 1 | AEC | 3 |
| VAC 102 | Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices | VAC | 2 |
| VAC 104 | Personality Development for Success | VAC | 2 |
| UES XXX | Sustainability Communication | Minor | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Certificate | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 3 | | Total credits | s = 22 |
| UES 201 | Sustainable Built Environment | Major | 3 |
| UES 203 | Biodiversity Conservation | Major | 3 |
| UES 205 | Soil Conservation and Management | Major | 3 |
| UES 207 | Conventional and Renewable Energy Resources | Minor | 3 |
| MDC 201 | Environmental Statistics | MDC | 4 |
| AEC 201 | Modern Indian Language 2 | AEC | 3 |
| SEC 201 | Introduction to Geographic Information System | SEC | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 4 | | Total credits | s = 20 |
| | Sustainable Natural Resource Management | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Policy, Law and Governance | Major | 4 |
| | Water and Soil Pollution | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Laboratory-I | Major | 3 |
| | Spatial Data Modelling and Analysis | Minor | 3 |
| | Global Climate Change | Minor | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Diploma | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |

BSc in Environmental Studies (Hons./Hons. with Research)

| Semester 5 | | Total credits | = 20 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|--------|
| | Solid and Hazardous Waste Management | Major | 4 |
| | Contemporary Environmental Issues | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Economics | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Justice and Ethics | Minor | 4 |
| | Global Positioning and Navigation Systems | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 6 | | Total credits | s = 21 |
| | Research Methodology | Major | 2 |
| | Natural Hazards and Disaster Risk Reduction | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Convention and Treaties | Major | 3 |
| | Air and Noise Pollution | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Laboratory-II | Major | 2 |
| | Development and Resource Economics | Minor | 3 |
| | Digital Image Processing | Minor | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit 3-Years BSc Degree | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 7 | | Total credits | s = 20 |
| | Climate Science and Policy | Major | 4 |
| | Integrated Watershed Management | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Health and Risk Assessment | Major | 4 |
| | Geocomputation | Minor | 4 |
| | Agriculture and Forest Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 8 | | Total credits | s = 24 |
| | Geo-environment | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Management | Major | 4 |
| | Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Mitigation | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental modelling | Major | 4 |
| | Geospatial applications for Resource Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Geopolitcs of Energy and Environment | Minor | 4 |
| | Research Project/Dissertation | Major | 12 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit 4-Years B.Sc. (Hons./Hons. with Research) in Environmental Studies | Vocational/ Internship | 4* |

| Semester 1 | a science (mons./mons. with Research) | Total credits | s = 23 |
|------------|--|---------------------------|---------|
| Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| MDC 103 | Data Science Fundamentals | Major | 2 |
| UDS 101 | Statistics for Data Science | Major | 4 |
| UDS 101 | Mathematics for Data Science | Major | 4 |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | MDC | 3 |
| AEC 101 | Communication Skills and Technical Writing | AEC | 2 |
| SEC 101 | Fundamentals of Computers and Programming | SEC | 2 |
| VAC 101 | Basic Concepts of Sustainable Development | VAC | 2 |
| NDSXX X | AnyMajorCoursefromEconomics/Management/EnvironmentalStudiescanalsobetakenasMinor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 2 | | Total credits | s = 25 |
| UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | Major | 3 |
| UDS 104 | Fundamentals of Information Technology | Major | 3 |
| UDS 106 | Database Management System | Major | 3 |
| MDC 101 | Environment and Society | MDC | 2 |
| SEC 102 | Introduction to Remote Sensing | SEC | 3 |
| AEC 102 | Modern Indian Language 1 | AEC | 3 |
| VAC 102 | Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices | VAC | 2 |
| VAC 104 | Personality Development for Success | VAC | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/Management/ Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Certificate | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 3 | | Total credits | s = 22 |
| UDS 201 | Data wrangling and Visualization | Major | 3 |
| UDS 203 | Cybersecurity for Data Science | Major | 3 |
| UDS 205 | Data Mining and Analysis | Major | 3 |
| MDC 201 | Environmental Statistics | MDC | 4 |
| AEC 201 | Modern Indian Language 2 | AEC | 3 |
| SEC 201 | Introduction to Geographic Information System | SEC | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 4 | | Total credits | s = 20 |
| | Time series analysis in Data Science | Major | 4 |
| | Open source programming | Major | 4 |
| | Network science | Major | 4 |
| | Management Information System | Major | 4 |
| | Spatial Data Modelling and Analysis | Minor | 3 |
| | Global Climate Change | Minor | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Diploma | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 5 | | Total credits | s = 20 |

BSc in Data Science (Hons./Hons. with Research)

| | Predictive Modelling and Analytics | Major | 4 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|--------|
| | Cloud Computing and Big Data | Major | 4 |
| | Blockchain security | Major | 4 |
| | Global Positioning and Navigation Systems | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 6 | | Total credits | s = 22 |
| | Machine Learning & NLP | Major | 4 |
| | Performance Evaluation of Computing Systems | Major | 4 |
| | Digital Marketing Analytics | Major | 4 |
| | Research Methodology | Major | 2 |
| | Digital Image Processing | Minor | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit 3-Years BSc Degree | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 7 | | Total credits | s = 20 |
| | Soft - Computing | Major | 4 |
| | Software Engineering and Project Management | Major | 4 |
| - | Information Retrieval & Semantic Web | Major | 4 |
| | Strategic management | Minor | 4 |
| | Geocomputation | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 8 | | Total credits | s = 24 |
| - | Deep Learning | Major | 4 |
| | Intellectual Property rights | Major | 4 |
| | Generative AI | Major | 4 |
| | Computer Vision | Major | 4 |
| | Geospatial applications for Resource Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Research Project/Dissertation | Major | 12 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit 4-Years B.Sc. (Hons./Hons. with Research) in Environmental Studies | Vocational/ Internship | 4* |

* In case student not credited 4-credit summer internship during 1st / 2nd year / 3rd year has to earn 4-credit summer internship in 8th semester.

BSc (Hons with Research): 12 credits Research Project/Dissertation, 4 credits Major course, 4 credits Minor course, 4 credits vocational course BSc (Hons.): 16 credits Major course, 4 credits Minor course, 4 credits vocational course

AEC-Ability Enhancement Course, SEC-Skill Enhancement Course, VAC-Value Added Course, MDC-Multidisciplinary

Enclosure 8

| | Title: Environmental | | | mance | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Course | code: | No. of credits: | : 4 | L-T-P: 52-8-0 | Learning hours: | 50 | | |
| | quisite course code ai | | | | | | | |
| Depart | ment: Natural and Ap | plied Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course | coordinator: | | Cours | se instructor: | | | | |
| Contac | t details: | | • | | | | | |
| Course | type: Major | | Cours | se offered in: Seme | ester 4 | | | |
| environ environ agreem governa and the Course | management and poll To analyze the legal the global level. To equip students decisions influencing | nd sustainable instruments, in focus on India. on control, biodi wironmental juri following basic u rstanding of the lution control. and institutiona with knowledge genvironmental j | manage stitution Studen iversity spruder understa role of l frame of ke protectio | ement of resource nal frameworks, a nts will explore va and forest conserva- nce. anding among stude f environmental po works for environm y environmental po on. | s. It covers the evend international envi rious aspects of envi ation, climate change r ents: blicy and law in natu mental governance in olicies, regulations, | olution ironr ironr mitig ral r India and | on nent nent gatio | of al al n, urc d a |
| • | issues. | interpreting an | id apply | ving environmental | laws and policies to | o rea | ıl-w | orl |
| | content | | | | | 1_ | | _ |
| Module 1 | | | Тор | ic | | L | Т | P |
| | Introduction to En | vironmental Pol | licy and | | | | | |
| | This module explor constitutional found shaping environmen Historical Develop Constitutional Prov Environmental Pro Development, Preca | es the evolution lations and prine tal policies. oment of Env visions on Env otection; Princip utionary Princip | of env ciples. ironmer ironmer iples | I Law ironmental law in It also highlights ntal Law: Intern ntal Protection; R of Environmental | India, focusing on its the judiciary's role in ational and Indian cole of Judiciary in Law: Sustainable Public Trust Doctrine | ; 12 | | |
| 2 | This module explor constitutional found shaping environmen Historical Develop Constitutional Prov Environmental Prov Development, Preca and Absolute Liabili | es the evolution lations and princ tal policies. oment of Env visions on Env otection; Princ utionary Princip ity | of env ciples. ironme ironme iples le, Pollu | I Law ironmental law in It also highlights ntal Law: Intern ntal Protection; F of Environmental uter Pays Principle, | the judiciary's role ir ational and Indian cole of Judiciary ir Law: Sustainable | ; 12 | | |
| 2 | This module explor constitutional found shaping environmen Historical Develop Constitutional Prov Environmental Prov Development, Preca and Absolute Liabili Pollution Control a This module focus institutional roles of Environmental Prot Act, 1981, Water A EPA, 1986; Role o Tribunal; Environm Notification 2006; Case Studies of Min India Mission, Nat | es the evolution lations and princ tal policies. oment of Envi- visions on Envi- otection; Princip utionary Princip ity and Waste Mana ses on India's Pollution Contro- ection Legislatio ct, 1974, Enviro f Central and S ental Impact As | ironment ironment ironment iples le, Pollu agement key pollo ons: Ai onns: Ai onns: Ai state Pol ssessme ment Pr | I Law ironmental law in It also highlights intal Law: Intern ntal Protection; For of Environmental ater Pays Principle, It: Laws, Policies a ollution control la ds and the National r (Prevention and Protection Act (EPA) ollution Control Boo nt (EIA): Concepts ogrammes: National | the judiciary's role in ational and Indian cole of Judiciary in Law: Sustainable Public Trust Doctrine nd Institutional Fran ws. It examines the | n i i i i i i i i i i i i i | | |
| | This module explor constitutional found shaping environmen Historical Develop Constitutional Prov Environmental Pro Development, Preca and Absolute Liabili Pollution Control a This module focus institutional roles of Environmental Prot Act, 1981, Water A EPA, 1986; Role o Tribunal; Environm Notification 2006; Case Studies of Min India Mission, Nat Programme. | es the evolution lations and princ tal policies. oment of Env visions on Env otection; Princip utionary Princip ity and Waste Mana ses on India's Pollution Contro ection Legislatio ct, 1974, Enviro f Central and S ental Impact As istry of Environn ional River Co | ironment ironment iples le, Pollu agement key po ol Board ons: Ai State Po ssessme ment Pr onservat | I Law ironmental law in It also highlights intal Law: Intern ntal Protection; For of Environmental ater Pays Principle, It: Laws, Policies a ollution control la ds and the National r (Prevention and Protection Act (EPA) ollution Control Boo nt (EIA): Concepts ogrammes: National | the judiciary's role in ational and Indian cole of Judiciary in Law: Sustainable Public Trust Doctrine nd Institutional Fran ws. It examines the Green Tribunal. Control of Pollution A), 1986, Rules under oards, National Green s, Processes, and EIA | n i i i i i i i i i i i i i | ork | |
| 2 | This module explor constitutional found shaping environmen Historical Develop Constitutional Prov Environmental Prov Development, Preca and Absolute Liabili Pollution Control a This module focus institutional roles of Environmental Prot Act, 1981, Water A EPA, 1986; Role o Tribunal; Environm Notification 2006; Case Studies of Min India Mission, Nat Programme. Forest and Biodive This module examin | es the evolution lations and princ tal policies. oment of Envi- visions on Envi- otection; Princip ity and Waste Mana ses on India's Pollution Contro- ection Legislatio ct, 1974, Enviro f Central and S ental Impact As istry of Environ- ional River Co- rsity Conservat nes the legal fram | ironmen ironmen ironmen iples le, Pollu agemen key po ol Board ons: Ai nment I State Po ssessme ment Pr onservat ion neworks | I Law ironmental law in It also highlights It also highlights ntal Law: Intern ntal Protection; F of Environmental ater Pays Principle, It: Laws, Policies a ollution control la ds and the National r (Prevention and Protection Act (EP ollution Control Bo nt (EIA): Concepts ogrammes: National ion Programme, N s for forest and bioo | the judiciary's role in ational and Indian cole of Judiciary in Law: Sustainable Public Trust Doctrine nd Institutional Fran ws. It examines the Green Tribunal. Control of Pollution A), 1986, Rules under oards, National Green s, Processes, and EIA | new | ork | |

| National Forest Policy; Legal Framework for Forest: Indian Forest Act, 1927, Forest | | |
|---|--------|-------|
| Conservation Act, 1980; Rights of Forest Dwellers; Wildlife Protection Act, 1972, | | |
| Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Community-based Conservation Initiatives and | | |
| Rights; | | |
| Case Studies of Conservation Programs: Project Tiger and Elephant Division, 2023, | | |
| Joint Forest Management; Issues and Challenges in Forest Governance | | |
| 4 International Environmental Agreements and Contemporary Issues | | |
| This module delves basic principles of international environmental law. It explores | | |
| global treaties and key international environmental agreements. | | |
| Definition of International Law; Sources of International Law; | 13 | |
| UNFCCC, Convention on Biodiversity, CITES | | |
| Contemporary Issues: Space Law and Environmental Concerns; Marine Genetic | | |
| Resources and Governance under International Law | | |
| Total | 52 | 8 |
| valuation criteria | | |
| • Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1] 15% | | |
| • Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 2] 20% | | |
| • Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% | | |
| • Term Paper/Project: 25% | | |
| earning outcomes | | |
| Jpon completion of the course, the students will be able to: | | |
| • understand the legal and policy frameworks guiding environmental governance in India | a and | 1 |
| globally. [minor 1, minor 2 and major test] | | |
| • analyze the role of judiciary and public policies in environmental protection. [term pape | erl | |
| apply principles of environmental law to practical case studies and real-world scenarios | | rm |
| paper] | s. [ie | 1111 |
| | | |
| • develop critical thinking skills to assess environmental laws, policies, and governance | | |
| mechanisms. [minor 1, minor 2 and major test] | | |
| edagogical approach ne course will be delivered through a combination of lectures, case study discussions, policy ar | nolu | vio o |
| oject work. Students are expected to actively participate in classroom discussions and er | - | |
| ading materials prior to each session. | ngag | ,e w |
| eading materials | | |
| Divan, S. & Rosencranz, A. (2005). Environmental Law and Policy in India, 2nd e University Press, New Delhi. | ed., | Oxfo |
| Leelakrishnan, P. (2008). Environmental Law in India, 3rd ed., Lexis Nexis, India. | | |
| Birnie, P., Boyle, A., & Redgwell, C. (2009). International Law and the Environment | nt ? | ard e |
| Oxford University Press, Oxford. | , 2 | |
| • Sands, P. (2002). <i>Principles of International Environmental Law</i> , 2nd ed., Cambridge Press, Cambridge. | Uni | vers |
| Shyam Divan (2016). Environmental Law and Policy in India: Cases, Materials and St | tata | tan (|
| ed., Lexis Nexis. | | |
| • Gadgil, M. & Guha, R. (1995). <i>Ecology and Equity: The Use and Abuse of Contemporary India</i> , Oxford University Press, New Delhi. | Nat | ure |
| Jadhav, N. (2002). <i>Biodiversity Law: A Casebook</i>, 2nd ed., Eastern Book Company, Luc Singh, Chhatrapati (2000). <i>Water Law in India: Cases and Materials</i>, 2nd ed., Oxford | | |
| Press, New Delhi. Guha, R. (2000). <i>Environmentalism: A Global History</i>, Oxford University Press, New D Upadhyay, S. & Upadhyay, V. (2002). <i>Handbook on Environmental Law: Forest Law</i> | | |
| Laws, and the Environment, Vols. I-III, Lexis Nexis-Butterworths, New Delhi. | .~, / | |

Journals

- Economic and Political Weekly
- Journal of Environmental Law
- Indian Journal of Environmental Protection
- Journal of Indian Law Institute

Reports

- World Bank (2020). India: Strengthening Environmental Regulations, World Bank Publications.
- Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC), India. (2018). *State of Environment Report*.
- UNEP (2019). *Global Environment Outlook (GEO-6): Healthy Planet, Healthy People*, United Nations Environment Programme.
- IPCC (2021). *Sixth Assessment Report on Climate Change*, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

List of Cases:

- Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra vs. State of Uttar Pradesh (1985) (Module 1)
- M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India (Ganga Pollution Case, 1985) (Module 1 and 2)
- M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India (Oleum Gas Leak Case, 1986) (Module 1 and 2)
- Sachidanand Pandey vs. State of West Bengal (1987) (Module 1)
- M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India (Taj Trapezium Case, 1996) (Module 1 and 2)
- Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action vs. Union of India (1996) (Module 1)
- Vellore Citizens Welfare Forum vs. Union of India (1996) (Module 1)
- T.N. Godavarman Thirumalpad vs. Union of India (Forest Conservation Case, 1996) (Module 3)
- Samatha v. State of Andhra Pradesh (1997) (Module 3)
- Narmada Bachao Andolan vs. Union of India (2000) (Module 1)
- M.C. Mehta vs. Kamal Nath (2000) (Module 1)
- Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board vs. C. Kenchappa (2006) (Module 2)
- M.C. Mehta vs. Union of India (Delhi Air Pollution Case, 1998-ongoing) (Module 1 and 2)
- Wildlife First v. Ministry of Forest and Environment (2008) (Module 3)
- Almitra H. Patel vs. Union of India (Solid Waste Management Case, 2010) (Module 2)
- Niyamgiri Hills Case (2013) (Module 3)
- Centre for Environmental Law (WWF) v. Union of India & Others (2013) (Module 3)
- Arjun Gopal vs. Union of India (Firecracker Ban Case, 2017) (Module 1)
- T.N. Godavarman Thirumalpad vs. Union of India (Elephant Corridor Case, 2018) (Module 3)
- MK Ranjitsinh et al. v. Union of India et al. (2024) (Module 3)

Student Responsibilities

The students must attend the classes regularly and ensure timely submissions of tutorials and assignments. Their other responsibilities include feedback and discipline in the class.

Course Designed by:

• Dr. Manini Syali, Assistant Professor, Department of Policy and Management Studies, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. M. Sakthivel, Professor, Tamil Nadu National Law University
- Dr. Aditi Singh, Associate Professor, Woxsen University, Hyderabad

| Course ' | Fitle: Global Climate Change | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--------|------|------|
| Course | Code: No. of Credits: | 2 L-T-P: 20-10-0 Learning Hours: 3 | 0 | | |
| Pre-requ | isite Course Code and Title (if any) | : None | | | |
| Departn | ent: Natural and Applied Sciences | | | | |
| Course | Coordinator: | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact | Details: | | | | |
| Course 7 | Type : Minor | Course Offered In: Semester 4 | | | |
| Course l | Description | | | | |
| | e | basics of global climate change to the students. | | | |
| | - | the impacts of climate change. The course ena | | | |
| - | | e. It further introduces strategies to address clir | nate | cha | nge, |
| _ | , mitigation, and policy responses at t | he global and national levels. | | | |
| | Dbjectives To examine the evidence, science, and | aguess of alimete abanga | | | |
| | To explore the impacts of climate char | ç | | | |
| | 1 1 | o address climate change, including adaptation | mi | tioa | tion |
| | nd policy responses. | o address enhale enange, meruding adaptation | , 1111 | uiga | |
| Course | | | | | |
| Module | | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
| | Introduction to Climate Change | | I | | |
| | | knowledge about global climate change and | | | |
| | its various evidence. It also sets the co | ontext for the subsequent modules. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 0 | nate vs weather, elements of climate, climate | 4 | 2 | |
| | | re trends, changes in precipitation regimes, | | | |
| | | sea-level rise, CO ₂ concentrations in the | | | |
| | atmosphere, ocean acidification, extre | eme climate events. | | | |
| 2 | Science of Climate Change | forgings and anthronogenic drivers equaing | | | |
| | A | forcings and anthropogenic drivers causing e the science of climate change, including the | | | |
| | | bon cycle. The module will also cover the | | | |
| | - | of global climate change and historical climate | | | |
| | change. | or groom enninge end instorieur enninge | | _ | |
| | 8 | | 6 | 2 | |
| | Science of climate change, natural | drivers of climate change, solar radiations, | | | |
| | greenhouse effect, greenhouse gases | (GHGs), anthropogenic forcings and human | | | |
| | | arming potential, aerosols, carbon cycle, and | | | |
| | palaeoclimate. | | | | |
| | Impacts of Climate Change | | | | |
| | - | s of climate change on systems, sectors, and | | | |
| | regions. | | | | |
| | Impacts of climate change: impacts of | n natural and managed systems, observed and | | | |
| | projected impacts, impacts across sect | • • | 4 | 2 | |
| | Dealing with Climate Change | tors und regions. | | | |
| | | entify the response measures to address the | | | |
| | - | corporate international and national efforts in | | | |
| | this direction. | - | ¢ | Λ | |
| | | | 6 | 4 | |
| | | ation, policy responses, geopolitics of climate | | | |
| | change, international initiatives to a | ddress climate change: UNFCCC and COPs, | | | |

| Total 20 10 Evaluation Criteria 0 10 Minor Test: 25% [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] Major Test: 50% [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] Tutorials/assignment: 25% Tutorials/assignment: 25% Learning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: e develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimatic changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] tuderstand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. | IPCC, Kyoto Protocol, Paris Agreement, India's response and N on Climate Change. | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--------|
| Evaluation Criteria Minor Test: 25% [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] Major Test: 50% [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] Tutorials/assignment: 25% Learning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimat changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Malin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMB/O: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Q | | 20 1 | 0 |
| Minor Test: 25% [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] Major Test: 50% [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] Tutorials/assignment: 25% Learning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimatic changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environ</i> | | | |
| Major Test: 50% [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] Tutorials/assignment: 25% Cearning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimate changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, | | | |
| Tutorials/assignment: 25% Learning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimate changes. [Module 3, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout It to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.</i> Cambridg: University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers.</i> Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36</i>(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measure | - | | |
| Learning Outcomes pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimate changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge, University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A revi | | | |
| pon completion of the course, the students will be able to: develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimat changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Predagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge, University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42259 <!--</td--><td></td><td></td><td></td> | | | |
| develop a fundamental understanding of evidence, science, and causes of climate change. [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimatic changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg: University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grow I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge, University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmen | | | |
| [Module 1 and 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimatic changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg: University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge, University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36</i>(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adpatation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, <i>2</i>, 42539–42559 | | uses of climate change | |
| gain knowledge on how the current phase of global climate change is different from paleoclimatic changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridg: University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilites | | uses of enhance enange. | |
| changes. [Module 2, Tutorials, Minor Test, Major Test] develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridg: University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmint the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8),</i> 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, ad sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539-42559 | - | e is different from paleocl | limati |
| develop a basic understanding of the impacts of climate change on different systems and sectors. [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridg: University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmint the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • • • • • • | F | |
| [Module 3, Tutorials, Major Test] understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge, University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8),</i> 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | different systems and se | ctors. |
| understand the crucial adaptation, mitigation, and policy instruments to address climate change. [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grow I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | , | |
| [Module 4, Tutorials, Major Test] Pedagogical Approach The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Growthere is the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • | nts to address climate cha | nge. |
| The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials. It will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grow I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8),</i> 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | | U |
| further connected with real-life examples and case studies. The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridge University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36(8)</i>, 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, <i>2</i>, 42539–42559 | Pedagogical Approach | | |
| The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36(8)</i>, 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, <i>2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exer | cises, and tutorials. It will | be |
| more participatory, robust, and productive. eading Resources Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universit Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridge University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmint the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | further connected with real-life examples and case studies. | | |
| eading Resources Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridg University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmint the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8),</i> 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments the | at will help to make this s | study |
| Maslin M (2021). <i>Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction</i>. Fourth Edition, Oxford Universi Press. Dessler AE (2015). <i>Introduction to Modern Climate Change</i>. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers</i>. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36(8)</i>, 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, <i>2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities | more participatory, robust, and productive. | | |
| Press. Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grow I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | Reading Resources | | |
| Dessler AE (2015). Introduction to Modern Climate Change. Second Edition. Cambridg University Press. IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridg University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • Maslin M (2021). Climate Change: A Very Short Introduction. F | ourth Edition, Oxford Uni | versi |
| University Press. IPCC (2021). <i>Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Grout I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.</i> Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). <i>Summary for Policymakers.</i> Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8),</i> 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | Press. | | |
| I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelming the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | 2. Second Edition. Cam | ıbridg |
| University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, Unite Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • IPCC (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. | Contribution of Working | Groi |
| IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelming the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | - | ıbridg |
| Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36(8)</i>, 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, <i>2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • • • • • | | |
| Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelmin the Great Forces of Nature. <i>AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment</i>, <i>36</i>(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • IPCC (2021). Summary for Policymakers. Cambridge Universe | sity Press, Cambridge, | Unite |
| the Great Forces of Nature. AMBIO: A Journal of the Human Environment, 36(8), 614-621 Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. Environmental Science and Pollution, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | Kingdom and New York, NY, USA. | | |
| Abbass K, Qasim MZ, Song H, et al (2022). A review of the global climate change impact adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution</i>, 2 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | • Steffen W, Crutzen PJ, McNeill JR (2007). The Anthropocene: A | re Humans Now Overwh | elmiı |
| adaptation, and sustainable mitigation measures. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution, 2</i> 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | | |
| 42539–42559 Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | | - |
| Student Responsibilities he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | al Science and Pollutic | on, 2 |
| he students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure time | | | |
| | - | | |
| | | | |

submissions of tutorials and assignments. They are also expected to attend classes regularly, participate, and contribute to classroom discussions to strengthen their understanding further. Their other responsibilities include feedback and discipline.

Course Designed by:

• Dr. Anand Madhukar, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. Richa Kothari, Professor, Department of Environmental Sciences, School of Life Sciences, Central University of Jammu
- Dr. Rajeev Pratap Singh, Associate Professor, Institute of Environment and Sustainable Development, Banaras Hindu University

| Course 7 | Title: Network Science | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Course (| Code:No. of credits: 4L-T-P: 30-15-30Learning hour | rs: 60 |) | |
| | L: Lectures; T: Tutorials | s ; P:] | Pract | icals |
| Pre-requ | isite (if any): Data Wrangling and Visualization (UDS 201) | | | |
| Departm | ent: Natural and Applied Sciences | | | |
| Course (| Coordinator: Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact | Details: | | | |
| Course 7 | Cype: Major Course Offered in: Semester 4 | | | |
| Course] | Description | | | |
| This cou | rse on network science delves into the core principles and applications of analys | ing la | rge-s | scale |
| graphs v | vithin complex systems. Students will explore the significance of network struc | tures, | lear | ning |
| how to e | extract meaningful insights from vast datasets. The curriculum covers random r | ietwo | rk th | eory |
| and its a | pplication to large graphs, emphasizing the role of heterogeneity within hyper-gra | phs a | nd m | ulti- |
| graphs. | Learners will also investigate diverse methods for handling and processing da | ata, e | xami | ning |
| framewo | rks suited for interconnected structures. By the end, students will have designed | and | evalu | ated |
| algorithm | nic solutions tailored to the dynamic, large-scale networks prevalent in moder | n dat | a sci | ence |
| applicati | ons. | | | |
| Course | Objectives | | | |
| • T | Inderstand the structural properties and significance of graphs in real-world netwo | orks. | | |
| • A | apply network science and analytical techniques to extract insights from complex | data s | sourc | es. |
| • [| Design solutions to model and analyze behaviour of networked entities in different | type | s of | |
| i | nterconnected structures. | | | |
| Course (| Content | | | |
| Module | Торіс | т | Т | Р |
| 1 | Introduction to Graphs and Networks | L | I | ſ |
| - | | | | |
| | The focus of this module is on the basic introduction of graphs. This module | | | |
| | will help the students to understand significance of graph characteristics for | | | |
| | real-world networks. Following topics will be covered in this context: | | | |
| | Pasies of graph theory applications of graphs and networks, characteristics | | | |
| | Basics of graph theory, applications of graphs and networks, characteristics, | | 2 | ~ |
| | challenges, types of graphs - simple, weighted, directed, signed, multi-graphs, | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| | hypergraphs; graph data sources, categories - endorsement graphs, location | | | |
| | graphs, social networks, topological properties of networks - degree | | | |
| | distribution, clustering coefficient, neighbourhood connectivity, centrality | | | |
| | metrics. Hands-on using python programming for creating nodes, edges, | | | |
| | different types of graphs, accessing nodes and neighbours. | | | |
| 2 | Network Analysis of Graph-based Structures | l | | |
| | This module highlights significance of graph-based structures and properties | | | |
| | for performing network analysis. Following topics will be addressed in this | | | |
| | module: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Graph properties, strong ties, weak ties, power law, six degrees of separation, | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| | growing networks, homophily, network analysis techniques - graph traversal | | | |
| | and search algorithms, list ranking, graph partitioning, connected component | | | |
| | algorithms, graph-cut method, practice with NetworkX and NetCenLib with | | | |
| | Python programming | | | |

| e purpose of this module is to introduce the implementation and analytical nniques with case studies. The major topics to be covered in module lude: accency matrix representation, adjacency list representation, multi-graph & bergraph representation, modules/communities of networks, community thing methods: Girvan-Newman method, link prediction measures, link lysis, web crawling, social web, page ranking algorithms, personalized e rank, page rank axioms, hits, spectral clustering, modularity-based stering, signed networks, social balancing, practical with network-based e studies rmation Spread Analysis in Networks s module encompasses through different network-based content diffusion dynamics. This module will also provide insights to content virality and lore tools to assess the spread of information across networks. This will ude the following contents: fusion in Networks, Epidemic Models, SI, SIS, Profile Threshold Models, ependent Cascades, Information Spread Analysis, Influence Maximization, inion Dynamics Models, Voter, Q-Voter. Hands-on with large-scale work analysis using tools and libraries, including - NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, worKit, and case studies with online social networks. | 8 | 5 | 10 |
|---|---|--|---|
| bergraph representation, modules/communities of networks, community ling methods: Girvan-Newman method, link prediction measures, link lysis, web crawling, social web, page ranking algorithms, personalized e rank, page rank axioms, hits, spectral clustering, modularity-based stering, signed networks, social balancing, practical with network-based e studies rmation Spread Analysis in Networks s module encompasses through different network-based content diffusion dynamics. This module will also provide insights to content virality and lore tools to assess the spread of information across networks. This will ude the following contents: fusion in Networks, Epidemic Models, SI, SIS, Profile Threshold Models, ependent Cascades, Information Spread Analysis, Influence Maximization, inion Dynamics Models, Voter, Q-Voter. Hands-on with large-scale work analysis using tools and libraries, including - NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, worKit, and case studies with online social networks. | 8 | | |
| s module encompasses through different network-based content diffusion dynamics. This module will also provide insights to content virality and lore tools to assess the spread of information across networks. This will ude the following contents: fusion in Networks, Epidemic Models, SI, SIS, Profile Threshold Models, ependent Cascades, Information Spread Analysis, Influence Maximization, inion Dynamics Models, Voter, Q-Voter. Hands-on with large-scale work analysis using tools and libraries, including - NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, worKit, and case studies with online social networks. | 8 | 5 | 10 |
| dynamics. This module will also provide insights to content virality and lore tools to assess the spread of information across networks. This will lude the following contents: fusion in Networks, Epidemic Models, SI, SIS, Profile Threshold Models, ependent Cascades, Information Spread Analysis, Influence Maximization, inion Dynamics Models, Voter, Q-Voter. Hands-on with large-scale work analysis using tools and libraries, including - NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, worKit, and case studies with online social networks. | 8 | 5 | 10 |
| ependent Cascades, Information Spread Analysis, Influence Maximization, inion Dynamics Models, Voter, Q-Voter. Hands-on with large-scale work analysis using tools and libraries, including - NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, worKit, and case studies with online social networks. | | 5 | 10 |
| | | 1 | |
| | 30 | 15 | 30 |
| lore creation of random graphs and perform processing tasks using Python | - | - | 5 |
| ds-on sessions for network analysis of graph-based interconnected structures g NetworkX and NetCenLib programming | 5 | | 5 |
| ticals on network science and graph algorithms with real-world case studies | - | - | 10 |
| ds-on for diffusion and network analysis using NdLib, iGraph, SNAP, | | | |
| vorKit for large-scale network analysis | - | - | 10 |
| al Practical Sessions | - | - | 30 |
| Criteria or Test: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% or Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% cical Test: Practical test [including modules 1, 2 and 3] 20% ect-based learning: Project presentation [at end of teaching of module 4] 2 | 0% | | |
| Itcomes If the course, students will: rstand real-world significance of networks and graph-based modeling dule 1 and 2; Minor Test] lop in-depth knowledge of networked structures and analysis techniques dule 2 and 3; Practical Test] insights on clustering, diffusion, and prediction methods | | | |
| or or ic c f f f f f f f f f f f | Test: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% cal Test: Practical test [including modules 1, 2 and 3] 20% t-based learning: Project presentation [at end of teaching of module 4] 2 comes the course, students will: stand real-world significance of networks and graph-based modeling ile 1 and 2; Minor Test] op in-depth knowledge of networked structures and analysis techniques ile 2 and 3; Practical Test] | Test: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% cal Test: Practical test [including modules 1, 2 and 3] 20% t-based learning: Project presentation [at end of teaching of module 4] 20% comes the course, students will: stand real-world significance of networks and graph-based modeling tile 1 and 2; Minor Test] op in-depth knowledge of networked structures and analysis techniques tile 2 and 3; Practical Test] nsights on clustering, diffusion, and prediction methods tile 1, 2, 3, and 4; Project-based learning and Major Test] | Test: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% cal Test: Practical test [including modules 1, 2 and 3] 20% t-based learning: Project presentation [at end of teaching of module 4] 20% comes the course, students will: stand real-world significance of networks and graph-based modeling the 1 and 2; Minor Test] op in-depth knowledge of networked structures and analysis techniques the 2 and 3; Practical Test] hsights on clustering, diffusion, and prediction methods |

• The course will enable students to explore different techniques of network analysis.

Reading Resources Recommended (* = suggested readings)

- * Menczer, F., Fortunato, S., & Davis, C. A. (2020). A first course in network science. Cambridge University Press.
- * Hexmoor, H. (2014). Computational network science: an algorithmic approach. Morgan Kaufmann.
- * Deo, N. (2016). *Graph theory with applications to engineering and computer science*. Courier Dover Publications.
- * Lewis, T. G. (2011). Network science: Theory and applications. John Wiley & Sons.
- West, D. B. (2001). Introduction to graph theory (Vol. 2). Upper Saddle River: Prentice hall.
- Hamilton, W. L. (2020). *Graph representation learning*. Morgan & Claypool Publishers.
- Jackson, M. O. Social and Economic Networks. Princeton University Press.
- Gross, J. L., Y., J (2013). *Handbook of Graph Theory*. CRC press.
- Bollobás, Béla. Modern Graph Theory (2013). Springer Science & Business Media.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required:

- To be regular and attentive in theory classes and lab sessions
- To come prepared with readings that would be given in the theory class
- To come prepared in lab with readings from respective theory concepts taught in the class
- To participate in the day-to-day lab activities
- To incorporate real-word datasets as case-studies in project-based learning

Course Designed by:

• Dr Adwitiya Sinha, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr R.K. Brojen Singh, Professor, School of Computational and Integrative Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr Nanhay Singh, Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Netaji Subhas University of Technology, New Delhi

| Course C | itle: Open Source Programmingode:No. of credits: 4L-T-P: 30-15-30Learning hour | na. [1 |) | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Course C | Kode:No. of credits: 4L-T-P: 30-15-30Learning hourL: Lectures; T: Tutorials | | | |
| Pre-requ | | | $\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| - | | п |)2) | and |
| | ntals of Information Technology (UDS 104) | | | |
| | ent: Natural and Applied Sciences Coordinator: Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact] | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Course 1 | ype: Major Course Offered in: Semester 4 | | | |
| This courses source so and the technique learners developm skills nee Course (• U | Description rese provides a comprehensive understanding of the methods, challenges, and tools oftware development. The students will explore the significance of open-source collaborative dynamics to drive innovation. The course covers object-oriented es and API-based integration using open-source language, like Python, Linux, G will understand the significance of version control systems, like Git, to facilitate nent and continuous deployment. By the end of the course, students will be equi- ded to contribute to open-source projects. Dbjectives Inderstand the need for open-source development, and its associated challenges. erform object-oriented and API-based programming with open-source language. | conti prog Bawk, e colla | ribut ramı etc. abora | ions ning The ative |
| Course C Module | evelop version control system using Git for collaborative and continuous deployn content Topic | L | Т | Р |
| | Introduction to Open Source Development | | I | Г |
| | This module highlights the significance and challenges associated with open source programming. The following topics will be addressed in this module: Introduction to open source and proprietary software, open source programming, advantages and drawbacks, evolution of Free & Open Source Software (FOSS), technical aspects of FOSS licencing and policies, threats and vulnerabilities in open source languages, evolution of open source development (GNU, Linux, Apache, etc.), vulnerabilities in open source languages, contribution guidelines to open source, managing conflicts and collaboration in open source projects. Hands-on with open-source operating system, shell programming, Regex, Regex ⁺ , AWK, GAWK programming | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| 2 | Object Oriented Programming using Python | | | |
| | The focus of this module is on Python as the open-source language. This module will help the students to apply object-oriented concepts to real-world | | | |

| | | | | r |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| | methods, static methods, encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism. Hands-on with object-oriented Python programs and practice with UML diagrams. | | | |
| 3 | Open Source APIs using Python Programming | | | |
| | The purpose of this module is to introduce the usage of open-source APIs using advanced Python programming. The topics to be covered in this module include: | | | |
| | Automation in Python, email automation, Google search automation, API programming, Practice with public open-source APIs, like - Scopus, OpenAI, Twitter/X, NASA, OpenWeatherMap, DataGovIndia, NewsAPI, GitHub, and Spotify API. Building dashboards, static and dynamic dashboards, interactive dashboards, integrating dashboards with APIs, case study with large-language models and generative AI, like ChatGPT and Llama. | 6 | 4 | 8 |
| 4 | Version Control using Git Programming | - | | |
| | This module encompasses through the importance of versioning in open- source programming using Git. This module will include the following contents: | | | |
| | Version control overview, types of version control systems, centralized and distributed, introduction to git, features, git commands, tracking changes, branching, visualizing Git process using GitFlow, commit graphs, resolving conflicts, forking, cloning, Git push and pull requests, working with GitHub and GitLab, continuous integration and continuous deployment (CI/CD) pipelines. Practical with Git programming, creating GitHub profile, building capstone projects, and uploading on GitHub. | 8 4 | 8 | |
| | cupstone projects, and uproduling on Ontruo. | | | |
| | Total | 30 | 15 | 30 |
| | | <u> </u> | 15 - | |
| Practical | Total | <u> </u> | 15 - | 6 |
| Practical Sessions | Total Hands-on with shell programming, Regex, Regex+, AWK, GAWK Practice UML diagrams and programming with Python classes, objects, constructors, encapsulation and data hiding, inheritance, polymorphism | <u> </u> | 15 - | 6 8 |
| Practical Sessions | TotalHands-on with shell programming, Regex, Regex+, AWK, GAWKPractice UML diagrams and programming with Python classes, objects, constructors, encapsulation and data hiding, inheritance, polymorphismPractical session with open-source APIs in Python, building dashboard, LLMs | <u>30</u> - | - - | 6 8 8 |
| Practical Sessions | TotalHands-on with shell programming, Regex, Regex+, AWK, GAWKPractice UML diagrams and programming with Python classes, objects, constructors, encapsulation and data hiding, inheritance, polymorphismPractical session with open-source APIs in Python, building dashboard, LLMs Hands-on session with Git version control, Git commands, and GitHub | <u>30</u> - - - | 15 - - - | 6 8 8 8 |
| Practical Sessions | TotalHands-on with shell programming, Regex, Regex+, AWK, GAWKPractice UML diagrams and programming with Python classes, objects, constructors, encapsulation and data hiding, inheritance, polymorphismPractical session with open-source APIs in Python, building dashboard, LLMs | 30 - - - - | 15 - - - - - | 6 8 8 |

Pedagogical Approach

- The course will provide knowledge and awareness on concepts of open-source and Git programming through classroom discussions, lectures, tutorials, and assessments.
- The course will enable students to explore different techniques of object-oriented programming

aspects, using Python open-source language.

Reading Resources Recommended (* = suggested readings)

- * Aho, A. V., Kernighan, B. W., and Weinberger, P. J. (2023). *The AWK programming language*. Addison-Wesley Professional.
- * Lott, S. F., and Phillips, D. (2021). *Python Object-Oriented Programming*: Build robust and maintainable object-oriented Python applications and libraries. Packt Publishing Ltd.
- * Dawson, C., and Straub, B. (2016). Building tools with GitHub: Customize your workflow. O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- * Liberty, J., and Galloway, J. (2021). *Git for Programmers*: Master Git for effective implementation of version control for your programming projects. Packt Publishing Ltd.
- Robbins, A. (2001). *Effective Awk Programming*: Text Processing and Pattern Matching. O'Reilly Media Publication.
- Ebrahim, M., and Mallett, A. (2018) *Mastering Linux Shell Scripting*. Packt Publishing.
- Goldwasser, M. H., and Letscher, D. (2008) *Object-oriented programming in Python*. Pearson Prentice Hall
- Buelta, J. (2020) *Python Automation Cookbook*. Packt Publishing.
- Chacon, S., and Straub, B. (2014) *Pro Git*. Apress.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required:

- To be regular and attentive in theory classes and lab sessions
- To come prepared with readings that would be given in the theory class
- To come prepared in lab with readings from respective theory concepts taught in the class
- To participate in the day-to-day lab activities
- To incorporate real-word datasets as case-studies in project-based learning

Course Designed by:

• Dr Adwitiya Sinha, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr D. K. Lobiyal, Professor, School of Computer and Systems Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. Ela Kumar, Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Indira Gandhi Delhi Technical University for Women, New Delhi

| Course of | ode: No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P: 34-10-32 | Learning hou | rs: | 60 | |
|---|---|---|--|------|-------|------|
| | isite course code and title (if any): No | | Learning nou | 1.5. | 00 | |
| - | ent: Natural and Applied Sciences | | | | | |
| | ** | ourse instructor: | | | | |
| Contact | | | | | | |
| | | ourse offered in: Seme | octor A | | | |
| | Description: The course provides an | | | iac | anal | voie |
| equipping technique | g students with skills in stationarity, es, supported by real-world case stud c models, enhancing their quantitative sk | noise, trend analysis ies. The students will | and advanced also learn to | fo | recas | stin |
| | objectives | | | | | |
| Fu an Va | se aims to provide a foundational unders indamentals of time series analysis, incl id the application of linear stochastic mo arious linear stochastic models and fore evelop practical skills in making accurate | luding concepts of outl dels. casting techniques, usir | ng real-world ca | | | |
| Course o | | * | | | | |
| Module | Тор | ic | | L | Т | P |
| 1 | Fundamentals of time series data | | | | | - |
| | This module covers time series principle irregular variations, along with decomp and fitting models like exponential and l Introduction to time series data, Ti Multivariate and cross-sectional time se time series. | position techniques, tre ogistic curves. me series component | nd estimation, s, Univariate, | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| | Introduction to time series data and p | re-processing | | | | |
| | This module covers time series ana Descriptive statistics; Box – Plot; Inter- single tails and double tails. Missing values and Noise removal an interpolation; Kalman smoothing; L (LOCF); Median filter. Time series analysis: Concept of Tren Methods for trend estimation; Meth measurement; Time series decompositio Trend analysis - Mann-Kendall test for t | lysis concepts, Data quartile range (IQR); o nalysis: Linear interpo- cast Observation Car od, Seasonality, Cycle od of semi averages n monotonic trend and In | outlier analysis plation; Spline ried Forward and Residual; s; Seasonality | 14 | 2 | 12 |
| | analysis (ITA) detects non-monotonic tr | ends. | | | | |
| - | Time series test and models | | | | | |
| | This module introduces time series models and forecasting. Concept of stationarity and non-static Testing Methods, Invertibility, Movin (AR), and Auto regressive moving aver Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) M function (ACF) for diagnostics; White Distributed (IID) noise in series. | onarity series; types on ng Average (MA), A age (ARMA) models, A Models correlograms, A | of stationarity; uto-regression Autoregressive Autocorrelation | 10 | 4 | 10 |
| | CANDED FOR THE DEPOSE TO SETTES | | | | | 1 |
| | Forecasting techniques and case studi | 05 | | | | |

| | Holt winters method, Box-Jenkins model, Model performance and validation, |
|------------|--|
| | Error Metrics for Forecast Evaluation (R ² , RMSE, MAPE and IA) |
| | Forecasting case studies based on real world applications. 34 10 Total 34 10 34 |
| | |
| Evar | uation criteria |
| • | Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% |
| • | Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 3 and 4] 20% |
| • | Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% |
| • | Practical exam: 20% |
| | ning outcomes |
| Upor | n completion of the course, the students will be able to |
| ٠ | Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of time series analysis, enabling them to |
| | identify key insights and patterns in datasets. [Test1, Test2, Practicals, Major Test] |
| ٠ | Students will learn to develop, implement, and evaluate linear stochastic time series models |
| | including Holt-Winters and Box-Jenkins methods, and effectively apply these techniques to |
| N 1 | solve real-world problems. [Practicals, Major Test] |
| Peda | gogical approach |
| • | The course will be delivered through class lectures, practicals and tutorials. |
| | ling resources |
| • | Montgomery, D. C., Jennings, C. L., Kulahci, M. (2011). <i>Introduction to Time Series Analy and Forecasting</i> . Germany: Wiley. |
| • | Brockwell, P. J., & Davis, R. A. (Eds.). (2002). <i>Introduction to time series and forecasti</i> New York, NY: Springer New York. |
| ٠ | Peixeiro, M. (2022). Time Series Forecasting in Python. United States: Manning. |
| ٠ | Huang, C., Petukhina, A. (2022). Applied Time Series Analysis and Forecasting w |
| | Python. Switzerland: Springer International Publishing. |
| Jour | nals |
| ٠ | Journal of time series analysis, Wiley |
| ٠ | International Journal of Forecasting, Elsevier |
| • | Computational Statistics & Data Analysis, Elsevier |
| Stud | ent Responsibilities |
| The s | students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class a |

The students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class and ensure timely submission of assignments. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Adil Masood, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Course Reviewed by:

- Dr Azhar Husain, Professor, Department of Civil Engineering, Jamia Millia Islamia
- Dr Vinay SP Sinha, Professor, Centre for Study and Regional development, Jawaharlal Nehru University

| Course Title: Envi | ronmental | Laboratory-I | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Course code: | | No. of credits: | 3 | L-T-P: 4-14-54 | Learning hours: | 72 | | |
| Pre-requisite cour | se code ar | nd title (if any): | | I | | | | |
| Department: Natu | ral and Ap | plied Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course coordinate | or: | | Cours | se instructor: | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Majo | or | | Cours | se offered in: Semes | ster 4 | | | |
| and soil samples. 7 physical, chemical learn standard pro advanced courses concepts and dev environmental imp Course objectives | o provide The course , and biolo otocols use in subseq relop prace act assessm | equips students ogical parameters ed in environm uent semesters, tical skills usi- ment. | with th s in wa ental r it also ng cor | tanding of laborator ne skills to perform of tter, soil, and microl nonitoring. Acting o offers students the ntemporary tools a | quantitative analyses piology research. St as a foundational the chance to learn nd techniques nec | s of uder cou the | vario nts v rse oreti | ous vill for .cal |
| | | ÷ | | anding among studer | | ta | hial | |
| | • | ental monitoring | - | ng and analytical s | kills of the studen | ts w | nici | 1 are |
| - | | • | | lard protocols used i | n environmental mo | nito | ring | |
| Course content | | | | | | | | |
| Module | | | Topi | ic | | L | Т | Р |
| | ion to Wa | ter Quality Ana | ^ | - | | 1 | | |
| and preca Assurance samples, F | ution durin /Quality (Reference S | ng sampling, bas Control (QA/QC) Samples, Standar | sic con): preci rd samp | pre-processing, coll cept of quantitative sion, accuracy, Repl bles, Spiked samples | techniques; Quality | , Λ | | |
| | - | ality parameters | | | | .1 | r – | r |
| water qual Colorimet determina of pH in solids; T environme | ity parame ry: Impor tion: Litmu water san urbidimetr ental signif | eters, its causes a tance of colour us paper test and aple; solids: tota | nd imp for a l Bench al, diss and u l condu | water quality throu act on environment a quatic, home and top method, environ solved and suspende uses; turbidity me activity | and human health. industrial uses; pH nmental significance ed solids, settleable | | 3 | 9 |
| | | · · | | l significance, metho | ods of measurement | t | | |
| of general Acidity ar bicarbonar Hardness: method | water qua nd Alkalin te and hyd EDTA me | lity parameters. ity: Titrimetric r roxide alkalinity ethod for estimat | nethod | for the determination rmination of type ar total hardness; Chlor | on of the carbonate ad extent of acidity: | , | 4 | 15 |
| | | y Analysis | 1 • | | C 1 C | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| determina Dissolved | tion of diss oxygen | olved oxygen, n (DO): Winkler | nethods r Proc | oxygen, collectio s of determination. edure for dissolved (| ed oxygen (Azide | | 3 | 16 |
| Biochemio | cal Oxyge | | 0D): 6 | thod for Dissolved C estimation of BOD d | | | | |

| 5 | Biological Water Quality parameters | | | |
|------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| | Understanding of indicators of fecal contamination and the concept of indicator organisms; coliform bacteria count and its sampling: Membrane Filter Method, | | | |
| | Multiple Tube Fermentation Method or Most Probable Number (MPN) method and | | | |
| | its environmental relevance | | | |
| | | | 1 | 4 |
| | Bacterial and microscopical characteristics, common indicator bacteria; | | | |
| | determination of total coliform and fecal coliform for drinking and wastewater | | | |
| | samples | | | |
| 6 | Soil Analysis | | | |
| | Understanding of soil characteristics by physio-chemical parameters and its importance for agricultural productivity | | | |
| | | | ~ | 10 |
| | Soil moisture & soil pH determination; Soil organic content determination | | 3 | 10 |
| | (Walkley-Black method); N, P, K estimation; Electrical conductivity for the | | | |
| | determination of dissolved salts in the soil | | | |
| | Total | 4 | 14 | 54 |
| Evalua | ation criteria | | | |
| • | Test 1: Practical exam and records [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% | | | |
| • | Test 2: Spotting and Assignment [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 30% | | | |
| • | Test 3: Viva [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 30% | | | |
| Learn | ing outcomes | | | |
| Upon | completion of the course, the students will be able to | | | |
| • | trained in analytical and conceptual skills required for environmental research (water | and | soil |). |
| | [Test 1] | | | |
| • | | | | |
| • | gain the conceptual clarity, theoretical concept and practical session. [Test 3] | | | |
| - Dodog | ogical approach | | | |
| 0 | The course will be delivered through class lectures and real time data. | | | |
| | The course includes majorly the practical analysis in the laboratory. | | | |
| | The course will also include the guided project work and its presentation. | | | |
| - | ng materials | | | |
| | ed text | | | |
| • | APHA (1980) Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater Publis American Public Health Association, 15th ed. | hed | by | |
| Sugges | sted readings | | | |
| • | Radojevic, M., Bashkin, V. N. (2006). <i>Practical Environmental Analysis</i> . United Kin Society of Chemistry. | gdor | m: R | loyal |
| • | Hounslow, A. (2018). <i>Water quality data: analysis and interpretation</i> . CRC press. | | | |
| • | Laboratory Analytical Techniques Series (LATS), published by CPCB. | | | |
| • | Wagner, T. P., & Sanford, R. M. (2018). Environmental science: Active learning labor | orate | ories | and |
| | applied problem sets. John Wiley & Sons. | | | |
| | Wells, E., Brooks/Cole. (2009). Lab Manual for Environmental Science. United | | | |
| | States: Brooks/Cole. | | | |
| Websit | tes | | | |
| • | Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) website for real time data collection | | | |
| | (https://cpcb.nic.in/index.php) | | | |
| • | India Water Resources Information System website for surface and subsurface water in (<u>https://indiawris.gov.in/wris/#/home</u>) | nfori | nati | on |
| Journa | ls | | | |
| • | Environmental Science and Pollution Research | | | |
| | Environmental Management | | | |

Environmental Management

- Environmental Pollution
- Environmental Science and Technology

Student Responsibilities

The students must be present in the practical class before starting of the practicals. The attendance during the practical analysis in laboratory is compulsory to learn the handling of glassware, chemicals, instruments etc.

Course Designed by:

• Dr. Chandrashekhar Azad Vishwakarma, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. Prasant Singh, Professor, Department of Chemistry, D.A.V. (P.G) College, Dehradun, Uttarakhand
- Dr. Dinesh Mohan, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

| Course | Title: Sustainable Natura | al Resource Mana | agemei | nt | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Course | code: | No. of credits: | 4 | L-T-P: 38-22-0 | Learning hours: 6 | 50 | | |
| Pre-rec | uisite course code and t | itle (if any): Nor | ne | | | | | |
| Depart | ment: Natural and Applie | ed Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course | coordinator: | | Cours | se instructor: | | | | |
| Contac | t details: | | | | | | | |
| Course | type: Major | | Cours | se offered in: Semes | ter 4 | | | |
| This un and pra ecologic encomp necessa integrity | Description dergraduate course on Su actices of managing natu cal, economic, and socia bass broader NRM princip ry skills and knowledge y, economic viability, and objectives urse aims to build the follow Understand the fundame Analyze the interactions Develop strategies for eff | ral resources su l factors in resources in resources. It aims to equive to effectively l social equity. owing basic under ntal principles of between human a fective and sustai | stainab urce m juip stu manag erstandi sustain activiti inable | bly. The course will hanagement, moving idents from diverse a re natural resources ing among students: nable natural resource es and natural resource management of vario | e management. ces. pus natural resources. | grati ervat ls wi ecol | ion ion ith ti | of to he |
| ٠ | Evaluate the socio-econo | omic implications | s of nat | ural resource manage | ement decisions. | | | |
| | content | | | | | | | |
| Module | | | Topic | | | L | Т | P |
| 1 | Introduction to Natura Being an introductory | | 0 | | hy highlighting the | | | |
| 2 | Brief introduction to n renewable resources (resources, energy resources the Commons, Ostrom's Resources, importance individual, Human Deve Key Principles of Susta This module introduces balance between all dime Key principles of sust management, precaution | forest resources, rces, land resour s eight principles of sustainability clopment Index inable NRM the key principle ensions. The cont tainable NRM: ary principle, tru | , wate rces), o s for su y in r es of s tents of sustair steeshi | er resources, miner overview of NRM co ustainable governance esource managemen ustainable NRM, foo f this module are as f nability, equity, par ip of natural resource | al resources, food oncepts, Tragedy of se of Common-Pool at and roles of an cusing on creating a ollows: ticipation, adaptive es, collaboration and | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | engagement, evidence- resilience; Ecological pr role in sustainability; 12 resources highlighted by Economic Aspects and This module introduces NRM. The contents of th Resource economics f | inciples: ecosyste Principles of eco the Convention of Social Dimension students to the his module are as | em fun osystem on Bio ons of S e econo follow | actions and services; as approach to integra logical Diversity (CE Sustainable NRM omic aspects and so 75: | Biodiversity and its ated management of BD) ocial dimensions of | | | |
| | renewable resources – c ecosystem services; Nat engagement; Social eq community agreements perspectives; Communit addressing conflicts over | ptimal depletion tural resource fur uity in resource ; Traditional E y resource mana | ; Alloc nds; C e distr Ecologie | cation of natural resc ommunity involvem ibution; Human rig cal Knowledge – | ources; Valuation of ent and stakeholder thts and company- global and Indian | ð | 4 | 0 |

| 4 Governance and Policy Frameworks | for Sustainable NRM | | |
|---|--|------|-------|
| | of governance models, strategies and policy | | |
| frameworks for managing natural resour | rces as covered under the following topics: | | |
| | | | |
| | llocation of rights; Natural resources and the | | |
| broader governance framework, interna | tional governance initiatives; Role of institutions 8 | 2 | 0 |
| | accountability; Evidence-driven policy reforms; | | |
| | ue sharing and decentralization; Legal and | | |
| regulatory frameworks for extractive | industries; State-owned enterprises: role and | | |
| governance | | | |
| 5 Planning and Best Practices for Susta | | | |
| | various planning aspects and some of the best | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | of natural resources. The contents of this module | | |
| are as follows: | | | |
| Interreted land use alonging, start | aning for land was antimization holonoing | | |
| | egies for land use optimization, balancing | | 0 |
| | ; Water resource management: principles of 8 | 6 | 0 |
| | r scarcity and management strategies; Forest | | |
| | forestry techniques, community-based forest | | |
| | nagement of bioresources; Soil conservation: | | |
| enhancement | best practices for soil preservation and quality | | |
| 6 Case Studies in Sustainable NRM | | | |
| | ctices and current efforts in bringing innovative | | |
| | RM principles in various environmental settings | | |
| | to develop an understanding of the problems | | |
| currently being faced during their imple | | | |
| currently being faced during their imple | | | |
| Analysis of successful NRM initiatives | globally, including Indian context and learnings; | 10 | 0 |
| | for sustainably managing each resource type; | | |
| | ce management; Adaptation strategies for NRM | | |
| | Fechnological innovations, use of geospatial | | |
| | Data driven policy and decision support systems | | |
| Total | 38 | 22 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria | | | |
| • Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end | of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 15% | | |
| • Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end | of teaching of modules 3 and 4] 15% | | |
| • Major Test: Written test [at the end of | the semester, full syllabus] 40% | | |
| • Assignment and Presentation 30% | | | |
| Learning outcomes | | | |
| Upon completion of the course, the students will | | _ | |
| | atural resource management and synthesize learnings | from | n all |
| the modules. [Minor Tests, Major Test | | | |
| think and develop holistic strategies for and Presentation] | or better management of natural resources [Tests, Assi | gnm | ent |
| _ | iculate the learnings from case studies. [Assignment a | nd | |
| Presentation] | | | |
| Pedagogical approach | | | |
| | ectures, tutorials and discussion of case studies. | | |
| | | | |
| | signments and associated student presentations. | | |
| Reading resources | signments and associated student presentations. | | |
| Reading resources• Anderson, D.A. (2024). Environmental | signments and associated student presentations. al economics and natural resource management. Rout | - | e. |
| Reading resources Anderson, D.A. (2024). <i>Environmenta</i> Conroy, M. J., & Peterson, J. T. (2013) | signments and associated student presentations. al economics and natural resource management. Rout b). Decision making in natural resource management: | - | e. |
| Reading resources Anderson, D.A. (2024). Environmental Conroy, M. J., & Peterson, J. T. (2013 structured, adaptive approach. Wiley- | signments and associated student presentations. al economics and natural resource management. Rout b). Decision making in natural resource management: | - | e. |

- Jana, B.K., & Majumder, M. (Eds.). (2010). *Impact of climate change on natural resource management*. Springer.
- Kerr J.M., Marothia D.K., Singh K., Ramasamy C., Bentley W.M. (1997) *Natural resource economics: theory and applications in India.* Oxford and IBH Company Private Limited.
- Kumar, P., Singh, R. K., Kumar, M., Rani, M., & Sharma, P. (Eds.). (2022). *Climate Impacts on Sustainable Natural Resource Management*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Meadows, D. H., Meadows, D. L., Randers, J., & Behrens, W. W. (1972). *The limits to growth: A report for the club of Rome's project on the predicament of mankind*. Universe Books.
- Menon, A., Singh, P., Shah, E., Lele, S., Paranjape, S., & Joy, K. (2007). *Community-based natural resource management: Issues and cases in south Asia.* SAGE Publications.
- United Nations Conference on Trade and Development. (2020). *Natural resource management in the context of climate change*. UN. ISBN: 9789210047630

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class and ensure timely submission of assignments. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions and case studies.

Course Designed By:

• Dr Amit Singh, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers

- Dr Satyanarayan Shashtri, Associate Professor, School of Ecology and Environment Studies, Nalanda University, Rajgir, Nalanda, Bihar
- Dr Madhav Govind, Professor, Centre for Studies in Science Policy, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

| Course Title: Water and | Soil Pollution | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Course code: | No. of credits: | 4 | L-T-P: 40-20-0 | Learning hours: | 60 | | |
| Pre-requisite course co | le and title (if any): | No | | | | | |
| Department: Natural an | d Applied Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | Cour | se instructor: | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Major | | Cours | se offered in: Semes | ter 4 | | | |
| Course Description | I | | | | | | |
| This course covers the types, and impacts of va and fate within the env assessment. The course providing a comprehensi- water and soil resources. | rious pollutants. Stu- ironment, the effects also addresses pol | dents v s of po llution | will explore the mec ollution on ecosyste prevention, control | hanisms of pollution ms, pollution moni , and remediation | n tra torir stra | anspo ng a tegio | ort nd es, |
| Course objectives | .1 C 11 ' 1 ' | 1 (| 1 / 1 | | | | |
| interpretation of knowledge of quantifying contained familiarity with | of water and soil pollu pollutant movement t sampling methods, aminants in water and the strategies for mi methods and best mat | ution an hrough bioinc l soil itigatin | nd classification of per n water and soil envir dicators, analytical g pollution, includin | ollutants onments techniques for de | | U | |
| Course content | | | | | | | |
| Module | | Тор | ic | | L | Т | Р |
| | water and soil pollu | | | | | | |
| definitions, type Global water di major soil and v Types of soil j pollution: mine Types/class of pollution; therm and storm water | stribution; sources of vater pollution events pollutants: physical, overburden, mine tail water; water quali- nal pollution; marine pollution leading to o | water chemic ling aci ity pa pollut eutroph | nental impacts of poli and soil pollution; hi cal, and biological; idity. rameters; sewage p ion; agricultural poll nication process. | lutants. storical context and mining related soil collution; industrial ution; urban runoff | 12 | 2 | |
| 2 Transport, fate | , monitoring, and as | ssessm | ent of water pollution | n | | | |
| subsurface flow techniques for a Darcy's Law; p behaviour; resic N/P cycles; fa | covers the movemer v and groundwater nalysing pollutants. rocesses governing p- lence time; biological te of pollutants in | introdu ollutan l and te | ucing models like t transport; factors ir emperature stratificat | Darcy's Law, and fluencing pollutant ion; lake turn over; | 8 | 2 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | nalysing pollutants. | 41 | f aoil mall4 4 | | | | |
| Students learn a of pollutants in pollutant behavi Pollutant transp | ribution, and deposite bout the mechanisms different soil types, our and environments ort in soil; retention | s of pol , emph al risk. of pol | llutant transport in so asizing how differer lutants in different s | oil types; mobility, | 8 | 2 | |
| - | and toxicity of differe | | | cycles (Hg/As/Cr); | | | |

| 4 | Pollution prevention, control, and remediation strategies | | | |
|---------|---|-------|-------|------|
| | This module covers strategies for pollution prevention and remediation of water and | | | |
| | soil, and relevant laws and policies. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Water and soil quality standards and guidelines; role of laws, policies, and | | | |
| | international treaties in pollution control and prevention; best management practices | 12 | 2 | |
| | in agriculture, industry, and urban planning; water treatment technologies; soil | 12 | 2 | |
| | remediation methods including physical chemical and biological methods; role of | | | |
| | remote sensing techniques and sensors in tracking the pollutant distribution and | | | |
| | exploring remediation techniques for water and soil pollution. | | | |
| 5 | Case studies of water and soil pollution | | | |
| 3 | | | | |
| | Students will explore different case studies focussing on interconnected challenges of water and soil pollution, emerging contaminants, health impacts, and sustainable solutions. | | | |
| | | | 12 | |
| | Case studies and visit to nearby polluted sites and urban soil pollution hot spots for | | | |
| | understanding interlinkages of water and soil pollution, impact of renewable energy | | | |
| | on water and soil conservation, wastewater and fecal sludge pollution and health | | | |
| | impacts, emerging contaminants like microplastics and pharmaceuticals. | | | |
| | Total | 40 | 20 | |
| Evaluat | ion criteria | | | |
| ٠ | Minor Test I: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1, 2] 20% | | | |
| • | Minor Test II: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 3, 4] 20% | | | |
| • | Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% | | | |
| • | Assignments/Presentations on case studies: 20% | | | |
| | g outcomes | | | |
| | ompletion of the course, the students will be able to | | | |
| - | - | to d | 40.00 | |
| • | understand the key concepts: learn the key concepts, definitions, and terminology rela and soil pollution and identify various sources and types of water and soil pollutants [and Major Test]. | | | |
| • | gain analysis and investigation skills: learn analytical methods for assessing the qua and soil, determine the transport and fate of pollutants in water and soil environments I, Minor Test II and Major Test]. | - | | |
| • | evaluate and assess: critically assess the effectiveness of various pollution mor assessment techniques, evaluate existing pollution prevention and remediation considering their environmental sustainability and effectiveness [Minor Test II and M | n st | rateg | gies |
| • | develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills: propose innovative solutions for | - | | - |
| • | water and soil pollution, integrating knowledge from various disciplines | | - | - |
| | | | | - |
| | comprehensive management plans that address pollution sources, impacts, and | pr | even | uoi |
| | measures [Assignments/Presentations]. | | | |
| | gical approach | | | |
| | he course will be delivered through lectures, tutorials, and discussion of case studies. | | | |
| - | , materials | | | |
| | Pani, B. (2018). Textbook of Environmental Chemistry. (2nd ed.). I.K. Internationa | I Pu | ıblis | hing |
| | House Pvt. Ltd. | | | |
| | Manahan, S.E. (2010). Fundamentals of Environmental Chemistry. (9th ed.). Taylor & | | | |
| | Mirsal, I.A. (2008). Soil pollution. Origin, Monitoring and Remediation. (2nd ed.). Spr | - | | |
| • | Brady, N.C. & Weil, R.R. (2002). The Nature and Properties of Soils. (13th ed.). Prent | ice I | Hall. | |
| Journal | S | | | |
| • | Chemosphere | | | |
| | Journal of Environmental Management | | | |
| | Water Research | | | |
| | Science of The Total Environment | | | |
| - | | | | |

Student Responsibilities

The students must attend the classes regularly and ensure timely submissions of tutorials and assignments. Their other responsibilities include feedback and discipline in the class.

Course Designed by:

- Dr. Saumya Arya, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies
- Dr. Ranjana Ray Chaudhuri, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. Sudesh Yadav, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. Chirashree Ghosh, Professor, Department of Environmental Studies, University of Delhi, Delhi

| Course | Title: Spatial Data Modelling and Analysis | | | |
|----------|---|---------------|--------|----------|
| Course | | | | |
| <u> </u> | L: Lecture; T: Tutori | al ; P | : Pra | ctica |
| | uisite course code and title (if any): | | | |
| | nent: Department of Natural and Applied Sciences | | | |
| | coordinator: Course instructor: details: | | | |
| | type: Minor Course offered in: Semester 4 | | | |
| | Description | | | |
| | urse is designed to equip students with the theoretical knowledge and practical skil | ls ne | edec | l to |
| | ely manage, analyze, and visualize spatial data in various contexts. This course de | | | |
| | es and methodologies of spatial data analysis, emphasizing the importance of | | | |
| | tion systems (GIS), remote sensing, and statistical techniques in understanding spatial | | | |
| | accessful completion of the course, the students will be able to apply a range of s | | | |
| | al analysis methods, such as spatial autocorrelation, interpolation, and surface analysi | s, to | unco | ver |
| | and relationships within spatial datasets. | | | |
| | objectives | .1 | | |
| | Develop an understanding of fundamental spatial concepts, terminology, and theories | s that | t und | erp |
| | spatial data modeling and analysis. | a1 a4 | atiati | <u> </u> |
| | Develop skills in applying spatial analysis methods such as interpolation, and spati identify patterns and relationships within spatial datasets. | ai si | ausu | CS |
| | Develop proficiency in visualizing spatial data using maps and graphs, emphasizing t | he i | mnor | tand |
| | of effective communication of spatial information to diverse audiences. | | mpor | cuir |
| Course | | | | |
| Module | | L | Т | P |
| 1 | Basics of Geospatial Data Modelling | | 1 | |
| | This module will provide an in-depth knowledge of geospatial modeling techniques. | | | |
| | In addition, students will explore normalization methods and levels of measurement | | | |
| | critical in geospatial analysis. | 4 | | |
| | | | | |
| | Geospatial models: types and modelling: descriptive, prescriptive, and predictive | | | |
| 2 | Concepts of Spatial Analysis | | | |
| | The module will help students to explore how spatial relationships influence various | | | |
| | phenomena and how these concepts can be applied in diverse fields such as | | | |
| | geography, urban planning, environmental science, and social sciences. | | | |
| | Introduction to algorithms and flowcharts; map algebra: operators and functions: | 6 | | |
| | mathematical, logical comparison and boolean; operations and functions: local, | | | |
| | focal, zonal, and global; spatial interaction models; Key concepts of Spatial analysis: | | | |
| | distance, adjacency, interaction, and neighbourhood | | | |
| 3 | Point Pattern Analysis | | 1 | 1 |
| | The module covers the advanced techniques for analyzing spatial distributions of | | | |
| | points. Students will learn to identify patterns and assess spatial relationships, | | | |
| | enabling them to draw meaningful conclusions from spatial data. | | | |
| | Centrography; Distance based analysis: Nearest Neighbour Distance, K and L | 4 | | 2 |
| | functions; Density based analysis: Quadrant, local, global and kernel, Cluster | | | |
| | analysis: K-means Clustering, Hotspot analysis; Thiessen polygons; Spatial | | | |
| | Autocorrelation - Moran's I | | | |
| 1 | Torrain Analysis | | | |
| 4 | Terrain Analysis The module covers the concepts of terrain analysis, their importance, and how they | | | |
| | are applied in natural resource management. | - | | _ |
| | | 2 | | 2 |
| | Local neighbourhood operation-slope, aspect, curvature, viewshed | | | |
| | Network Analysis and Dynamic Segmentation | | | |

| | The module equips students with the fundamental concepts of network analysis and | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| | dynamic segmentation, which are crucial for understanding and interpreting | | | |
| | complex data flows within a network. | | | |
| | | 6 | | 10 |
| | Network Analysis: Geocoding, optimum routing, closest facilities, resource | | | |
| | allocation; Watershed analysis: flow direction, flow accumulation, Stream Network | | | |
| | Link; Dynamic Segmentation: route, section, events, and its application | | | |
| 6 | Spatial Interpolation | | | |
| | The module delves into the theoretical foundations, methodologies, and practical | | | |
| | applications of spatial interpolation, equipping students with the skills to analyze | | | |
| | spatial data and make informed predictions. | 6 | | 4 |
| | Decreasion model Trand surface Analysis Intermolation techniques I againd | 6 | | 4 |
| | Regression model, Trend surface Analysis, Interpolation techniques: Local and global methods; Inverse Distance Weighting (IDW), Natural Neighbor Inverse | | | |
| | Distance Weighted (NNIDW); Triangulated Irregular Network (TIN), Lattice Model | | | |
| 7 | Multi-Criteria Decision Support System | | | |
| 1 | The module provides insights into the methodologies and tools designed to aid | | | |
| | decision-making in complex scenarios involving multiple conflicting criteria. | | | |
| | accision making in complex scenarios involving multiple conflicting enteria. | | | |
| | Introduction to decision support systems, problem structuring and criteria definition, | | | Ι. |
| | pairwise comparison, consistency, and sensitivity analysis; application of Multi- | 6 | | 4 |
| | Criteria Decision Analysis (MCDM) - Analytical Hierarchy Process (AHP); | | | |
| | Weighted Sum Method, Technique for Order Preference by Similarity to Ideal | | | |
| | Solution (TOPSIS) | | | |
| | Total | 34 | 0 | 22 |
| | Practical Modules | | | |
| 1. | Point Pattern analysis | | | 2 |
| 2. | Terrain analysis | | | 2 |
| 3. | Watershed analysis | | | 2 |
| 4. | Network analysis | | | 4 |
| 5. | Dynamic segmentation | | | 4 |
| 6. | Geostatistical analysis | | | 4 |
| 7. | Multi-criteria decision analysis | | | 4 |
| | Total | 34 | 0 | 22 |
| Evalua | tion criteria | | | |
| • 1 | Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 20% | | | |
| | Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3 and 4] 20% | | | |
| | Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 40% | | | |
| | Practical Test: [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] 20% | | | |
| | | | | |
| | ng outcomes end of the course, students will be able to: | | | |
| 2 | lifferentiate between different geospatial models and apply mathematical, logical, and B | | on | |
| | operators to analyze spatial data. [Module 1 and 2; Minor Test 1] | 0016 | all | |
| | lemonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the theoretical concepts underlying | noi | nt no | ttarr |
| | temonsulate a comprehensive understanding of the theoretical concepts underlying | pon | n pe | |
| | unalysis and terrain analysis [Module 3 and 4 Minor Test 2] | | | |
| а | analysis and terrain analysis. [Module 3 and 4, Minor Test 2] | tim | 0 0 m | d |
| a • a | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance | , tim | e, an | d |
| a • a t | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] | - | | |
| a • a t | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] lemonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation method | - | | |
| a • a t • c | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] | ods a | nd th | eir |
| a • a • c a • a | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, | ods a | nd th | eir |
| a • a • c • c a • a | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, competence in decision-making frameworks. [Module 1-7; Major Test] | ods a | nd th | eir |
| a • a • c • c a • a • a • Pedago | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, competence in decision-making frameworks. [Module 1-7; Major Test] gical approach | ods a dem | nd th | eir ating |
| a • a • c a • a • a • a • Pedago • 7 | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, competence in decision-making frameworks. [Module 1-7; Major Test] gical approach The course incorporates spatial data modeling and analysis while promoting studes | ods a dem | nd th | eir ating |
| a • a • c • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, competence in decision-making frameworks. [Module 1-7; Major Test] gical approach The course incorporates spatial data modeling and analysis while promoting stude hrough lectures and practicals. | ods a dem nt di | nd th onstr | eir ating |
| a • a • c • c • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a • a | apply optimal routing algorithms to determine the most efficient paths based on distance raffic conditions. [Module 5] demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of both local and global interpolation metho applications in spatial analysis. [Module 6] apply Multi-Criteria Decision Making (MCDM) techniques to real-world problems, competence in decision-making frameworks. [Module 1-7; Major Test] gical approach The course incorporates spatial data modeling and analysis while promoting studes | ods a dem nt di | nd th onstr | eir ating |

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- O'Sullivan, D., & Unwin, D. J. (2010)*. *Geographic Information Analysis*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Verbyla, D. L. (2002)*. Practical GIS analysis. CRC press.
- Chang, K. T. (2019). Introduction to geographic information systems, 9th Edition. Mc Graw Hill Higher Education.
- Maguire, D. J., Batty, M., & Goodchild, M. F. (2005). GIS, spatial analysis, and modeling. ESRI Press ISBN 1589481305, 9781589481305
- Longley, P. (2005). *Geographic information systems and science*. John Wiley & Sons.

Suggested Readings

- Longley, Paul A., Michael F. Goodchild, David J. Maguire, and David W. Rhind. (2015). *Geographic Information Systems and Science, 4th ed.*, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto.
- Bhatta, B. (2008). *Remote sensing and GIS (Vol. 2)*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Lo, C.P., and Albert K.W. Yeung, (2007). *Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, 2nd ed.*, Pearson Education Canada, Inc., Toronto.
- Burrough, P. A., McDonnell, R. A., & Lloyd, C. D. (2015). *Principles of geographical information systems*. Oxford University Press, USA.
- DeMers, Michael N. (2008). Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems, 4th. ed., John Wiley and Sons, Toronto.

Journals:

- Advances in Water Resources
- Agricultural and Forest Meteorology
- Asian Journal of Geoinformatics
- Ecological Modelling
- International Journal of Geoinformatics
- International Journal of Remote Sensing

Student Responsibilities

The students must come prepared with the readings given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Ayushi Vijhani, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. P. K. Joshi, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. Vinay SP Sinha, Professor, Centre of the Study Regional Development, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. Sameer Saran, Dy General Manager (DGM) & Scientist/Engineer 'SG", Regional Remote Sensing Centre North, NRSC/ISRO

Dear Dr. Sarangi,

I would support your decision regarding the application for extension of Mr. Tushar Saxena.

I have also been told by the Water & Energy International Journal that his paper has been accepted. I am presuming that he will get the letter from them soon.

Best Wishes Ajay Mathur

Dear Dr. Gopal,

I am not sure if granting an extension is a wise idea. These conference presentations and certificates were anyways there. I do not have any idea about the progress of the concerned student. If this becomes a precedent this may simply continue. There is absolutely no guarantee about it. I am simply fed up with this.

Regards, Shantanu

From: Manish Kumar Shrivastava <manish.shrivastava@teri.res.in>
Sent: Friday, December 13, 2024 12:57 PM
To: Gopal K Sarangi <gopal.sarangi@terisas.ac.in>; Shantanu De Roy
<shantanu.roy@terisas.ac.in>; DG ISA <amathur@isolaralliance.org>; DoPMS
<DoPMS@terisas.ac.in>
Cc: Dean Academic <dean.academic@terisas.ac.in>
Subject: Re: Request for extension for PhD thesis submission

Dear Gopal I concur with your observation regarding forwarding the request for an extension.

Regards Manish

Enclosure 10

| Course title: Intermediate Macroeconomics-II | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: BPE XXX | No. of credits: 4 | | L-T-P: 56-4-0 | Learning hours: 60 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): Intermediate Macroeconomics-I | | | | | | | |
| Department: Policy and Management Studies | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: XXX | | Course instructor: XXX | | | | | |
| Contact details: XXX | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Major | | Course offered in: Semester 4 | | | | | |
| Course description: | | | | | | | |

This is a follow-up course of Intermediate Macroeconomics-I that is offered in Semester 3 of the Four-Year Undergraduate Programme. It starts with a revision of the Simple Keynesian and the IS-LM Models that are introduced to the students in Intermediate Macroeconomics-I. This is followed by discussions on the theories of expectations formations and market outcomes. These discussions will focus on the monetary and real explanations of the business cycle.

Subsequent discussions centre on the various theoretical formulations of the Phillips curve, with expectations. In these discussions, prices and wages are flexible and competition is the dominant feature in the market.

The focus of discussions shifts to the analysis of the labour and commodity markets with the relaxation of the assumptions of wage and price flexibilities, and competition in the market. The relevance of policy interventions in a rigid price (and wage) regime is an important conclusion of these discussions. This contrasts with the flexible price (and wage) regime where policies are irrelevant.

Within the ambit of policy interventions, there is a dominance of monetary policy in the New Keynesian macroeconomic thought. In this paradigm, interest rate is the monetary policy instrument rather than an exogenously given money supply, for the central bank. This is the main theme of discussion in Module 6.

In Module 7, the discussion focusses on the behaviour of the households in terms of making choices between consumption and savings and work-effort and leisure. For instance, a rise in the rate of interest motivates households to save more and consume more in the future.

Course objectives:

- To acquaint the students with diverse macroeconomic thoughts that vary in terms of formation of expectations, nature of the market, operations of the market forces like price and wage and relevance (or irrelevance) of policies.
- To understand the impacts of inflation in the economy and society.
- To understand, theoretically, the nature and scope of policy interventions by the central bank in the modern capitalist economies, including in India.
- To understand the intertemporal consumption choices of the households.

| Course c | ontents | | | |
|----------|---------|---|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |

| 1. | Simple Keynesian Model and the IS-LM Model in a closed economy | 4 | 1 | |
|----|--|----|---|--|
| | Determination of output and employmentEffectiveness of fiscal and monetary policy | | | |
| 2. | Theories of Expectation Formation and the Market Outcomes | 10 | 2 | |
| | Static Expectations, Adaptive Expectations and Rational Expectations Aggregate [surprise] supply function of Robert Lucas Technology shocks, and market outcomes | | | |
| | • Determination of equilibrium in the market | | | |
| 3. | Theories of Inflation and Analysis of the Phillips Curve | 11 | | |
| | • The trade-off between inflation and unemployment under static expectations | | | |
| | Money illusion and expectation augmented Phillips curve Policy irrelevance under Rational Expectations | | | |
| 4. | Output, Unemployment and Inflation | 6 | | |
| | Okun's law Effects of the growth of money supply on output, unemployment and inflation | | | |
| 5. | The Macroeconomics of Price and Wage Rigidity | 8 | | |
| | Imperfect competition and price rigidity Labour market under wage rigidity: policy relevance under rational expectation | | | |
| 6. | Monetary Policy in New Keynesian Paradigm | 10 | | |
| | The IS-MP-IA model Controlling of inflation: The Monetary Policy Committee and inflation targets A theoretical critique of the monetary policy | | | |
| 7 | Intertemporal Consumption-Savings Choice | 8 | | |
| | Budget constraints for two periods Choosing consumption over two periods—interest rate and intertemporal substitution | | | |
| | Total (in hours) | 57 | 3 | |

Evaluation criteria

- 1. Minor 1: Written test [after the completion of Modules 1, 2 and 3] 30% [learning outcome 1]
- 2. Minor 2: Written exam [after the completion of Module 4] 30% [learning outcome 1]
- 3. Major exam: Written test [after the completion of the course; based on Modules 5, 6 and 7] 40 % [learning outcomes 1, 2 and 3]

Learning outcomes

After the completion of the course, students will develop:

- 1. A comprehensive understanding of diverse macroeconomic thoughts in terms of its core features, labour and commodity market outcomes, application of expectations formation and policy interventions.
- 2. An understanding of the role of the central bank in macroeconomic stabilization.
- 3. Understanding the behaviour of households with respect to consumption (and savings) and work effort across periods.

References

Textbooks

Barro, R. (1997). *Macroeconomics (5th edition)*, MIT Press.

Begg, D., Vernasca, G., Fischer, S., and Dornbusch, R. (2014). *Economics (11th edition)*, McGraw Hill Education.

Andrew, A. B., Bernanke, B.S., and Croushore, D. (2011). *Macroeconomics* (7th edition), Pearson.

Mankiw, N. G. (2015). *Macroeconomics* (9th edition), Worth Publishers.

CORE reading materials (module-wise):

Module 1: Simple Keynesian Model and the IS-LM Model in a closed economy Dornbusch, R. and Fischer, S. (2010). *Macroeconomics* (6th edition). McGraw Hill India.

Module 2: Theories of Expectation Formation and the Labour Market Outcomes Snowdon, B., and Vane, H.R. (2006). Chapter 5 in *Modern Macroeconomics: Its Origins, Development and Current State*, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited.

Module 3: Theories of Inflation and Analysis of the Phillips Curve

Blanchard, O., and Johnson, D. R. (2013). Chapter 8 in *Macroeconomics (6th edition)*, Pearson. Andrew, A. B., Bernanke, B.S., and Croushore, D. (2011). Chapter 12 in *Macroeconomics (7th edition)*, Pearson.

Snowdon, B., and Vane, H.R. (2006). Chapters 4 and 5 in *Modern Macroeconomics: Its Origins, Development and Current State*, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited.

Module 4: Output, Unemployment, and Inflation Blanchard, O. (2007). Chapter 9 in *Macroeconomics (4th edition)*, Pearson.

Module 5: The Macroeconomics of Price and Wage Rigidity Andrew, A. B., Bernanke, B.S., and Croushore, D. (2011). Chapter 12 in *Macroeconomics* (7th edition), Pearson.

Module 6: Monetary Policy in New Keynesian Macroeconomics

Romer, D. (2000). Keynesian macroeconomics without the LM curve. *Journal of economic perspectives*, 14(2), 149-170.

Begg, D., Vernasca, G., Fischer, S., and Dornbusch, R. (2014). Chapter 22 in *Economics* (11th edition), McGraw Hill Education.

Azad, R. (2016). The New Keynesian Paradigm of Monetary Policy: A Theoretical Critique. *Economic and Political Weekly*, 79-85.

Reserve Bank of India (various years). *Monetary Policy Reports*, available at <u>https://www.rbi.org.in/scripts/Annualpolicy.aspx</u>

Module 7: Intertemporal Consumption-Savings Choice

Barro, R. (1997). Chapter 3 in *Macroeconomics (5th edition)*, MIT Press. Branson, W. H. (2011). Chapter 12 in *Macroeconomic Theory and Policy (3rd edition)*, Eastwest press.

Additional reading materials:

Mankiw, N. G. (2003). *Principles of Macroeconomics*. South-Western College Publishing House.

Stiglitz, J. E. and Walsh, C. E. (2005). *Economics (4th edition)*, W. W. Norton and Company. Carlin, W. and Soskice, D. (2015). *Macroeconomics: Institutions, Instability and the Financial System*. Oxford University Press.

Pedagogical Approach:

Classroom lectures

Additional information (if any):

Course prepared by: Dr. Shantanu De Roy

Student responsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules.

Course reviewers:

Dr. Jyotirmoy Bhattacharya, Associate Professor, School of Liberal Studies, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar University Delhi.

Dr. Naveen Joseph Thomas, Associate Professor, Jindal School of Government and Public Policy, O. P. Jindal Global University

| Course tit | le: Intermediate S | Statistical methods for | r economics | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|---|-------------|-------------|-------|----------|-------|
| Course Co | de: TBD | No of credits: 4 | L-T-P: 44 | -16-0 | Learnii | ng H | Iour | S: |
| D · | • | | | | 60 | | | |
| | | and Title: Introducto | | | | | | 1 |
| | | UDS 101); Mathema | | | | | | lem |
| | | nming (UDS 102); E f Policy and Manage | | | | 201 | 1) | |
| Course co | | and Manage | | se Instr | uctor | | | |
| Contact D | | | Cour | se msu | uctor. | | | |
| Course Ty | | | Cour | se offer | ed in: Se | mes | ster 4 | _ |
| | | course is a follow-up | | | | | | |
| | | rse covers different t | | | | | | luce |
| | | f samples, and to var | | - | | | | |
| course also | provides a basic | understanding of sir | | | | | | |
| Course Ob | ojective: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Bui | lding on the four | dations of previous | course on stat | tistics, th | ne intent o | of th | nis or | ne is |
| | | ts with different type | so discrete a | nd conti | nuous pr | obal | bility | 7 |
| | ributions. | | | | | | | |
| | | with joint probability | | | _ | | | |
| | | the distinction betw | | | | | | 1 |
| | 1 2 | s the notion of hypot | hesis testing | in case c | of large sa | mp | les ai | nd |
| | all samples. | | | | | | | |
| Course con | | | | | T | | T | D |
| S.N. | Topics | C 1 D | | | I 4 | | <u>T</u> | Р |
| 1 | | Samples and Process | | | 4 | • | 1 | |
| | - | ple spaces and events | 5 | | | | | |
| | | litional probability | | | | | | |
| | • Indei | pendence | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | 0 |) | | |
| 2 | Discrete ran | dom variables | 6 1: | | 8 | } | 2 | |
| 2 | Discrete ran • Prob | dom variables ability distributions of | of discreet rai | ndom | 8 | 5 | 2 | |
| 2 | Discrete ran Prob varia | dom variables ability distributions obles | of discreet rai | ndom | 8 | 5 | 2 | |
| 2 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe | dom variables ability distributions obles bles ected values | | | | 5 | 2 | |
| 2 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino | dom variables ability distributions obles ected values mial, hypergeometri | | | | } | 2 | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss | dom variables ability distributions obles ected values mial, hypergeometrics | | | ial, | | | |
| 2 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables | c and negativ | | | | 2 | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi | e and negativ | | ial, | | | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f | e and negativ | | ial, | | | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values | e and negativ | | ial, | | | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution | c and negativ | | ial, | | | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density function ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of | c and negativ | | ial, 8 | } | 2 | |
| | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions | e and negativ ons unctions distribution | | ial, | } | | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density function ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor | c and negativ ons unctions distribution | e binom | ial, 8 | } | 2 | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expec Joint probab Joint Expe | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions | c and negativ ons unctions distribution | e binom | ial, 8 | , | 2 | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint Expe | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric on random variables ability density function ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor ected values, covarian | c and negativ ons unctions distribution n variable nce and corre | e binom | ial, 8 | , | 2 | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint Expe Sampling Mean | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor ected values, covarian | c and negativ ons unctions distribution n variable nce and corre | e binom | ial, 8 | , | 2 | |
| 3 4 5 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint Expe Sampling Mean Cent | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor ected values, covariant ning, objective and n ral Limit theorem | e and negativ ons unctions distribution n variable nee and corre | e binom | ial, 8 | 5 | 2 2 1 | |
| 3 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint Expe Sampling Mean Cent | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density function ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor ected values, covariant hing, objective and n ral Limit theorem tion and interval esti | c and negativ | e binom | ial, 8 | 5 | 2 | |
| 3 4 5 | Discrete ran Prob varia Expe Bino Poiss Continuous Prob Cum Expe Norm Expe Joint probab Joint Expe Sampling Mean Cent Point estima • type | dom variables ability distributions of bles ected values mial, hypergeometric son random variables ability density functi ulative distribution f ected values nal distribution onential and gamma of ility distributions ly distributed randor ected values, covariant ning, objective and n ral Limit theorem | c and negativ | e binom | ial, 8 | 5 | 2 2 1 | |

| | • For specific means and proportion | | | |
|---|---|---------|-------|------|
| | For equality of means and proportions | | | |
| | with sessions on R | | | |
| 8 | Hypothesis testing small sample tests (when population | 6 | 3 | |
| 3 | standard deviation is known and when it is unknown) | 0 | 5 | |
| | | | | |
| | • For specific means and proportion | | | |
| | • For equality of means and proportions | | | |
| | • with sessions on R | | | |
| Total | | 44 | 16 | |
| ~ ~ ~ | Approach: Classroom teaching and problem solving sessions | | | |
| Evaluation C | riteria: | | | |
| Minor 1: Writ | ten examination (Module 1, 2, and 3) – 30% | | | |
| Minor 2: Writ | ten examination (Module 4, 5, and 6) -30% | | | |
| Major : Writte | n examination (Module 1 to 8) – 40% | | | |
| Learning Out | tcomes: | | | |
| At the end of | he course the student must be able to: | | | |
| • Unders | stand differences in various probability distributions – discrete | , cont | inuou | s as |
| | joint. (Based on Minor 1 and Minor 2) | , | | |
| | be able to formulate hypothesis and be able to employ adequ | ate tes | ting | |
| | ds. (Based on Major) | | , | |
| metho | | | | |
| Core Reading | s: Devore, Jay L. Probability and Statistics for Engineering an | d the | Scien | ces, |
| Brooks /Cole | | | | |
| Freund, John | E., and Benjamin M. Perles. Modern Elementary Statistics: Pe | earson | New | |
| | Edition. Pearson Higher Ed, 2013. | | | |
| | chapters from the core readings | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 1 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 2 and 3 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 4 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 5 | | | |
| | und and Perles, Chapter 10 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 6 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 8 and 9 | | | |
| | , cre, charles o and s | | | |
| viodule X. De | vore Chapter 9 | | | |
| | vore, Chapter 9 formation : | | | |
| Additional in | formation : | | | |
| Additional in Course prepar | formation : ed by Dr. Aditi Singhal | | | |
| Additional in Course prepar Student respo | formation : ed by Dr. Aditi Singhal | | | |

Course reviewers:

Dr. Divya Gupta, Assistant Professor, O.P. Jindal Global University Dr. Apoorva Gupta, Assistant Professor, Hansraj College, University of Delhi

| Course title: Economic Histor | ry of India | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Course code: BPE XXX | No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P : 60-0-0 | Learning hours: 60 |
| Pre-requisite course code an | d title (if any): None | | |
| Department: Policy and Man | agement Studies | | |
| Course coordinator: XXX | | Course instructor: XXX | X |
| Contact details: XXX | | | |
| Course type: Major | | Course offered in: Seme | ester 4 |
| | | • | |

Course description:

This course brings into focus certain key aspects of the Indian economy during the colonial period. It starts with a discussion of the trends of the fundamental macroeconomic features of the Indian economy during this period. Discussions in the course then centers on the core sectors of the Indian economy. The key issues in Indian agriculture, Indian industry and foreign trade are the focus of these discussions. However, these issues and the performances of each of the core sectors cannot be isolated from the policies that were being pursued by the colonial government in India that were primarily meant to cater to the interests of the economy of colonial Britain. Critical analysis of the economic policies—fiscal, monetary, and industrial—that were pursued by the colonial administration in India with the related consequences on the levels of living of a huge mass of the population, is the focus of discussions in Module 5.

The transition of India from a colonised nation to a post-colonial state is inextricably related to the policies that were pursued by the government of the independent nation. Discussions in the last module (Module 6) revolve around the debates, prior to and at the time of independence, on the possible development trajectories of the newly independent nation. The government position on the subsequent implementation of Five-Year Plans that shaped the development trajectory was an outcome of these debates.

Course objectives:

- To understand the structure and overall performance of the Indian economy and its core sectors between 1857 and 1947.
- To acquaint the students with the macroeconomic policies that were pursued by the colonial administration and enable them to critically examine those through the impacts these policies had on the population.
- To understand the transition of a colonised nation in terms of pursuing an autonomous development trajectory after independence.

| Course conter | ıts | | | |
|---------------|-------|---|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |

| 1. | Macroeconomic Trends in the Indian Economy | 10 | |
|----|--|----|--|
| | Growth rate of national income and shares of sectors in the national income Structure of national income and workforce Trends in real wages and the levels of living | | |
| 2. | Issues in Indian Agriculture | 10 | |
| | Trends in production and yield Commercialization of agriculture Agrarian relations in the countryside Movements of agricultural prices | | |
| 3. | Issues in Indian Industry | 10 | |
| | The development of railwaysDe-industrialization debateLabour relations | | |
| 4. | Colonial India in the World Economy | 12 | |
| | Levels and patterns of international trade Economic relationship between colonial India and Britain | | |
| 5. | Economic Policy of the Colonial Government and its Consequences | 12 | |
| | Fiscal policy Industrial policy Monetary policy Critical evaluation of policy interventions during famines | | |
| 6. | Indian Economy in Transition: From the Colonial to the Post- Colonial | 6 | |
| | Debates on the nature of Indian planning after IndependenceThe consensus on state-led capitalist development | | |
| | Total (in hours) | 60 | |

- Minor 1: Written test [after the completion of Module 1] 25% [learning outcome 1].
- Minor 2: Presentation [after the completion of Modules 2, 3 and 4] 35% [learning outcome 2].
- Major exam: Written test: [after the completion of the course; based on Modules 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6] 40% [learning outcomes 2, 3 and 4].

Learning outcomes

After the completion of the course, students will develop:

- Understanding of the performance of the Indian economy during the colonial period.
- Comprehensive understanding of the issues related to the core sectors of the economy that has repercussions in the contemporary period.
- Detailed understanding of the policies of the colonial administration and the impacts of these policies on the economy.
- Understanding of the changes in the development trajectory of the Indian economy during transition.

References

Textbooks

- Bagchi, A. K. (2008). Private Investment in India: 1900-1939. Cambridge University Press.
- Balakrishnan, P. (2010). *Economic Growth in India: History and Prospect*, Oxford University Press.
- Kumar, D. And Desai, M. (2008). *The Cambridge Economic History of India: Volume 2*, Cambridge University Press.
- Roy, T. (2011). *The Economic History of India: 1857-1947 (3rd edition)*, Oxford University Press.

CORE reading materials (module-wise):

- Module 1: Macroeconomic Trends in the Indian Economy
- Roy, T. (2011). Chapter 3 in *The Economic History of India: 1857-1947 (3rd edition)*, Oxford University Press.
- Krishnamurty, J. (2008). The occupational structure in D. Kumar and M. Desai (eds.), *The Cambridge Economic History of India: Volume 2*, Cambridge University Press.

Module 2: Issues in Indian Agriculture

- McAlpin, M. (2008). Price movements and fluctuations in economic activity (186-1947) in D. Kumar and M. Desai (eds.), *The Cambridge Economic History of India: Volume 2*, Cambridge University Press.
- Habib, I. (2006). Chapter 3 in *Indian Economy: 1858-1914*, Tulika Books.
- Roy, T. (2011). Chapter 3 in *The Economic History of India: 1857-1947 (3rd edition)*, Oxford University Press.
- Guha, S. (1992). Introduction to *Growth, Stagnation or Decline? Agricultural Productivity in British India*, Oxford University Press.

Module 3: Issues in Indian Industry

- Roy, T. (2011). Chapter 6 in *The Economic History of India: 1857-1947 (3rd edition)*, Oxford University Press.
- Bagchi, A. K. (2008). Chapter 14 in *Private Investment in India: 1900-1939*. Cambridge University Press.
- Habib, I. (2006). Chapter 2 in *Indian Economy: 1858-1914*, Tulika Books.

- Morris, D. Morris. (1965). Chapter 11 (Summary and Conclusions) in *The Emergence of an Industrial Labour Force in India: A Study of the Bombay Cotton Mills, 1854-1947*, Oxford University Press, University of California Press.
- Hurd, J. H. (1983). Chapter 8 in in D. Kumar and M. Desai (eds.), *The Cambridge Economic History of India: Volume 2*, Cambridge University Press.

Module 4: Foreign Trade and the Balance of Payments

- Mukherjee, A. (2010). How colonial India made modern Britain. *Economic and Political Weekly*, 45(50), 73-82.
- Roy, T. (2011). Chapter 3 in *The Economic History of India: 1857-1947 (3rd edition)*, Oxford University Press.
- Habib, I. (2006). Chapter 4 in Indian Economy: 1858-1914, Tulika Books.
- Chaudhuri, K.N. (1983). Foreign trade and balance of payments (1757-1947) in D. Kumar and M. Desai (eds.), *The Cambridge Economic History of India: Volume 2*, Cambridge University Press.
- Patnaik, U. (2017). Revisiting the 'drain', or transfer from India to Britain in the context of global diffusion of capitalism. *Agrarian and Other Histories: Essays for Binay Bhushan Chaudhuri, New Delhi:* Tulika Books, 277-317.
- Balachandran, G. (2016). Colonial India and the world economy, C. 1850-1940., in Chaudhury, L. et al (eds.), *A New Economic History of Colonial India*. Routledge, London and New York.

Module 5: Economic Policy of the Colonial Government and its impacts

- Bagchi, A. K. (2008). Chapter 2 in *Private Investment in India: 1900-1939*. Cambridge University Press.
- Patnaik, U., (2018). Profit inflation, Keynes and the holocaust in Bengal, 1943–44. *Economic and Political Weekly*, *53*(42), 33-43.
- Dreze, J. (1991). Chapter 1 in *The Political Economy of Hunger. Volume 2: Famine Prevention*, Clarendon Press.

Module 6: Indian Economy in Transition: From the Colonial to the Post- Colonial

- Balakrishnan, P. (2010). Chapter 2 in *Economic Growth in India: History and Prospect*, Oxford University Press.
- Patnaik, P. (1998). Some Indian debates in planning in T. J. Byres (ed.), *The Indian Economy: Major Debates Since Independence*, Oxford University Press.
- Dasgupta, C. (2016). Chapters 4 and 5 in *State and Capital in Independent India: Institutions and Accumulation*, Cambridge University Press.

Additional reading materials:

- Guha, S. (1992). *Growth, Stagnation or Decline? Agricultural Productivity in British India*, Oxford University Press.
- Chattopadhyay, R. (1987). An early British government initiative in the genesis of Indian planning, *Economic and Political Weekly*, 22(5), 19-29.
- Parthasarathi, P. (2011). Why Europe grew rich and Asia did not: Global economic divergence, 1600–1850. Cambridge University Press.
- Ray, R. K. (1992). Entrepreneurship and industry in India, 1800-1947. Oxford University

Press.

- Patnaik, U. and Patnaik, P. (2021). *Capital and imperialism: theory, history, and the present*. Monthly Review Press.
- Parthasarathi, P (2009), "Historical Issues of Deindustrialisation in Nineteenth Century South India" in T. Roy and G Riello (eds) *How India Clothed the World: The World of South Asian Textiles I500-1850*, Brill, Leiden, pp. 415-435.

Pedagogical Approach:

• Classroom lectures

Additional information (if any): None

Course prepared by: Dr. Shantanu De Roy

Student responsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules.

Course reviewers:

Prof. C. Saratchand, Department of Economics, University of Delhi. Mr. Saumyajit Bhattacharya, Associate Professor, Department of Economics, Kirori Mal College, University of Delhi.

Enclosure 11

| Course title: Busines | ss Communication-II | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P: 16-14-0 | Learning hours: 30 |
| Pre-requisite course | code and title (if any): Co | mmunication Skills an | d Technical Writing |
| Department: Policy | and Management Studies | | |
| Course coordinator | (s): | Course in | structor(s): |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course of | fered in: Semester 2 |
| Course description | | | |
| to articulate their vie | 0, 1 | - | r disciplines, but often unable es in writing effective reports |
| | | | nphasis on understanding and on-verbal, written visual and |

listening). In all forms of communication, the process begins with the understanding the audience which forms the basis of the start of the process itself. The course is designed to be taught in work shop mode ensuring the practice of learned skills either individual or group work. By ensuring that the students have several opportunities to speak in the class and are exposed to the requirements of adjusting communication in different settings and audience across occasions and cultures.

Course objectives

Upon satisfactory completion of the course, students will be able to:

Understand the importance of various forms of communication (verbal, non-verbal, written, visual and listening)

Know the initiation of the communication begin with the "understanding the audience"

Be more confident in speaking in front of an audience

Principles of Negotiation and Persuasion Techniques

Understand how cultural difference impact communication? and still be able to communicate effectively

Course content L T P Module Topic L T P A. Deciding Communication Methods and Channels–Understanding Audience 6 4 4 1. B. Revisiting Kinds of Communication Skills 6 4 4 Verbal- Act of speaking (offline and online modes), choice of words and arranging them eff 6 4 6

| Non-Verbal- Body Language, Facial expressions Eye Contact, etc Written -Effective use of written words to convey the message-emails, memos, reports, social media posts etc. | | | |
|--|----|----|---|
| Visual-effective use of presentations, paintings, drawings, etc | | | |
| Listening Understanding and Practicing Persuasion Skills | | | |
| a) Communication b) Emotional Intelligence c) Active Listening d) Logic and Reasoning e) Interpersonal skills f) Negotiation (Role Plays) | 4 | 4 | |
| Negotiation - A Communication focus | | | |
| Negotiation Fundamentals Negotiation Preparation Value creation and value claiming Peer assessment Negotiation Process (Role Plays) | 4 | 4 | |
| Managing cross cultural communications | | | |
| (a) Language, value systems, perceptions, philosophies | | | |
| 4. (b) Time and space | 2 | 2 | |
| 4. (c) Fate and personal responsibility | | | |
| | | | |
| Case study | | | |
| Total | 16 | 14 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria | | | |
| Detailed Group Presentations: 20% Group Assignments including Role Plays: 30% End Term: 50% | | | |
| Learning outcomes | | _ | _ |
| Upon satisfactory completion of the course, students will be able to: | | | |
| Be more confident in speaking in front of an audience Understand how cultural difference impact communication and be able to bridge th Understand the power of persuasion and storytelling in business setting and learn h Have an understanding of negotiations. | | | t |
| Pedagogical approach | | | |
| Lectures Role Plays (Module 2 & 3) | | | |

• Case Studies (Module 4)

• Student Presentations for module 1

Materials

Required text

- Beer D. (1991) Writing and Speaking in the Technology Professions: A Practical Guide, Wiley-IEEE Press.
- Markel M. (2009) Technical Communications, 9th Edition, Bedford/St Martin's.
- Daly, John, and Isa Engleberg. "Coping with Stage fright." *Harvard Management Communication Letter* 2, No. 6, (June 1999), 1-4.
- Getting to Yes: Negotiating Agreement without Giving in. Roger Fisher, William L. Ury and Bruce Patton. Penguin Books
- Mandal S.K. Effective Communication and Public Speaking. Jaico Publishing
- The Seven Myths of Win-Win Negotiations, Horacio Falcao
- Beebe, S.A & Beebe S.J (2012) Public Speaking: An Audience Centred Approach (8th Edition) Boston Pearson Publishers
- Jaffe,C.I (2013) Public Speaking : Concepts and Skills for a Diverse Society (7th Ed) Boston. Cengage Learning

Additional information (if any)

Course Prepared by: Prof. Neeraj Sharma

- 1. Dr. Ramandeep Kaur, Associate Professor, School of Management, GD Goenka University, Gurgaon- 122103, Haryana
- 2. Dr. Nandita Sharma, Assistant Professor, University of the People

| Course title: Business Economics (Part -I) | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Course code: No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 32-13-0 Learning hour | s: 4 | 5 | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | |
| Department: Policy & Management Studies | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Dr. Parul BehlCourse instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course Type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 | | | |
| Course Description | | | |
| The Business Economics course is designed to provide undergraduate stude foundational understanding of both microeconomic principles and their practical at the business world. The course focuses on how economic concepts such as demand elasticities of demand and supply affect the business decisions in both domestic markets. | ppli 1 and | cation d sup | n in ply, |
| Through this course, students will learn to analyze market dynamics, evaluate strategies, and assess the economic environment's impact on business performance. If the course, students will be equipped with the analytical tools necessary to mature business decisions and respond to economic challenges. | By tl | ne en | d of |
| This course is designed for the BBA students to build a strong foundation | in | Bugin | 1000 |
| Economics. The course provides a balanced blend of theoretical knowledge a application equipping students with the skills needed to navigate complex economic This course typically revolves around understanding the economic principle | and c lar | pract dsca | tical pes. |
| application in business decision making. The common objectives are to: | s a | na t | nen |
| Understand the basic economic concepts. This course aims to provide students | with | าวร | olid |
| foundation in fundamental economic theories such as demand and supply, theory | | | |
| and producer behaviour. | 01 0 | 01100 | |
| Apply the economic principles in business. This course will help in the application | 1 of | busir | ness |
| economics concept to solve real world business problems. | | | |
| Enable students to analyze in detail the theories of consumer behaviour and produc to formulate effective business strategies. | er b | ehav | iour |
| The overall goal is to provide students with the tools to analyse individual and firm markets and understand price mechanism. | beh | aviou | ır in |
| Course content | | | |
| Modul Topic | L | Т | Р |
| | | | |
| 1 Introduction to Business Economics | | | |
| Meaning and relevance of economics in the business world. Philosophy | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| of Business Economics. The economic problem – scarcity and choice; | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| central problems of an economy; production possibility curve. Case- | | | |
| 2 Demand Analysis | | | |
| Meaning of Demand, law of demand, demand function, demand schedule | | | |
| and demand curve, Movement and shift of demand curve; Individual and market demand curve. Consumer Surplus. | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 Elasticity of Demand and other applications | | | |
| Meaning of Elasticity of Demand, Determinants of elasticity of Demand, | 6 | 2 | |
| Types of Elasticity of Demand, Price elasticity formula and its | 0 | 2 | 0 |

| | applications (elastic, inelastic, unitary elastic, perfectly elastic and | | | |
|-----|--|-------|---------|--------------|
| | perfectly inelastic demand); Income elasticity and its applications | | | |
| | (normal goods, inferior goods and Giffen goods), cross- price elasticity | | | |
| | (substitutes and complimentary goods). Elasticities in different industries | | | |
| 4 | with case studies. | | | - |
| 4 | Supply Analysis | | | |
| | Meaning of supply, law of supply, supply function, supply schedule and | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | supply curve. Movement and shift of supply curve with diagram, | | | |
| 5 | producer surplus; determination of market equilibrium. | | | |
| 3 | Elasticity of Supply and its applications Elasticity of supply; meaning, importance and formula; determinants of | | | |
| | elasticity of supply. Applications in business with case- studies. | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | elasticity of suppry. Applications in busiless with case- studies. | | | |
| 6 | Theory of Consumer Behaviour | | | |
| 0 | Ordinal approach; Cardinal utility approach, law of diminishing marginal | | | |
| | utility, Utility theory, indifference curve approach- indifference curve, | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | properties of indifference curves, budget line and consumer's equilibrium | | - | Ũ |
| | | | | |
| 7 | Theory of Production | | | |
| | Theory of production- factors of production, basic concepts, production | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | function, law of variable proportion, returns to scale, producer's | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | equilibrium | | | |
| | TOTAL | | 13 | |
| | | 32 | | |
| Ev | aluation criteria: | | | |
| Th | e break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: | | | |
| • | Minor Test 1: Quizzes: 20% | | | |
| • | Minor Test 2: Test/ Assignment: 20% | | | |
| • | Projects: 20% | | | |
| • | Major Exam: Written Examination: 40% | | | |
| | arning outcomes: | | | |
| Af | ter successful completion of the course, students will be able to: | | | |
| • | Understand and explain core economic concepts, including market mech | anis | ms, j | orice |
| | determination, and macroeconomic indicators. | | ~~ ~~ ~ | - mlr - 4 |
| • | Apply economic principles to analyze business problems, forecast trends, and behaviour. | asse | ss ma | arket |
| | Evaluate the impact of government policies, inflation, and unemployment | t on | hugi | nace |
| | environments. | ι UΠ | Jusi | 11055 |
| | Develop strategies for business decisions based on economic trends and g | əloh | al ma | arket |
| | conditions. | 5100 | ui 111 | |
| Pe | dagogical approach | | | |
| | e course will be delivered through lectures and tutorials. | | | |
| | ferences: | | | |
| • | Mankiw, N. G. (2021). Principles of economics. Cengage Learning. | | | |
| • | Mohana, K. R., & Patro, C.S. (2023). Managerial Economics. IK International P | vt. I | .td. | |
| | | | | |
| Ado | litional Readings | | | |
| • | Ahuja, H. L. (2017). Advanced economic theory. S. Chand Publishing | | | |
| | Salvatore, D. (2019). International economics. John Wiley & Sons | | | |
| | Iditional information (If any): None | | | |
| Stu | udents Responsibilities: Class attendance, timely submission of assignme | nts | and | other |
| | | | | |

Prepared by: Dr. Parul Behl

- 1. Dr. Anish Gupta, Associate Professor, Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi.
- 2. Dr. Ganita Bhupal, Associate Professor, Rajdhani College, University of Delhi.

| Course title: Business Economics (Part-II) | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Course code: No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 32-13-0 Learning h | ours | 45 | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | 0020 | | |
| Department: Policy & Management Studies | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Dr. Parul BehlCourse instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course Type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 | | | |
| Course Description | | | |
| The Business Economics Part 2 is an extension to Business Economics Part- further designed to provide the undergraduate students with a foundational u various cost concepts and market structures in economics. This course will is students regarding the basic understanding of cost estimation in various I structures and their relevance in the real- world. | under furthe | stand er enl | ing of ighten |
| Through this course, students will learn to analyze market dynamics, ex- strategies, and assess the economic environment's impact on business performan- the course, students will be equipped with the analytical tools necessary to business decisions and respond to economic challenges. | ce. B | y the | end of |
| Course objectives | | | |
| This course is designed for the BBA students to build a strong foundation in bus. The course provides a balanced blend of theoretical knowledge and prace equipping students with the skills needed to navigate complex economic landsca typically revolves around understanding the economic costs and their applicat decision making. The common objectives are to: | tical apes. | appli This | ication course |
| Understand the basic economic costs. This course aims to provide studen foundation in cost analysis in business and economics. Apply the economic principles in business. This course will help in the applicat of costs to solve the real-world business problem such as price and output dec kinds of market structures. Enable students to analyze market conditions, competition, and consumer behave effective business strategies. The overall goal is to provide students with the tools to analyse firm behave markets and understand price mechanism. | ion o ision iour 1 | f the s in v o for | theory various mulate |
| Course content | | | |
| Module Topic | L | Т | Р |
| 1. Cost Concepts in Business Economics Introduction to costs in business economics, importance of cost analysis in business and economics, explicit vs implicit costs; economic cost vs accounting costs with relevant examples. | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. Categories of Costs | | | |
| Basic concepts, opportunity and sunk cost; cost-curves (fixed and | 1 | | |
| Basic concepts, opportunity and sunk cost; cost-curves (fixed and variable), shape and behaviour of cost curves, short-run average and marginal cost curves, short run vs long run cost curves, long run cost curve as envelope of short run cost curves, relationship between marginal cost and average cost | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| variable), shape and behaviour of cost curves, short-run average and marginal cost curves, short run vs long run cost curves, long run cost curve as envelope of short run cost curves, relationship between | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| variable), shape and behaviour of cost curves, short-run average and marginal cost curves, short run vs long run cost curves, long run cost curve as envelope of short run cost curves, relationship between marginal cost and average cost | 0 | 2 | 0 |

| Cost behaviour in perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic | | | |
|---|-------|---------|--------|
| competition and oligopoly, role of costs in pricing and output | | | |
| decision, application of cost analysis. | | | |
| 5. Equilibrium price and output determination under perfec | 4 | | |
| competition | L | | |
| Equilibrium of the firm, total revenue- total cost approach, margina | 14 | 2 | 0 |
| revenue- marginal cost approach, price and output determination unde | | 2 | U |
| perfect competition. Short-run and long- run equilibrium. | L | | |
| 6. Equilibrium price and output determination under imperfec | + | | |
| competition | L | | |
| Price and output determination under monopoly, monopolistic | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| competition, and oligopoly. Short-run and long- run equilibrium. | _ | | |
| 7. Case- studies of different kinds of market structures | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 32 | 13 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria: | 54 | 15 | V |
| The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: | | | |
| Minor Test 1: Quizzes/short tests: 20% | | | |
| Minor Test 1: Quizzes/short cests. Minor Test 2: Presentations : 20% | | | |
| Assignments/Projects: 20% | | | |
| Major Exam: Written Examination:40% | | | |
| Learning outcomes: | | | |
| After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: | | | |
| Understand and explain core economic concepts, including market m | echa | nieme | nri |
| determination, and macroeconomic indicators. | cena | 1151115 | , pri |
| Apply economic principles to analyze business problems, forecast trends, a | ind a | 22922 | mark |
| behaviour. | ina a | 55055 | mark |
| • Evaluate the impact of government policies, inflation, and unemployn | nent | on h | usine |
| environments. | ient | on o | usille |
| Analyze different market structures and identify optimal pricing and out | put s | trates | ies f |
| firms. | P | 20002 | |
| • Develop strategies for business decisions based on economic trends ar | nd gl | obal | mark |
| conditions. | | 0000 | |
| Pedagogical approach | | | |
| The course will be delivered through lectures and tutorials. | | | |
| References: | | | |
| • Mankiw, N. G. (2021). <i>Principles of economics</i> . Cengage Learning. | | | |
| • Mohana, K. R. & Patro, C.S. (2023). Managerial Economics. IK Internation | al Pv | t. Ltd | |
| | | | - |
| Additional Readings | | | |
| • Ahuja, H. L. (2017). Advanced economic theory. S. Chand Publishing | | | |
| Salvatore, D. (2019). International economics. John Wiley & Sons | | | |
| Additional information (If any): None | | | |
| Students Responsibilities: Class attendance, timely submission of assign | ment | c and | l oth |
| projects. | ment | s and | i oui |
| | | | |

Prepared by: Dr. Parul Behl

- 1. Dr. Anish Gupta (Associate Professor), Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi.
- 2. Dr. Ganita Bhupal (Associate Professor), Rajdhani College, University of Delhi

| Course | title: Business Research Methodology | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Course | | hours: | 60 | |
| Pre-req | uisite course code and title (if any): None | | | |
| Departn | nent: Policy & Management Studies | | | |
| Course | coordinator(s): Dr. Moumita Acharya Course instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact | details: | | | |
| Course | Type: CoreCourse offered in: Semester | 4 | | |
| Course | Description | | | |
| essential environr problem The cou techniqu scenario explore t Through question emphasi | Irse provides BBA students with a comprehensive understanding of re- for making informed business decisions. In a competitive and data- nent, organizations must rely on systematic research rather than assur- s and capitalize on opportunities. rse covers key research concepts such as research design, data colle es, and both qualitative and quantitative analysis, all crucial for eva s like market trends, consumer behavior, and operational challenges. S the application of research methodologies to real-world business situation practical exercises and case studies, students will learn how to for s, develop hypotheses, and apply statistical tools to interpret data zes logical reasoning, ethical considerations, and critical thinking, enal- actionable insights that support strategie decision making and pro- | -driver nption ection, luating tudent ons. mulate tata. The oling s | n busi is to s samj g busi s will e rese he co ituden | iness solve pling iness also earch purse its to |
| - | actionable insights that support strategic decision-making and pro | blem-s | solvin | g in |
| | contexts. Objectives | | | |
| research and inter • Do teo • Er • Lo pr • Pr | methodologies and their application in business decision-making. techniques with practical business challenges, students will learn to pret research that informs strategic business decisions. evelop a foundation in research design, data collection methods chniques. hance skills in both qualitative and quantitative research methodologies earn to apply research findings to solve business problems and support of occesses. repare students to conduct independent research and present action sights. | design s, and s. lecisio | , exec ana on-ma | cute, lysis king |
| Course | | | | |
| Module | | L | Т | Р |
| 1 | Introduction to Business Research | | | - |
| | Overview of business research, its significance in strategic decision- making, and the role of research in solving business problems. Introduction to various types of research (exploratory, descriptive, causal), and how they are applied in business contexts. Case study on Motorola. | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2 | Research Design and Formulation of Research Questions | | | |
| - | Understanding research problems, objectives, and how to formulate clear, testable hypotheses. Overview of different research designs (qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods) and their applications. The importance of selecting an appropriate research design to achieve research goals. | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | Literature Review and Theoretical Framework Importance of literature review in research. How to search, evaluate and synthesize relevant academic articles, reports, and other resources Developing a theoretical framework and conceptual models from | . 4 | 1 | 0 |

| | TOTAL | 45 | 15 | 00 |
|-----|---|----|----|----|
| | and AI content issues in research. | | | |
| | ethical compliance in research design and execution. Plagiarism Issues | | | |
| | ethical dilemmas in business research. Best practices for ensuring | | | |
| | responsibility to participants. How to handle conflicts of interest and | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| | confidentiality, informed consent, data integrity, and the researcher's | | | |
| - ~ | Examination of ethical issues in business research, including | | | |
| 10 | Ethics in Business Research | | | 1 |
| | visual aids like graphs, charts, and tables. | | | |
| | research writing. Techniques for presenting research findings using | | | |
| | importance of clarity, coherence, and proper use of citations in | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | introduction, methodology, results, and discussion sections. The | | | |
| 7 | Step-by-step guide on structuring a research report, including abstract, | | | |
| 9 | Structured Research Writing | | | |
| | complex business phenomena. | | | |
| | research findings. Application of quantitative methods to understand | | | |
| | for data analysis. Techniques for interpreting and communicating | / | 1 | |
| | statistics (mean, median, mode, variance) and inferential statistics (t- tests, ANOVA, regression analysis). How to use statistical software | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| | Introduction to key data analysis techniques including descriptive statistics (mean median mode variance) and informatial statistics (t | | | |
| 8 | Quantitative Data Analysis and Interpretation | | | |
| 0 | phenomena. | | | |
| | Application of qualitative methods to understand complex business | | | |
| | data collection, coding, and interpretation in qualitative research. | | | |
| | ethnography, grounded theory, and content analysis. Techniques for | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | · · · | | | |
| / | Exploration of qualitative research methods including case studies, | | | |
| 7 | Qualitative Research Methods | | | |
| | instruments. | | | |
| | research. Methods for developing and validating research | | | |
| | scales, semantic differential scales, and their applications in business | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | ordinal, interval, and ratio scales. Detailed understanding of Likert | | | |
| 0 | Introduction to measurement scales used in research such as nominal, | | | |
| 6 | Measurement and Scaling Techniques | | | 1 |
| | data collection logistics in field and online settings. | | | |
| | ensuring reliability and validity in collected data. How to manage | | | |
| | groups. Best practices for designing data collection instruments and | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | including surveys, questionnaires, interviews, observations, and focus | | | |
| 5 | Deep dive into primary and secondary data collection techniques, | | | |
| 5 | Data Collection Methods | | | |
| | sampling in business research. | | | |
| | to determine appropriate sample size. Challenges and limitations of | | | |
| | probability vs. non-probability sampling, sampling errors, and methods | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | sampling, stratified sampling, and cluster sampling. Comparison of | | | |
| 4 | Comprehensive overview of sampling techniques including random | | | |
| 4 | effective literature review. Sampling Methods and Techniques | | | |
| | ettective literature review | | | |

| Evaluation criteria: | | |
|---|---|-----|
| The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: | | |
| Minor Test 1 : Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1, 2 & 3) | - | 20% |
| Minor Test 2 : Research Project Assignment 1 (Module 4,5 & 6) | - | 20% |
| • Minor Test 3 : Research Project Assignment 2 (Module 7, 8, 9 & 10) | - | 20% |
| Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-10) | - | 40% |

Learning outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Analyze research problems to formulate relevant research questions and hypotheses that address specific business issues.
- Evaluate various research methodologies and data collection techniques to determine their appropriateness for different types of business research.
- Design a comprehensive research proposal that outlines objectives, methodology, sampling strategies, and data analysis plans.
- Interpret data analysis results to draw meaningful conclusions and make evidence-based recommendations for business strategies.
- Communicate research findings effectively through structured reports and presentations, utilizing appropriate visual aids to support conclusions.

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through lectures and tutorials. Application of research tools in business & related problems would also be a part of the pedagogical approach for the course. Research project-based evaluation will be included for practical application of the learnings.

References:

Textbooks:

- Business Research Methods | by Donald R. Cooper and Pamela S. Schindler, McGraw-Hill Education.
- Business Research: A Practical Guide for Undergraduate and Postgraduate Students | by Neal J. Rozenberg, Bloomsbury Publishing.

Additional Readings:

- 1. Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches | by Creswell, John W., Sage Publications.
- 2. Research Methods for Business Students | by Mark N.K. Saunders, Philip Lewis, and Adrian Thornhill, Pearson.
- 3. Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners | by Ranjit Kumar, Sage Publications.
- 4. Qualitative Research Methods for the Social Sciences | by Bruce L. Berg and Howard Lune, Pearson.
- 5. The Essentials of Business Research Methods | by Joseph F. Hair Jr., William C. Black, and Baba V. Darden, Cengage Learning.

Additional information (If any): None

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared according to the session plan and as when provided.

Prepared by: Dr. Anand Jaiswal

- 1. Dr. Vinaytosh Mishra, Associate Professor and Director, Thumbay Institute of AI in Healthcare, Gulf Medical University, Ajman, UAE
- 2. Dr. Cherian Samuel, Associate Professor, Indian Institute of Technology (BHU), Varanasi, India

| Course title: Emerging | Technologies and B | usiness Application | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P: 20-10-00 | Learning hours: 30 |
| Pre-requisite course co | de and title (if any): | None | |
| Department: Policy and | Management Studie | S | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Dr. Moumita Achar | ya Course instruc | tor(s): |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course Type: Core | | Course offered | in: Semester 2 |
| ~ ~ | | | |

Course Description

The Emerging Technology and Business Applications course offers BBA students an in-depth exploration of the evolution and impact of technology in the business world. Starting with the history of industrial revolutions, this course traces the journey from early mechanical innovations in Industry 1.0 to the advanced, interconnected systems of Industry 4.0. Students will examine foundational technologies like computer systems, networks, and databases that form the backbone of business operations, as well as cutting-edge technologies like Artificial Intelligence, IoT, Blockchain, and Cloud Computing that are reshaping today's business landscape.

Through each module, students will gain an understanding of how these technologies enhance operational efficiency, support decision-making, and enable competitive advantages in various industries. The course also emphasizes the adoption and implementation of technology in business settings, addressing the benefits and challenges that accompany digital transformation. The final module highlights the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies, preparing students to navigate and manage these considerations responsibly.

By completing this course, students will be well-prepared to evaluate, integrate, and leverage both foundational and emerging technologies in modern business contexts, equipping them to become effective leaders in a rapidly advancing digital economy.

Course objectives

The objective of this course is to equip BBA students with a comprehensive understanding emerging technologies, enabling them to evaluate and apply these tools effectively within modern business environments. By examining the technological evolution from early industrial advances to the latest digital innovations, students will gain insights into how technology drives business transformation, efficiency, and competitive advantage.

- Understand the historical evolution of technology, from Industry 1.0 to Industry 4.0, and its impact on business applications.
- Develop foundational knowledge of essential business technologies, such as computer systems, databases, and networks, and their roles in supporting business operations.
- Explore emerging technologies, including Artificial Intelligence, IoT, Blockchain, and Cloud Computing, and their transformative potential across different business functions.
- Analyze how technology enhances business efficiency, operational effectiveness, and decision-making, using real-world case studies and examples.
- Assess the factors influencing technology adoption in business, including cost, scalability, and organizational readiness.
- Examine the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies, addressing challenges related to data privacy, cybersecurity, and societal impact.

| Course | content | | | |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
| 1 | History and Evolution of Technology in Business | | | |
| | Overview of industrial revolutions from Industry 1.0 to Industry 4.0, | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | key technological advancements in each phase, transition from | 4 | 2 | U |
| | manual to automated processes, introduction to digital transformation, | | | |

| the role of technology in enabling globalization and competitive advantage, understanding business applications of technology evolution. Image: technology advantage and Business Applications 2 Foundational Technologies and Business Applications Computer systems and networks, database management basics, office productivity software, data storage and digital communication tools, evolution of foundational tech into new technologies, foundational tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and communication in businesses. Image: tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and communication in businesses of emerging technologies and Their Business Applications Image: tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and communication to Industry 4.0 technologies, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockchain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robtoics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies in strategic planning. Image: technologies in strategic planning. 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision-making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, sing, customer engagement improvements with technology, real-word examples of successful technology practices. Image: technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation. 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications Jai privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, reg | | - | | | |
|---|------|---|-------|----|----|
| 2 Foundational Technologies and Business Applications Computer systems and networks, database management basics, office productivity software, data storage and digital communication tools, evolution of foundational business applications (ERP, CRM), transition of foundational tech into new technologies, foundational tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and communication in businesses. 4 2 0 3 Emerging Technologies and Their Business Applications Introduction to Industry 4,0 technologies, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockchain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robotics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies transform business models and decision-making processes, integration of these technologies in strategic planning: 4 2 0 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision-making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation. 5 2 0 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications In digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices. 20 10 00 6 Ethical, Social, and Security unsiderations (Module 1.2 & 3); 30% 3< | | advantage, understanding business applications of technology | | | |
| Computer systems and networks, database management basics, office productivity software, data storage and digital communication tools, evolution of foundational business applications (ERP, CRM), transition of foundational tech into new technologies, foundational tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and communication in businesses. 4 2 0 3 Emerging Technologies and Their Business Applications (ERP, CRM), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockhain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robotics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies transform business models and decision-making processes, integration of these technologies in strategic planning. 4 2 0 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision-making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cast scalability, ROI, 5 2 0 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications 1 2 0 automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology thically, sustainable technology practices. 2 0 4 Total 20 10 00 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, secial inspiret scalability, Sustainable technology practices. | , | | | | |
| 3 Emerging Technologies and Their Business Applications Introduction to Industry 4.0 technologies, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockchain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robotics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies transform business models and decision-making processes, integration of these technologies in strategic planning. 4 2 0 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision- making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation. 5 2 0 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices. 20 10 00 Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: 40% 20 10 00 Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% 30% 30% 40% 20 10 00 Examing outcomes: Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4, 5): 30% 30% < | | Computer systems and networks, database management basics, office productivity software, data storage and digital communication tools, evolution of foundational business applications (ERP, CRM), transition of foundational tech into new technologies, foundational tech in supporting data management, operational efficiency, and | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| Introduction to Industry 4.0 technologies, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockchain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robotics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies transform business models and decision-making processes, integration of these technologies in strategic planning. 4 2 0 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision- making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation. 5 2 0 5 Ethical, Social, and Security Implications Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices. 3 2 0 TOTAL 20 10 00 Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: 30% 30% 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 2 0 6 Ethical, Soci | | | | | |
| 4 Enhancing Business Efficiency and Technology Adoption Image: Sefficiency adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation. Image: Sefficiency and Cybersecurity Implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices. Image: Sefficiency ado Sefficiency ado Sefficiency ado Sefficiency ado Sefficiency adoption (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Image: Sefficiency ado Sefficiency adoption (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Image: Sefficiency adoption (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Image: Sefficiency adoption (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Image: Sefficiency adoptical shows: Sefficiency ad | | Introduction to Industry 4.0 technologies, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Internet of Things (IoT), Blockchain, Cloud Computing, Machine Learning, Robotics, use cases of emerging tech in finance, marketing, supply chain, retail, and customer service, how these technologies transform business models and decision-making processes, integration | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision- making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and overcoming challenges in implementation.5205Ethical, Social, and Security Implications Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices.320Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows:201000Evaluation criteria: Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5): 30%30%•Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40%40%Learning outcomes: •00•Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices.•Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to- day business operations.•Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies.•Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios.•Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business.•Pedagogical | 4 | | | | |
| 5Ethical, Social, and Security Implications Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices.320TOTAL201000Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: • Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): Mojor Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40%30%21000Learning outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: • Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. • Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in suporting day-to- day business operations. • Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business scenarios. • Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business.Jat at at at at a strategies. • Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. • Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business.Pelagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | Operational efficiency through automation, data-driven decision- making, customer engagement improvements with technology, key considerations for technology adoption (cost, scalability, ROI, alignment with business goals), real-world examples of successful technology adoption, case studies on barriers to adoption and | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable technology practices.320TOTAL201000Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows:•Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5): Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40%30%Learning outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:•Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices.•Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to- day business operations.•Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies.•Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios.•Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business.Pedagogical approachThe course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | | | | |
| TOTAL201000Evaluation criteria: The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows:•Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5): Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40%30%Learning outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:•Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices.•Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to- day business operations.•Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies.•Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios.•Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business.Pedagogical approachThe course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | Data privacy and cybersecurity, ethical implications of AI and automation, social impacts, security considerations in digital transformation, regulatory and compliance requirements, and the responsibility of businesses in using technology ethically, sustainable | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5): 30% Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40% Learning outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to-day business operations. Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | | 20 | 10 | 00 |
| The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3): 30% Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5): 30% Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9): 40% Learning outcomes: After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to-day business operations. Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | Ev | | | | |
| After successful completion of the course, students will be able to: Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to-day business operations. Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | • | Minor Test 1: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1,2 & 3):30%Minor Test 2: Assignment/Written Examination (Module 4 & 5):30%Major Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9):40% | | | |
| Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 through Industry 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. Demonstrate foundational knowledge of essential business technologies in supporting day-to-day business operations. Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | | | | |
| day business operations. Examine emerging technologies and assess their potential to transform business models and strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | Comprehend the historical progression of technology, from Industry 1.0 thro 4.0, and its influence on business applications and practices. | U | | • |
| strategies. Evaluate the benefits and challenges of technology adoption in various business scenarios. Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | day business operations. | | _ | - |
| Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologies in business. Pedagogical approach The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | | strategies. | | | |
| The course will be delivered through lectures. Real world examples, case studies, flip | - | Discuss the ethical, social, and security implications of emerging technologie | | | |
| | | | | | |
| classroom approach would also be a part of the pedagogical approach for the course. | | | | 2 | |
| | clas | ssroom approach would also be a part of the pedagogical approach for the cou | irse. | | |

References:

Textbooks:

• Emerging Technology | by Dr. Sanjay Sharma, Khanna Publishers

Additional Readings:

- Emerging Technologies: Theories, Futures, Provocations | by Steve Jones & Nicholas Bowman, Peter Lang Inc
- Emerging Technologies / Life at the Edge of the Future | by Sarah Pink, Routledge
- Emerging technologies unveiled | Dr. Soniya Gupta et al., Anvi books & publishers

Additional information (If any): None

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared according to the session plan and as when provided.

Prepared by: Dr. Anand Jaiswal

- 1. Dr. Vinaytosh Mishra, Associate Professor and Director, Thumbay Institute of AI in Healthcare, Gulf Medical University, Ajman, UAE
- 2. Dr. Cherian Samuel, Associate Professor, Indian Institute of Technology (BHU), Varanasi, UP

| Course title: Entreprene | eurship and Startup | Ecosystem | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P : 20-10-00 | Learning hours: 30 |
| Pre-requisite course co | de and title (if any | y): None | |
| Department: Policy and | d Management Stud | lies | |
| Course coordinator(s): Acharya | Dr. Moumita | Course instructor(s | s): Shruti Jolly |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course Type: Core | | Course offered in: | Semester 4 |
| | | | |

Course Description

This course is designed for **BBA students** to understand the foundations of entrepreneurship and navigate the broader startup ecosystem. Students will explore the essential skills and mindset required to launch and grow a successful startup. The course provides a comprehensive understanding of the entrepreneurial process, from idea generation to scaling and exiting a business.

Through interactive discussions, case studies, and real-world applications, students will gain insights into the various components of the startup ecosystem, including incubators, accelerators, venture capital, and government support systems. They will learn how to identify business opportunities, develop a viable business model, secure funding, and create a sustainable growth strategy.

By the end of the course, students will be equipped with the knowledge and tools to confidently navigate the entrepreneurial landscape, whether by launching their own ventures or contributing to the startup ecosystem. The course culminates in a final project where students present a startup idea and demonstrate their understanding of ecosystem strategies to a panel of entrepreneurs and investors.

This course emphasizes practical learning, collaboration, and strategic thinking, making it ideal for aspiring entrepreneurs or those seeking to understand the dynamics of startups and innovation.

Course objectives

The objective of this course is to equip BBA students with a comprehensive understanding of entrepreneurship and the startup ecosystem. It emphasizes both theoretical knowledge and practical skills necessary for identifying business opportunities, launching a venture, and navigating the challenges of early-stage startups. By exploring the entrepreneurial process, students will develop critical thinking and problem-solving abilities, as well as learn to leverage the resources and support available within the startup ecosystem. The course aims to build a solid foundation for aspiring entrepreneurs or individuals seeking to thrive in dynamic business environments.

Understand the key elements of the entrepreneurship process.

Explore the components of the startup ecosystem.

Gain insight into the stages of launching a startup.

Learn how to navigate the support systems available to entrepreneurs.

Analyze real-world case studies of successful startups.

Course content

Module Topic

| 1. | Introduction to Entrepreneurship and the Startup Ecosystem Definition and importance of entrepreneurship. Entrepreneurial | | | |
|----|--|----|----|---|
| | Definition and importance of entrepreneurship. Entrepreneurial mindset and traits of successful entrepreneurs. Types of entrepreneurs (social, lifestyle, scalable startups). Challenges faced by Entrepreneurs Students will also examine the key players within entrepreneurial ecosystems, including entrepreneurs, incubators, and venture capitalists, and their contributions to innovation. | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Startup Life Cycle and Business Models Phases of a startup's life: Idea, validation, launch, growth, maturity Understanding different business models: Lean startup, subscription, freemium, etc. Business model canvas and value proposition design | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 3. | Opportunity Recognition and Idea Generation Identifying business opportunities in the marketplace, Techniques for idea generation. Assessing feasibility: Market need, customer pain points, and trends. | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| 4. | Funding Your Startup Bootstrapping: Self-funding your startup Angel investors, venture capital, crowdfunding, and other sources Understanding equity, shares, and valuation | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 5. | Risk Management and Failure in EntrepreneurshipIdentifying potential risks: Financial, operational, and marketrisks. Risk mitigation strategies. Pivoting vs persevering inentrepreneurshipLearning from failure: Case studies of failed startups and lessonslearned.Analysing why Startups Fail | 2 | 1 | |
| 6. | Growth Hacking and Scaling Your Startup What is growth hacking? Strategies to grow with limited resources Marketing and scaling strategies: Digital marketing, customer acquisition, partnerships, Measuring growth: Key metrics and performance indicators (KPIs) | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 7. | Creating a Business Plan Components of a business plan. Financial projections: Basic accounting, cash flow, and profit/loss. Writing a business plan: Best practices | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| | Total | 20 | 10 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

| The break-up of the evaluation procedure is as follo | ows: |
|--|------|
| Class Participation and Quizzes : | 20% |
| Case Study Analysis (Written Examination): | 20% |
| Presentation on a Startup/ Entrepreneur: | 20% |
| Major Exam : Business Plan Presentation: | 40% |

Learning outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

Understand and apply key entrepreneurial concepts, including innovation and startup methodologies.

Identify and evaluate viable business opportunities and develop a startup from concept to execution.

Navigate support systems such as incubators, accelerators, and funding networks to aid in startup growth.

Critically analyze real-world startup case studies to extract valuable lessons and strategies for success.

Present a comprehensive startup idea, incorporating business models, market strategies, and ecosystem engagement.

Pedagogical approach

The course employs an interactive, experiential pedagogical approach, combining lectures, case studies, and hands-on projects to foster practical learning

References:

Recommended Books:

- "The Lean Startup" by Eric Ries
- "Zero to One: Notes on Startups, or How to Build the Future" by Peter Thiel
- "Business Model Generation" by Alexander Osterwalder & Yves Pigneur
- "The Startup Owner's Manual" by Steve Blank & Bob Dorf
- "Disciplined Entrepreneurship" by Bill Aulet
- "The Innovator's Dilemma" by Clayton M. Christensen.
- "Lean Analytics" by Alistair Croll & Benjamin Yoskovitz

Additional Resources:

- Startup Databases: Crunchbase, AngelList, PitchBook.
- Business Journals and Magazines: Harvard Business Review, Forbes, Inc., Entrepreneur.
- Y Combinator Website and Videos

Additional information (If any): None

Prepared by: Shruti Jolly

- 1. Aditi Balbir- CEO and Founder at EcoRatings, Serial Entrepreneur
- 2. Sukhmani Bedi Partner at Orios Venture

| | itle: Organizational Behavior | | | |
|------------|---|-------|--------------|-------|
| Course c | ode: BPB104 No. of credits: 4 L-T-P: 45-15-00 Learnin | g hou | rs: 6 | 0 |
| | site course code and title (if any): | 8 | | - |
| | ent: Policy and Management Studies | | | |
| | ordinator: Course instructor: | | | |
| Contact of | | | | |
| Course ty | | 2 | | |
| | escription: | | | |
| | ehaviour in the organizational and work context is a complex phenome | non. | Indiv | idual |
| | at work is a result of interaction between various individual, group and | | | |
| | ors. Understanding how individuals and groups behave at work place wi | • | | |
| | heir effectiveness but also nurture the quality of work life of the individu | | | |
| | students to be cognizant of these work place dynamics so that they r | | | |
| decisions | in their future work life as well as long term career. | | | |
| Course o | bjectives: | | | |
| 1. To un | derstand the conceptual framework and fundamentals of Organizationa | l Beł | navio | ur to |
| | e and sustain high performance and effectiveness. | | | |
| | ain and improve the ability and skills to analyse and apply critical thinking | ng an | d leai | rning |
| | to "real life" problems and situations concerning human behaviour. | | | |
| | nderstand and identify the behavioural skills that improve individu | ual a | nd g | roup |
| | mance for business effectiveness and apply them in organizational work. | | | |
| | nieve overall development to become effective leaders & managers. | | | |
| Course C | | | | - |
| Module | Topic | L | Т | Р |
| | Individual Dynamics (Module 1-7) | | | |
| | | - | - | - |
| 1. | Organizational Behavior: Foundation and Overview | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 1. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 1. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 1. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 1. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. | | | |
| 1. 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB | 5 5 5 | 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality | | | |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality | | | |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment | | | |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five | | | |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment | | | |
| | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing | | | |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory Specific Applications in organizations | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory Specific Applications in organizations | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory Specific Applications in organizations Attitude, Values and Belief Concept and components of attitudes | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory Specific Applications in organizations Attitude, Values and Belief Concept and components of attitudes Types of attitudes in the workplace | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Why study of Organizational Behavior is important Evolution of the field of Organizational Behavior Spectrum of Individual behaviors in organizations. Organizational behavior trends – impacting economies Contemporary challenges for organizations vis a vis OB Personality Definition and concept of personality Role of Personality determinants: Heredity and environment Personality Frame works – Big Five Determinants, traits & major personality attributes influencing Personality and Situation Perception Definition, Factors influencing perception Complete process of perception Perceptual bias and errors Rectifying perceptual errors Attribution theory Specific Applications in organizations Attitude, Values and Belief Concept and components of attitudes | 5 | 2 | 0 |

| bries of motivation (Content theory and Process theory) ivation: From Concepts to Applications e study discussion. Dional intelligence and Stress management otions, feelings and moods kplace and emotions otional intelligence rss management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams cept, nature and importance of teams | 4 | 1 | 0 |
|--|--|--|--|
| e study discussion. bional intelligence and Stress management bions, feelings and moods kplace and emotions bional intelligence ss management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | | 1 | 0 |
| bional intelligence and Stress management bions, feelings and moods kplace and emotions bional intelligence biss management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | | 1 | C |
| otions, feelings and moods kplace and emotions otional intelligence sss management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | | 1 | C |
| kplace and emotions optional intelligence ass management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| experience ass management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| ss management: Work stress, coping strategies and management employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| employee wellbeing up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| up Dynamics (Module 8-10) m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| m Processes ups and Teams | 4 | | |
| 1 | | 1 | (|
| 1 | | | |
| | | | |
| es of teams | | | |
| n Building processes | | | |
| n Roles | | | |
| ating effective and winning teams | | | |
| ver, Politics and Conflict | 4 | 1 | (|
| er and politics | | | |
| flict management | | | |
| anization change and negotiation skills | | | |
| dership: Introduction, Trait, Behavioural and Contingency | 4 | 1 | (|
| roaches to leadership, Transactional and Transformational | | | |
| ership. | | | |
| anization Dynamics (Module 11-12) | | | |
| ndations of Organization structure and Organization culture | 4 | 1 | (|
| at is organization structure, common organizational design and | | - | |
| loyee behavior. | | | |
| anization culture | | | |
| nents of culture | | | |
| es of Culture | | | |
| anization culture and Ethics | | | |
| | | | |
| | 2 | 1 | (|
| DOUXIDHIEV OF OFVALIZATION TOWATUS SUSTAINADHEV ISSUES | 2 | 1 | |
| | | | |
| e of organizations towards various environmental problems such as | | | |
| e of organizations towards various environmental problems such as uality, water quality, land quality. | | 15 | (|
| e of organizations towards various environmental problems such as uality, water quality, land quality. ous sustainability interventions taken by organizations | 45 | 15 | |
| u | ral mindset and embracing diversity onsibility of organization towards sustainability issues of organizations towards various environmental problems such as ality, water quality, land quality. | ral mindset and embracing diversity2onsibility of organization towards sustainability issues2of organizations towards various environmental problems such as ality, water quality, land quality.2 | ral mindset and embracing diversity2onsibility of organization towards sustainability issues2of organizations towards various environmental problems such as ality, water quality, land quality. us sustainability interventions taken by organizations2 |

Major Test 3: 40% (at the end of teaching of all modules)

This will be an exam based on all the modules covered in the class.

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- LO1: Understand the broader perspectives and importance of interpersonal dynamics and organizational behavior at the workplace.
- LO2: Strengthening the foundations of individual behavior with an understanding of

human personality, perception, attitude and emotions

- LO3: Develop an understanding of teams and groups in organizations and the process of leadership.
- LO4: Identify the various organization structures and their usefulness and learn to sustain an organization's culture.

Pedagogical approach: Case study, In-class discussions, Role play, Debate

Materials:

Reference books

Core text

• Organizational Behavior: Stephen R.Robbins /Tomothy A. Judge Neharika (2019)18th edition, Pearson Publisher

Additional books

- Organizational Behaviour Fred Luthans, McGraw Hill International Edition (FL)
- Organizational Behaviour- Mirza S Saiyadain, Tata McGraw Hill, (MSS)

Additional information (if any):

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, Participation in the class exercises and case discussions, to read relevant student material before attending the class.

Prepared by:

Course reviewer(s):

- 1. Dr. Nidhi Mathur, Associate Professor, IMT Ghaziabad (CoDL)
- 2. Dr. Archana Poonia, Associate Professor, O.P. Jindal University

| Course 1 | itle: Human Resource Management | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Course | | ours: | 40 | |
| Pre-requ | usite course code and title (if any): | | | |
| | nent: Policy and Management studies | | | |
| | a coordinator (s): Dr. Moumita Course instructor (s): Dr. Moum | nita A | Achar | yya |
| Acharyy | | | | |
| | details: moumita.acharyya@terisas.ac.in | | | |
| | ype: Core Course offered in: Semester 4 | | | |
| | description: Human Resource Management (HRM) is a comprehensive cour | se de | esigne | ed to |
| | e students to the strategic and operational aspects of managing human | | | |
| | tions. This course provides a detailed understanding of key HR function | - | | |
| - | ent, selection, training and development, performance management, of | | | - |
| | e relations, and legal considerations in HR. Throughout the course, student | - | | |
| | theoretical frameworks and practical applications of HRM in modern wor | | - | |
| | n insights into the role of HR in fostering organizational success t | - | | - |
| - | nent, employee engagement, and creating a positive organizational culture. | mou | gii u | u c ii |
| manager | nem, employee engagement, and creating a positive organizational euture. | | | |
| DeveAnalExpl | erstand the fundamental principles and functions of human resource managen elop strategies for effective talent acquisition, retention, and development. yze the legal and ethical considerations affecting HR practices. ore the role of HR in promoting a positive organizational culture and employ | | ell- | |
| hoin | | | | |
| bein | | | | |
| Course | content | | | D |
| Course (Module | content Topic | L | Т | P |
| Course | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee | | | |
| Course (Module | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of | L | Т | P 0 |
| Course (Module | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate | L | Т | |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce | L | Т | |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Explain the concept of job design | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description Describe job specification Explain the concept of job design Identify different approaches to job design | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Explain the concept of job design • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | TopicIntroduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employeelife cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions ofHRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relatestrategic management and HRM.Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforceplanning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOTanalysis.Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of jobanalysis, Define job description• Describe job specification• Explain the concept of job design• Identify different approaches to job designHands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing jobdescriptions | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Explain the concept of job design • Identify different approaches to job design • Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course o Module 1. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design • Identify different approaches to job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies | L 4 | T 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Explain the concept of job design • Identify different approaches to job design • Identify different approaches to job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design • Identify different approaches to job design • Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment Effective recruitment practices Selection Process and Techniques: Interviews, assessments, and | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment Effective recruitment practices Selection Process and Techniques: Interviews, assessments, and psychometric testing, Selection decision-making. | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. 3. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Explain the concept of job design • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment Effective recruitment practices Selection Process and Techniques: Interviews, assessments, and psychometric testing, Selection decision-making. Effective talent management. | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |
| Course of Module 1. 2. | Topic Introduction to Human Resource Management: Introduction to employee life cycle, explain human resource management; Define the functions of HRM; challenges of HRM; Explain personnel management; Relate strategic management and HRM. Human Resource Planning and Job analysis: Importance of workforce planning, techniques of forecasting (qualitative and quantitative), SWOT analysis. Explain the concept of job analysis, Hackman & Oldham model of job analysis, Define job description • Describe job specification • Identify different approaches to job design Hands-on exercise in conducting job analysis and designing job descriptions Core dimensions of job design: Job rotation, job simplification, job enrichment. Recruitment and Selection: Recruitment Strategies Internal vs. external recruitment Effective recruitment practices Selection Process and Techniques: Interviews, assessments, and psychometric testing, Selection decision-making. | L 4 4 | T 2 2 | 0 |

| | models, measurement tools used in assessment centers. | | | |
|-----|--|----|----|---|
| 6. | Employee Training and Development: Learning and Development in | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | Organizations, Importance of employee training, Assessing training | | | |
| | needs. | | | |
| | Designing and Evaluating Training Programs: Training methods (on-the- | | | |
| 7. | job, off-the-job), Measuring training effectiveness. | 4 | 1 | C |
| 7. | Human resource development: functions of HRD, Stages in the HRD | 4 | 1 | U |
| | process, types of HRD systems, effectiveness of HRD. | | | |
| 0 | Case study: TCS HRD System | 4 | 1 | (|
| 8. | Career Planning and Succession Planning: Define the term career, | 4 | 1 | (|
| | Explain various career stages, various career anchors, concept of career | | | |
| | planning, concept of succession planning | | | |
| 9. | Performance Management: Concept and process of PMS. Fours aspects | 6 | 1 | (|
| | of PMS. | | | |
| | Performance Appraisal Systems | | | |
| | Objectives and types of performance appraisal | | | |
| | 360-degree feedback, Behaviourally anchored rating scale (BARS), | | | |
| | Management by objective (MBO). | | | |
| | Implementing Effective Performance Management | | | |
| | Linking performance to compensation and development | | | |
| | Addressing performance issues | | | |
| 10. | Compensation and Benefits: Compensation Strategies, Components of | 5 | 1 | (|
| | compensation (salary, benefits, incentives), Job evaluation and pay | | | |
| | structures. Employee Benefits and Incentive Plans | | | |
| | Designing effective benefit packages | | | |
| | Linking rewards to performance | | | |
| | Basic factors in determining pay; Benchmarking. | | | |
| 11 | HR Audit and HR Accounting | 2 | 1 | (|
| 11. | | | | |
| 11. | Technology in HR Total | 45 | 15 | (|

- Minor-2: Presentation:
- 30%
- Major exam 3: End-Term Exam: 40%

Minor-1 (at the end of module 4)

Structure: Students will be given a detailed case study based on an organization facing HR-related challenges (such as recruitment issues, performance management, or employee engagement). They will be required to:

Identify the key HR issues faced by the organization.

Analyse the root causes of these issues using HR concepts discussed in class.

Recommend actionable HR strategies or interventions that the organization can implement to resolve the challenges.

Evaluate the potential outcomes of their recommendations.

Minor 2 (at the end of module 8)

Structure: The students will create an **HR strategy** that aligns with the company's goals and addresses a specific HR function (e.g., recruitment, training & development, or compensation). Groups will: Choose an HR function relevant to the organization's needs, conduct research on

industry best practices, Develop a comprehensive HR strategy for the company.

Major exam 3 (End-Term Exam; at the end of all modules) This will be a closed book exam based on all the modules covered in the class.

Case Study discussion: A case may be studied keeping in mind the following:

a <u>problem definition</u> statement, which identifies the key issues facing management (not more than a few lines);

the objectives

alternative plan of action

an <u>analysis</u> section which synthesizes and integrates the answers to the key questions for the case, but does not repeat the facts themselves, and presents logical arguments in defense of both the problem definition and the recommended solution; a set of <u>detailed recommendations</u> and suggestions for their implementation, including how to overcome any potential issues of implementation identified by the analysis

Learning outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students should be able to:

- Understand Core HRM Functions
- Develop and Implement HR Strategies
- Enhance Employee Performance and Development
- Evaluate HR's Role in Organizational Change
- Integrate HRM with Organizational Strategy

Pedagogical approach

- Interactive Lectures
- Case discussions and presentations
- News crunching

Materials:

Textbook

- "Human Resource Management" by Gary Dessler
- "Human Resource Management: Gaining a Competitive Advantage" by Raymond A. Noe, John R. Hollenbeck, Barry Gerhart, and Patrick M. Wright
- "Managing Human Resources" by Scott Snell, Shad Morris, and George W. Bohlander
- **"Fundamentals of Human Resource Management"** by David A. DeCenzo, Stephen P. Robbins and Susan L. Verhulst

Additional information (if any): None

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared with readings / cases according to the session plan and as and when provided

Prepared by: Dr. Moumita Acharyya

- 1. Dr. Sanyukta Jolly, Associate Professor, IILM
- 2. Dr. Sushma Muralie, Associate Professor, NDIM

| Course 7 | Fitle: Legal and Ethical Issues in Business | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|--------|--------------|-------|
| Course c | | Learnin | g hou | rs: 6 | 0 |
| Pre-requ | usite course code and title (if any): | | 0 | | |
| | nent: Policy and Management Studies | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Course instructor: | | | | | |
| Contact details: Course offered in: Semester | | 4 | | | |
| Course t | ype: Core | | | | |
| | lescription: | | | | |
| This cou | urse provides an introduction to the legal environment | and ethical | challe | enges | that |
| | es face. It covers the fundamental legal principles, regulat | | | - | |
| | at influence decision-making in business. Students will of | | | | |
| | and ethical considerations impact businesses and the role | | | | |
| | compliance and corporate responsibility. | | | | |
| | objectives: | | | | |
| | ctives are: | | | | |
| Understa | nd the basic principles of business law and their application | n to real-world | d scer | narios | |
| | and analyze ethical issues in business contexts. | | | | |
| | the relationship between law, business, and ethics. | | | | |
| - | problem-solving skills for handling legal and ethical dilem | mas in busine | SS. | | |
| | the importance of corporate governance, CSR, and susta | | | busi | ness |
| Course (| | | ouern | ousn | 1000. |
| Module | | | L | Т | Р |
| 1. | Introduction to Business Law | | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 1. | Overview of the Legal Environment in Business | | 0 | 2 | U |
| | Overview of the Legal Environment in Business Sources of Law: Statutes, Common Law, Regulations | | | | |
| | - | tigation and | | | |
| | Court Systems and Procedures: Understanding Li Arbitration | ugation and | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2 | Role of Law in Shaping Business Strategies | | (| 2 | 0 |
| 2. | Contract Law- General Principles of Law of Contract | • | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | | Acceptance, | | | |
| | Consideration | 1 17 1 1 1 | | | |
| | Types of Contracts: Express, Implied, Void, and Contracts | nd Voidable | | | |
| | • Breach of Contract and Remedies- Dispute | Resolution: | | | |
| | Overview about Arbitration, Conciliation and Mec | liation. | | | |
| | Case Studies on Business Contracts | | | | |
| 3. | Sale of Goods Act, 1930 | | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Contract of sale, Meaning and difference between sale an | nd agreement | | | |
| | to sell | | | | |
| | Conditions and warranties | | | | |
| | Transfer of ownership in goods including sale by non-own | ners | | | |
| | Performance of contract of sale | | | | |
| | Unpaid seller- meaning and Rights of an unpaid seller | against the | | | |
| | goods and the buyer | | | | |
| 4. | The Companies Act, 2013 | | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Incorporation of a Company; Corporate Governance and | | | | |
| | Directors; Meetings and Resolutions; Share Capital and | | | | |
| | Financial Statements and Audit; Fraud Prevention and W | | | | |
| | Protection; Mergers, Acquisitions, and Restructuring; Wi | nding Up of | | | |
| | Companies; Penalties and Legal Compliance | | | | |

| 5. | Industrial Relations and Labour Laws | 6 | 2 | 0 |
|--|--|--------|--------|-------|
| | • Industrial Relations Code, 2020: The Trade Unions Act, 1926; The | | | |
| | Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946; and The | | | |
| | Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 | | | |
| | • Code on Wages, 2019: The Minimum Wages Act, 1948; The | | | |
| | Payment of Wages Act, 1936; The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965; | | | |
| | and The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 | | | |
| | • Social Security Code, 2020: The Employees' Provident Fund Act, | | | |
| | 1952; The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948; The Maternity | | | |
| | Benefit Act, 1961; and The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 | | | |
| 6. | Consumer Protection Act, 2019 | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| | • Objectives of the Act; Key Definitions- Consumer; Goods; | | | |
| | Service; Unfair Trade Practices; Deficiency in Service | | | |
| | - | | | |
| | • Consumer Rights Under the Act; Consumer Disputes Redressal | | | |
| | Forums | | | |
| | Central Consumer Protection Authority (CCPA) | | | |
| | E-Commerce and Online Shopping | | | |
| | Unfair Trade Practices and Penalties | | | |
| 7. | Ethics in Business Decision-Making | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| | • Ethical Theories and Approaches: Utilitarianism, Deontology, | | | |
| | Virtue Ethics | | | |
| | Ethical Decision-Making Models | | | |
| | Balancing Profitability with Ethical Responsibility | | | |
| | Case Studies on Ethical Dilemmas in Business | | | |
| | Total (in hours) | 46 | 14 | 0 |
| E | on criteria: | τu | 14 | U |
| | | | | |
| 1. Min | or 1 Exam - 30% | | | |
| | or 2 Exam Case Analysis/Assignment/Presentation - 30% | | | |
| 3. Maje | | | | |
| 5. Wiaju | | | | |
| Tost 1 (a | t the end of module 4) | | | |
| < | | | | |
| | : The students will be quizzed from the first four modules of the course. | | | |
| | t the end of module 7) | . 1 | | |
| | : The students will be required to submit a Case Analysis/Assignment | t and | give | one |
| 1 | ion for the same. | | | |
| | nd-Term Exam; at the end of all modules) | | | |
| | l be an exam based on all the modules covered in the class. | | | |
| | g outcomes: | | | |
| By the en | nd of the course, the students should be able to: | | | |
| Understa | ind concepts of fundamental business laws, including contracts, sale of g | goods | , com | ipany |
| law and | consumer protection law and apply them in business settings. | | | |
| Evaluate | business decisions using ethical theories and develop problem-sol | ving | skill | s for |
| handlin - | least and others dilammas | - | | |
| Inananng | legal and ethical dilemmas. | | | |
| | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsibility | oility | (CSF | R) in |
| Understa | | oility | (CSI | R) in |
| Understa fostering | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsib | • | | |
| Understa fostering Learn ho | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsible ethical business practices. | • | | |
| Understa fostering Learn ho labor, an | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsible gethical business practices. The businesses comply with national and international laws, focusing of d environmental regulations. | • | | |
| Understa fostering Learn ho labor, an Material | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsible gethical business practices. The businesses comply with national and international laws, focusing of d environmental regulations. | • | | |
| Understa fostering Learn ho labor, an Material Suggesta | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsible ethical business practices. Sow businesses comply with national and international laws, focusing of d environmental regulations. Is ed Readings | on glo | obal t | rade, |
| Understa fostering Learn ho labor, an Material Suggesto | and corporate governance and the role of corporate social responsible gethical business practices. The businesses comply with national and international laws, focusing of d environmental regulations. | on glo | obal t | rade, |

Pathak A. (6th Ed. 2014), Legal Aspects of Business, Mc Graw Hill Education

Dr Maheshwari, S.K. and Dr Maheshwari S.N. (6th Ed. 2015), A Manual of Business Law, Himalayan Publishing House.

Singh, Avtar, Business Law, (1st Ed. 2015), Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.

N.D. Kapoor, (1st Ed. 2013), Business Law, Sultan Chand, New Delhi

Bulchandani K.R., Business Law for Management, (8th Ed. 2014), Himalayan Publishing House, New Delhi

Fernando, A.C. (2nd Ed. 2013), Business Ethics, Pearson Education.

Mandal S.K., (2nd Ed. 2012), Ethics in Business and Corporate Governance, McGraw Hill Education.

Rao, A.B. (1st Ed. 2012), Business Ethics and Professional Values, Excel Book.

Manuel G. Velasquez, (7th Ed. 2012), Business Ethics Concepts, Printice Hall of India.

Sison, Alejo G. Corporate Governance and Ethics, (1st Ed. 2010) Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd

Additional Readings:

Pedagogical Approach:

The course will be primarily taught though a combination of class lectures and interactive discussions, quizzes, and case analysis and assignment, and presentations. Guest Speakers from Legal and Business Professions will also be invited as Resource Persons

Additional information:

Student responsibilities:

Attendance; Participation in the class exercises and case discussions; and Reading of relevant student material before attending the class.

Course prepared by: Dr. Kavita

- 1. Dr Ankur Agarwal, Associate Professor, SUSBS, Sharda University, Greater Noida.
- 2. Dr. Vidhi Madan Chaddha, Associate Professor, Faculty of Law, Delhi University

| Course | title: Management Accounting | | | |
|----------|--|----------|--------|---------|
| Course | | hours: | 60 | |
| | usite course code and title (if any): None | 110415 | 00 | |
| | nent: Policy & Management Studies | | | |
| | coordinator(s): Dr. Parul Behl Course instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact | | | | |
| | Fype: Core Course offered in: Semester | 4 | | |
| | Description | - | | |
| | rse offers an in-depth exploration of management accounting principle | es and r | oracti | ices It |
| | tudents with the knowledge and skills necessary to use accounting | | | |
| | making, planning, control, and performance evaluation. The co | | | |
| | g, strategic financial analysis, and performance measurement in bo | | | |
| | business environments. Through case studies, students will ap | | | |
| | ng tools to real-world scenarios, fostering a strategic understanding of | | - | |
| | sed to drive business success. Moreover, the course would be helpful in | | | |
| | kills such as decision- making, leadership and strategic thinking. | | | P |
| | bjectives | | | |
| | nd of this course, students will: | | | |
| | orough understanding of key management accounting concepts and pr | actices. | | |
| | cost behaviors and how they influence decision-making. | | | |
| | prepare and manage budgets and perform variance analysis. | | | |
| | ost management techniques to improve business efficiency and profitab | ility. | | |
| | performance using financial and non-financial indicators. | 5 | | |
| | trategic management accounting tools such as activity-based costing ar | d balar | nced | |
| scorecar | | | | |
| Understa | nd the role of management accounting in long-term business strategy. | | | |
| Course | content | | | |
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | P |
| 1. | Introduction to Management Accounting | | | |
| | Definition, nature, and scope of management accounting | | 1 | 0 |
| | The role of management accounting in business decision-making | 6 | | |
| | Differences between management accounting, financial accounting, | | | |
| | and cost accounting | | | |
| 2. | Cost Concepts, Behavior, and Classification | | | |
| 2. | cost concepts, benavior, and classification | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Types of costs (fixed, variable, semi-variable, and step costs) | | | |
| | Types of costs (fixed, variable, semi-variable, and step costs) Direct and indirect costs | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| | | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| | Direct and indirect costs | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing | | | |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing Activity-Based Costing (ABC) and Activity-Based Management | | | |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing Activity-Based Costing (ABC) and Activity-Based Management (ABM) | | | |
| 3. | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing Activity-Based Costing (ABC) and Activity-Based Management (ABM) Cost control and cost reduction techniques | | | |
| | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing Activity-Based Costing (ABC) and Activity-Based Management (ABM) Cost control and cost reduction techniques Budgeting and Budgetary Control | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| | Direct and indirect costs Cost classification and its role in managerial decision-making Cost-volume-profit (CVP) analysis and break-even analysis Case- study Costing Methods and Techniques Job costing, process costing, and contract costing Marginal costing vs. absorption costing Activity-Based Costing (ABC) and Activity-Based Management (ABM) Cost control and cost reduction techniques | | | |

| | | Budget preparation process | | | |
|----|---------|--|------------|----|---|
| | | Budgetary control and variance analysis | | | |
| | | Zero-based budgeting (ZBB) and incremental budgeting | | | |
| | | Standard Costing and Variance Analysis | | | |
| | | Understanding standard costs | | | |
| | | Material, labor, and overhead variances | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| | | Analyzing and interpreting variances | | | |
| | | The role of variance analysis in business decisions | | | |
| | 6. | Performance Measurement and Balanced Scorecard | | | |
| | | Financial and non-financial performance measures | | | |
| | | Return on investment (ROI), residual income (RI), and | | | |
| | | economic value added (EVA) | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | Introduction to the balanced scorecard and its four perspectives | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | (financial, customer, internal processes, learning & growth) | | | |
| | | Key performance indicators (KPIs) | | | |
| | | • Case study | | | |
| | 7. | Decision-Making Techniques | | | |
| | | Relevant costing and decision-making | | | |
| | | Make or buy decisions | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | Product pricing decisions | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | • Capital investment decisions: net present value (NPV), internal | | | |
| | | rate of return (IRR), and payback period | | | |
| | 8. | Strategic Management Accounting | | | |
| | | Value chain analysis and its importance | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | | Competitor analysis and benchmarking | - | 2 | 0 |
| | | Transfer pricing and global considerations | | | |
| | 9. | Contemporary Issues in Management Accounting | | | |
| | | Management accounting for lean production | | | |
| | | Environmental and sustainability accounting | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | | Corporate social responsibility (CSR) reporting | | | |
| | | Technological advancements in management accounting | | | |
| | 10. | Relevant industry specific case-studies | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | | TOTAL | 45 | 15 | 0 |
| | | ion criteria: | | | |
| he | | k-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: | | | |
| | | or Test 1: Quiz : 30% | | | |
| | | or Test 2: Written Examination: 15% | | | |
| | | ect: Decision Making: 15% | | | |
| | | r Exam: Written Examination: 40% | | | |
| | | g outcomes: | | | |
| 00 | on suce | cessful completion of this course, students will: | | | |
| | A 1 | advanged management accounting techniques in real life hydroge situa | <u>,</u> . | | |

Apply advanced management accounting techniques in real-life business situations.

- Analyze cost behaviors and use them to make informed business decisions.
- Design and implement effective budgeting systems for planning and control.
- Measure and evaluate organizational performance using financial and non-financial metrics.
- Utilize strategic management accounting tools for long-term business planning.
- Assess the impact of contemporary issues like sustainability and technology on management

accounting.

• Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills through case studies and practical applications.

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through lectures, presentations, and case studies.

References:

- 1. Drury, C. (2018). Management and Cost Accounting (10th ed.). Cengage Learning.
- 2. Horngren, C.T., Datar, S.M., & Rajan, M.V. (2017). Cost Accounting: A Managerial *Emphasis* (16th ed.). Pearson Education.

Additional Readings:

- Kaplan, R.S., & Atkinson, A.A. (2015). Advanced Management Accounting (3rd ed.). Pearson.
- Langfield-Smith, K., Thorne, H., & Hilton, R. (2020). Management Accounting: Information for Creating and Managing Value (8th ed.). McGraw-Hill.
- Atrill, P., & McLaney, E. (2019). Accounting and Finance for Non-Specialists (11th ed.). Pearson.
- Anthony, R. N., Hawkins, D. F., & Merchant, K. A. (2018). Accounting: Text and Cases (13th ed.). McGraw-Hill.

Additional information (If any): None

Students Responsibilities: Class attendance, timely submission of assignments and other projects

Prepared by: Dr. Parul Behl

- 1. Dr. Navita Nathani, Professor, IQAC.
- 2. Dr. Pushpa Negi, Associate Professor, New Delhi Institute of Management.

| Course | title: Management Information System | | | |
|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| Dre man | code: No. of credits: 4 L-T-P: 46-14-00 Learning ho | ours: | 60 | |
| r re-req | uisite course code and title (if any): None | | | |
| _ | nent: Policy & Management Studies | | | |
| | coordinator(s): Dr. Moumita Acharyya Course instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact | | | | |
| | Type: CoreCourse offered in: Semester 4 | | | |
| This co Manager As techn | Description urse introduces BBA students to the fundamental concepts and function for the fundamental concepts and function for the function of the function | s envi ion sy | ironm | ent. |
| database informat | rse covers essential topics such as the role of information systems in management, enterprise systems, and e-commerce. Students will also ion technology (IT) can be leveraged to optimize business processes, ma lecision-making. | o exp | lore 1 | now |
| business and bus | practical applications and case studies, students will learn how MIS too functions like supply chain management, customer relationship manageness analytics. The course emphasizes the strategic use of informat efficiency, enhance communication, and foster innovation in a dyne. | gemention s | nt (Cl ysten | RM), ns to |
| • | Objectives | | | |
| making. able to | ively utilize Management Information Systems in business operations By focusing on the integration of technology with business processes, st narness the power of information systems to support business objecti ive advantage. | tudent | ts wil | l be |
| • Deve | lop a strong understanding of the role of MIS in organizations and | its ir | | |
| | less performance. | | npact | on |
| businLear | | | - | |
| businLear operation | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision | n-mal | king | and |
| busin Lear operative Gain Underative | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. In practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like | n-mal s anal | king ytics. | and |
| busin Lear operative Gain Undersupp | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. I practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business perstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). | n-mal s anal e e-co | king ytics. | and rce, |
| busin Lear opera Gain Unde supp Prep | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen | n-mal s anal e e-co | king ytics. | and rce, |
| busin Lear operation Gain Understand Understand Prepinno | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. Ipractical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. | n-mal s anal e e-co | king ytics. | and rce, |
| busin Lear opera Gain Unde supp Prep | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. Ipractical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. | n-mal s anal e e-co | king ytics. omme foster | and rce, |
| busin Lear operation Gain Understand Understand Prepinno | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. In practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). The students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. | n-mal s anal e e-co | king ytics. | and rce, |
| busin Lear opera Gain Unda supp Prep inno | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems | n-mal s anal e e-co iges, | king ytics. omme foster | and rce, ing |
| busin Lear operation Gain Underation Underation Prepinno Course | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS | n-mal s anal e e-co iges, | king ytics. omme foster | and rce, ing |
| busin Lear operation Gain Unde supp Prep inno Course Module 1 | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS concepts. | n-mal s anal e e-co ages, L | king ytics. omme foster T | and rce, ring P |
| busin Lear operation Gain Underation Underation Prepinno Course | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business protection formation systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS concepts. Information Systems and Organizations | n-mal s anal e e-co uges, L 5 | king ytics. omme foster T 2 | and rce, ing P 0 |
| busin Lear operation Gain Unde supp Prep inno Course Module 1 | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS concepts. Information Systems and Organizations Understanding how businesses leverage information systems, | n-mal s anal e e-co ages, L | king ytics. omme foster T | and rce, ring P |
| busin Lear operation Gain Unde supp Prep inno Course Module 1 | ness performance. In to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business protection formation systems can support strategic initiatives like ly chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS concepts. Information Systems and Organizations | n-mal s anal e e-co ages, L 5 | king ytics. omme foster T 2 | and rce, ing P 0 |
| busin Lear operation Gain Unde supp Prep inno Course Module 1 | hess performance. in to analyze and manage data using MIS tools to improve decision ational efficiency. practical skills in database management, enterprise systems, and business erstand how information systems can support strategic initiatives like by chain management, and customer relationship management (CRM). are students to apply MIS solutions to real-world business challen vation and process improvement. Content Topic Introduction to Management Information Systems Overview of MIS, its role in modern organizations, importance of technology in business, types of information systems, and basic MIS concepts. Information Systems and Organizations Understanding how businesses leverage information systems, interaction between technology and organizational structure, the impact | n-mal s anal e e-co ages, L 5 | king ytics. omme foster T 2 | and rce, ing P 0 |

| | | relational database concepts, basic SQL queries, and data management | | | |
|----------|--|---|--------------------|---------|-------|
| | | principles. Data Quality and Governance. | | | |
| | 4 | Enterprise Systems and Business Processes | | | |
| | | Study of enterprise resource planning (ERP), supply chain management | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | (SCM), and customer relationship management (CRM) systems; | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | integration of business functions through information systems. | formation systems. | | |
| | 5 | E-commerce and Digital Business | | | |
| | | Fundamentals of e-commerce, digital business models, the role of | | | |
| | | information systems in online business operations, payment systems, | 5 | Z | 0 |
| | | and security. Case study of Amazon. | | | |
| | 6 | Business Analytics and Decision Support Systems | | | |
| | | Introduction to business analytics, decision support systems (DSS), | ~ | 1 | 0 |
| | | and how organizations use analytics to drive decisions; overview of | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| | | business intelligence tools. | | | |
| | 7 | Information Systems Security and Ethical Issues | | | |
| | | Understanding the importance of cybersecurity, common security | _ | 1 | 0 |
| | | threats, and how businesses protect data; ethical considerations and | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| | legal issues related to information systems. | | | | |
| | 8 | Emerging Trends in MIS | | | |
| | - | Exploration of current trends like cloud computing, artificial | _ | | |
| | | intelligence (AI), and big data; how these technologies are reshaping | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| | | the role of MIS in business. | | | |
| | 9 | MIS and Strategic Business Initiatives | | | |
| | / | How MIS supports long-term strategic planning, competitive | | | |
| | | advantage, and innovation in business; case studies on successful use of | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| | | MIS in various industries. | | | |
| | | TOTAL | 45 | 15 | 00 |
| Fv | aluat | ion criteria: | 75 | 15 | 00 |
| | | k-up of the evaluation procedure is as follows: | | | |
| • | | or Test 1 : Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1, 2 & 3) | | 20% | Va |
| - | | or Test 2 : Assignment/Written Examination (Module 1, 2 & 3) | - | 20% | |
| 2 | | - | - 20% | 207 | 0 |
| 2 | | or Exam : Written Examination (Module 1-9) | 2070 | 40% | /_ |
| • T o | | | | 40% | 0 |
| | | g Outcomes: | | | |
| | | ccessful completion of the course, students will be able to: | | | |
| • | - | ain the role of Management Information Systems (MIS) in supporting but | siness | | |
| | - | ations and decision-making. | COM | • • • • | |
| • | | tify how different types of information systems, such as ERP, CRM, and | SCM, | , integ | grate |
| | | ness processes. | | 1. | |
| • | | yze business data using database management systems and decision supp ove operational efficiency. | ort to | ols to |) |
| • | | uate the impact of emerging technologies like AI, cloud computing, and b nizational strategy and innovation. | oig da | ta on | |
| • | 0 | ss the importance of cybersecurity and ethical issues in the management | and us | se of | |
| | | mation systems in a business context. | | | |
| Pe | | gical approach | | | |
| The | e cou | rse will be delivered through lectures and tutorials. Application | of In | form | ation |
| Ma | nagen | nent tools in business & sustainability related problems would also b | e a p | art o | f the |
| ped | lagogi | cal approach for the course. | | | |

References:

Textbooks:

- 1. Management Information Systems: Managing the Digital Firm | 15th Edition, by Kenneth C. Laudon and Jane P. Laudon, Pearson.
- 2. Management Information Systems for the Information Age | 9th Edition, by Stephen Haag and Maeve Cummings, McGraw-Hill.

Additional Readings:

- 1. Introduction to Information Systems: Supporting and Transforming Business by R. Kelly Rainer, Brad Prince, and Casey G. Cegielski, Wiley.
- 2. Principles of Information Systems by Ralph Stair and George Reynolds, Cengage Learning.
- Management Information Systems: A Managerial Perspective by D.P. Goyal, Vikas Publishing House

Additional information (If any): None

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared according to the session plan and as when provided.

Prepared by: Dr. Anand Jaiswal

- 1. Dr. Vinaytosh Mishra, Associate Professor and Director, Thumbay Institute of AI in Healthcare, Gulf Medical University, Ajman, UAE
- 2. Dr. Cherian Samuel, Associate Professor, Indian Institute of Technology (BHU), Varanasi, India

| ~ | itle: Marketing | Management | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|--|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Course o | code: | No. of credits: 4 | | Learnin | g hou | rs: 6 | 0 | |
| Dro rogi | isita course coc | le and title (if any) | 0 | | | | | |
| | | Management studie | | | | | | |
| | coordinator (s): | Wandgement studie | Course instructo | or (s): | | | | |
| Contact | | | | (3)• | | | | |
| Course t | cype C | Core | Course offered in: Semest | ter 2 | | | | |
| Course o | lescription | | • | | | | | |
| | | | build a foundation for stude | | | | | |
| | Marketing is a critical function that determines the health of an organization. Marketing is the set | | | | | | | |
| | | | arket opportunities and plan to | | | | | |
| | | | l ideas that satisfy the needs o arketing tools to transform the | | | | | |
| | | the organizational | | | u op | Jonui | nues | |
| | objectives | une organizational | 55jeen/es. | | | | | |
| | U | mental course on | marketing and develops the | basic a | nalyti | cal s | kills, | |
| conceptu | al abilities, and | substantive knowle | dge in marketing concepts lik | the man | ketin | g mix | in a | |
| variety o | f real-life marke | ting situations. The | objectives are: | | | | | |
| | | 1 . 11 | 1 . | | | | | |
| - | - | nderstanding of the | • • | • | | | | |
| - | | - | and domestic marketing env | | | | | |
| | | ments of the market | STP process in the Indian envi | nonnent. | | | | |
| | | | nents like Multichannel and C |)mni char | nel m | arket | ino | |
| | | formulate a marketi | | | | luinet | | |
| Course o | | | | | | | | |
| Module | | Г | opic | | L | Т | Р | |
| 1. | Introduction: | | | | 9 | 3 | 0 | |
| | Marketing conc | epts and philosophi | ies. Evolution of Marketing. | | | | | |
| | Marketing Mvc | Marketing concepts and philosophies. Evolution of Marketing. | | | | | | |
| 1 | | pia. Marketing phil | Marketing Myopia. Marketing philosophies. | | | | | |
| | 1 | | - | | | | | |
| 1 | The sixth P of Marketing | | | | | | | |
| | | keting Mix Market | - | | | | | |
| | Holistic Market | keting Mix Market Marketing ting concept | - | | 0 | 3 | 0 | |
| 2. | Holistic Market Strategic Marke | keting Mix Market Marketing ting concept eting; | ing Plan | | 9 | 3 | 0 | |
| 2. | Holistic Market Strategic Market Porter's Generi | cketing Mix Market Marketing ting concept eting; c Strategies Michae | ing Plan I Porter's Big Ideas | | 9 | 3 | 0 | |
| 2. | Holistic Market Strategic Market Porter's Generi | cketing Mix Market Marketing ting concept eting; c Strategies Michae | ing Plan | model | 9 | 3 | 0 | |
| 2. | Holistic Market Strategic Market Porter's Generi Application and | keting Mix Market Marketing ting concept eting; c Strategies Michae d Evaluation of Stra | ing Plan I Porter's Big Ideas | | 9 | 3 | 0 | |

| | Total | 45 | 15 | 0 |
|----|---|----|----|---|
| | Services Marketing | | | |
| | Message evolution by McDonald's in India | | | |
| | concepts. | | | |
| | Integrated Marketing Communications IMC. New Age Marketing | | | |
| | Retailing Promotion Strategies | | | |
| | Distribution Strategies | | | |
| 5. | Pricing Strategies | 9 | 3 | 0 |
| 5 | Gaining competitive advantage Kodak Vs. Fuji | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| | Dealing with competition Marketing | | | |
| | Targeting and positioning Lessons from faded Levi Strauss We try harder | | | |
| | Product diff and market segmentation strategies. Advertising strategies. Digital Marketing, SEO,SEM. | | | |
| 4. | Segmenting the consumer markets Basis of segmentation | 9 | 3 | 0 |
| 4 | Creating Marketing Dashboard | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| | Data Management, data mining. | | | |
| | Market Intelligence | | | |
| | Market Research | | | |
| 3. | Marketing Information System (MIS) | 9 | 3 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria

Test 1: Class participation 10% (Based on attentiveness and active participation during the entire course)

Test 2: News presentations 10% (To pick and critically present latest news about marketing activities done by any company)

Test 3: 20% (Written exam after completion of 16 sessions –to test the understanding of concepts of marketing, strategic planning and consumer behavior)

Test 4: Group Project 20% (To develop the Marketing Plan for a product / service and apply all the knowledge of marketing gained throughout the course. Report to be submitted at the end of 28 sessions and presentation in the last 2 sessions)

Test 5: Written Test 40% (Written examination covering the entire course)

Group Project: Marketing News Presentation and Creating a Marketing Plan

Each group should be prepared to make a presentation of news related to marketing gathered over one week prior to its turn to present in the class.

Each group needs to select one product category from the suggested list. No overlap of product category within each section is permitted. Your group may take the perspective of an organization that is either a leader in the category or a follower or a new entrant.

Prepare a detailed report on the project. The report should be submitted in soft copy on my email.

Each group should be prepared to make a presentation project in the class. Time limit is 15 minutes per group.

Case Study discussion: A case may be studied keeping in mind the following:

a <u>problem definition</u> statement, which identifies the key issues facing management (not more than a few lines);

the objectives

alternative plan of action

an <u>analysis</u> section which synthesizes and integrates the answers to the key questions for the case, but does not repeat the facts themselves, and presents logical arguments in defense of both the problem definition and the recommended solution;

a set of <u>detailed recommendations</u> and suggestions for their implementation, including how to overcome any potential issues of implementation identified by the analysis.

Learning outcomes:

After attending this course, students will be able to:

Develop an understanding of the role of marketing in the success of an organization (News presentation, Mid Term exam)

Develop an ability to identify and assess strategic choices in marketing (Mid Term exam, End Term exam)

Be able to propose innovative solutions to customer needs and continuous improvement of offerings (News presentation, Group Project)

Be able to develop the Marketing Plan for any organization (Group Project, End Term exam). Be able to understand marketing mix and STP. (Mid-term exam)

Pedagogical approach

Interactive Lectures, Case discussions and presentations, News crunching

Materials

Text Book:

• Marketing Management by Philip Kotler, Kevin Keller, Pearson, New Delhi, 15th edition 2016, ISBN:978-81-317-3101-7

Reference Book:

 Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy, Mithleshwar Jha, "Marketing Management, A South Asian Perspective", 14th Ed (2013) by Pearson Education, New Delhi

Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared with readings / cases according to the session plan and as and when provided

Prepared by: Dr. Shruti Sharma

- 1. Dr. Ruchi Khandelwal, Professor, Amity University, Noida.
- 2. Dr.Shampy Kamboj, Associate Professor, NIT, Hamirpur.

| Course 7 | Title: Media Literacy & Critical Thinking | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|----|---|--|--|
| Course (| | urs: | 30 | | | |
| Pre Requ | iisite: | | | | | |
| Department: Policy and Management Studies | | | | | | |
| | Coordinator: Course Instructor: Prof. Pooja Priyamvada | | | | | |
| Contact Details: poojapriyamvada@outlook.com | | | | | | |
| | Course Type: Core Course Offered: Semester 2 | | | | | |
| | Course Description: | | | | | |
| | The course aims at equipping students with the skills to analyse media critically and make | | | | | |
| | informed decisions in a media-saturated world. It explores the intersection of media, | | | | | |
| | cation, and societal impact, focusing on bias, misinformation, and eth | | | - | | |
| | will learn to deconstruct messages across diverse platforms, understand n | | | | | |
| | opinion, and develop logical reasoning and argumentation skills. The course | | | | | |
| | valuation of sources, fact-checking, and fostering media literacy to becc | | | | | |
| | rs and creators of content. Interactive discussions, case studies and practic | | | | | |
| | students' ability to navigate and respond to the evolving media landscape ef | | | | | |
| | Dijectives: | | | | | |
| | nderstand media literacy and its significance in business and society | | | | | |
| | nderstand media influence | | | | | |
| 3. U | nderstand basics of critical thinking & its importance in business administr | ation | | | | |
| | he art of persuasion, argument & critical media skills | | | | | |
| 5. E | ffective decision making & Media communication for businesses | | | | | |
| 6. In | nportance of research & fact checking | | | | | |
| Modul | Topics | L | Т | Р | | |
| e | - | | | | | |
| 1. | Media Literacy & its significance | 3 | 1 | | | |
| | I. Introduction to Media Literacy | | | | | |
| | Definition, scope, and importance of media literacy. | | | | | |
| | Overview of media types: print, broadcast, digital, & social | | | | | |
| | media. | | | | | |
| | II. Understanding Media Messages | | | | | |
| | How media messages are constructed: text, visuals, & narratives. | | | | | |
| | Recognizing stereotypes, biases, and propaganda techniques | | | | | |
| | III. Media's Impact on Society | | | | | |
| | Influence of media on culture, politics, and business. | | | | | |
| | • Analyzing media's role in shaping public opinion & behavior. | | | | | |
| | IV. Media Literacy in the Digital Age | | | | | |
| | Challenges of misinformation, fake news, and deepfakes. | | | | | |
| | Evaluating credibility and authenticity of online sources. | | | | | |
| | | 4 | - | | | |
| 2. | Basics of Critical Thinking & its significance | 4 | 2 | | | |
| | I. Introduction to Critical Thinking | | | | | |
| | Definition, principles, and importance of critical thinking. Bala of critical thinking in personal & professional designs | | | | | |
| | Role of critical thinking in personal & professional decision- making | | | | | |
| | making. | | | | | |
| | II. Components of Critical Thinking | | | | | |
| | Logical reasoning, analysis, and evaluation. Distinguishing fasts an initial and accounting | | | | | |
| | Distinguishing facts, opinions, and assumptions. Description for the second secon | | | | | |
| | III. Barriers to Critical Thinking | | | | | |
| | Cognitive biases and logical fallacies.Influence of emotions, peer pressure, and cultural factors. | | | | | |
| | Intiliance of emotions near pressure and cultural testers | 1 | | | | |

| | IV. | Applications of Critical Thinking in Business | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---|----------------|------------|-----------|
| | - | Problem-solving and decision-making in business contexts. | | | |
| | • | Critical thinking in leadership and team management. | | | |
| 3. | The A | rt of Persuasion, Argument & Critical Media Skills | 4 | 2 | |
| | I. | The Art of Persuasion in Business | | | |
| | - | Principles of persuasive communication in business contexts. | | | |
| | - | Understanding audience psychology and crafting compelling | | | |
| | | messages. | | | |
| | • | Ethical considerations in persuasion and influence. | | | |
| | II. | Constructing and Evaluating Arguments | | | |
| | • | Elements of a strong argument: claims, evidence, and reasoning. | | | |
| | • | Identifying and avoiding logical fallacies in arguments. | | | |
| | III. | Critical Thinking and Media Skills in Business | | | |
| | - | Analyzing business-related media messages and advertisements | | | |
| | - | Leveraging media platforms for strategic communication and | | | |
| | | branding. | | | |
| | • | Managing media crises and responding to public criticism | | | |
| | | effectively. | | | |
| 4. | Effect | ive Decision Making | 2 | 1 | |
| | I. | Importance of effective decision-making | | _ | |
| | II. | Tools of decision making SWOT analysis, cost-benefit | | | |
| | | analysis, and decision matrices. | | | |
| 5. | Media | Communication for Business, Research & Fact-Checking | 4 | 2 | |
| 5. | I. | Media Communication Strategies for Business | - | 2 | |
| | 1. | Crafting clear and impactful messages for various media | | | |
| | | platforms. | | | |
| | | Tailoring communication for internal and external stakeholders. | | | |
| | | Role of storytelling and visuals in effective business | | | |
| | | communication. | | | |
| | II. | Research Skills for Media Communication | | | |
| | 11. ■ | Identifying credible sources for business-related information. | | | |
| | - | Conducting primary and secondary research for media | | | |
| | - | | | | |
| | ш | campaigns. | | | |
| | III. | Fact-Checking and Verifying Information | | | |
| | - | Importance of accuracy and credibility in business communication. | | | |
| | _ | | | | |
| | | Tools and techniques for fact-checking media content. | | | |
| | | Avoiding the spread of misinformation in professional and public platforms. | | | |
| 6. | I. | Analysis of real life case studies about media influence & | 3 | 2 | |
| | Tatal | Critical Thinking in Business strategies and Plans | 20 | 10 | - |
| -1 | Total | | 20 | 10 | |
| | on Crite | | 1 | | |
| | | pation & Discussion: 30 % - Attendance as per UGC norms-10 ma | arks, í | 2 Gro | oup |
| | | 0 marks, 1 Presentation 10 marks | | | |
| - | - | & Quizzes:30% - 2 Written assignments 10 marks & 2 quizzes 10 | | | |
| | | Analysis & Presentation: 40%- Students shall be assigned a case st | | | |
| <u>& ea</u> | ch group | will present it before the class. Case Study report 20 marks Presen | <u>tati</u> or | <u>mar</u> | <u>ks</u> |
| | | mag of the course for the students | | | |

Learning Outcomes of the course for the students

1. **Develop Media Literacy**: Students will critically analyze media messages, identifying biases, stereotypes, and misinformation across various platforms.

- 2. Enhance Critical Thinking: Gain the ability to evaluate arguments, assess evidence, and apply logical reasoning in decision-making processes.
- 3. Apply Ethical Judgment: Demonstrate awareness of ethical considerations in media consumption, creation, and communication.
- 4. **Improve Communication Skills**: Craft clear, persuasive, and responsible media messages tailored for diverse business audiences.
- 5. **Master Fact-Checking**: Utilize tools and strategies to verify the credibility of information and combat misinformation effectively in professional contexts.

Pedagogical Tool

Lectures, Group Discussions, Presentations & Seminar, Case studies and Readings Suggested Readings

- Carr, Nicholas. *The Shallows: What the Internet Is Doing to Our Brains*. W. W. Norton & Company, 2010.
- Pariser, Eli. The Filter Bubble: What the Internet Is Hiding from You. Penguin Press, 2012.
- Chomsky, Noam, and Edward S. Herman. *Manufacturing Consent: The Political Economy of the Mass Media*. Pantheon Books, 1988.
- Routledge Research in Media Literacy and Education. Routledge, 2015.
- Silverblatt, Art, Jane Ferry, and Barbara Finan. *Approaches to Media Literacy: A Handbook.* Routledge, 2015.
- Morris, Sarah E., editor. The Critical Thinking About Sources Cookbook. ACRL, 2020.
- Pandya, Jessica Zacher, et al., editors. *The Handbook of Critical Literacies*. Routledge, 2022.
- Kress, G. Literacy in the New Media Age. Routledge, 2015.
- Frechette, Julie, and Rob Williams. *Media Education for a Digital Generation*. Routledge, 2017.
- Hoechsmann, Michael, and Stuart R. Poyntz. *Media Literacies: A Critical Introduction*. Polity Press, 2012

Online Resources

- Association for Media Literacy
- Center for Media Literacy
- International Council for Media Literacy
- Media Literacy and Media Education Organizations

Prepared by:

Course Reviewer(s):

1. Dr Shikha Gupta, Former Faculty/Director, Sushma Swaraj Institute of Foreign Service, Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India

Enclosure 12

| Course ti | tle: Legal Asp | ects of Bidding and | PPP | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|-------------|----------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Course co | ode: MPL 148 | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 30-15-0 | Learn | ing hou | r s: 45 | | | |
| - | | de and title (if any) | | | | | | | |
| - | | Post Graduate Lega | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator (s): Course instructor (s): | | | | | | | | | |
| | Contact details: Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 2 | | | | | | | | |
| | • | Course offered in | : Semester 2 | | | | | | |
| Course De | - | | | | | | | | |
| | - | | o the basic legal concepts | - | | - | | | |
| - | | • | ncial and other risks relate | ed to bid | ding and | PPP | | | |
| | | ges in the execution | of such contracts. | | | | | | |
| Course of | bjectives: | | | | | | | | |
| Di Ca | scuss the risks ase law studies | and benefits associa | ciples of competitive bidd ted with bidding / PPP pro- related to bidding / PPP p gulators | ojects | PPP proj | ects | | | |
| Course C | ontents: | | | | | | | | |
| Module | | Торіс | | L | Т | P | | | |
| 1. | Introduction | to Competitive Bio | dding | | | | | | |
| | applicable to Bilateral Con Legal Founda legal standards in bidding and Historical and | bidding, its merits a tracts ations for Bidding: F s in procurement; Tr Overview of e-proc Policy Background | | ŏ | 4 | | | | |
| | Case discussio | n | | | | | | | |
| 2. | contracts Introduction to risks related term contract circumstance termination a Dispute Reso for arbitration of PPP project | to execution of con s – how to address of s; change in law ar nd step in rights; dis lution Mechanisms n, mediation and con cts; Case law analys | as for purposes of bidding atracts, challenges in long changes and alterations ir nd force majeure clauses spute resolution in PPPs; Legal provisions nciliation; Judicial review sis: PPP disputes in India | S N N | 4 | | | | |
| | and abroad; N | Aodern BITs and the | e 2015 Indian Model BIT (ISDS) Mechanisms | | | | | | |

| | International Arbitration in PPP Projects: Key arbitration institutions and their rules; Enforcement of arbitral awards under international conventions; Cross-border disputes and jurisdictional issues; Role of Permanent Court of Arbitration; ICSID Convention | | | |
|---|--|----|----|---|
| | Case study: Review of bid documents for different projects | | | |
| 3 | Introduction to PPP projects | | | |
| | Understanding the concept of PPP projects, its merits and demerits, Role and duty of PPP developers, applicability of RTI Act, Financing models for PPP projects | 8 | 4 | |
| | PPP Models: Legal Framework in India; The PPP guidelines and relevant national laws | | | |
| | PPP in various infrastructure sectors in India e.g. Healthcare, Ports, Electricity, Railways etc. | | | |
| | International Legal Frameworks on PPPs: United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) Model Legislative Provisions; World Bank and other international institutions' guidelines on PPP | | | |
| | Case discussion | | | |
| 4 | Role of government and regulators | | | |
| | Role of governments, courts and regulatory bodies in relation to PPP projects – risk of governmental and judicial interventions | 6 | 3 | |
| | Understanding the Regulatory sphere in India- Role of Competition Commission of India | | | |
| | Impact of environmental laws and regulations on PPP projects | | | |
| | Reforms required in PPP Models in India | | | |
| | Financing and Financial Law in PPP Projects; Legal structures for PPP project financing; Key financial institutions and their roles; Legal issues related to foreign investments in PPPs | | | |
| | Case discussion | | | |
| | Total | 30 | 15 | 0 |

Evaluation procedure:

- Weightage (%)
- Class participation 10
- Term Paper 25 (Modules 1-4)
- Presentation 25 (Modules 1-4)
- Final examination 40 (Module 2 & 4)

Learning outcomes :

- 1. Able to understand legal issues related to competitive bidding & PPP projects (Modules 1, 2&3)
- 2. Appreciate business and regulatory risks related to PPP and infrastructure projects (Module 4)

Pedagogical approach :

The course will be taught through interactive sessions with reference to case laws and materials for understanding the legal issues related to infrastructure and PPP projects.

Suggested Readings :

- **1. Banerjee, A.** (2016). Judicial Review of PPP Projects in India: Case Law and Analysis. Indian Journal of Legal Studies.
- 2. Bhat Sairam, Public Private Partnership in India A Sector Analysis, available at <u>https://ceerapub.nls.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2019/05/NLSIU-Book-Series-5-Public-Private-Partnership-in-India.pdf</u>
- 3. Brower, C. N., & Schill, S. W. (2008). Regime change in international investment law: From bilateralism to multilateralism. In A. Reinisch (Ed.), Standards of investment protection (pp. 63–90). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- **4. Desai, M.** (2012). *Dispute Resolution in Indian Public-Private Partnerships: The Legal Framework*. Journal of Indian Business Law.
- 5. Dolzer, R., & Schreuer, C. (2012). Principles of international investment law (2nd ed.). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- 6. Gandhi, J. C. (2001). Law Relating to Public-Private Partnerships in India. Universal Law Publishing.
- 7. Gómez, K. F. (2018). Rethinking the role of ISDS in PPP projects. Journal of International Arbitration, 35(4), 421–446.
- 8. Gopalakrishnan, R. (2015). E-Procurement in India: Legal and Regulatory Framework
- ICSID Review Foreign Investment Law Journal. (n.d.). Oxford University Press. Retrieved from https://academic.oup.com/icsidreview
- Investment Treaty News (ITN). (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.iisd.org/itn/
- Journal of World Investment & Trade. (n.d.). Brill. Retrieved from https://brill.com/view/journals/jwit/jwit-overview.xml
- Kumar, A. (2017). Infrastructure Development through PPP in India: A Legal Perspective.
- Mathur, N. D. (2012). Public-Private Partnerships in Infrastructure: Indian Legal and Policy Framework. Indian Journal of Law and Public Policy.
- Newcombe, A., & Paradell, L. (2009). Law and practice of investment treaties: Standards of treatment. Alphen aan den Rijn: Kluwer Law International.
- NITI Aayog, 'Rebooting Public Private Partnership in India' (22 November 2017),

available

https://www.pppinindia.gov.in/report/Report%20of%20the%20Committee%20on%20 Revisiting%20&%20Revitalizing%20the%20Public%20Privsaate%20Partnership%20 Model%20of%20Infrastructure%20(Kelkar%20Committee%20Report).pdf_16851710 86.pdf

- Overview of PPP experience PPIAF's Toolkit for Public Private Partnership in Roads & Highways [https://www.ppiaf.org/sites/ppiaf.org/files/documents/toolkits/highwaystoolkit/6/pdfversion/1-21.pdf)
- Parthasarathy, S. (2010). Legal Issues in Public Procurement in India: Recent Developments. Journal of Indian Law Institute.
- Poulsen, L. N. S. (2015). Bounded rationality and economic diplomacy: The politics of investment treaties in developing countries. International Relations Journal, 29(1), 120–142.
- Public Private Partnership Projects in India: Compendium of Case Studies, June 2015
- Public Private Partnerships (PPP) in Infrastructure Projects Public Auditing Guidelines, Comptroller & Auditor General of India, 2009
- Public-Private Partnership Legal Resource Center (PPP LRC). (n.d.). Retrieved from https://ppp.worldbank.org/
- Raghavan, S. (2013). Regulatory Mechanisms for PPP Projects in India.
- Rao, P. S. N. (2018). Public-Private Partnerships in Infrastructure: An Indian Perspective.
- Report of the Committee on Revisiting & Revitalizing the Public Private Partnership Model of Infrastructure (Kelkar Committee Report), November 2015
- Saxena, R. S. (2016). Compliance Challenges in Public Procurement and PPP Models in India. Journal of Regulatory Affairs.
- Schill, S. W. (2009). Fair and equitable treatment under investment treaties as an embodiment of the rule of law. International Law and Politics, 13(1), 1–33.
- Singh, B. (2015). Risk Allocation and Legal Challenges in PPP Contracts in India. Indian Law Review.
- Singh, K. P. (2014). Public Procurement and Competition Law in India.
- Sornarajah, M. (2021). The international law on foreign investment (5th ed.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Thakur, R. (2011). Public-Private Partnerships in India: A Legal Guide. Eastern Book Company.
- Transnational Dispute Management (TDM). (n.d.). Retrieved from https://www.transnational-dispute-management.com/
- Van Harten, G. (2007). The public-private distinction in the international arbitration of individual claims against the state. International and Comparative Law Quarterly, 56(2), 371–393.
- Vijay Vir Singh and Siddharth Mitra, 'Regulatory Management and Reform in India', Background Paper for the OECD, available at www.oecd.org/gov/regulatorypolicy/44925979.pdf
- Wälde, T. W. (2005). The "umbrella clause" in investment arbitration. The Journal of World Investment & Trade, 6(2), 183–236.
- Yannaca-Small, K. (Ed.). (2010). Arbitration under international investment agreements: A guide to the key issues. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Additional information (if any):

at

Student responsibilities:

Attendance: At-least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.

Course Revised By- Dr Kavita, Assistant Professor (Law), CPGLS, Department of Policy and Management Studies

- 1. Mr Swapnil Verma, Chief Manager (Law) & Legal Head at Central Transmission Utility of India Ltd./POWERGRID, swapnilverma.adv@gmail.com.
- 2. Mr Akash Jandial, Advocate, Delhi High Court and Supreme Court, India.

| Course title: Mining and Mineral Laws | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code MPL 154 | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P : 30-15-0 | Learning hours: 45 | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course coo | Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | |
| Department: Centre for | Postgraduate Legal S | Studies | | | | | |
| Course coordinator (s) | | Course instructor (s) | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type:CoreCourse offered in:Semester 2 | | | | | | | |

Course Description

Minerals play a significant role in the economic development of a state. Therefore, the state has a larger role in regulating the extraction of minerals, which is particularly important for developing countries. Broadly there are three phases in the nature of policies and regulation of the mining sector in developing countries. First, the colonial polices on mining, which favored private companies from the colonial state. Second, post-World War II policies, which were adopted by most states of the Asia and Africa after their independence in a trend of nationalization and the involvement of State-owned Enterprises. Third, post globalization neoliberal policies, which aimed at attracting foreign direct investment in the sector.

Presently, India, a state rich in minerals, has a federal set-up for regulation of mining and minerals. Its regulatory structure and trajectory closely resemble to that of other developing countries. This course examines the laws and policies relating to the mining sector in India. Since mining is an activity that has externalities, mining law does not stand in neglect of issues relating to environment and tribal rights, setting an epistemological connection between mining law and law relating to environment and tribal rights. Hence the course has a substantial scope for critically understanding such issues.

Course objectives

The course aims to:

- provide an overview of the legal and policy framework on the mining sector in India
- understand the causal forces which have been transforming the laws and policies on the sector
- survey and appraise the major reformative efforts in the sector
- analyze the impact of mining on the environment and tribal rights and the possibilities of legislation/regulation/policy on mining and minerals in mitigating the externalities caused to environment.
- provide the participants an inside-out view by familiarizing them with decision-making, enforcement, and dispute settlement/avoidance.

| Course content | L | Т | Р |
|--|---|---|---|
| Module 1: Introduction and Legal Framework | 8 | 4 | |
| An introduction to the mining sector in India | | | |
| Allocation of jurisdiction over minerals and mines under the Constitution Minor minerals and other minerals | L | | |
| An overview of Policies: National Mineral Policy, 1993; National Mineral | | | |

| Policy, 2008; National Mineral | nd Exploration Policy, 2016, | National |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| Mineral Policy, 2019 | | |
| | | |

| (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Proprietary rights over minerals: Articles 294 and 297 | | | | |
| Coal Nationalization laws | | | | |
| Commercial Coal Mining (2020 Reforms): Opening up coal mining to private players and allowing 100% FDI; and Shift from captive mining to commercial production. | | | | |
| Coal Mines (Special Provisions) Act, 2015: Amendments and their implications for India's energy security. | | | | |
| Intersection of Mining with EIA Rules | | | | |
| Economic Policy Reforms in Mining Sector | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Module 2: Laws relating to Prospecting and Mining | | 8 | 4 | |
| Key Provisions related to Prospecting and Mining under Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957; Mineral Concession Rules, 1960; Mineral Conservation and Development Rules (MCDR) 1988 | | | | |
| Powers of Central and State Governments; Reconnaissance permit, Prospecting and Mining licenses/lease, Composite License: Duration, termination etc. | | | | |
| Method of grant of license: Auctions Amendments to the MMDR Act Captive mines | | | | |
| Royalty: Different types: Unit based, ad valorem, share of profit Character and legal nature: Whether tax or not. | | | | |
| 2015 Amendments: District Mineral Foundation, National Mineral Exploration Trust | | | | |
| 2021 Amendments to the MMDR Act: Shift to auction-based allocation of mineral blocks; Removal of end-use restrictions; and Provisions for the transfer of mining leases. | | | | |
| Streamlining of Statutory Clearances | | | | |
| Role of Indian Bureau of Mines, State Departments of Mines and Geology | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Module 3: Mining and Environmental Issues | 6 | 5 | 4 | |

| Environmental laws and their applicability to the mining sector, Water and Air Pollution, EIA, Forest and Wildlife Clearance | | | |
|--|------|----|--|
| Illegal Mines: Justice Shah Commission Report on Illegal Mining in the State of Goa | | | |
| Role of NGT | | | |
| Sustainable Development Framework, Sustainable mining Initiative | | | |
| Discussion about Critical Minerals and Social License to Operate | | | |
| Coal-Phase Out | | | |
| Case Studies (Vedanta's Niyamgiri mining project & coal mining in the Hasdeo Arand forests of Chhattisgarh) | | | |
| Module 4: Mining and Laws relating to Scheduled Areas and Tribal | 4 | 2 | |
| Rights | | | |
| Article 244, Schedule V and VI Areas, Restriction on Transfer of Land Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 | | | |
| Forest Rights Act, 2006 (FRA) | | | |
| Impact of 2015 Amendments | | | |
| | | | |
| Case Study- BALCO (1997); POSCO project in Odisha | | | |
| Case Study- BALCO (1997); POSCO project in Odisha | | | |
| | 4 | 1 | |
| | 4 | 1 | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities | 4 | 1 | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and | 4 30 | 1 | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total Evaluation criteria | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total Evaluation criteria • Class participation 10% • Case Analysis 25% (Module 3) • Assignment & Presentations 25% (Modules 4 & 5) | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total Evaluation criteria • Class participation 10% • Case Analysis 25% (Module 3) • Assignment & Presentations 25% (Modules 4 & 5) • Major Test 40% (Module 1&2) | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total Evaluation criteria • Class participation 10% • Case Analysis 25% (Module 3) • Assignment & Presentations 25% (Modules 4 & 5) • Major Test 40% (Module 1&2) | | | |
| Module 5: Conflicts and local communities Causes, Role of governments, civil society organizations, courts Case studies- Sterlite Industries Case (Tamil Nadu); Vedanta and Niyamgiri Case; and Coal Mining in Hasdeo Arand (Chhattisgarh) Total Evaluation criteria • Class participation 10% • Case Analysis 25% (Module 3) • Assignment & Presentations 25% (Modules 4 & 5) • Major Test 40% (Module 1&2) | 30 | 15 | |

livelihood of tribal population (Module 4)

Pedagogical approach

Lectures and discussions will be the prominent mode of teaching. The topics under each module will be introduced through an introductory lecture, followed by discussions by students. Students are expected to come prepared and initiate discussions on topics that have

been assigned beforehand.

Materials/

Suggested readings

Cases:

- Common Cause v. Union of India (2017) (Odisha Mining Scam Case)
- Goa Foundation v. Union of India (2014)
- In re: Natural Resources Allocation (2012)
- India Cement Ltd. v. State of Tamil Nadu (1990)
- Lafarge Umiam Mining Pvt. Ltd. v. Union of India (2011)
- M.C. Mehta v. Union of India (2004) (Aravalli Hills Mining Ban)
- Manohar Lal Sharma v. Principal Secretary (2014)
- *Mineral Area Development Authority* v. *Steel Authority of India* (2011).
- Samatha v. State of Andhra Pradesh (1997)
- State of West Bengal v. Kesoram Ltd. (2004)
- Sterlite Industries (India) Ltd. v. Union of India (2013) (Sterlite Copper Plant Case)
- T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad v. Union of India (1996) (Forest Conservation Case)
- Thresiamma Jacob v. Geologist, Department of Mines and Geology (2013)
- Vedanta Ltd. v. Union of India (2013) (Niyamgiri Bauxite Mining Case)

Primary Texts:

- Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act, 1957 (including 2021 amendments).
- National Mineral Policy 2019.
- Coal Mines (Special Provisions) Act, 2015
- Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980.
- Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 (PESA).
- Forest Rights Act, 2006 (FRA).

Key International Conventions and Legal Documents

- United Nations. (1982). United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS). Retrieved from https://www.un.org/Depts/los/
- United Nations Environment Programme. (2013). Minamata Convention on Mercury.

Retrieved from https://www.mercuryconvention.org/

- International Labour Organization. (1995). Safety and Health in Mines Convention (No. 176). Retrieved from https://www.ilo.org/
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. (2011). OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises. Retrieved from https://www.oecd.org/corporate/mne/
- Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative. (n.d.). EITI framework. Retrieved from https://eiti.org/

Books/Articles/Online Resources

- Anton, D., & VanderZwaag, D. L. (2019). Mining and the law of the sea. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar Publishing.
- Asir, N.G.G., Kumar, P.D., Arasamuthu, A. et al. Eroding islands of Gulf of Mannar, Southeast India: a consequence of long-term impact of coral mining and climate change. Nat Hazards 103, 103–119 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1007/s11069-020-03961-6
- Bastida, E. (2020). International and comparative mineral law and policy: Trends and prospects. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar Publishing.
- Bastida, E., Wälde, T., & Warden-Fernandez, J. (2005). Mining law and policy: International perspectives. London: Routledge.
- Dalton Debbarma and Yash Yadav, A Critical Evaluation of the Adequacy of Current Mining Laws in India: A Legal Study, International Journal of Law and Social Sciences, Vol. 9 Issue 1, 2023
- Dhavan, R. (1992). MINING POLICY IN INDIA : PATRONAGE OR CONTROL ? Journal of the Indian Law Institute, 34(2), 218–246. http://www.jstor.org/stable/43951425
- Gupta, Harsh, "The Role of Mining in Economic Development and Environmental Protection", 1st ed., Sage Publications, 2019.
- Hilson, G. (2012). The resource curse revisited: Environmental justice and the extractive industries. Development Studies Research, 9(3), 310–330.
- Hilson, G. (2012). The resource curse revisited: Environmental justice and the extractive industries. Development Studies Research, 9(3), 310–330.
- Humphreys, D. (2019). Critical minerals and resource security: Policy approaches and international cooperation. Mineral Economics, 32(2), 145–159.
- Humphreys, D. (2019). Critical minerals and resource security: Policy approaches and international cooperation. Mineral Economics, 32(2), 145–159.
- ISID (2012), Sustainable Development: Emerging Issues in India's Mineral Sector, New Delhi: Planning Commission.
- Jane H. Hodgkinson, Michael H. Smith, Climate change and sustainability as drivers for the next mining and metals boom: The need for climate-smart mining and recycling, Resources Policy, Volume 74, 2021.
- Jenkins, V. (2016). Environmental regulation and the mining industry: Balancing risks and rewards. Environmental Law Review, 18(4), 255–268.
- Jenkins, V. (2016). Environmental regulation and the mining industry: Balancing risks and rewards. Environmental Law Review, 18(4), 255–268.
- Khanna, Arpita A. (2013), "Governance in Coal Mining: Issues and Challenges",
- Lukasiewicz, A., et al. (Eds.). (2017). Natural resources and environmental justice. New York: Routledge.
- Morrison, J. (2014). Corporate social responsibility in the mining sector: The case of social license to operate. Journal of Cleaner Production, 84(1), 122–131.
- Morrison, J. (2014). Corporate social responsibility in the mining sector: The case of social license to operate. Journal of Cleaner Production, 84(1), 122–131.

- Otto, J. (2020). The future of mining law in a low-carbon world. Resources Policy, 65, Article 101567.
- Otto, J. (2020). The future of mining law in a low-carbon world. Resources Policy, 65, Article 101567.
- Sen, Raj Kumar, "Mining and Environmental Law in India", 2nd ed., Eastern Book Company, 2020.
- Seth, D. D. (2012), *Encyclopaedia of Mining Laws*, Fifth Edition, Lucknow: Eastern Book Company.
- Singh, A.K. "Sustainable Mining: The Law and Practice", 1st ed., Oxford University Press, 2018.
- Sreejith, S. G. (2015), "Vedanta and the philosophy of international law: From human sociality to ahuman reality", *Indian Journal of International Law*, 55 (1): 3-38.
- Szablowski, David (2007), *Transnational Law and Local Struggles: Mining Communities and the World Bank*, Oxford: Hart Publishing.
- TERI NFA Working Paper, New Delhi: TERI.
- Zillman, D. N., McHarg, A., Barrera-Hernandez, L., & Bradbrook, A. (Eds.). (2014). The law of energy underground: Understanding new developments in subsurface production, transmission, and storage. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Additional information (if any):

Student responsibilities: 75% attendance

- 1. Prof Gurujit Singh, Professor, USLLS, Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University, Delhi
- 2. Ms Chhaya Bharadwaj, Associate Professor, Jindal Global Law School, Sonepat

| Course title: Contr | acts law and management | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|----------------------------|------------|---------|----------|----------|--|
| Course Code: | No. of credits : 3 | L-T | -P : 26-19-0 | L | earning | Hours : | 45 | |
| Pre-requisite cours | se code and title (if any): Non- | e | | | | | | |
| Course coordinato | or: | | Course Instructor | • | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | | Course offered in | : Semester | r 2 | | | |
| ~ ~ ~ | | | | | | | | |
| Course Description | | arciaat | This course prov | ridaa an a | duanaad | underste | nding of | |
| ē | foundation of infrastructure prespect to the infrastructure pr | | 1 | | | | • | |
| | e will look into specific infras | | | | | | | |
| | frastructure contracts of big pro | | | | | | | |
| | anding of contract management | | | | | | | |
| | nderstanding of possible conflic | | | | | | | |
| infrastructure busin | e taught through various case | studi | es expose students | to various | sets of | contract | laws in | |
| Course objectives | -55. | | | | | | | |
| • | an advanced understanding of o | contra | ct law and its implication | ations. | | | | |
| - | specific types of infrastructure | | _ | | | | | |
| | nd contract management and di | spute | resolution | | | | | |
| Course Content | | | | | L | Т | Р | |
| Module 1: Princip | les of Contract Law | | | | 8 | 2 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | ples for Formation of Contract; | | | 10) | | | | |
| 1 | ns of Contract: Nabha Power La f contracts: Force Majeure, Cha | | | | | | | |
| | ce on 'Time is of the Essence'; | ange C | fuel, Change of Lav | ν, | | | | |
| 1 | on in Infrastructure Contracts; | | | | | | | |
| - | ntracts; Agency, Indemnity, Gu | arante | e, Bailment | | | | | |
| Module 2: Infrastr | ructure Contracts | | | | 6 | 8 | | |
| Public Priva | ate Partnership Models(PPP); | | | | | | | |
| Joint Ventur | · | | | | | | | |
| Managemen | | | | | | | | |
| | st Contracts; | | | | | | | |
| Leasing out; Model Con | | | | | | | | |
| | cession Agreements; g Agreements; | | | | | | | |
| | ort Contracts; | | | | | | | |
| | ist Contracts; | | | | | | | |
| • Share Pledg | | | | | | | | |
| Ũ | ase Agreements (PPA) | | | | | | | |
| | Sustainable Infrastructure Contr | | | | | | | |
| | ecific Contracts : Types of Cont | tract C | lauses | | | | | |
| Mock Activ | ity (Negotiating Contracts) | | | | | | | |

| odule 3: Contract Management | 5 | 5 | |
|--|----|----|---|
| Importance of Contract management | | | _ |
| • Contract Management Theory: processes from a conceptual perspective | | | |
| Success Criteria for processes | | | |
| Upstream or Pre-award activities | | | |
| • Creating Functional Team(s) for Risk Analysis & Contract Management | | | |
| Creating Templates for Contracts | | | |
| Creating Contract Management Processes | | | |
| Contract exit strategy – | | | |
| Dispute Resolution Planning and Processes | | | |
| Contract Training | | | |
| Hypothetical Case Scenarios | | | |
| odule 4: Conflict Resolution | 7 | 4 | |
| • Alternative dispute resolution mechanisms – Arbitration, Mediation, | | - | 1 |
| Conciliation and Negotiation | | | |
| Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 | | | |
| Arbitral Award | | | |
| • Appeal | | | |
| Conciliation | | | |
| • Forum Inconvenience (multijurisdictional issues) | | | |
| • International Arbitration in Infrastructure Contracts: UNCITRAL, ICC, or | | | |
| LCIA rules | | | |
| Multi-Tiered Dispute Resolution Clauses | | | |
| International Investments and Infrastructure Projects | | | |
| Total | 26 | 19 | + |

- Minor Test: Written Examination- 20% [Syllabus: Module 1 and 2]
- Written Assignment: Drafting Specific Contracts- 20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Mock Negotiation-20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Major Test: Written Examination-40 % [Syllabus: Module 3-4]

• Learning Outcomes:

- Understand and Recall fundamental principles of contract law, particularly as applied to infrastructure projects, including key contractual concepts such as formation, discharge, and performance. [Minor Test, Major Exam]
- *Apply* contract law principles to real-world scenarios, effectively using legal reasoning to draft, negotiate, and manage infrastructure contracts, taking into account risk allocation, regulatory requirements, and commercial interests.[Minor Test, Major Exam, Contract Drafting Exercise, Role Play]
- *Analyze* various types of infrastructure contracts (e.g., PPP models, EPC contracts) and critique their strengths and weaknesses in achieving project goals. Identify potential legal issues and areas for improvement within contract management frameworks. [Research Paper, Presentation]
- *Evaluate* contract management practices and dispute resolution mechanisms within infrastructure projects, considering the implications of contractual frameworks on project success, stakeholder interests, and legal compliance. [Minor Test, Major Exam, Case Study Analysis, Presentation]
- *Create* structured, well-supported legal arguments and contract management strategies, formulating solutions to complex issues such as dispute resolution, risk mitigation, and regulatory compliance in infrastructure projects. [Research Paper, Contract Drafting Exercise, Presentation]

Pedagogical approach:

A combination of lecture based and problem based learning would be used. Case studies would be used for initiating discussions in the module on specific sectors.

Materials:

Module 1: Principles of Contract Law

Key Readings:

• Anson's Law of Contract – Sir Jack Beatson FBA, Andrew Burrows FBA QC (Hon), and John Cartwright, 30th edn, OUP, 2016.

Chapters on Formation of Contracts and Discharge of Contracts

- Law of Business Contracts in India Sairam Bhatt, Sage, 2009. Chapters on Specific Contracts (Agency, Indemnity, Guarantee, Bailment)
- Keating on Construction Contracts Stephen Furst & Sir Vivian Ramsey, 9th edn, Sweet & Maxwell, 2012.

Section on Contractual Clauses and Dispute Mechanisms

• Chitty on Contracts – H.G. Beale, 33rd edn, Sweet & Maxwell, 2018. *Relevant sections on General Principles of Contract Law*

Module 2: Infrastructure Contracts

Key Readings:

- Law Relating to Infrastructure Projects Piyush Joshi, Butterworths, 2003. *Chapters on Public-Private Partnership Models and Joint Ventures*
- FIDIC Contracts: Law and Practice Ellis Baker, Ben Mellors, Scott Chalmers, Anthony Lavers, Informa Law, 2019.

Sections on EPC and BOT contracts

• The Law and Business of International Project Finance – Scott L. Hoffman, 4th edn, Cambridge University Press, 2017.

Relevant sections on concession agreements and financial structuring in infrastructure projects

 Public-Private Partnerships: Principles of Policy and Finance – E. R. Yescombe, 2nd edn, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2011.

Chapters on various PPP models and contractual frameworks

Module 3: Contract Management

Key Readings:

- Contract Management: Core Business Competence Ralf Steger and Bert Verworn, Springer, 2013. *Chapters on Contract Creation, Templates, and Contract Management Processes*
- The NEC4 Contract Nicholas Gould, ICE Publishing, 2017. *Chapter on Contract Management and Risk Allocation*
- Contract and Commercial Management: The Operational Guide International Association for Contract and Commercial Management (IACCM), Van Haren Publishing, 2013. *Section on Contract Performance, Risk Management, and Claim Management*
- Building Contract Claims David Chappell, 5th ed, Wiley Blackwell, 2018. *Chapter on Claims Management in Infrastructure Projects*

- 1. Dr. Ghazala Abidin, Associate Professor, School of Law, Manav Rachna University
- 2. Ms. Bunu Ghimire, Assistant Director (Legal), Nepal Insurance Authority, Government of Nepal

| Course title: Forest | t Law and Policy | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| Course Code: | No. of credits : 3 | L-T | -P: 39-6-0 | | Learning | Hours : | 45 |
| Pre-requisite cours | se code and title (if any): None | ; | | | | | |
| Course coordinato | or: | | Course Instruct | or: | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | | Course offered i | n: Semest | er 2 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Course Description | n : | | I | | | | |
| | wards forests has changed over | | | | | | |
| | he initial years of colonization, | | | | | | |
| | he colonial rule. The discourse | | | | | | |
| international level. | attempt to provide an overvie | W 01 | the forest laws a | ind policie | es both at | the natio | onal and |
| Course objectives | | | | | | | |
| ů – | nd the legal regime on forestry in | n Indi | ia and the changes | in the poli | cy over a r | eriod of | time |
| | he role of local communities in | | - | - | • • | | unite. |
| - | te the evolving international law | | - | | - | | riec |
| Course Content | the evolving international law | 111 (11) | | | L | T | P |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | D · | | 4 T | | - | - |
| and Policy | iction : History, Evolution and | Basi | c Concepts of For | est Law | 7 | | |
| • | forest laws and policies in India: | Diffe | prent stages | | | | |
| | onial Forest Policies | Ding | font stages | | | | |
| | British Policies on Forest Dwelle | ers | | | | | |
| _ | prest Policy 1952 and 1988 | 15 | | | | | |
| | of forests: ecological, social, and | econ | omic | | | | |
| | egal perspectives), Purposes of f | | | | | | |
| Forest Gove | ernance Structures | | | | | | |
| | ion of forests and its importance | ; | | | | | |
| Module 2: Overvie | ew of the legal regime | | | | 9 | 2 | |
| Constitution | al Provisions – Indian Forest Ac | ct 192 | 27, Classification o | f forests – | | | |
| | servation) Act, 1980 - Non-fores | | | | | | |
| | rvation- CAMPA, 2016 – Forest | | | | | | |
| | rest Laws and Land Acquisition | | | : Forest | | | |
| | n case ; Divergent Views of the dwellers and forest governance | | 18 | | 7 | 1 | |
| | 5 | | | | | 1 | |
| - | oint Forest Management, Fores | | | | | | |
| | governance, Rights of Indigenous framework protecting indigenous | | - | | | | |
| Forest Governance | | is figi | its, Gender interse | | .11 | | |
| | of forest governance: Van Dhan | Yojna | | | | | |
| | e conservation and forests | ~ | | | 7 | 1 | |
| Wildlife (Protection | n) Act, 1972 – Protected Areas – | - Fore | st dwellers and wi | ldlife | | | |
| conservation, Inter | | | | | | | |
| Environment (Prote | ection) Act, 1986 – ESA Notific | ations | s – Eco-sensitive Z | ones | | | |

| (ESZs) around protected area: judicial contribution – Eco-tourism activities in | | | |
|--|----|---|---|
| Protected Areas : regulation | | | |
| Resource Conflict: Coal bed Methane in Fringe Areas; Human-Animal Conflict | | | |
| Module 5: International Legal regime on forests | 9 | 2 | |
| Regional Agreements: Trends; Soft law instruments: Stockholm Declaration, World | | | |
| Charter for Nature, Rio Declaration, Agenda 21, Forest Principles 1992, Forestry | | | |
| Principles, 2007, SDGs – Goal 15. | | | |
| Treaties: Ramsar Convention, CITES, CBD, UNFCCC, Kyoto Protocol, | | | |
| Paris Agreement, World Heritage Convention, International Tropical | | | |
| Timber Agreement | | | |
| REDD+, Economic Law and Forests; Forest Based Solutions for Climate Resilience; | | | |
| Forest Governance and Space Technology ; Transboundary Forest Management | | | |
| Total | 39 | 6 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test: Written Examination- 20% [Syllabus: Module 1]
- Written Assignment: Research Paper or Case Comment 20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Presentation on the Assignment -20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Major Test: Written Examination-40 % [Syllabus: Module 2-4]

Learning outcomes

On completion of this course, the students would be able to:

- Understand and Recall key principles of forest law and policy, including the historical evolution of forest governance, international agreements, and national frameworks for forest conservation and management. *[Minor Test, Major Test]*
- Apply this knowledge to real-world scenarios in forest conservation and management, effectively using legal reasoning to assess policy implications, regulatory decisions, and sustainable forest practices. *[Minor Test, Major Test, Case Comment, Presentation]*
- Analyze and Critique forest laws, policies, and reforms at national and international levels, identifying potential areas for improvement in forest management, indigenous rights, and sustainable use of forest resources.

[Research Paper, Presentation]

• Evaluate the role of forests in broader environmental and socio-economic contexts, considering the implications of legal frameworks on biodiversity conservation, climate change, indigenous rights, and sustainable development.

[Minor Test, Major Test, Research Paper or Case Comment, Presentation]

• Create well-reasoned arguments and proposals for policy or legal reform to address contemporary challenges in forest law, such as deforestation, wildlife conservation, climate change, and community rights.

[Research Paper, Presentation]

Pedagogical approach

Predominantly based on classroom teaching. A lot of emphasis will be given for self-study.

For this module wise reading material will be distributed in advance.

Module 1: History of Forest Laws and Policies in India Key Readings:

- Sivaramakrishnan, K. (1999), *Modern Forests: Statemaking and Environmental Change in Colonial Eastern India*, Stanford University Press.
- Gadgil, M. & Guha, R. (1992), *This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India*, University of California Press.

Module 2: Forest Governance and Communities Key Readings:

- Forest Rights Act, 2006
- Lele, S., & Menon, A. (2014), Democratizing Forest Governance in India, Oxford University Press.
- Government of India (1996), Panchayats (Extension to Scheduled Areas) Act, 1996 (PESA).
- Agarwal, A., & Gibson, C. (1999), Community and the Environment: Ethnicity,
- Gender, and the State in Community-Based Conservation, Rutgers University Press.
 - Saravanan, V. (2009), Decentralized Governance and Natural Resource Management in India: The Role of Van Panchayats in Uttarakhand, Natural Resources Forum, Vol. 33, Issue 1.

Module 3: Forest Dwellers and Forest Governance Key Readings:

- Springate-Baginski, O. (2010), Forest Rights Act 2006: Recognizing the Rights of Forest Dependent Communities in India, University of East Anglia.
- Menon, A., & Kohli, K. (2014), *Ecology, Equity, and Rights: Forest Governance through Forest Rights Act, 2006*, Journal of Indian Law and Society.
 - Shiva, V. (1993), Monocultures of the Mind: Perspectives on Biodiversity and Biotechnology, Zed Books.
- Vasant Saberwal & Mahesh Rangarajan (2003), *Battles over Nature: Science and the Politics of Conservation*, Permanent Black.
- Sarin, M. (2005), *The Joint Forest Management Program in India: Some Critical Issues*, in *Forests, People and Power*, Earthscan.

Module 4: Wildlife Conservation and Forests Key Readings:

- Wildlife Protection Act (1972):
- Rangarajan, M. (2006), India's Wildlife History: An Introduction, Permanent Black.
- Madhusudan, M.D. & Karanth, K.U. (2002), *Local Hunting and the Conservation of Large Mammals in India*, Ambio.
- Shahabuddin, G. (2010), *Conservation at the Crossroads: Science, Society, and the Future of India's Wildlife*, Permanent Black.
- Kothari, A., & Pathak, N. (2006), *Protected Areas and People: The Future of the Wildlife Conservation Strategy in India*, Economic and Political Weekly.

Module 5: International Forest Law and Policy Key Readings:

- United Nations (1992), *Rio Declaration on Environment and Development*:
- United Nations (1997), Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
- FAO (2010), *Global Forest Resources Assessment 2010*, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.
- International Tropical Timber Agreement (ITTA, 2006):
- Humphreys, D. (2006), Logjam: Deforestation and the Crisis of Global Governance, Earthscan.

Additional information (if any)

Course Reviewer:

Prof. Dr. M. Sakthivel, Professor, Tamil Nadu National Law University Ms. Nidhi Singh, Programme Officer, Asian Forum for Human Rights and Development (FORUM-ASIA)

| Course title: Competition Law and Policy | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Course Code: MPL 165No. of credits : 3 | L-T | - P : 33-12-0 | learning | Hours : 4 | 5 |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): Inf | rastructu | are Law and Policy (MPL 157) |) | | |
| Course coordinator : | | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course offered in: Semester | 2 | | |
| Course Description Competition law is aimed at protecting the proceed all developing countries have enacted competition course is an attempt to address some of the issue This course builds on the basic course on <i>Competent and Policy</i> course offered in the I Semester. Course objectives | ion laws es in coi | s in the lines of the laws of mpetition law that are of inter | developed rest to cou | l countrie ntries lik | es. This e India. |
| • To understand the need and rationale for c | competit | ion law from a developmental | perspecti | ve. | |
| To critically examine some of the cruc environmental laws, and public procurem To critically analyse the emerging interna | ent laws | | | | |
| Course Content | | | L | Т | Р |
| Module 1: Introduction | | | 12 | 1 | 0 |
| Objectives of competition law and policy Evolution of Competition Law and Polic Committee Report, Competition Commiss Basic concepts: relevant market, anti-dominant position and anti-competitive competition Law Digital Markets and Competition Law Emerging International Competition Law Developing Countries and Competition Law | icy in Ir sion -compet ombinati | itive agreements, abuse of | | | |
| Module 2: Competition Law and Regulation | | | 7 | 4 | |
| Competition issues in network industries Role of sectoral regulators in competition sector Cross-Border Infrastructure Projects an international organizations, Fintech and Competition Law –Data Porta Module 3: Competition Law and IPRs | nd Com | petition Regulation: role of | | 4 | |
| Objectives: complimentary or contradicto | ory? | | | | |
| Competition law remedies for IPR abuses TRIPS provisions Compulsory Licensing and Public Interes Standard Essential Patents (SEPs) and FR IPR pools and Joint Ventures Patent Trolls and Competition Law | t | erms | | | |

| Digital Copyrights and Competition Law | | | |
|---|----|----|---|
| odule 4: Competition Law and other Government Policies | | 3 | |
| Competition law and public procurement ; methods of public procurement bid rigging, collusive bidding and cartelization International Guidelines on Public Procurement: WTO's Government Procurement Agreement (GPA)- Competition law and environmental policy – the impact of environmental policy on environment; Climate Change and Competition Law and Policy | | | |
| Types of governmental interventions and their impact on competition - Competition law and labour law – freedom of Association and collective bargaining - Competition Law and Healthcare Policy- Competition Law and Tax Policies- Competition Law and Consumer Protection | | | |
| Total | 33 | 12 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

- Minor Test: Written Examination- 20% [Syllabus: Module 1]
- Written Assignment: Research Paper or Case Comment 20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Presentation on the Assignment -20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Major Test: Written Examination-40 % [Syllabus: Module 2-4]

Learning outcomes

- Understand and Recall key principles of competition law and its policy implications, particularly in the context of developing countries like India. [Minor Test, Major Test]
- Apply competition law principles to real-world market scenarios, using legal reasoning to assess regulatory decisions, anti-competitive practices, and policy implications in various sectors. *[Minor Test, Major Test, Case Comment, Presentation]*
- Analyze and Critique competition laws, policies, and reforms across different sectors, identifying potential areas for improvement and drawing comparisons with international practices. *[Research Paper, Presentation]*
- Evaluate the intersection of competition law with other socio-economic policies, such as public procurement, labor rights, and environmental sustainability, considering the broader economic and societal impact.

[Minor Test, Major Test, Research Paper or Case Comment, Presentation]

• Create well-supported arguments and proposals for legal or policy reforms to address contemporary competition law challenges, including emerging issues in digital markets, public procurement, and international trade.

[Research Paper, Presentation]

Pedagogical approach

Predominantly based on classroom teaching. In addition, role play and moot courts will be used. A lot of emphasis will be given on self-study. For this, study materials for each module will be circulated in advance.

Readings :

- Module 1: Objectives of Competition Law and Policy Key Readings:
 - Amelia Fletcher, *Digital Competition Policy and Big Tech Regulation* (2023).
 - Cristina Caffarra et al., *Enforcing Competition Law in Digital Markets and Ecosystems* (UNCTAD, 2024).

- Eleanor Fox and Mor Bakhoum, *Antitrust in Developing Economies* (2023).
 - Government of India (2000), *Report of the High-Level Committee on Competition Policy and Law.*
- Kumar, A. (2007), *The Evolution of Competition Law in India*, in Vinod Dhall (ed.), *Competition Law Today: Concepts, Issues, and the Law in Practice*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Noonan, Chris (2008), *The Emerging Principles of International Competition Law*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Singh, A. (1999), Competition Policy, Development and Developing Countries, South Centre.
- Vinod Dhall, Competition Law in India: Developments and Challenges' (2023).

Module 2: Competition Law and Regulation Key Readings:

- Ioannis Kokkoris, Cross-Border Infrastructure and Antitrust Regulation'(2023).
- Nordic Competition Authorities (2010), *Competition Policy and Green Growth: Interactions and Challenges*.
- OECD (2006), Environmental Regulation and Competition, OECD Policy Roundtables.
- Philippe Aghion et al., Green Growth and Competition Policy'(OECD, 2023).
- Rupprecht Podszun, *Data Portability and Digital Competition*'(2024).
- Sands, Philippe et.al. (2012), *Principles of International Environmental Law*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Simonetta Vezzoso, Regulatory Sandboxes and Innovation in Competition Law'(2023).
- Vagstad, S. (1995), *Promoting fair competition in public procurement, Journal of Public Economics*, 58(2), 283-307.

Module 3: Competition Law and IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights) Key Readings:

- Beatriz Gallego, *Competition and Copyright in the Digital Economy* (2023).
- Carlos Correa, Compulsory Licensing in TRIPS-Compliant Jurisdictions' (2023).
- Gallego, Beatriz C. (2010), *Intellectual Property Rights and Competition Policy*, in Carlos M. Correa (Ed.) *Research Handbook on the Protection of Intellectual Property under WTO Rules*, Volume I, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar.
- Herbert Hovenkamp, "Antitrust and Patent Aggregation" (2023).
- Jorge Padilla, Standard Essential Patents and FRAND Obligations' (2023).
- Korah, Valentine (2007), Competition Law and Intellectual Property Rights, in Vinod Dhall (ed.), Competition Law Today: Concepts, Issues, and the Law in Practice, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Taylor, Martyn D. (2006), International Competition Law, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Module 4: Competition Law and Other Government Policies Key Readings:

- Anders Aslund, "Public Procurement and Bid Rigging: International Guidelines" (OECD, 2024).
- Eleanor Fox, "Competition Policy and Social Justice" (2023).
- Ioannis Lianos, "Competition Law and Labor Markets" (2023).
- Mazhuvanchery, Shiju (2010), *Indian Competition Act: A Historical and Developmental Perspective, The Law and Development Review*, Vol. 3, No. 2, Article 8.
- Nordic Competition Authorities (2010), *Competition Policy and Green Growth: Interactions and Challenges*.
- Philippe Sands, "Competition Policy and Environmental Sustainability" (2023).

- Rubiano, Camilo (2013), Collective Bargaining and Competition Law: A Comparative Study on the Media, Arts and the Entertainment Sectors.
- Singh, A. (1999), Competition Policy, Development and Developing Countries, South Centre.

Landmark Judgments:

International Judgments

- United States v. Standard Oil Co. (1911)
- United States v. Microsoft Corp. (2001)
- Continental Can Company Case (ECJ, 1973)
- Hoffmann-La Roche v. Commission (ECJ, 1979)
- Intel v. European Commission (ECJ, 2022)
- EU Google Shopping Case (2017)
- United Brands v. Commission (ECJ, 1978)
- AstraZeneca v. European Commission (ECJ, 2012)
- Cartes Bancaires v. Commission (ECJ, 2014)
- Facebook (Meta) v. German Competition Authority (2023)

Indian Judgments

- Brahm Dutt v. Union of India (2005)
- CCI v. SAIL (2010)
- Competition Commission of India v. Excel Crop Care Limited (2017)
- DLF Ltd. v. Competition Commission of India (2014)
- CCI v. Bharti Airtel Ltd. (2019)
- Uber v. Competition Commission of India (2020)
- Amazon v. Future Retail (2021)
- Grasim Industries v. Competition Commission of India (2023)
- Google LLC v. Competition Commission of India (2023)
- Hindustan Zinc Ltd. v. Vedanta Ltd. (2023)

Course Reviewers:

Prof. Dr. Rashmi Salpekar, Dean and Professor, Vivekananda School of Law and Legal Studies Dr. Narender Kumar, Assistant Professor, Allahabad University

| Course title: Urbar | Infrastructure Law and Manage | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Course Code: MPL 165 | No. of credits : 3 | L-T | C-P Distribution : 33-12-0 | earning l | Hours : 4 | 15 |
| Pre-requisite cours | se code and title (if any): Infrast | truct | ure Law and Policy (MPL 157) | | | |
| Department: Centr | e for Postgraduate Legal Studies | 5 | | | | |
| Course coordinato | r: | | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Course type: Elect | ive | | Course offered in: Semester 2 | 2 | | |
| Laws and policies attempt to provide introduction to the the laws and policies Course objectives • To provide a | n the increasing urbanization in In play a significant role in impro- an overview of the laws and pol- urban governance structure in Inc- es in the particular sector. | oving licies dia, a | g urban infrastructure. In this of relating to urban infrastructure in overview of different policies | context, t e. The co s and a cr | his cours urse prov itical ana | se is an vides an alysis of |
| | various laws and policies applical | ble ir | n different sectors of urban infra | 1 | | 1 |
| Course Content | | | | L | Τ | Р |
| Module 1: Urbaniz | zation and Governance | | | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| Urbanization – The | eories - Trends – Basic urban infr | astru | icture services | | | |
| | : 74th Constitutional Amendmer pes of local bodies – Mayor in | | 1 | | | |
| | bhas – public disclosure law – co e – governance – financial reform | | inity | | | |
| AMRUT, JNNURI | Urban Development Policies M, Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Ikherji National Rurban Mission | a-Ho | using for All (PMAY-HFA), | | | |
| Accessibility | | | | | | |
| Climate Resilience Digital Infrastructu | nfrastructure: Goal 11 and Disaster Proofing of Urban re and Smart Cities Environmental Justice in Urbaniza | | | | | |
| Module 2: Urban | | | | 6 | 2 | |
| | olanning laws – Development Au ooling – land ceiling laws – Heri | | - | | | |

| Total | 29 | 16 | 0 |
|--|----|----|---|
| Private Participation | | | |
| Service Obligations)- Para statals – Private participation – FDI- Labour Rights in | | | |
| Role of Sectoral Regulators including Electricity Regulators and TRAI (Universal | | | |
| Module 6: Provision of services | 5 | 2 | |
| Slum development | | | |
| Building Bye Laws | | | |
| Apartment legislations – Rent control – stamp duty – Real Estate Law – Model | | | |
| Module 5: Housing | 3 | 2 | |
| Private Partnerships (PPPs) in Urban Transport | | | |
| Metro – BRT – Mono rail – last mile connectivity- electric public transport- Public- | | | |
| Module 4: Urban Mobility | 4 | 2 | |
| and eco-system services -nature based solutions | | | |
| sustainable urban water management- circular economy- urban bio-diversity | | | |
| Air and water pollution – solid waste management – public spaces – | | | |
| | | 2 | |
| Rehabilitation Module 3: Urban Environment | 6 | 2 | |
| Planning- Right to Shelter and Housing Laws- Urban Redevelopment and Slum | | | |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test: Written Examination- 20% [Syllabus: Module 1]
- Written Assignment: Research Paper or Case Comment 20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Presentation on the Assignment -20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- Major Test: Written Examination-40 % [Syllabus: Module 2-4]

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, it is expected that the students will:

Understand and Recall the key legal principles, regulatory frameworks, and governance mechanisms governing urban infrastructure, including urbanization trends, planning laws, environmental regulations, and service provision policies.

[Minor Test, Major Test]

Apply legal and analytical reasoning to real-world urban infrastructure challenges, interpreting policies and regulations related to urban planning, mobility, housing, and public services, while proposing practical solutions. *[Case Comment, Presentation]*

Critically Analyze urban infrastructure laws and reforms, assessing their effectiveness in promoting sustainable urban development, social equity, and environmental protection, and identifying areas for legal and policy improvement.

[Research Paper, Presentation]

Evaluate the impact of public-private partnerships (PPPs), para-statals, and private sector involvement in urban infrastructure, considering legal frameworks, risk management, labor rights, and the provision of essential services.

[Major Test, Research Paper, Case Study]

Pedagogical approach

A mixture of lecture and discussion methods will be adopted. The topics under each module will be introduced through an introductory lecture, followed by discussions by students. Students are expected to come prepared and initiate discussions on topics that have been assigned beforehand.

Landmark Judgments:

International Judgments

- United States v. Standard Oil Co. (1911)
- United States v. Microsoft Corp. (2001)
- Continental Can Company Case (ECJ, 1973)
- Hoffmann-La Roche v. Commission (ECJ, 1979)
- Intel v. European Commission (ECJ, 2022)
- EU Google Shopping Case (2017)
- United Brands v. Commission (ECJ, 1978)
- AstraZeneca v. European Commission (ECJ, 2012)
- Cartes Bancaires v. Commission (ECJ, 2014)
- Facebook (Meta) v. German Competition Authority (2023)

Indian Judgments:

- Brahm Dutt v. Union of India (2005)
- CCI v. SAIL (2010)
- Competition Commission of India v. Excel Crop Care Limited (2017)
- DLF Ltd. v. Competition Commission of India (2014)
- CCI v. Bharti Airtel Ltd. (2019)
- Uber v. Competition Commission of India (2020)
- Amazon v. Future Retail (2021)
- Grasim Industries v. Competition Commission of India (2023)
- Google LLC v. Competition Commission of India (2023)
- Hindustan Zinc Ltd. v. Vedanta Ltd. (2023)

Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities

Course Reviewers :

Prof. Dr. Rashmi Salpekar, Dean and Professor, Vivekananda School of Law and Legal Studies, Delhi Dr. Mayank Tyagi, Assistant Professor, National Law Institute University, Bhonal

Dr. Mayank Tyagi, Assistant Professor, National Law Institute University, Bhopal

| Course title: Climate Change a | and Law | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------|-----------|
| Course Code:No. of creMPL 134 | dits : 3 | L-T | -P Distribution : 30-15-0 | Learning | Hours : | 45 |
| Pre-requisite course code and | title (if any): Infrast | tructu | are Law and Policy (MPL 15 | 7) | | |
| Department: Centre for Postgr | aduate Legal Studies | | | | | |
| Course coordinator : | | | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Elective | | | Course offered in: Semest | er 2 | | |
| Course Description Climate change is one of the reconomic, and political life of responses both at the national a impact of this phenomenon on of Course objectives | people around the wind international leve | vorld el to t | . An attempt is made in this this grave crisis. In addition, | s course to the course | look at | the legal |
| To evaluate the existing To analyze the role of change globally and nati To practically apply the | law and policy relati the different nationa ionally. existing legislation a opment of climate ch | ing to I and and phange | l international institutions the olicies. | nat are dea | C | h climate |
| Course Content | C <i>i</i> | | <u> </u> | L | Т | Р |
| Module 1: Introduction | | | | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| -Climate Change: meaning, ca -Triple planetary crisis: Trip Biodiversity Loss. -Basic terminologies: Adaptati -Planning for Climate Change - | ole Planetary Crisis: on, Mitigation, Loss Early Warning Syste | : Cli and I em, I | mate Change, Pollution an Damage, Climate Finance. mpact Assessment. | | | |
| Module 2: International Lega | l Regime on Climate | e Ch | ange: | 9 | 3 | |
| (NCQGCF) | ternational law and n Climate Change Law tion on Climate Char Amendment v Collective Quant | w nge tified | Goal on Climate Finan | | | |
| (NDCs) – Enforcement Montreal Protocol and the Conference of the Partie International Organization | he Kigali -Amendme es (COPs) ons and Institutions: | ent Worl | ly Determined Contribution d Meteorological n Climate Change (IPCC), | ns | | |

| United Nations Environment Progra | amme (UNEP). | | | |
|--|---|----|----|---|
| Module 3: National Scenario | | 6 | 3 | |
| • India's obligations under Internation | | | | |
| | Change (NAPCC) & State Action Plan for | | | |
| Climate Change | | | | |
| • NDCs under the Paris Agreement. | | | | |
| | ain Development Policies and Projects. | | | |
| COPs and India's Participation | | | | |
| • Just Transition: Transitioning away | | | | |
| Supreme Court of India & National | Green Tribunal (NGT) | | | |
| Module 4: Impact on other areas of law | and litigation | 3 | 3 | |
| | e Sea: Implications for Sovereignty, Marine | | | |
| Biodiversity. | | | | |
| Climate Change, Global Health, Ag | riculture and Food Security. | | | |
| Trade issues-Technology Transfer-I | | | | |
| The International Tribunal for the L | aw of the Sea | | | |
| Module 5: Climate Justice | | 6 | 3 | |
| | inge, Environmental Justice, and Climate | | | |
| Justice. | | | | |
| - | hnologies (ESTs) and Climate Change | | | |
| Clean Development Mechanism and | | | | |
| • Climate change as a human rights is | | | | |
| Climate Change and Third World A | | | | |
| Role of the International Court of Ju | | | | |
| Decisions of Regional Human Righ Total | ts Courts (EU, USA) | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria | | 00 | 10 | Ŭ |
| | 10 | | | |
| Class participation:Minor test: | 20 [Unit 1] | | | |
| Term Papers: | 10 [Unit 1-5] | | | |
| Presentations: | 10 [Unit 1-5] | | | |
| | | | | |
| Major Test: Learning outcomes | 50 [Unit 2-5] | | | |

By the end of the course, it is expected that the students will:

- To create a new idea for bringing a new legal regime relating to climate change [Research paper and presentation]
- To evaluate the existing law and policy relating to climate change [Minor and major tests].
- To analyze the role of the different national and international institutions that are dealing with climate change globally and nationally. [Class participation and minor and major tests]
- To practically apply the existing legislation and policies [Research paper writing].
- To understand the development of climate change law both nationally and internationally [minor and major tests].
- To remember the laws, judgments, and so on relating to climate change [minor and major tests]

Pedagogical approach

A mixture of lecture and discussion methods will be adopted. The topics under each module will be introduced through an introductory lecture, followed by discussions by students. Students are expected to come prepared and

initiate discussions on topics that have been assigned beforehand.

Materials

Suggested Readings

Books:

- Carlarne, Cinnamon P., Gray, Kevin R., and Tarasofsky, Richard (eds) (2016), *The Oxford Handbook of International Climate Change Law*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- French, Duncan and Rajamani, Lavanya(2013), "Climate Change and International Environmental Law: Musings on a Journey to Somewhere", *Journal of Environmental Law* 25 (3): 437-461.
- Carlarne, Cinnamon (2014), "Delinking International Environmental Law and Climate Change", *MichiganJournal of Environmental and Administrative Law*,4: 1.
- Bodansky, Daniel (2016), "The Legal Character of the Paris Agreement", *Review of European, Comparative and International Environmental Law*, 25 (2): 142-150.
- DeSombre, Elizabeth R. (2000), "The Experience of the Montreal Protocol: Particularly Remarkable, and Remarkably Particular", *UCLA Journal of Environmental Law & Policy* 19(1): 49.
- Bhullar ,Lovleen (2013), "CDM and REDD+: A Comparative Perspective", *International Journal of Rural Law and Policy*, 3 (1): Article 3.
- Savaresi, Annalisa (2016), "A Glimpse into the Future of the Climate Regime: Lessons from the REDD+ Architecture", *Review of European, Comparative and International Environmental Law*, 25 (2): 186–196.
- David D.Caron (2013), "Climate Change and the Oceans", in Harry N. Scheiber and Jin-Hyun Paik, eds, *Regions, Institutions, and the Law of the Sea: Studies in Ocean Governance*, Leiden: Brill Press.
- McInerney-Lankford, Siobh'an (2009). "Climate Change and Human Rights: An Introduction to Legal Issues", *Harvard Environmental Law Review*, 33: 431 437.
- Kavita Kapoor,(2011). "Climate Change, Intellectual Property and the Scope of Human Rights Obligations," Sustainable Development Law and Policy, 11 (2): 58-68.
- Usha Tandon and Amrendra Kumar, (2022). "Cliamte Adaptation Finance as Legal Obligation and Insiutional Facilitation: Botched Commitments for Developing Nations," South Asian Journal of Enviornmental Law and Policy, 1 (1): 11-28.
- Patrick Toussaint (2023). "Loss and Damage, Climate Victims and International Climate Law: Looking Back, Looking Forward", Transnational Environmental Law, 1: 1-16.

List of cases

-Obligations of States in respect of Climate Change, ICJ, 2023; <u>https://www.icj-cij.org/case/187</u> - Request for an Advisory Opinion Submitted by the Commission of Small Island States on Climate Change and International Law, ITLOS, 2024 ; <u>https://www.itlos.org/fileadmin/itlos/documents/cases/31/Advisory_Opinion/C31_Adv_Op_21.05.2024_orig.pdf</u> - MK Ranjitsinh and Ors Vs Union of India-WPC No.838 of 2019 Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities

Reviewers comments:

Dr. Sujith K, Associate Professor, CILS, SIS, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

Dr. Amrendra Kumar, Assistant Profesor (Sr. Scale), Law Centre-II, Faculty of Law, University of Delhi.

| Course title: Enviro | onmental Aspects of Business Ac | tivit | ies | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Course Code: MPL 156 | No. of credits : 3 | L-T | P-P Distribution : 30-15-0 | earning H | Iours : 4 | 5 |
| Pre-requisite cours | e code and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Centr | e for Postgraduate Legal Studies | | | | | |
| Course coordinato | r : | | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | | Course offered in: Semester 2 | 2 | | |
| start operating from consumer preference students to the lega various environment liability issues in material | ons have to comply with various in the inception stage onwards. es have forced businesses to go ga al issues in the interface betwee tal regulations that directly affect ergers and acquisitions are also c Environmental Law and Policy. | In a green en en ct bu | ddition, the growing environm n. In this context, this course is nvironment and business. In the usiness operations. The environ | nental con intended nat proces mental st | nsciousno to introd ss, it intr andards | ess and uce the coduces and the |
| To evaluate To analyze issues of bus To practicall To understar | new idea for bringing a new legal the existing law and policy relating the role of the different national siness and environment. In y apply the existing legislation a nd the development of Laws and r the laws, judgments, and so on | ng to al ar and p | business and the environment ad international institutions who olicies. cies both nationally and international | in India. tich are c | | vith the |
| Course Content | | | | L | Т | Р |
| Module 1: Introdu | ction | | | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| Sustainable Nature as a G Greening of Forest Stewa Sustainable Sustainabilit CSR Require | ing Nature of Business and Development Commodity, Valuation Issues, Pro Business: Environmental Standa ardship Council, Marine Steward Stock Exchange Initiative, y Reporting under the Existing L ements under the Companies Act | opert rds a ship Law | ry Rights and Management | | | |
| Module 2: Consent | t and Industrial Sitting | | | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| Water (Prev Control of P Environmen Legal Regul Green Busin | uirements: Consent to operate and ention and Control of Pollution ollution) Act, 1981-uniform cons t (Sitting for Industrial Projects) ation of Manufacture, Storage an ess Guide by ITCILO, GIZ, UNI | n) Ac sent 1 Rule ad Im | et, 1974; Air (Prevention and rules es aport of Hazardous Chemical | | | |
| Module 3: Environ | mental Clearance | | | 4 | 3 | 0 |

| Environmental scanning | | | | |
|---|--|----|----|---|
| e | mpact Assessment (EIA)-mandatory, discretionary | | | |
| Concept of Environmental 1 & debate | inpact Assessment (EIA)-mandatory, discretionary | | | |
| | at 10% EIA notification actogorization stans | | | |
| × / / | Act, 1986, EIA notification- categorization, steps | | | |
| involved, general conditions | | | | |
| • Appeal – role of National G | | 6 | | |
| Module 4: Clearances under the H | orest and Wildlife Protection Laws | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| • Forest (Conservation) Act, | 1980; Procedure for forest clearance; different | | | |
| stages; valuation, -Compens | atory afforestation | | | |
| • The Central Empowered Co | mmittee (CEC) | | | |
| • Wildlife (Protection) Act, 19 | | | | |
| Aodule 5: Climate Justice | | 6 | 3 | |
| • Equity Concerns to Clima | te Change, Environmental Justice, and Climate | | | |
| Justice. | | | | |
| • Use of Environmentally Sou | nd Technologies (ESTs) and Climate Change | | | |
| Clean Development Mechan | ism and REDD+CDM-Past and Future | | | |
| - | rights issue: Indigenous people, gender. | | | |
| • Climate Change and Third V | ± ± | | | |
| • Role of the International Co | | | | |
| Decisions of Regional Huma | in Rights Courts (EU, USA) | | | |
| Total | | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria | Weightage | | • | |
| Class participation | : 10 | | | |
| Minor test | : 20 [Unit 1] | | | |
| Term Paper | : 10 [Unit 1-6] | | | |
| • Presentations | : 10 [Unit 1-6]] | | | |
| Major Test | : 50[Unit 2-6] | | | |
| | | | | |

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, it is expected that the students will be able to:

- To create a new idea for bringing a new legal regime for business for the protection environment (Research paper writing).
- To evaluate the existing law and policy relating to business and the environment in India (minor and major tests).
- To analyze the role of the different national and international institutions which are dealing with the issues of business and environment (class participation).
- To practically apply the existing legislation and policies (minor and major tests).
- To understand the development of Laws and policies both nationally and internationally (Research paper and presentation).
- To remember the laws, judgments, and so on relating to the environment and business (minor and major tests).

Pedagogical approach

A mixture of lecture and discussion methods will be adopted. The topics under each module will be introduced through an introductory lecture, followed by discussions by students. Students are expected to come prepared and initiate discussions on topics that have been assigned beforehand.

Materials

Suggested Readings

- Kohli, Kanchiand Menon, Manju (eds.) (2016), *Business Interests and Environmental Crisis*, New Delhi: Sage.
- UNEP (2015), Stock exchanges and Sustainability, Geneva: International Environment House.
- OECD (2006), Environmental Compliance and Enforcement in India: Rapid Assessment, New Delhi: OECD India.
- <u>Pratima Bansal and</u> <u>Andrew J. Hoffman (ed.)</u> (2011), The Oxford Handbook of Business and the Natural Environment: Oxford OUP.
- Purva Mhatre, Vidyadhar V. Gedam, Seema Unnikrishnan, Rakesh D. Raut, "Circular economy adoption barriers in built environment- a case of emerging economy," *Journal of Cleaner Production*, Volume 392, 2023
- Purva Mhatre, Vidyadhar Gedam, Seema Unnikrishnan, Sanjeev Verma, "Circular economy in built environment Literature review and theory development," *Journal of Building Engineering*, Volume 35,2021
- Guidance Note UNDP Social and Environmental Standards (SES), 2022; <u>https://ses-toolkit.info.undp.org/sites/g/files/zskgke446/files/2023-</u>03/UNDP%20Social%20and%20Environmental%20Screening%20Procedure JULY2022 ENGLISH.pdf
- World Bank, Environmental and Social Screening Checklist; https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/471791594632799255/pdf/Appendix-1-Environmental-and-Social-Screening-Checklist.pdf
- MEF&CC, <u>Environmental impact assessment (EIA)</u>; <u>https://moef.gov.in/environmental-impact-assessment-eia</u>
- ILO, What is a green job?; <u>https://www.ilo.org/resource/article/what-green-job</u>
- ILO, Green jobs, Just transition towards environmentally sustainable economies and societies; <u>https://www.ilo.org/media/252966/download</u>
- The Green Business Guide is developed by ITCILO, GIZ, UNEP and ILO; <u>https://www.ilo.org/publications/green-business-guide</u>

Case laws:

- Abhilash Textile and Ors. vs. The Rajkot Municipal Corporation (05.08.1987 GUJHC): MANU/GJ/0095/1988
- *M.C. Mehta vs. Kamal Nath and Ors. (Span Motel Case) (13.12.1996 SC)*
- Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action and Ors. vs. Union of India (UOI) and Ors. (Bichhri Case) (13.02.1996 SC)
- Union Carbide Corporation and Ors. vs. Union of India (UOI) and Ors. (Bhopal Gas Leak Case) (03.10.1991 SC)
- *M.C. Mehta and Ors. vs. Union of India (UOI) and Ors. (Shriram GasLeak Case) (17.02.1986 SC*
- Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra, Dehradun and Ors. vs. State of U.P. and Ors. (Dehradun Quarrying case)
- T.N. Godavarman Thirumulkpad vs. Union of India (UOI) and Ors. (12.12.1996 SC)

Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities

Reviewers:

- 1. Shiju M V, Professor, Sai University, Chennai.
- 2. Dr. Tahir Qureshi, Assistant Professor, Symbiosis Law School Hyderabad.

| Course title: Infrast | ructure Project Finance Law | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|--------|
| Course Code: MPL 146 | No. of credits : 3 | L-T | -P Distribution : 30-15-0 | Learning | Hours : | 45 |
| Pre-requisite cours | e code and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Centre | e for Postgraduate Legal Studies | 5 | | | | |
| Course coordinator | :: | | Course Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | | Course offered in: Semes | ter 2 | | |
| of the infrastructure policy framework w examine, methods at large-scale infrastruct Course objectives • To create a n • To evaluate t • To analyze th finance. • To practically • To understam • To remember | provide an overview of the con sector, or project financing is u ithin which the project finance f and sources of project financing eture projects and project finance ew idea for bringing a new lega he existing law and policy relation to role of the different financial y apply the existing legislation a d the development of infrastruct the laws, judgments, and so on | ndert mark parti <u>e doc</u> l regi ing to instit and p ture p | taken. The course also cover et operates in India. The co- cularly in India, risks attack sumentation in India. The regarding infrastructure o Infrastructure Project. tutions that are dealing with olicies. project law. | ers the legis ourse will ex- ned with fir project fina the issue of | lative and plore and ancing o ance law. | d d |
| Course Content | | | | L | Т | Р |
| Module 1: Topic | | | | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Kinds & Key The project f Regulatory o Bank of India Project Finar | r the cost of infrastructure? risks in developing large-scale inance and structured finance m verview of project finance in In- | infra arket dia - | astructure projects in India the role of Reserve | | | |
| The ConstituNational legiOther legal n | nce Issues & Legal Regulations tion of India slation and Policies nechanism: he Insolvency and B Transparency and The Rule of I | | uptcy Code, 2016 | 6 | 3 | 0 |

| National and International Environmental and C | limate Change Regulations | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----|----|---|
| • Role of Judiciary | 5 5 | | | |
| Ş | | | | |
| Case studies | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2 Converter | | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| 3. SecuritySecurities in Project Finance – overview | | | | |
| Securities in Froject Finance – overview Security Documents | | | | |
| Security Creation and Perfection | | | | |
| • Key Environmental, social and governance (ESC | G) factors and project risk | | | |
| Case studies | , 15 | | | |
| | | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| 4. Fortifying a Stationary Target | | | | |
| Sub-debt | | | | |
| • 'Material Adverse Change' and other market cla | auses | | | |
| • External Commercial Borrowings | | | | |
| • Assessing political and sovereign risk over long | -term investment | | | |
| Climate mitigation projects and the impact of gover | nment subsidies | | | |
| Project Finance Documentation | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| • Term Sheets | | | | |
| Project Financing Documentation | | | | |
| • Loan Agreements | | | | |
| • Sponsor Support Agreements and Guarantees | | | | |
| Trust and Retention/Escrow Agreements | | | | |
| Inter-Creditor Agreements | | | | |
| Case studies | | | | |
| Total | | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| Evaluation criteria | | I | I | I |
| Class Participation | 10 | | | |
| Minor Examination | 20 (Module 1) | | | |
| • Assignment | 10 (Module 1-5) | | | |
| Presentations | 10 (Module 1-5) | | | |
| Major Examination | 50 (Module 2-5) | | | |

Learning outcomes

At the end of the course, it is expected that the students will:

- Understand the legal basis and methods for project financing of infrastructure projects in India.
- Gain knowledge and understanding of international project finance methodologies and issues, as relevant in the Indian context.
- Understand the role of various players involved in a project finance transaction, the unique risks of a project finance transaction and ways and means to address such risks through the project finance documentation.
- Apply the knowledge gained in professional practice.

Pedagogical approach

A combination of lecture-based and tutorial-based learning would be used. Case studies/sample documents would be used for initiating discussions on specific aspects of the Course.

Materials

Suggested Readings

- Dr Kumar V Pratap, Manshi Gupta (2024), *Infrastructure Financing in India: Trends, Challenges, and Way Forward,* Oxford.
- Vikas Srivastava, V. Rajaraman (2017), Project and Infrastructure Finance, Oxford.
- Joshi, Piyush (2003), Law Relating to Infrastructure Projects, 2nd Edn, New Delhi: Butterworths.
- Hoffman, Scott L. (2007), *The Law and Business of International Project Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Vinter, Graham (2013) Project Finance, 4th Edition, London: Sweet and Maxwell.
- Dewar, John (2015) International Project Finance: Law and Practice, 2nd Edition, Oxford: Oxford University Press
- Reserve Bank of India (RBI) Master Circulars
- Indian Banks Associations (IBA) standard drafts of lending documents.

Additional information (if any): Students will be provided with hard copies of sample projects and credit documents/clauses from time to time.

Student Responsibilities

Students are expected to come prepared with readings and actively participate in the discussions. Students are expected to have a basic understanding of Contract Law and Transfer of Property Law.

Reviewers

-Shiju M V, Professor, Sai University, Chennai.

- Dr. Prakash Sharma, Assistant Professor, RGSOIPL, IIT Kharagpur

| | itle: Energy La ode: MPL | No. of | L-T-P D | istribution: 30- | Learn | ing Hou | rs: 45 |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|---------------|
| 159 | | Credits:3 | 15-0 | | | 8 | |
| | site course co | de and title (if a | | | I | | |
| - | | r Postgraduate Le | • | 25 | | | |
| | oordinator (s | | Sui Studi | Course Instruct | or (s): | | |
| 000000 | (3) |)• | | | 01 (0) | | |
| Contact D | Details: | | | | | | |
| Course Ty | vpe | Elective | | | | | |
| Course O | | Semester 2 | | | | | |
| | escription: | 1 | | | | | |
| developme relating to | ent. The energ | y law course wil | ll cover m | tive forms are ajor energy source s, and environme | es and the | eir legal | |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To enc • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa legislation | l and internationa | s of speci g to energy l institutio | fic areas 7. ons dealin | s of th |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To end • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the c analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand th | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l are development o | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa legislation f energy l | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter | fic areas 7. ons dealin | s of th |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the c analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l are development o | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa legislation f energy l | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. aw both nationall | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter | fic areas 7. ons dealin | s of th |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the c analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa legislation f energy l s, and so c | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. aw both nationall | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. | fic areas | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand the remember the ontents: | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l he development o e laws, judgments | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa egislation f energy l s, and so c | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter | fic areas 7. ons dealin | s of th |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the c analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments <u>Top</u> n: Law, Policy an | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa egislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Gover | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. | fic areas | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa egislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Gover | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. | fic areas | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re ergy globally a practically ap understand the remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l he development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy Sorical Growth | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa degislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Gover Sector | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environn | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa degislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Gover Sector | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. | fic areas | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand the remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl Chan | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l he development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environn ge Law | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa egislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Gover Sector mental, En | ical legal analysi al regime relating iting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener nance | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. L e 6 | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the c analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl Chan • Law, | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l we development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environing ge Law Policy, and O | kes a crit a new leg policy relant nationa legislation f energy l s, and so c bic nd Govern Sector mental, En | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener nance hergy and Climat | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. L e 6 - | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl Chan • Law, Intern | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environn ge Law Policy, and O national, Nation | kes a crit a new leg policy relant national legislation f energy l s, and so c <u>oic</u> nd Gover Sector mental, En Governand | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener nance hergy and Climat Local Contexts | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. L e 6 - - | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand the remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl Chan • Law, Interny | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l he development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environn ge Law Policy, and C national, Nation gy Regulation | kes a crit a new leg policy relant national legislation f energy l s, and so construction f energy l s, and so construction f energy l f energy | ical legal analysi al regime relating iting to energy. I and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener nance hergy and Climat ce Framework Local Contexts dia- Regulator | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. L e 6 - - | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |
| energy sec energy sec • To • To • To • To • To • To • To • To | ctor in India a ctor. The main create a new evaluate the e analyze the re- ergy globally a practically ap understand th remember the ontents: Introduction • Basic • Histo • Interl Chan • Law, Intern Energ Fram | and also undertal objectives are, idea for bringing existing law and p ole of the different and nationally. oply the existing l be development o e laws, judgments Top n: Law, Policy and es of the Energy S orical Growth linkage: Environn ge Law Policy, and O national, Nation | kes a crit a new leg policy relant national egislation f energy l s, and so c <u>oic</u> nd Govern Sector mental, En Governand in In Energy Po | ical legal analysi al regime relating ting to energy. l and internationa and policies. aw both nationall n relating to ener nance nergy and Climat ce Framework Local Contexts dia- Regulator licies | s of speci g to energy l institution y and inter gy. L e 6 - - | fic areas , ons dealin mational T | ng wit |

| | | | 1 | 1 |
|----|--|---|---|---|
| 2. | Law, Policy, and Governance Relating to Oil, Gas, and Petroleum | | | |
| | • Oil &Gas Regulation in Energy Transition: | | | |
| | Global and India.Legal Basis for OG&P Sector Regulation in | 9 | | |
| | India: | | | |
| | Pre &New Exploration Licensing Policy (NELP); | | | |
| | NELP and Production Sharing Contracts; | | | |
| | Open Acreage License Policy; Laws Coverning Priving Machanisms | | | |
| | Laws Governing Pricing Mechanisms (including competition laws); | | | |
| | Hydrocarbon Exploration Licensing Policy | | | |
| | (HELP)and Revenue Sharing Contracts;Policies and guidelines related to | | 5 | |
| | Unconventional Gases (CBM and shale | | | |
| | gas); • Proposed Reforms (<i>Post-Rangarajan</i> | | | |
| | Committee Report on Petroleum Pricing.) | | | |
| | Maritime Boundary Disputes & Implications for Seabed Energy Investments | | | |
| | Case study: (groups to choose two) | | | |
| | Petroleum pricing and legal issues | | | |
| | Gas price dispute between Government and Balismens in dustrias | | | |
| | <i>Reliance Industries</i><i>BP Oil spill disaster and liability issues</i> | | | |
| 3. | Law, Policy, and Governance Relating to the Coal Sector | | | |
| | Coal Sector in India | 6 | | |
| | Broad Outlines of the Laws Applicable | 0 | | |
| | Legislative Powers Pertaining to The Coal Sector | | | |
| | and Regulation of Mines and Mineral Development; | | | |
| | • Nationalization of Coal Sector and Post- | | | |
| | Liberalisation Reforms; -Coal Sector and Environmental Issues | | 5 | |
| | • MMDR Act (and its amendments); | | | |
| | Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority and Forest Rights issues | | | |
| | Case study (groups to choose two) | | | |
| | Coal sector and NGT- Bhopal NGT Bench as an example | | | |
| | Health and safety in coal industry | | | |
| | Coal thermal power plant and consenting process The Coal Mines (Special Provisions) Act, 2015 | | | |
| | | | | |

| Climate Charge and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 6 | 5 | |
|--|----|----|--------|
| Electricity Act, 2003-the National Electricity Policy National Electricity Plan. The Energy Conservation Act (EC Act) of 2001 Climate Change and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 6 | 5 | |
| Policy National Electricity Plan. The Energy Conservation Act (EC Act) of 2001 Climate Change and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 6 | 5 | |
| National Electricity Plan. The Energy Conservation Act (EC Act) of 2001 Climate Change and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 6 | 5 | |
| The Energy Conservation Act (EC Act) of 2001 Climate Change and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 6 | 5 | |
| Climate Change and Renewable Energy Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | 0 | 5 | |
| Promotion-National and State level Renewable Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | | 5 | |
| Energy Policies and Programmes General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India</i> | | 5 | |
| General Legal issues in the Renewable Energy Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions <i>Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in</i> <i>India</i> | | 5 | |
| Sector Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India | | 5 | |
| Draft National Renewable Energy Act 2015 Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India | | 5 | |
| Pricing of Renewable Energy by State Electricity Regulatory Commissions Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India | | 5 | |
| Regulatory Commissions Bio fuel, Biogas, and Green Hydrogen Mission in India | | | |
| India | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| $C_{nn} = a_{1} + a_{2} + a_{$ | | | |
| <i>Case study:</i> (groups to choose two) | | 1 | |
| • Structuring and legal issues in setting up a Panguable Energy Project Students can choose | | | |
| Renewable Energy Project. Students can choose any one of the project | | | |
| WTO Solar Panel Case | | | |
| Subsidy and taxation in RE projects | | | |
| | | | |
| 5. Nuclear Energy and Law | | | |
| Nuclear Energy Programme and Plans | | | |
| Institutions Involved inthePromotion and | | | |
| Regulation of Nuclear Energy | | | |
| Issues and Challenges of Nuclear Energy | | | |
| Environmental Concerns; International | _ | | |
| 8 | 3 | | |
| Framework of Nuclear Energy Promotion, | | | |
| Regulation, and Safety inIndia | | | |
| International Legal Regime for Civil Nuclear Liability | | | |
| U.S.–India Civil Nuclear Agreement (The 123 | | | |
| Agreement) | | | |
| Case study: (groups to choose two) | | _ | |
| Kudankulam Project judgment of Madras | | 5 | |
| High Court/Supreme Court | | | |
| Public participation in nuclear projects | | | |
| Nuclear regulatory regime and safe handling | | | |
| of a radioactive substance (Delhi University | | | |
| case as example) | | | |
| Discussion of an EIA of one of the NPPs Total | 20 | 15 | Δ Δ |
| Total S Evaluation procedure: Weightage (%) | 30 | 15 | 0 |

- Class participation: 10
- Minor:20 [Module 1]
- Assignment:10 [Entire Module]
- Presentation:10 [Entire Module]
- Final examination:50 [Module 2-5]

Learning outcomes :

On completion of this course, the students would be able to:

- To create a new idea for bringing a new legal regime relating to energy [Research paper riting and presentation]
- To evaluate the existing law and policy relating to energy [Minor& major examinations]
- To analyze the role of the different national and international institutions that are dealing with energy globally and nationally [Minor & major examinations]
- To practically apply the existing legislation and policies [Minor & major examinations and research papers]
- To understand the development of energy law nationally and internationally [Research paper writing and presentation].
- To remember the laws, judgments, and so on relating to energy [Minor and major examinations]

Pedagogical approach :

The energy law course will be taught through interactive sessions based on prior circulated readings. Many legal principles have a strong relation with sector policies and politics, and also court decisions. An introductory lecture on specific sector issues and legal frameworkswill be given in each module. Subsequent classes will be based on tutorials where students will have a central role in identifying and discussing and legal issues.

Suggested Readings :

Basic readings are provided below. Other than basic reading, literatures and case study will be circulated in advance to prepare the tutorials.

A.

- A Marhold, Externalizing Europe's Energy Policy in EU Free Trade Agreements: A Cognitive Dissonance between Promoting Sustainable Development and Ensuring Security of Supply? Europe and the World: A Law Review, 2019.
- Chornyi and AA Marhold, 'In Uncharted Waters: The Contested Legal and Political Landscape of Nord Stream 2' forthcoming in: European Energy Law Report (EELR), Vol. XIV, 2020.
- European Parliament: Fact Sheets on the European Union: Internal Energy Market; <u>https://www.europarl.europa.eu/factsheets/en/sheet/45/internal-energy-market</u>
- Nawneet Vibhaw, Energy Law and Policy in India, LexisNexis, 2014.
- S Bruce, International Energy Law, Max Planck Encyclopedia of Public International Law (MPEPIL), Oxford Public International Law, 2014.

В.

• Evaluation Report on Rajiv Gandhi GrameenVidyutikaranYojana (RGGVY), Planning Commission 2014

- Governance of the Petroleum and Natural Gas Sector in India: A Status Note, TERI-NFA Working Paper Series No. 15
- India Energy Outlook, World Energy Outlook Special Report, 2015
- Indian Brand Equity Fund Foundation, Oil & Gas sectoral reports (Monthly updates)Policies Governing Regulation of Nuclear and Radiation Safety, http://www.aerb.gov.in/AERBPortal/pages/English/prsrel/policies.pdf
- *PwC reports*, <u>http://www.pwc.in/government-reforms-and-infrastructure-development/oil-and-gas-publications.html</u>
- Regulations & Tariff Orders Issued By Regulatory Commissions For Renewable Energy Sources In India (http://mnre.gov.in/file-manager/Compendium/Program.htm)
- Renewable Energy Policies and Guidelines.(Wind, solar, hydro, biofuels and others-Centre and States)
- *Report of expert committeeExpert Committee on integrated energy policy, 2006*
- Report of the Committee on Gas Pricing 2014, <u>http://petroleum.nic.in/docs/committee_report_on_gas_pricing_2014.pdf</u>
- Report of the Committee on the Production Sharing Contract Mechanism in Petroleum Industry <u>http://eac.gov.in/reports/rep_psc0201.pdf</u>
- Statutory updates by Ministry of petroleum & Natural Gas official website (<u>http://petroleum.nic.in)</u>
- The Final Report of the Expert Group on Low Carbon Strategies for Inclusive Growth, Planning Commission, 2014
- National Green Hydrogen Mission, <u>https://www.india.gov.in/spotlight/national-green-hydrogen-mission#:~:text=India%20has%20set%20its%20sight,central%20to%20India's%20Energy%20Transition.</u>
- 123 Agreements for Peaceful Cooperation, <u>https://www.energy.gov/nnsa/123-agreements-peaceful-cooperation</u>

Sector laws will be discussed throughout the modules

Additional information (if any) :

- Judgement of the Court of 5 February 1963, Van Gend & Loos v. Netherlands
- Judgement of the Court of 15 July 1964, Costa v. ENEL
- Case C-204/12, Judgement by the Court and Opinion of 11 September 2014, Essent Belgium NV v. Vlaamse Reguleringsinstantie

Student responsibilities :

Attendance: At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.

Course Reviewers:

Dr. Vinai Kumar Singh, Associate Professor, CILS, SIS, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi)

Dr. Rohin Koul, Assistant Professor, India International University of Legal Education and Research, Goa.

| Course code: | Practice No. of credits: 3 | \mathbf{I} T D : 25 10.0 \mathbf{I} comping house 4 |
|---|---|---|
| | | L-T-P: 35-10-0 Learning hours: 4. |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (i | • | |
| Department: Department of Policy and | 0 | • |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cou | irse instructor(s): |
| Contact details: | | |
| Course type: Core | Cou | urse offered in: Semester 2 |
| gender and development. It starts w socialization and provides logical intersectionality, etc. Subsequently development including welfare appro- and GAD Approach etc. The student address gender development challent developmental challenges like acce various case studies. This will help various development interventions. special attention on gender mainstre | the introduction of the understanding of get, the course highlights bach; WID approach, anti- s will be skilled in using ages. After that the stude ess to healthcare, educate them to critically explore Further, Lastly, the course aming and this will unranequal social and institute. | derstanding of various issues related to the basic concepts of gender and gender ender roles, gender-based inequality, is various approaches of gender and tipoverty and efficiency approach; WAD g various gender analysis frameworks to lents will explore various gender-based cation, employment, etc. by analyzing lore the impact of gender disparities in urse highlights gender and policy with travel the role of mainstreaming gender itutional structures into equal and just |

Course objectives

The objectives of the course are -

- to provide conceptual understanding of gender, gender socialization, and gender inequality in society
- to enable students to acquire comprehensive knowledge in various theoretical perspectives on gender and development.
- to understand gender-based development challenges in a few specific areas like education, health, employment etc.
- to develop skills in analyzing various gender-related tools and frameworks used commonly in national and international development.

| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
|--------|--|----|---|---|
| 1 | Understanding Gender: Concept of gender; Gender Roles; Gender socialization (meaning, gender learning, and agents); Theory of Gender Socialization (biological theory, psychoanalytic theory, social learning theory, cognitive theory, and gender schema theory); understanding patriarchy and inequality; understanding intersectionality of gender, caste, and class | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Various approaches to Gender and Development: Welfare approach; Women in Development - Equity Approach; Antipoverty Approach; and Efficiency Approach; Women and Development (WAD), Gender and Development (GAD); Empowerment Approach; | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | Frameworks of Gender analysis: Harvard Analytical Framework and People-oriented planning; Moser Framework (by Caroline Moser); Gender Analysis Matrix (by Rani Parker); Capacities and Vulnerabilities | 10 | 5 | 0 |

| | | 1 | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | framework Anderson and Woodrow); Women Empowerment Framework (by Sara Hlufekile Longwe); Social Relations Framework (by Naila Kabeer) | | | |
| 4 | Gender and Development Challenges: Gender, health and nutrition; Gender and WASH. Gender and education, Gender and work (gender inequality in labour market and informal sector); Gender and Environment; The students will select any topic related to gender and development challenge and will conduct an in-depth analysis of various case studies will present the report accordingly. | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| 5 | Gender, policies, and gender Mainstreaming: experience from India | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | Concept, definition, and rationale of Gender mainstreaming; Evolution of gender mainstreaming in India; Policies and strategies in relation to gender mainstreaming; Principles of gender mainstreaming; steps of gender mainstreaming | | | |
| | Total | 35 | 10 | 0 |
| Evaluation c | riteria | | | |
| | study presentation (30%) (Module 4) or exam (40%) (Module 3 & 5) | | | |
| Majo Learning of From and find From ques From vario | by exam (40%) (Module 3 & 5) butcomes m Module-1, the students will be able to understand gender and development intersectionality. m Module-2, the students, students will be able to construct productive reseations using various approaches of gender and development. m Module-3-5, the students will develop skill to critically conduct gender and pus development project. | rch | | |
| Majo Learning of From and i From question From the second secon | by exam (40%) (Module 3 & 5) butcomes m Module-1, the students will be able to understand gender and development intersectionality. m Module-2, the students, students will be able to construct productive reseations using various approaches of gender and development. m Module-3-5, the students will develop skill to critically conduct gender and pus development project. | rch | | |
| Majo Learning of Fron and i Fron ques Fron vario Pedagogical Class se and the evaluate which w | by exam (40%) (Module 3 & 5) butcomes m Module-1, the students will be able to understand gender and development intersectionality. m Module-2, the students, students will be able to construct productive reseations using various approaches of gender and development. m Module-3-5, the students will develop skill to critically conduct gender and be been been been been been been been | rch alysis ned r hich | s in eadin will | ngs be |
| Majo Learning of Fron and i Fron ques Fron vario Pedagogical Class se and the evaluate | by exam (40%) (Module 3 & 5) butcomes m Module-1, the students will be able to understand gender and development intersectionality. m Module-2, the students, students will be able to construct productive reseations using various approaches of gender and development. m Module-3-5, the students will develop skill to critically conduct gender and be been been been been been been been | rch alysis ned r hich | s in eadin will | ngs be |
| Majo Learning of Fron and i Fron ques Fron vario Pedagogical Class se and the evaluate which w | n Module-1, the students will be able to understand gender and development intersectionality. n Module-2, the students, students will be able to construct productive resea tions using various approaches of gender and development. n Module-3-5, the students will develop skill to critically conduct gender and bus development project. I approach essions will entail a lecture component, combined with discussion of assign documentaries shown. Students would have to write an assignment will d on the basis of empirical understanding as well as the critical review of rould be evaluated by the instructor. | rch alysis ned r hich | s in eadin will | ngs be |

Suggested readings:

- Anderson, Mary. (1990). "Women on the Agenda: UNIFEM's Experience in Mainstreaming with Women 1985-1990." Monograph. pp. 27
- Batliwala, Srilatha (1994) "The Meaning of Women's Empowerment: New Concepts from Action", in Gita Sen, Adrienne Germain and Lincoln C. Chen (eds.), Population Policies Reconsidered: Health, Empowerment, and Rights, Boston: Harvard University Press, 127-138.
- Boserup, Esther (1970) Woman's Role in Economic Development, London: Earthscan Publications.
- Buvinic, Mayra (1986) "Projects for Women in the Third World: Explaining their Misbehavior", in World Development 14 (5), 653-664.
- Friedman, J. (1992) Empowerment: The Politics of Alternative Development, Cambridge, MA. and Oxford, UK: Blackwell.
- El-Bushra, Judy (2000) "Rethinking Gender and Development Practice for the Twenty-First Century", in Gender and Development 8 (1), 55-62.
- Global Gender Gap Report 2023, World Economic Forum
- Kabeer, Naila (1994) "Empowerment from Below: Learning from the Grassroots", in Naila Kabeer (ed.), Reversed Realities: Gender Hierarchies in Development Thought, London: Verso, 223-263.
- Kabeer, Naila (2001) "Resources, Agency, Achievements: Reflections on the Measurement of Women's Empowerment", in Discussing Women's Empowerment: Theory and Practice (SIDA Studies, No: 3), Stockholm: SIDA, 17-57.
- Moser, Caroline O.N. (1989) "Gender Planning in the Third World: Meeting Practical and Strategic Gender Needs", in World Development 17 (11), 1799-1825.
- Moser, Caroline O.N. (1993) Gender Planning and Development: Theory, Practice and Training, London and New York: Routledge.
- Oxaal, Zoë and Baden, Sally (1997) Gender and Empowerment: Definitions, Approaches and Implications for Policy (Briefing prepared for the Swedish International Development Office – SIDA), SIDA report No. 40.
- Rathgeber, Eva (1990) "WID, WAD, GAD: Trends in Research and Practice", in The Journal of Developing Areas 24 (July 1990), 498-502.
- Rowlands, Jo (1995) "Empowerment Examined", in Development in Practice 5 (2), 101-107.
- Rowlands, Jo (1997) Questioning Empowerment: Working with Women in Honduras, Oxford: Oxfam.
- Rowlands, Jo (1998) "A Word of the Times, but What Does it Mean? Empowerment in the Discourse and Practice of Development", in Haleh Afshar (ed.), Women and Empowerment: Illustrations from the Third World, London and New York: St. Martin Press, 11-34
- Sen, Gita and Crown, Caren for DAWN (1988) Development, Crisis and Alternative Visions: Third World Women's Perspectives, London: Earthscan Publications.
- Shahrashoub Razavi and Carol Miller, (1995) From WID to GAD Conceptual Shift in the Women and Development Discourse, UNRISD and UNDP 1995.
- Sparr, Pamela (1994a) "What is Structural Adjustment", in Pamela Sparr (ed.), Mortgaging Women's Lives: Feminist Critiques of Structural Adjustment, London and New Jersey: Zed Books, 1-12.
- Young, Kate (1993) Planning Development with Women: Making a World of Difference, London: Macmillan.
- Young, Kate (1997) "Gender and Development", in Nalini Visvanathan et. al. (eds.), The Women, Gender and Development Reader, London and New Jersey: Zed Books, 51-54.
- Wierenga, Saskia (1994) "Women's Interests and Empowerment: Gender Planning Reconsidered", in Development and Change 25 (1994), 829-848.
- Williams, Suzanne, Seed, Janet and Mwau, Adelina (1994) The Oxfam Gender Training Manual, Oxford: Oxfam (UK and Ireland).

 March, C., Smyth, I., & Mukhopadhyay, M. (1999). A Guide to Gender-Analysis Frameworks. Oxfam. Retrieved from Oxford. www.ndi.org/files/Guide%20to%20Gender%20Analysis%20Frameworks.pdf

Student responsibilities

• Attendance: At-least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam. Additional Information

This Course outline was prepared by Dr Swarup Dutta and approved in the Academic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Course Reviewer

Prof. Bijayalaxmi Nanda, Professor and Principal, Miranda House, University of Delhi

Prof. Manasi Mishra, Head of Research Division, Centre for Social Research, New Delhi

| Cours | e title: Management of Develo | | IS | | | | |
|--------|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|------|
| Cours | e code: MPD 150 | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 40-05-00 | Learn 45 | ing | hou | irs: |
| | quisite course code and title (if | | | | | | |
| | tment: Policy and Manageme | nt Studies | <u></u> | | | | |
| | e coordinator: ct details: | | Course instructor: | | | | |
| | e type: Compulsory Core | | Course offered in: Se | mester 7 |) | | |
| - | e description: This course dis | cusses the diverse a | | | | ns ′ | This |
| | ed on the interdisciplinary frame | | | - | | | |
| | pment organizations. It revolv | | 0 | | | | |
| | notions of Development along | _ | | - | | - | |
| | zations' have come to play i | | | | | | |
| - | zations are an essential cor | | - | - | | - | |
| - | zations and civil society acto | | | | | - | |
| - | national-based actors, global | | | | | | |
| | ational corporations. The con | - | | | | | |
| | tical debates over their existen | | | | | | |
| while | at the same time critically asses | | | | | | |
| Cours | e objectives | 1 1 | | | | | |
| • | To provide insight into the con | | | | • | | |
| • | To understand various develo To explain relation between g | | | | ith c | nec | ial |
| | attention on development aid. | | a development organiz | autons w | iun c | spee | 141 |
| • | To understand the various typ | | organizations and its fu | nctioning | g in 1 | Indi | a |
| • | To explain various aspects rel | ated to the managen | | | | | |
| Modul | | Topic | | | L | Т | Р |
| e 1 | Understanding developmen | nt organization _ 11 | derstanding the conce | nt of | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| _ | organization and development | 0 | - | | 5 | U | U |
| | development organizations (| | | | | | |
| | Institutions, International not | - | | | | | |
| | Development research organ | | | vil | | | |
| | society movement and organ | | | | | | |
| | companies, private philanthr | | - | -1 | | | |
| | Understating development of | | | uth | | | |
| | Understating development of | iganization network | in giovai nortii anu sot | ıtıl. | | | |
| 2 | Development organizations | s and its role in dev | elopment practice | | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Development project implen | | - | | | | |
| | organizations; Partnership, a | • | 1 | and | | | |
| | structural change; and innov | ation); Business dev | elopment and role of | | | | |
| | development organizations. | | | | | | |
| 3 | Development Organization | , supra-national go | overnance and develop | oment | 9 | 0 | |
| | aid: | 1 | | | | | |
| | History of global forms of go | - | - | | | | |
| | (activities, purpose and evolution developmental issues; Under | | | | | | |
| | developmental issues; Under mechanisms of funding in de | | - | | | | |
| | mechanisms of funding in de organizations; Poverty Redu | | - | | | | |
| | organizations, roverty Redu | choir strategies (PR | ss) and governance. | | | | |

| | Development organizations in India: 1) Government as a development Organization 2) Cooperative societies (evolution of cooperative movements, types of cooperatives, Cooperative laws in India); 3) farmer producer organizations (FPOs) in India (definition type and policies of FPOs in India); 4) Not-for-profit or non-government organizations (NPOs or NGOs) and Section-8 Companies in India; 5) NPO governance in India – policy to practice Registration (Societies' Registration Act 1860/ Indian Trusts Act 1882/ Companies Act 2013 (CSR and Section 8 clauses)); Funding in development organizations; Financial Management: tax Deduction and compliances; case of Non-compliance; FCRA. | 12 | 0 | 0 |
|------------------|--|--------|--------|------|
| | Managing not-for-profit organizations in India Levels and areas of management in the organization; Types of organizational plans (Strategic and operational plans and management policies and processes); Factors influencing effective planning; Organizational design and delegation; development of vision, mission, and goal; leadership and skill and Control (nature and process); Challenges development project managers; accountability. | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| I I I I | Development Organizations and Development Projects Project formulation; Steps in project formulation; Values in development projects (Types of values); Human needs in development projects (Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs; deficiency needs vs growth needs; The original hierarchy of needs five-stage model; Characteristics of Self-Actualizers; Key challenges for development organization in India | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | | 40 | 5 | 0 |
| Evalu | ation Criteria | | | |
| | Case study presentation (30%) | | | |
| | Minor-2: (30%) (module-1-3) | | | |
| • | Major test: (40%) (modules 4-6) | | | |
| Learnin | g outcomes | | | |
| | nd of the course, | | | |
| | om module-1 the students will be able to understand the conceptual compl | exiti | es o | of |
| | velopment organizations. | 1 | | c |
| | om modules-2 to 4, the students will be able to understand the various function rious development organizations. | ai asj | pect | S OI |
| | om the modules 5-6, the students will be to understand the development m | anao | eme | ent |
| | om the perspective of development organization. | lanae | ,01110 | 2110 |
| | ogical approach: | | | |
| | The course will be taught through discussion-centric lectures moderated through relevant academic readings. In addition, contemporary issues will be conceptu Case Studies to deconstruct the complexities of Development Institutions. | • | d as | |
| | s: <u>d Books:</u> haaf, R. (2013), Development Organizations. Routledge: UK | | | |
| • Le UF | wis, D. and Kanji, N. (2009). Non-government Organizations and Developmen | | | - |
| Uŀ | | | | - |
| • Ki | lby, Patrick. (2021) Philanthropic Foundations in International Development R | ocke | felle | er, |

Ford, and Gates. Routledge: UK

• Kilby, Patrick. (2011) NGOs in India: The challenges of women's empowerment and accountability. Routledge: UK

Key Readings

- Banks, Nicola and David Hulme David (2013) The role of NGOs and civil society in development and poverty reduction. preparatory paper for the book: M. Turner, W. McCourt and D. Hulme (2013), Governance,
- Bliss, Frank and Neumann, Stefan (2008) Participation in International Development Discourse and Practice. "State of the Art" and Challenges. Duisburg: Institute for Development and Peace,

University of Duisburg-Essen (INEF-Report, 94/2008).

- Dash, SP. (2001). The State, Civil Society and Democracy: A Note. The Indian Journal of Political Science, Vol. 62, No. 2
- Ghosh. B. (2012) Development through Voluntary Actions: The Paradigm of NGOisation. In Biswajit Ghosh (Eds.): Discourses on Development (104-128), Rawat Publication: Jaipur
- Ghosh, B. (2009). NGOs, Civil Society and Social Reconstruction in Contemporary India. Journal of Developing Societies, 25(2), 229–252. https://doi.org/10.1177/0169796X0902500205

Islam, Baharul K.M (2013). Paradigm shift in engaging civil society for development initiatives: the Indian experience. United Nations. Economic Commission for Africa (2013).

- James, Rick (n.d.) How to do Strategic Planning? A Guide for Small and Diaspora NGOs published by INTRAC Peer Learning
- Lavanya LK and Prabhakar, K. (2011) Non-Government Organizations: Problems & Remedies in India. Serbian Journal of Management 6 (1) 109 – 121
- Lewis, David (2015) NGOs and civil society. In Riaz, Ali and Rahman, Mohammad Sajjadur (eds.) Routledge handbook of contemporary Bangladesh. Routledge, London, UK: Routledge, 2015
- Matthew Eagleton-Pierce (2020) The rise of managerialism in international NGOs, Review of International Political Economy, 27:4, 970-994, DOI: <u>10.1080/09692290.2019.1657478</u>
- Pandey, Omkareshwar (2012) Under Scanner. In Governance Watch Issue May-June 2012.
- Unerman, Jeffrey and O'Dwyer, Brendan (2006) Theorising accountability for NGO advocacy. Accounting, Auditing & Accountability Journal. Vol. 19 No. 3, pp. 349-376
- Wessel, MV; Rajeshwari, B; Naz, F., Mishra, Y., Katyaini, S., Sahoo, S., Syal, R., Deo, N. (2018) Navigating possibilities of collaboration How representative roles of diverse CSOs take shape. A literature reviews.

Student responsibilities:

- As the University has the policy of minimum 75% of physical presence, the students are expected to plan their academic activities considering the learning goals and evaluation criterion of the Course [The Course Evaluation will be correlated in terms of all the academic factors including the class participation and punctuality and sincerity in learning.
- We shall follow a closed laptop, no mobile phone policy during the class hours.
- Assignment submissions shall be done one-day before the deadline; Lastly, any sorts of academic dishonesty including cheating, copying, inappropriate collaboration and plagiarism will not acceptable
- Additional Information
- This Course outline was prepared by Dr Swarup Dutta and approved in the Academic Council Meeting on at TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Course Reviewers:

Prof. G. Krishnamurthy, Former Professor, IRMA, Anand, Gujarat Prof. Nalini Ranganathan, Professor and Head, Department of Social Work, Pondicherry University

| Course ti | tle: Themes and Perspectives of Development | | | |
|------------|--|--------|------|--------------|
| Course co | | ing h | ours | s: 45 |
| Pre-requi | isite course code and title (if any): | 0 | | |
| | ent: Department of Policy and Management Studies | | | |
| | pordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact d | | | | |
| Course ty | | | | |
| • | escription: This is a foundation course for any development practitioner. T | he co | urse | |
| | a base for other subjects in MA-SDP Programme in TERI SAS. Hence, bas | | | |
| - | xicons of Development will be introduced to the students. Examples from a | | | obal |
| | hal contexts will be used to facilitate discussions in the classroom. | | υ | |
| | bjectives: This course introduces the conceptual foundations of Developm | ent ar | nd | |
| | ates the complexities of 'development' and 'development theories'. The cou | | | s |
| the studen | | | | |
| | develop a critical understanding on both historical and contempora | rv | | |
| | rspectives of development - both mainstream and alternative | - 5 | | |
| - | understand theoretical and empirical notions of development. | | | |
| | engage the students in various discourses of development practice | throu | gh | |
| | bate and discussion | | 0 | |
| Course co | ontent | | | |
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
| 1 | Understanding Development: | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | This module introduces the notion of 'development' conceptualized by | 0 | U | Ŭ |
| | various development thinkers and practitioners. The following topics | | | |
| | will be covered in this module: | | | |
| | Basic concepts of Change and development | | | |
| | Development as dominant discourse of western modernity | | | |
| | Growth versus Development debate | | | |
| | Agencies of development (state and non-state actors) | | | |
| | • Agenetes of development (state and non-state actors) | | | |
| 2 | Models of Development: | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Through this module, the students will be able to understand two | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| | dominant models of development – capitalist and socialist model. In the | | | |
| | socialist model both the utopian and the scientific socialism will be | | | |
| | discussed along with various types of socialist models like social | | | |
| | democratic model (Keynesianism and Nordic Model); Centrally | | | |
| | planned or Command Economy; Socialist Market economy. Hence, two | | | |
| | major topics will be covered – | | | |
| | Capitalism | | | |
| | Socialism | | | |
| 3 | Perspectives of Development (mainstream) | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | The module will be dedicated to the debate and discussion on the | 10 | Ŭ | Ŭ |
| | emergence of the Post-war growth-centric development theories like | | | |
| | modernization, underdevelopment and neoliberalism and post | | | |
| | development which shapes contemporary perspectives of Development. | | | |
| | Modernization (Traditional vs. Modern; Stages of Growth) | | | |
| | Theories of Underdevelopment (Dependency, and world system) | | | |
| | Neoliberalism | | | |
| | Theories of Globalization (Theories of Liberalism, Political | | | |
| | Realism, Marxism, Constructivism, Postmodernism, Feminism, | | | |
| | Transformationalism, Eclectism) | | | |
| | ······································ | 1 | | |

| | Post development | | | |
|---|---|--|---|-----|
| | Alternative Perspectives of Development The alternative approaches and their methodologies have emerged as development paradigm indicating a theoretical break from the mainstream development approaches with the emergence of an idea of Regional Development. The following topics will be covered. Human development (Definitions and indices and various approaches of human development) Social development (definitions and parameters of social development) Sustainable development (evolution of the concept, definition and concept of capital assets) Gender and development (WID, WAD and Gender development approaches) Participatory Development (definition and types of participation) | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| | | 45 | 0 | 0 |
| assi [Lea ■ Maj | nor-2: Assignment submission and Presentation [40%]: the students w gnment by taking any developmental challenges as a case for the arning outcomes 1-3] jor test: written exam [50%] [Learning outcomes 1-3] | | | |
| | cessful completion of the course students should be able to – | | | |
| chang critica under challe Pedago augment concepto Various | estand the basic concepts of development and its necessity as a process in s ge. (Module-1-2) ally reflect on the diverse discourses of development. (module-2 and 3) take research and formulate arguments on various contemporary developmenges to and exclusion and be able to present a substantiated opinion. (mod gical approach: The course will be taught through discussion-centric ted through relevant academic readings. In addition, contemporary issue ualized as a practical component to deconstruct the complexities of Development documentary movies on history of Development and emergence of dev will be shown for debate and discussion on contemporary development cl | nent lule- c lec es wi elopr | 1-4) tures 11 be nent. ment | |
| Essential Re | | | | |
| • Aga goal <u>http</u> | artya Sen (n.d.) Concept of Development. Harvard University arwal, B. (2018). Gender equality, food security and the sustainable de ls. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability. <u>bs://doi.org/10.1016/j.cosust.2018.07.002</u> | - | - | |
| Vol | eille, Andre (1996), "Sociology and Common Sense", <i>Economic and Polit</i> . 31, No. 35/37, (pp. 2361-2365). | | | - |
| • Boe | len, H. R. (2000). Gender and Development: Concepts and Definitions. UP ellstorff, D. L. (1995). Women in Development: The need for a Grassroots nning Approach. Nebraska Anthropologist, pp. 45-55. | | | JE. |

- Burgess, G. (2008). Planning and the Gender Equality Duty- Why does gender matter? People, Place and Policy Online, 112-121.
- Chambers R. Idea of Development: Reflecting forward, IDS working paper. Institute of Development Studies: England
- Chaudhary A. (2013). Modernization: Impact, Theory, Advantages and Disadvantages. International Journal for Research in Education. Vol. 2 (2).
- Christine Saulnier, S. B. (1999). Gender Planning: Developing an Operational Framework for En- Gendering Healthy Public Policy. Canada: MCEWH.
- Engelhard, Karl (1983) Theories of Development and Underdevelopment and Chances of their Practical Application. Journal of Geography. Vol. 10 (12) pp. 383-89
- Escobar, Arturo (1995), *Encountering development: the making and unmaking of the Third World*, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press. Harvard
- Frank, A.G. (1966) The Development of Underdevelopment, Monthly Review Monthly review. Vol.41(2), p.37-51
- Patnaik U. and Patnaik P. (2021) Capital and Imperialism: Theory History and Present. Monthly Review Press: New York
- Perry, John A & Erna K Perry (2016), *Contemporary Society: An Introduction to Social Science*, Routledge, New York.
- Pieterse, J. N. (1998). My Paradigm or Yours? Alternative Development, Post-Development, Reflexive Development. Development and Change. Vol. 29. pp. 343-73.
- Pieterse, Jan Nederveen, (2010) Development Theory (2nd edition). Sage.
- Przeworski Adam and Papaterra Fernando Modernization: Theories and Facts (1997 *World Politics* 49.2 (1997) 155-183
- Reyes, G. E. (2001). Four main theories of Development: Modernization, Dependency, World system and Globalization. Nómadas. Revista Crítica de Ciencias Sociales y Jurídicas. Vol.4 (2)
- Rapley, J.2007. Understanding development: theory and Practice in the Third World. Boulder: lynee Reinner Publishers.
- Roberts, J.T. and Hite A. (eds) (2000) From modernization to globalization Perspective on Development and Social Change. Blackwell Publishing: US
- Schuurman, F.J. (2000) Paradigms Lost, Paradigms Regained? Development Studies in 21st century. *Third World Quarterly*, Vol 21, No 1, pp 7- 20.
- Summer, Andy and Tribe, Michael (2008). International Developmental Studies: Theories and Methods in Research and Practice. Sage Publication
- Taylor, V. (1999). Gender Mainstreaming in Development Planning. United Kingdom: Commonwealth Secretariat
- Webster, Andrew. (1984). Introduction to Sociology of Development McMillan Publishers: UK
- Venugopal, R. (2015). Neoliberalism as Concept. *Economy and Society*. Vol.44 (2)

• Willis, Katie (2005). Theories and Practices of Development. Routledge: UK **Recommended journals** [for reference]

- Economic and Political Weekly / Journal of Human Development and Capabilities
- Indian Journal of Human Development
- World Development / Journal of Development Studies
- Oxford Development Studies/ Third World Quarterly

Student responsibilities

- As the University has the policy of minimum 75% of physical presence, the students are expected to plan their academic activities considering the learning goals and evaluation criterion of the Course.
- Lastly, any sort of academic dishonesty including cheating, copying, inappropriate collaboration and plagiarism will NOT be acceptable.

This Course outline was prepared by Dr Swarup Dutta and approved by theAcademic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Course reviewers:

Prof. Abhijit Guha, Former Professor of Anthropology, Vidyasagar University, and Senior ICSSR Fellow, Government of India

Prof Manasi Mishra, Head of Research Division, Center for Social Research, New Delhi

Dr Snigdha Bishnoi, Asst. Professor, School of Liberal Studies, Ambedkar University, Delhi

Enclosure 14

| Course title: Sustainable Urbanizati | on | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 22-08- | Learning | hours: |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title | (if any): None | _ | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | & Management S | tudies | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cou | rse instructor(s): | | |
| Contact details: | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cou | rse offered in: 2 nd | ^d Semester | |
| Course description | | | | |

This course delves into the principles and practices of sustainable urbanization, highlighting the imperative to create urban environments that are economically viable, socially inclusive, and environmentally responsible. The course also examines the phenomenon of sustainable consumption and production (SCP) as it relates to urban areas. Urban centers have emerged as the primary hubs for economic growth and expansion. In 2023, over 55% of the global population resided in urban areas, and this figure is projected to rise to 70% by 2050. Urban areas, thus, need to prepare to accommodate this anticipated population surge. Cities depend on natural resources, energy, raw materials, food, and goods to sustain the daily lives of residents and support economic activities. The rapid urbanization and population growth in Indian cities have placed significant pressure on natural resources within urban areas and their surrounding rural regions. To progress toward sustainability, cities are striving to implement policies and strategies that promote efficient resource utilization, mitigate the impacts of climate change, and foster the development of a circular economy that balances escalating consumption patterns with a shift toward sustainable lifestyles. This approach necessitates the integration of SCP practices across key development sectors within cities.

Learning objectives:

- To orient students on the trends and patterns of urbanization and the concept of sustainable urbanization along with assessing strength and weaknesses of existing urban development and management policies in India.
- To discuss key global and Indian initiatives, policy processes, planning and governance for sustainable urbanization.
- To explore and discuss innovative urban governance and management strategies promoting sustainability across the sectors (such as built environment, transport, and basic services).

| Course o | content | | | |
|----------|---------|---|---|---|
| Modul | Торіс | L | Τ | Р |
| e | | | | |

| 1. | Introduction to Urbanization and Sustainability Issues | 6 | 2 | 0 |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Trends and Patterns of Global & Indian Urbanization: | 0 | | |
| | | | | |
| | component of urban population growth, emergence of megacities, urban sprawl and suburbanization, informal | | | |
| | | | | |
| | settlements, environmental concerns | | | |
| | • The trajectories of urban policy in India | | | |
| | • Strengths and weaknesses of existing urban development and | | | |
| | management policies | | | |
| | • Concept of sustainability in urban context | | | |
| | • Phenomenon of Sustainable Consumption Practices (SCP) in | | | |
| | relation to urban centres; discourse relating to resource | | | |
| | efficient, smart and productive, and climate compatible cities | | _ | _ |
| 2. | Planning and Governance for Sustainable Urbanization | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Overview of global and national movements/initiatives for | | | |
| | sustainable urban development | | | |
| | • Policy processes, planning, governance, and role of key actors | | | |
| | and institutions (as citizens, planners, politicians, officials, | | | |
| | consultants, developers, contractors, non-governmental | | | |
| | organizations, etc.) towards resource efficiency and | | | |
| | decoupling and in realizing transitions towards sustainable | | | |
| | living and behavioural change. | | | |
| | • SDG 11 | | | |
| | Role of organizations such as International Council for Local | | | |
| | Environmental Initiatives (ICLEI), UN HABITAT. | | | |
| | Challenges and opportunities of sustainable urbanization | | | |
| 3. | Innovative Design, Strategies & Best Practices for Urban | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Sustainability | | | |
| | • Principles of inclusive and participatory urban planning | | | |
| | Smart cities mission and sustainability linkages | | | |
| | Overview of housing & building construction sector in India | | | |
| | Sustainable urban transport and policy linkages and strategies | | | |
| | Municipal waste management: strengths and weaknesses of | | | |
| | existing policies, regulations; national and global best | | | |
| | practices | | | |
| | Water supply and sanitation: water demand management; | | | |
| | wastewater management initiatives | | | |
| | Energy scenario of cities in India, current and future energy | | | |
| | consumption and energy mix, appraisal of policy initiatives | | | |
| | Urban design strategies and examples | | | |
| | Service level benchmarking and performance measurement | | | |
| 4 | | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| 4. | Future Trends and Prospects in Sustainable Urbanization | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | • Future trends of urbanization and their implications for | | | |
| | sustainability | | | |
| | • Technological advancements shaping future urban landscapes | | | |
| | • Key aspects of Nature-Based Solutions (NbS) and its | | | |
| | integration in India's Urban Development Policies | | | |
| | Competitiveness of cities, key dimensions and strategies | | | |
| | Total | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| | | 2 | | |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- **Minor Test-1:** Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs/Article structure (on identification and rapid appraisal of an urban theme) (30%)
- Minor Test-2: Seminar/Debate Sessions on preliminary analysis of data and relevant case examples (20%)
- **Major Test:** Written Test/Term Paper submission & presentation on sectoral analysis and recommendations relating to an identified urban phenomenon (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be able to:

- 1. appreciate the significance of sustainable consumption and production and resource efficiency in context of complexities relating to urbanisation and its linkages to sustainable development in urban areas (All evaluations)
- examine city development sectoral policies and strategies and their linkages to SDGs such as the SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities) and SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production) (All evaluations)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Brainstorming Tutorials; Case studies.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Lehmann, H., & Rajan, S. C. (2015). Sustainable Lifestyles. Pathways and Choices for India and Germany. <u>https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Sudhir_Rajan/publication/289522018_Sustain</u> able_Lifestyles/links/568e3f6108ae78cc0515575a.pdf.
- Low-Carbon Green Growth in Asia Policies and Practices: A Joint Study of the Asian Development Bank and the Asian Development Bank Institute. 2013. <u>http://www.adb.org/publications/low-carbon-green-growth-asia-policies-and-practices</u>.
- Rebitzer, G., Ekvall, T., Frischknecht, R., Hunkeler, D., Norris, G., Rydberg, T., Schmidt, W. –P., Suh, S., Weidema, B. P., & Pennington D. W. (2004). Life cycle assessment: Part 1: Framework, goal and scope definition, inventory analysis, and applications. *Environment International*, *30*(5), 701-720. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0160412003002459.
- Singhal, S. Berry, J., & McGreal, S. (2010). Linking regeneration and business with competitiveness for low carbon cities: lessons for India. In India Infrastructure Report 2010: Infrastructure.
- Smith, A. (2007). Sustainable cities. London: Franklin Watts.
- Tukker, A., Cohen, M.J., Hubacek, K., & Mont, O. (2010). Sustainable consumption and production. *Journal of Industrial Ecology*, *14*(1), 1-3. https://s3.amazonaws.com/academia.edu.documents/34557519/JIE_SCP_Editorial. pdf?AWSAccessKeyId=AKIAIWOWYYGZ2Y53UL3A&Expires=1507887160&S ignature=4QPrIQ2BqPrVvtEePsF%2FmCORdsU%3D&responsecontentdisposition=inline%3B%20filename%3D2010_Editorial_Sustainable_Cons umption_a.pdf.
- Vergragt, P.J., Dendler, L., de Jong, M., & Matus, K. (2016). Transitions to sustainable consumption and production in cities. Journal of Cleaner Production, 134, 1-12. http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0959652616305054.

- Akenji, L., & Bengtsson, M. (2014). Making Sustainable Consumption and Production the Core of the Sustainable Development Goals. *Sustainability*, *6*, 513-529. <u>http://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/6/2/513</u>.
- Bhattacharya, S., Rathi, S., Patro, S.A., & Tepa, N. (2015). Reconceptualising smart cities: a reference framework for India. Bangalore: Center for Study of Science, Technology and Policy (STEP).
 http://niti.gov.in/writereaddata/files/document_publication/NITI%20Aayog%20Workshop%2002092015%20Presentation%20by%20CSTEP.pdf.
- Chourabi, H., Nam, T., Walker, S., Gil-Garcia, J.R., Mellouli, S., Nahon, K., Pardo, T.A. and Scholl, H.J., 2012, January. Understanding smart cities: An integrative framework. In System Science (HICSS), 2012 45th Hawaii International Conference on (pp. 2289-2297). IEEE. http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/6149291/?reload=true.
- Hasan Rashed, A. (2024). Sustainable Urbanization between Two Ambitious Global Agendas: An Integration Approach. *IntechOpen*. https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/1176306.

Module 2:

- Fedrigo, D., & Hontelez, J. (2010). Sustainable consumption and production. *Journal of Industrial Ecology*, 14(1), 10-12.
- Cohen, B., & Muñoz, P. (2016). Sharing cities and sustainable consumption and production: Towards an integrated framework. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 134, 87-97. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2015.07.133</u>.
- Leal Filho, W., Platje, J., Gerstlberger, W., Ciegis, R., Kääriä, J., Klavins, M., & Kliucininkas, L. (2016). The role of governance in realising the transition towards sustainable societies. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, *113*, 755-766. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2015.11.060</u>.
- Kandpal, R., & Okitasari, M. (2023). Governance transformation towards localisation of sustainable development goal 11 in India. *World Development Sustainability*, *2*, 100069. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wds.2023.100069</u>.
- Salvador, M., & Sancho, D. (2020). The Role of Local Government in the Drive for Sustainable Development Public Policies. An Analytical Framework Based on Institutional Capacities. *Sustainability*, *13*(11), 5978. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su13115978</u>.

Module 3:

- Singhal, S., & Kapur, A. (2002). Industrial Estate Planning and Management in India an Integrated Approach towards Industrial Ecology. Journal of Environmental Management, Elsevier.
- UNEP. (2015). District energy in cities: unlocking the potential of energy efficiency and renewable energy.

http://districtenergyinitiative.org/report/DistrictEnergyReportBook.pdf.

• Von Weizsäcker, E. U., de Larderel, J., Hargroves, K., Hudson, C., Smith, M., & Rodrigues, M. (2014). Decoupling 2: technologies, opportunities and policy options. A Report of the Working Group on Decoupling to the International Resource Panel.

Module 4:

- Chan, F. K. S., & Chan, H. K. (2022). Recent research and challenges in sustainable urbanisation. *Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 184*, 106346. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2022.106346</u>.
- Wang, J., Cao, J., & Yu, C. W. (2020). Development trend and challenges of

sustainable urban design in the digital age. *Indoor and Built Environment*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/1420326X20976058</u>.

- Cohen, B. (2005). Urbanization in developing countries: Current trends, future projections, and key challenges for sustainability. *Technology in Society*, *28*(1-2), 63-80. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.techsoc.2005.10.005</u>.
- Kundu, D., & Pandey, A. (2021). Sustainable Urbanisation in India and Delhi: Challenges and Way Forward. ASEFSU23 Background Paper, Asia-Europe Foundation. <u>https://asef.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/ASEFSU23_Background-Paper_Sustainable-Urbanisation-in-India.pdf</u>.
- Abedalrhman, K., Alzaydi, A., & Shiban, Y. (2024). The Convergence of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Financial Technologies (FinTech) in Shaping Future Urban Landscape Planning. *Advances in Research*, 25(5), 337-352. <u>https://doi.org/10.9734/air/2024/v25i51166</u>.
- Yan, Z., Jiang, L., Huang, X., Zhang, L., & Zhou, X. (2023). Intelligent urbanism with artificial intelligence in shaping tomorrow's smart cities: Current developments, trends, and future directions. *Journal of Cloud Computing*, *12*(1), 1-13. <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/s13677-023-00569-6</u>.
- Mehmood, R., Yigitcanlar, T., & Corchado, J. M. (2023). Smart Technologies for Sustainable Urban and Regional Development. *Sustainability*, *16*(3), 1171. https://doi.org/10.3390/su16031171.
- Shen, L., Ochoa, J. J., & Bao, H. (2023). Strategies for Sustainable Urban Development—Addressing the Challenges of the 21st Century. *Buildings*, *13*(4), 847. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/buildings13040847</u>.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Prof. Shaleen Singhal

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. Shrawan K. Acharya, Centre for the Study of Regional Development, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Mr Arab Hoballah, Senior Expert, SWITCH-Asia SCP Facility, Bangkok (Former Chief, Sustainable Lifestyles, Cities and Industry, UNEP)

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Water and Sustainabl | e Development: Po | licies & Manager | nent | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 24-06- | Learning | hours: |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | |
| Pre-requisite course code and titl | e (if any): None | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | y & Management S | tudies | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cou | rse instructor(s): | | |
| Contact details: | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cou | rse offered in: 2 ⁿ | ^d Semester | |
| Course description | | | | |

Course description

Water governance and management are integral to sustainable development as they directly influence human health, economic prosperity, environmental sustainability, and social equity. Effective governance frameworks and management practices facilitate the responsible use of water resources, ensuring that they can support current and future generations while fostering resilience to climate change and enhancing overall community well-being. Prioritizing water governance is crucial for achieving a more just, sustainable, and equitable world.

This course offers an in-depth examination of the critical relationship between water resources, sustainability, and governance. As global water challenges continue to escalate, understanding the fundamental water-related issues from a management and policy perspective is essential for future leaders and practitioners in the field. Through a combination of theoretical frameworks, practical insights, and real-world case studies, students will explore how effective water management and innovative policies can contribute to sustainable development goals.

The course is divided into four modules. The first module discusses the role of water as component of ecosystem and sustainability. Students will explore the integral role of water in sustainable development frameworks, interconnections between water, ecosystems, health, and economic stability, as well as the social justice dimensions associated with water access and equity. Focusing on water governance and management, the second module examines institutional frameworks, approaches, policy instruments, and stakeholder engagement mechanisms that shape water management practices. Students will investigate various governance models, including integrated water resources management (IWRM), participatory approaches, and the roles played by governmental and nongovernmental entities in ensuring effective and equitable water management. This module also assesses the water management in India. The third module addresses the multifaceted challenges in water policy, including climate change, pollution, over-extraction, and competing demands. Students will critically analyse existing policies and frameworks that govern water use and sustainability while exploring innovative solutions, such as advanced technologies, public-private partnerships, and community-led initiatives aimed at enhancing resilience and addressing water scarcity. The final module will engage students with real-world case studies from various regions to understand best practices and effective policy initiatives in water management.

Learning objectives:

- To help students understand and analyze the role of water in sustainability discourse and its implications for sustainable development.
- To orient students to water governance frameworks and management strategies that influence water resource allocation and use.
- To help students identify the key challenges facing water policy and explore innovative solutions and technological advancements.
- To assist students to apply knowledge from case studies of successful water management practices and policy initiatives to develop actionable strategies for diverse contexts.

| Course | content | | | |
|------------|--|---|---|---|
| Modul e | Торіс | L | Τ | Р |
| 1. | Water in Sustainability Discourse Water as component of Ecosystem: Aquatic Ecosystems, Terrestrial Ecosystem; Nutrient Cycling; Hydrological Cycle; Climate Regulation; Soil Formation and Quality; Ecosystem Services Global and national water distribution and availability issues Linkages between water management and other sectors (health, agriculture, energy); Water-Energy-Food nexus | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Political Economy of Water and its Governance Evolution of understanding of water security and governance Transboundary water conflicts; Water access, ownership and rights; Privatization and commercialization of water Water Governance Frameworks: Institutional frameworks for water management; Stakeholder roles: government, communities, NGOs, and private sector Water Management Approaches: River basin approach; Watershed approach; Community management; Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) Policy Instruments for Water Management: Economic instruments - pricing, taxes, and subsidies; Regulatory measures and compliance mechanisms Water Management in India: Assessing water availability and quality (Water Stress, Water Quality Index); Status and Trends of Surface Water and Ground Water exploitation and pollution; Responsible factors – technical, policy and institutional factors; Sectoral analysis of water management (Agriculture, Domestic, Industry, Power – Thermal and Hydro); Water Interlinking; Regional consciousness and interstate issues (water sharing) | | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Challenges and Innovations in Water Policy Climate Change impacts; Pollution; Overexploitation; Water scarcity and competing demands; Habitat alteration due to human activities, including dam construction, land use change, and urbanization; Inequity in Access to Water; Fragmented Governance and Institutional Challenges; Public Awareness and Engagement; Infrastructure Gaps; Regulatory | 7 | 0 | 0 |

| | and Legislative Challenges | | | |
|--|--|---|-------|----|
| | Adaptive water management strategies | | | |
| | Role of technology in enhancing water efficiency (smart water | | | |
| | management) | | | |
| | • Innovative practices in water recycling and desalination | | | |
| 4. | Case Studies on Best Practices & Policy Initiatives | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| | International Cases, such as, Singapore: Integrated Water Management; Netherlands: Delta Works; Australia: Water Reform in the Murray-Darling Basin; Israel: Innovative Water Technologies; South Africa: The National Water Act; Ghana: Community-Based Water Management Indian Cases, such as, <i>Jal Jeevan</i> Mission; Sustainable Groundwater Management in Rajasthan; Narmada River Valley Project; Andhra Pradesh: Krishna River Management; Integrated Watershed Management in Maharashtra; Karnataka: <i>Neeravari Naital</i> Scheme | | | |
| | Total | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| | | 4 | | |
| • 1 | (20%) Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes | 50% |) | |
| • 1 Learning Upon co 1. h re 2. d cu w | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will: ave a comprehensive understanding of the complexities surrounding we esources in the context of sustainable development (All evaluations) evelop critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for address ontemporary water challenges, thereby preparing students for impactfu- vater management, policy-making, and sustainable development (All evaluations) | vater ssing | reers | in |
| • 1 Learning Upon co 1. h re 2. d cu | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will: ave a comprehensive understanding of the complexities surrounding we esources in the context of sustainable development (All evaluations) evelop critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for address ontemporary water challenges, thereby preparing students for impactfu | vater ssing | reers | |
| • 1 Learning Upon co 1. h re 2. d cu w Pedagog | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will: ave a comprehensive understanding of the complexities surrounding we esources in the context of sustainable development (All evaluations) evelop critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for address ontemporary water challenges, thereby preparing students for impactfu- vater management, policy-making, and sustainable development (All evaluations) | vater sing il car valua dom | reers | in |
| • 1 Learning Upon co 1. h re 2. d cu w Pedagog Classroot including | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will: ave a comprehensive understanding of the complexities surrounding we esources in the context of sustainable development (All evaluations) evelop critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for address ontemporary water challenges, thereby preparing students for impactfu- vater management, policy-making, and sustainable development (All e ical approach m lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular | vater sing il car valua dom | reers | in |
| • 1 Learning Upon co 1. h re 2. d cu w Pedagog Classroot including | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (g outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will: ave a comprehensive understanding of the complexities surrounding we esources in the context of sustainable development (All evaluations) evelop critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for address ontemporary water challenges, thereby preparing students for impactfu- vater management, policy-making, and sustainable development (All e ical approach m lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular g Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. | vater sing il car valua dom | reers | in |

• Horne, A. C., Webb, J. A., Stewardson, M. J., Richter, B., & Acreman, M. (Eds.) (2017). *Water for the Environment: From Policy and Science to Implementation*

and Management. London, UK: Academic Press (Elsevier).

- Gunawardena, E. R. N., Gopal, B., & Kotagama, H. (Eds.) (2012). *Ecosystem and Integrated Water Resources Management in South Asia*. New Delhi: Routledge.
- Chakraborty, S., Chatterjee, A., & Kumar, P. (Eds.) (2025). Urban Water Ecosystems in Africa and Asia: Challenges and Opportunities for Conservation and Restoration. Oxon & New York: Routledge.
- Arya, M. (2019). Spatial Ecology of Water. AADI Centre.
- Polunin, N. V. C. (Ed.) (2010). *Aquatic Ecosystems: Trends and Global Prospects*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Wohl, E. (2017). *Sustaining River Ecosystems and Water Resources*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer.
- Kholod, N., Evans, M., Khan, Z., Hejazi, M., & Chaturvedi, V. (2021). Waterenergy-food nexus in India: A critical review. *Energy and Climate Change*, 2, 100060. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egycc.2021.100060</u>

Module 2:

- Pahl-Wostl, C. (2015). *Water Governance in the Face of Global Change: From Understanding to Transformation*. Cham: Springer Nature Switzerland AG.
- Chadha, G., & Pandya, A. B. (Eds.) (2021). *Water Governance and Management in India: Issues and Perspectives, Volume 2.* Singapore: Springer Verlag.
- Katko, T. S., Juuti, P. S., Schwartz, K., & Rajala, R. P. (Eds.) (2013). *Water Services Management and Governance: Lessons for a Sustainable Future*. London, UK: IWA Publishing.
- Grigg, N. S. (2010). *Governance and Management for Sustainable Water Systems*. London, UK: IWA Publishing.
- Varis, O., Tortajada, C., & Biswas, A. K. (Eds.) (2008). *Management of Transboundary Rivers and Lakes*. Springer.
- Biswas, A. K., Tortajada, C., & Rohner, P. (Eds.) (2018). *Assessing Global Water Megatrends*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- World Water Council (Ed.) (2018). *Global Water Security: Lessons Learnt and Long-Term Implications*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- Scudder, T. (2019). *Large Dams: Long Term Impacts on Riverine Communities and Free Flowing Rivers*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- Haie, N. (2021). *Transparent Water Management Theory: Sufficiency in Sequity*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- Kumar, M. D., Bassi, N., & Kumar, S. (2022). Drinking Water Security in Rural India: Dynamics, Influencing Factors, and Improvement Strategy. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- Loucks, D. P., Stedinger, J. R., & Haith, D. A. (1981). *Water Resource Systems Planning and Analysis*. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Simonvic, S. P. (2009), *Managing water resources: Methods and tools for a system approach*. UNESCO Publishing, France.
- Prakash, A., Kumar, N., Chhatre, A., Thakkar, S., & Dar, A. (2024). Navigating India's groundwater crisis: legal and institutional perspectives on regulation and conservation. *Water Policy*, *26*(8), 835–855. <u>https://doi.org/10.2166/wp.2024.123</u>.
- Mukherji, A. (2022). Sustainable Groundwater Management in India Needs a Water-Energy-Food Nexus Approach. *Applied Economic Perspectives and Policy*, 44(1), 394-410. <u>https://doi.org/10.1002/aepp.13123</u>.

Module 3:

• Hüttl, R. F., Bens, O., Bismuth, C., & Hoechstetter, S. (Eds.) (2016). Society -

Water - Technology: A Critical Appraisal of Major Water Engineering Projects. Cham, Switzerland: Springer International Publishing AG.

- Biswas, A. K., & Tortajada, C. (Eds.) (2022). *Water Security Under Climate Change*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- Biswas, A. K., & Tortajada, C. (Eds.) (2016). *Water Security, Climate Change and Sustainable Development*. Singapore: Springer Science + Business Media Singapore.
- Edalat, F. D., & Abdi, M. R. (2017). *Adaptive Water Management: Concepts, Principles and Applications for Sustainable Development*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer International Publishing AG.
- Mysiak, J., Henrikson, H. J., Sullivan, C., Bromley, J. & Pahl-Wostl, C. (Eds.) (2010). *The Adaptive Water Resource Management Handbook*. London, UK: Earthscan.
 https://www.pseau.org/outils/ouvrages/earthscan_ltd_the_adaptive_water_resource

https://www.pseau.org/outils/ouvrages/earthscan_ltd_the_adaptive_water_resource_management_handbook_2010.pdf.

- Pahl-Wostl, C., Kabat, P., & Möltgen, J. (Eds.) (2007). *Adaptive and Integrated Water Management: Coping with Complexity and Uncertainty*. Heidelberg: Springer-Verlag Berlin.
- Evans, R. G., & Sadler, E. J. (2008). Methods and technologies to improve efficiency of water use. *Water Resources Research*, 44(7). <u>https://doi.org/10.1029/2007WR006200</u>.
- Geetha Varma, V. (2021). Water-efficient technologies for sustainable development. *Current Directions in Water Scarcity Research*, 6, 101-128. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-323-91838-1.00009-9</u>.
- Antu, U. B., Islam, M. S., Ahmed, S., Arifuzzaman, M., Saha, S., Mitu, P. R., Sarkar, A. R., Mahiddin, N. A., Ismail, Z., Ibrahim, K. A., & Idris, A. M. (2024). Emerging technologies for efficient water use in agriculture: A review of current trends and future directions. *Journal of Water Process Engineering*, 68, 106317. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jwpe.2024.106317</u>.
- Pérez-Urdiales, M., & García-Valiñas, M. Á. (2016). Efficient water-using technologies and habits: A disaggregated analysis in the water sector. *Ecological Economics*, *128*, 117-129. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2016.04.011</u>.
- Shokri, A., & Sanavi Fard, M. (2022). A sustainable approach in water desalination with the integration of renewable energy sources: Environmental engineering challenges and perspectives. *Environmental Advances*, *9*, 100281. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envadv.2022.100281</u>.
- Shiferaw, B. A., Reddy, V. R., & Sharma, B. (2023). Groundwater governance under climate change in India: lessons based on evaluation of World Bank interventions. *International Journal of Water Resources Development*, 40(3), 401–424. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/07900627.2023.2207694</u>.
- Hong, S., Park, K., Kim, J., Alayande, A. B., & Kim, Y. (Eds.) (2023). Seawater *Reverse Osmosis (SWRO) Desalination: Energy consumption in plants, advanced low-energy technologies, and future developments for improving energy efficiency.* London, UK: IWA Publishing.
- Salinas-Rodriguez, S. G., & Villacorte, L. O. (Eds.) (2023). *Experimental Methods in Desalination and Water Treatment*. London, UK: IWA Publishing.
- Bhattacharya, P., Armienta, M. A., Mahlknecht, J., & Kumar, M. (Eds.) (2023). *Best Practice Guide on Control of Fluoride in Drinking Water*. London, UK: IWA Publishing.
- Bryjak, M., Kabay, N., Rivas, B. L., & Bundschuh, J. (Eds.) (2016). Innovative Materials and Methods for Water Treatment: Solutions for Arsenic and Chromium

Removal. London, UK: Taylor & Francis Group.

Module 4:

- Chen, D. C., Maksimovic, C., & Voulvoulis, N. (2011). Institutional capacity and policy options for integrated urban water management: a Singapore case study. *Water Policy*, *13*(1), 53–68. <u>https://doi.org/10.2166/wp.2010.073</u>.
- Jensen, O., & Nair, S. (2019). Integrated Urban Water Management and Water Security: A Comparison of Singapore and Hong Kong. *Water*, 11(4), 785. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/w11040785</u>.
- Hu, X. (2020). Sustainable Water Demand Management: A Case Study of Singapore's Accommodation Sector. *IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science*, 576, 012005. <u>https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1755-1315/576/1/012005</u>.
- Banerjee, C., Bhaduri, A., & Saraswat, C. (2022). Digitalization in Urban Water Governance: Case Study of Bengaluru and Singapore. *Frontiers in Environmental Science*, 10, 816824. <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/fenvs.2022.816824</u>.
- Verdon-Kidd, D. C., Sandi, S. G., Metcalfe, A. G., & Kidd, L. J. (2023). Challenges of classifying and mapping perennial freshwater systems within highly variable climate zones: A case study in the Murray Darling Basin, Australia. *Science of The Total Environment*, 905, 167260. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2023.167260</u>.
- Connell, D., & Grafton, R. Q. (2011). Water reform in the Murray-Darling Basin. *Water Resources Research*, 47(12). <u>https://doi.org/10.1029/2010WR009820</u>.
- Samnakay, N., Alexandra, J., Wyborn, C. A., & Bender, I. (2024). Climate adaptive water policy in Australia's Murray Darling basin: soft options or hard commitments? *Ecology & Society*, 29(1), 1. <u>https://doi.org/10.5751/ES-14578-290101</u>.
- Marin, P., Tal, S., Yeres, J., & Ringskog, K. (2017). Water Management in Israel: Key Innovations and Lessons Learned for Water-Scarce Countries. Washington, DC: World Bank.
 https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/server/api/core/bitstreams/2577d429-0114-

https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/server/api/core/bitstreams/2577d429-0114-5d64-884e-8ba80ecd82f6/content.

- Friedler, E. (2000). Water reuse An integral part of water resources management:: Israel as a case study. *Water Policy*, *3*(1), 29-39. https://doi.org/10.1016/S1366-7017(01)00003-4.
- Kramer, I., Tsairi, Y., Roth, M. B., Tal, A., & Mau, Y. (2022). Effects of population growth on Israel's demand for desalinated water. *Npj Clean Water*, 5(1), 1-7. <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/s41545-022-00215-9</u>.
- Svahn, K. (2011). Women's Role and Participation in Water Supply Management -The Case Study of the Republic of Ghana. Institutionen f
 ör Geovetenskaper, Uppsala Universitet. <u>https://www.diva-</u> portal.org/smash/get/diva2:482130/FULLTEXT01.pdf4.
- Sedegah, D. D., Agyekum, M. W., & Kyeremeh, B. (2023). Local-level water conservation and management practices in rural communities: A case study in Dormaa Municipality, Bono Region, Ghana. *Irrigation and Drainage*, *72*(4), 1095-1108. <u>https://doi.org/10.1002/ird.2849</u>.
- Abunyewah, M., Erdiaw-Kwasie, M. O., Arhin, P., Acheampong, M. Y., & Okyere, S. A. (2022). Rural water project planning and evaluation in Ghana: a new methodological perspective. *Water Policy*, *24*(12), 1913–1929. https://doi.org/10.2166/wp.2022.157.
- Maphela, B., & Cloete, F. (2019). Johannesburg's implementation of the National Water Act, 1998 in Soweto, South Africa. *Development Southern Africa*, 37(4),

535–552. https://doi.org/10.1080/0376835X.2019.1647834.

- Stein, R. (2002). Water Law in a Democratic South Africa: A Country Case Study Examining the Introduction of a Public Rights System. Allocating and Managing Water for a Sustainable Future: Lessons from Around the World (Summer Conference, June 11-14). <u>https://scholar.law.colorado.edu/allocating-and-managing-water-for-sustainable-future/66</u>.
- Tewari, DD. (2009). A detailed analysis of evolution of water rights in South Africa: an account of three and a half centuries from 1652 AD to present. *Water SA*, *35*(5), 693-710. Retrieved November 30, 2024, from http://www.scielo.org.za/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S1816-79502009000500019&lng=en&tlng=en.
- Olley, J., Cvitanovic, M., Ginige, T., & Bunt-MacRury, L. (2024). A systematic literature review of sustainable water management in South Africa. *Sustainable Water Resources Management*, *10*, 162. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s40899-024-01135-</u>
 <u>x</u>.
- Sankala Foundation. (2024). Jal Jeevan Mission Har Ghar Jal: A Study of Access to Clean Tap Water to Every Rural Home in India. Sankala Foundation, New Delhi.
- Sahoo, M. K., Divi, S., Rathod, B., & Vekariya, H. (2023). India's Prospects for Attaining Sustainable Development Goals on Health & Sanitation: A Critical Analysis of Swachh Bharat Abhiyan & Jal Jeevan Mission. *International Journal of Environmental Sciences*, 9(2), 74-87. https://www.theaspd.com/resources/5.%20Manoj%20K.%20Sahoo.pdf.
- Negi, U., Chaturvedi, K., & Bassi, N. (2023). India's Jal Jeevan Mission is Putting Women at the Centre of Water Access. <u>https://www.ceew.in/blogs/how-jal-jeevan-mission-aims-to-provide-safe-clean-water-access-for-rural-households-and-empower-women-in-india</u>.
- Singh, A. P., & Bhakar, P. (2021). Development of groundwater sustainability index: a case study of western arid region of Rajasthan, India. *Environment, Development and Sustainability*, 23, 1844–1868. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10668-020-00654-9</u>.
- Reddy, V. R. (2010). Water sector performance under scarcity conditions: a case study of Rajasthan, India. *Water Policy*, *12*(5), 761–778. <u>https://doi.org/10.2166/wp.2010.135</u>.
- CEEW. Water Management Programme: Tarun Bharat Sangh. Framework for India's Sustainable Agriculture Initiatives. <u>https://www.ceew.in/sustainable-agriculture-initiatives/tarun-bharat-sangh-johad-water-conservation-harvesting-and-revitalisation</u>.
- Venot, J.-P., Bharati, L., Giordano, M., & Molle, F. (2011). Beyond water, beyond boundaries: spaces of water management in the Krishna river basin, South India. *The Geographical Journal*, *177*(2), 160–170. <u>http://www.jstor.org/stable/41238025</u>.
- Bharati, L., Anand, B. K., & Smakhtin, V. (n.d.). Analysis of the Inter-basin Water Transfer Scheme in India: A Case Study of the Godavari–Krishna Link. <u>https://publications.iwmi.org/pdf/H041799.pdf</u>.
- Bhaduri, A., Amarasinghe, U. A., & Shah, T. (2008). Benefits of irrigation water transfers in the National River Linking Project: a case study of Godavari (Polavaram)-Krishna link in Andhra Pradesh. Conference Papers h041803, International Water Management Institute.

Student responsibilities

• At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.

• Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Prof. Arun Kansal

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. Ajay R. Tembhurkar, Professor of Environmental Engineering, Department of Civil Engineering, Visvesvaraya National Institute of Technology (VNIT), Nagpur, Maharashtra, India.
- 2. Dr Geoff Goodwin, Faculty of Global Political Economy, School of Politics and International Studies (POLIS), University of Leeds, Leeds, United Kingdom.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course t | itle: Energy and Sustainable | e Development | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P: 28-02-00 | Learning 30 | g ho | urs: |
| Pre-requ | isite course code and title | (if any): None | | | | |
| Departn | ent: Department of Policy | & Management St | udies | | | |
| Course o | coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | | | |
| Contact | details: | | | | | |
| Course t | ype: Core | Cour | rse offered in: 2 ⁿ | ^d Semester | | |
| Course o | lescription | | | | | |
| committe critically to enable complex | ving both the climate and the ed to. At the same time of important to the growth an e the student to understand interactions with the econo in multiple, often competing | ensuring its avail ad development of the challenges of my and society as | ability, efficient any country. The of understanding | use and e course is energy see | acces desig curity | s is gned , its |
| policy fo understan policies o students o | of vulnerability and the ins rmulation. At the end of the adding of the need for an inte on the energy security of a c will be able to: frame issues from a public create a matrix of cross-sec assess unintended outcome assess Policy implementati have an understanding of p | course, the studer grated energy poli- ountry and its pop- policy energy and ctoral issues and li- es and risks ion challenges | nt will have an en icy and the impac ulace. By the end | hanced et of alterna l of the cou | tive | he |
| Course o | | bath dependencies | | | | |
| Modul | Торіс | | | L | Т | |
| e | Foundation on Energy ar | | | | | Р |

| | climate change | | | |
|----|--|---|---|---|
| 2. | Energy Access, Poverty, Security, and Sustainability | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | Energy transition issues and sustainability considerations such as transition to green energy regime, transition at different scales, etc. Case of coal transition in India, transition in DRE space, policy instruments level transitions Energy Poverty and energy vulnerabilities: Concepts of energy poverty and energy access challenges in developing regions; Impact of energy access on health, gender, education, and economic opportunities. Energy Security: Energy security and energy dependence at different levels in the society such as – household, community, company and a country; Geopolitics associated with energy security concerns; Trading and Transnational flow, issues of CBAM and energy, Control over strategic areas from an energy security perspective. Gender and Energy: Examination of the gender dimensions of energy access and use; Empowering women through | 0 | | |
| 3. | sustainable energy initiatives. Energy Market, Pricing and Finance | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | Energy demand and supply; Energy demand theories, elasticities of energy demand, energy demand at sectoral and aggregated level, demand side management (DSM) techniques; energy efficiency and energy demand, economic theories and principles of energy supply; economics of power generation both renewables and non-renewables; case studies from India Changing structure and forms of energy market; different pricing principles; pricing under regulation; pricing under competition, pricing of energy and instruments of energy pricing in Indian context such as open access, green open access, bidding and auctions, pricing in open markets Theories of energy finance, Source of energy financing, Energy project financing, Discounted cash flow analysis, Estimating Net Present Value (NPV), Estimating cost of capital, Financing of renewable energy, Renewable policy instruments and institutions for renewable energy and climate finance, Energy transition financing, financial risk management for energy projects, Carbon market as an instrument of climate finance. | 0 | | |
| 4. | Energy Case Studies and Business Models Analysis of case studies to examine linkages with other sectors, risks, dependencies, sustainable development, scale etc. For example: DRE cases studies and business models, Case studies and business models on energy pricing and market such as renewable energy certificate (REC) and Energy savings certificate (ESCerts), Case studies on green tariffs and green energy trading. | 4 | 2 | 0 |

| | Total | 2 8 | 2 | 0 |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------------|------|
| | ation criteria: te grades will be based on the following criteria: Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20% Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based of (30%) Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (1) |) on N | | le-4 |
| Learn | ing outcomes | 5070 |) | |
| 1. 2. | completion of this course, candidates will be: equipped with the knowledge and skills necessary to navigate the comp energy systems in the context of sustainable development (All evaluation developing critical thinking and innovative approaches essential for com the development of effective energy policies that address current challer promoting a sustainable future for all (All evaluations) ogical approach | ons) atriba | uting | to |
| Classro | oom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular on practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. | dom | ains | |
| Sugge | sted Readings | | | |
| • • • • • • • • • | Statista. Energy consumption worldwide from 2000 to 2022, with a fore 2050, by energy source. <u>https://www.statista.com/statistics/222066/projeglobal-energy-consumption-by-source/</u> Dar-Mousa, R. N., & Makhamreh, Z. (2019). Analysis of the pattern of consumptions and its impact on urban environmental sustainability in Ja Amman City as a case study. <i>Energy, Sustainability and Society, 9</i>, 15. <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/s13705-019-0197-0</u>. Thomson, G. (2016). <i>Environment, Energy and Sustainable Development</i> Syrawood Publishing House. Dunlap, R. A. (2018). <i>Sustainable Energy, 2nd edition</i>. Cengage. Collins, L. (2016). <i>Energy and Sustainability</i>. Callisto Reference. Mentel, G., & Majewski, S. (Eds.) (2023). <i>Energy Policy, Regulation an Sustainable Development</i>. MDPI AG. Zhironkin, S., & Rybar, R. (Eds.) (2022). Sustainable Development Proce Renewable Energy Technology. MDPI AG. Vyas, D., & Gupta, R. K. (2020). <i>Bio-hydrogen Energy for Sustainable Development</i>. New Delhi: Daya Publishing House. Azad, K. A., & Sharma, S. (Eds.) (2016). <i>Clean Energy for Sustainable Development</i>: <i>Comparisons and Contrasts of New Approaches</i>. Academ Kumar. J, C. R., & Majid, M. A. (2020). Renewable energy for sustainable development in India: current status, future prospects, challenges, emploinvestment opportunities. <i>Energy, Sustainability and Society, 10</i>, 2. https://doi.org/10.1186/s13705-019-0232-1. | ected ener ordan <i>nt</i> . <i>nd</i> cesse nic P ble | d- gy n: es for ress. | r |
| Studer | at responsibilities | | | |
| • | At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear f exam. Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely according to the evaluation criterion. | | | |

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Gopal Sarangi

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. Atul Kumar, Professor of Energy Studies Programme, School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr Arunabha Ghosh, Public Policy Expert & CEO, Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW), New Delhi, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Digital Economy: Dividends, Disputes & Dimensions | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 22-08- | Learning | hours: | | |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | / & Management Stu | udies | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cour | rse offered in: 2 ⁿ | ^d Semester | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Course description

The digital economy is a major driver of economic growth in recent times, contributing to productivity gains, job creation, and innovation. It generates vast amounts of data that can be leveraged for evidence-based policy formulation. The digital economy enables improved governance through e-governance systems that enhance service delivery, increase transparency, and facilitate citizen engagement. Understanding the digital economy is also crucial for promoting sustainable industrial practices, digital transformation in energy management, and resource efficiency. Public policy students must understand these trends to effectively engage in economic planning and other development initiatives.

This course is designed to explore the multifaceted landscape of the digital economy, examining the benefits, challenges, and complexities associated with its rapid integration into various aspects of society, commerce and governance. Providing an understanding of the implications of digital transformation, this course combines theoretical concepts with practical insights, fostering a comprehensive understanding of the digital economy's impacts on individuals, businesses, and governments.

This course is divided into four modules. The first module provides a foundational understanding of the digital economy, exploring key concepts, components, and the significance of digital technologies in modern trading and economic paradigms. The second module explores disputes, policy and governance challenges that arise within the digital economy, emphasizing regulatory frameworks and ethical considerations. The third module examines future trends and opportunities within the digital economy, exploring the innovations that are shaping its trajectory. The final module presents in-depth case studies to illustrate practical applications of digital economy concepts in various sectors, analysing successful integrations and lessons learned.

Learning objectives:

- To help students understand the fundamental principles and dynamics of the digital economy and analyze the economic benefits and potential drawbacks of digital transformation.
- To orient students to disputes arising from digital business practices and the governance challenges they present.
- To discuss emerging technologies and evaluate future prospects and trends shaping the digital economy.
- To assist students to examine real-world case studies to understand practical implications and integration of digital economy strategies.

Course content

Module | Topic

| 1. | Introduction to Digital Economy | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|----|--|---|---|---|
| | • Overview of digital economy and its components (e.g., e- | | | |
| | commerce, digital services, fintech) | | | |
| | • Evolution of digital technologies and their impact on global | | | |
| | economies | | | |
| | • Exploration of economic benefits: productivity, efficiency, | | | |
| | and innovation. | | | |
| | • Data as an Economic Asset: The role of big data and analytics | | | |
| | in driving economic growth; Understanding data ownership, | | | |
| | usage, management, and commercialization | | | |
| | • Overview of how different government departments and | | | |
| | ministries are adapting to the digital economy. | | | |
| | Importance of digital infrastructure: broadband, cloud | | | |
| | computing, and IoT. | | | |
| | • Global disparities in digital connectivity and its economic | | | |
| | implications. | | | |
| 2. | Digital Economy: Disputes, Policy & Governance Challenges | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Overview of existing laws and regulations governing the | | | |
| | digital economy in India | | | |
| | • Data privacy, intellectual property rights, and security | | | |
| | concerns | | | |
| | Challenges in effective governance and enforcement; | | | |
| | Challenges posed by bureaucratic processes and compliance | | | |
| | issues for businesses | | | |
| | Cybersecurity and Ethical Considerations: Understanding | | | |
| | cybersecurity threats and their impact on the digital economy; | | | |
| | Ethical dilemmas surrounding data collection, usage, artificial | | | |
| | intelligence and surveillance in the digital economy | | | |
| | • Digital divide and its effects on socioeconomic disparities; | | | |
| | Strategies for promoting inclusivity and access to digital | | | |
| | resources | | | |
| | • Challenges posed by foreign digital platforms and large tech | | | |
| | companies; Global competition and its effects on local | | | |
| | industries in the digital economy | | | |
| | • Impact of automation and digital technologies on employment | | | |
| | in various sectors; Skill gaps and workforce readiness for the | | | |
| 2 | digital economy Prospects for Digital Economy | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Prospects for Digital Economy | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Global Market Access: E-commerce Expansion; Digital Trade | | | |
| | • Increased Consumer Connectivity and Engagement: | | | |
| | Personalized Services; Improved Customer Experience | | | |
| | • Financial Inclusion and FinTech Innovations: Access to | | | |
| | Financial Services; Rise of FinTech | | | |
| | • Smart Infrastructure and Urban Development: Smart Cities; | | | |
| | Investment in digital infrastructure | | | |
| | Data-Driven Decision Making: Enhanced Analytics; Agility | | | |
| | and Responsiveness | | | |
| | • Environmental Sustainability: Resource Optimization; | | | |
| | Reduction in Physical Footprint | | | |
| | • Exploration of emerging technologies: blockchain, AI, and | | | |

| | their potential impacts on the economy. | | | |
|---|---|---|-------|----|
| | • Predictions and challenges for the future of the digital economy | | | |
| 4. | Case Studies on Digital Economy Integration | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| 7. | International Cases, such as, Estonia: Digital Society and E-Government; China: E-Commerce and Mobile Payments, largely driven by platforms like Alibaba and Tencent; South Korea: Broadband and Internet Connectivity; Singapore: Smart Nation Initiative; Finland: Education and Digital Competency Indian Cases, such as, Aadhaar and Digital Identification; Unified Payments Interface (UPI); E-Governance and Digital Services; M-Kisan: Mobile-Based Agricultural Extension; E-commerce Expansion (e.g., through Flipkart, Amazon India, Snapdeal etc.); Telemedicine and Digital Health (National Digital Health Mission (NDHM)); Startup Ecosystem and Innovation (in sectors like Fintech, Edtech, Healthtech, and Agritech) | | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 22 | 8 | 0 |
| • 1 | Ainor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (30% Ainor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Aajor Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (5 | ule-4 | (20% | 5) |
| • M Learning Upon con 1. ha th 2. w m | Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (S goutcomes mpletion of this course, candidates would be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the complexities and opportur e digital economy (All evaluations) ell-equipped to engage with current trends in the digital landscape and eaningfully to discussions and decision-making processes surrounding | ule-4 50%) nities | with | n |
| • M Learning Upon con 1. ha th 2. w m th | Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (S outcomes mpletion of this course, candidates would be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the complexities and opportur e digital economy (All evaluations) ell-equipped to engage with current trends in the digital landscape and | ule-4 50%) nities | with | n |
| • M Learning Upon con 1. ha th 2. w m th Pedagogi Classroor | Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (5 goutcomes mpletion of this course, candidates would be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the complexities and opportur e digital economy (All evaluations) ell-equipped to engage with current trends in the digital landscape and eaningfully to discussions and decision-making processes surrounding e digital economy (All evaluations) | ule-4 50%) nities contr the f | withi | n |
| • M Learning Upon con 1. ha th 2. w m th Pedagogi Classroor including | Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (S goutcomes mpletion of this course, candidates would be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the complexities and opportur e digital economy (All evaluations) ell-equipped to engage with current trends in the digital landscape and eaningfully to discussions and decision-making processes surrounding e digital economy (All evaluations) ical approach n lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular d | ule-4 50%) nities contr the f | withi | n |
| • M Learning Upon con 1. ha th 2. w m th Pedagogi Classroor including | Alinor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (S goutcomes mpletion of this course, candidates would be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the complexities and opportur e digital economy (All evaluations) ell-equipped to engage with current trends in the digital landscape and eaningfully to discussions and decision-making processes surrounding e digital economy (All evaluations) fical approach n lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular d Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. d Readings | ule-4 50%) nities contr the f | withi | n |

Science, Technology & Innovation. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-90324-4_140</u>.
Nosova, S., Norkina, A., Makar, S., & Fadeicheva, G. (2020). Digital transformation

as a new paradigm of economic policy. *Procedia Computer Science*, 190, 657-665. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.procs.2021.06.077.

- Tretyakov O. V. (2022). *Digital Economy as a new Development Paradigm: Opportunities, Challenges and Prospects*. Melbourne: AUS Publishers. <u>https://auspublishers.com.au/en/nauka/monography/2406/view</u>.
- Kalf, W. (2024). Economic Development in the Digital Economy: A Bibliometric Review. *Economies*, *12*(3), 53. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/economies12030053</u>.

Module 2:

- Lynn, T., Rosati, P., Conway, E., Curran, D., Fox, G., & O'Gorman, C. (2022). *Infrastructure for Digital Connectivity. In: Digital Towns.* Cham: Palgrave Macmillan. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-91247-5_6</u>.
- Valdez, V.B., Javier, S.P. (2021). Digital Divide: From a Peripheral to a Core Issue for All SDGs. In W. Leal Filho, A. Marisa Azul, L. Brandli, A. Lange Salvia, P. Gökçin Özuyar, T. Wall (Eds.) *Reduced Inequalities. Encyclopedia of the UN Sustainable Development Goals*. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-95882-</u> <u>8_107</u>.
- Heeks, R. (2022). Digital inequality beyond the digital divide: conceptualizing adverse digital incorporation in the global South. *Information Technology for Development*, 28(4), 688–704. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/02681102.2022.2068492</u>.
- Baporikar, N. (2024). Barriers and Impact of the Digital Economy. In P. Ordóñez de Pablos, M. Almunawar, & M. Anshari (Eds.), *Strengthening Sustainable Digitalization of Asian Economy and Society* (pp. 38-53). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <u>https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-1942-0.ch003</u>
- Graham, M. (Ed.) (2019). Digital Economies at Global Margins. The MIT Press. https://doi.org/10.7551/mitpress/10890.001.0001.
- ITU (2017). Social and Economic Impact of Deigital Transformation on the Economy. GSR-17 Discussion Paper. <u>https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-</u> <u>D/Conferences/GSR/Documents/GSR2017/Soc_Eco_impact_Digital_transformation</u> <u>finalGSR.pdf</u>.
- Friederici, N. (2019). The Global Digital Economy: Worsening Inequality vs. Pockets of Innovation. <u>https://www.orfonline.org/expert-speak/the-global-digital-economy-worsening-inequality-vs-pockets-of-innovation-54180</u>.
- Morris, J., Morris, W., & Bowen, R. (2021). Implications of the digital divide on rural SME resilience. *Journal of Rural Studies*, 89, 369-377. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jrurstud.2022.01.005</u>.
- Mukherjee, A. (2024). Navigating the Digital Divide in a Hyper connected World: Strategies for Bridging Inequalities and Promoting Equitable Access to Digital Opportunities. *International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology* (*IRJET*), 11(2), 360-369. <u>https://www.irjet.net/archives/V11/i2/IRJET-V111261.pdf</u>
- Laskar, M. H. (2023). Examining the emergence of digital society and the digital divide in India: A comparative evaluation between urban and rural areas. *Frontiers in Sociology*, *8*, 1145221. <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/fsoc.2023.1145221</u>.
- Xiao, A., Xu, Z., Skare, M., Qin, Y., & Wang, X. (2024). Bridging the digital divide: The impact of technological innovation on income inequality and human interactions. *Humanities and Social Sciences Communications*, 11(1), 1-18. https://doi.org/10.1057/s41599-024-03307-8.
- Dewani, N. D., Khan, Z. A., Agarwal, A., Sharma, M., & Khan, S. A. (Eds.). (2022). *Handbook of Research on Cyber Law, Data Protection, and Privacy*. IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <u>https://doi.org/10.4018/978-1-7998-8641-9</u>.

- Nimmer, R., & Towle, H. K. (2013). *Data Privacy, Protection, and Security Law.* LexisNexis.
- Christen, M., Gordijn, B., & Loi, M. (Eds.) (2020). *The Ethics of Cybersecurity*. Cham: Springer. <u>https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-030-29053-5</u>.
- Macnish, K., & Van der Ham, J. (2020). Ethics in cybersecurity research and practice. *Technology in Society*, *63*, 101382. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.techsoc.2020.101382</u>.
- Priyadarshini, I., & Cotton, C. (2022). *Cybersecurity: Ethics, Legal, Risks, and Policies*. Apple Academic Press, Inc.

Module 3:

- Kumar, S., Lim, W.M., Sivarajah, U., & Kaur, J. (2023). Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain Integration in Business: Trends from a Bibliometric-Content Analysis. *Information Systems Frontiers*, 25, 871–896. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10796-022-10279-0</u>.
- Hong, Z., & Xiao, K. (2024). Digital economy structuring for sustainable development: The role of blockchain and artificial intelligence in improving supply chain and reducing negative environmental impacts. *Scientific Reports*, 14(1), 1-12. <u>https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-024-53760-3</u>.
- Charles, V., Emrouznejad, A. & Gherman, T. (2023). A critical analysis of the integration of blockchain and artificial intelligence for supply chain. *Annals of Operations Research*, 327, 7–47. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10479-023-05169-w</u>.
- Bhumichai, D., Smiliotopoulos, C., Benton, R., Kambourakis, G., & Damopoulos, D. (2024). The Convergence of Artificial Intelligence and Blockchain: The State of Play and the Road Ahead. *Information*, 15(5), 268. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/info15050268</u>.
- Gupta, S., Modgil, S., Choi, T., Kumar, A., & Antony, J. (2023). Influences of artificial intelligence and blockchain technology on financial resilience of supply chains. *International Journal of Production Economics*, *261*, 108868. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijpe.2023.108868</u>.
- Huria, A. (2019). Facilitating Trade and Logistics for ECommerce: Building Blocks, Challenges and Ways Forward. The World Bank. <u>https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/es/645791578285992456/pdf/Facilitating-Trade-and-Logistics-for-E-Commerce-Building-Blocks-Challenges-and-Ways-Forward.pdf</u>.
- Jaller, L. D., Gaillard, S., & Molinuevo, M. (n.d.). The regulation of Digital Trade: Key policies and international trends. World Bank Group. <u>https://documents1.worldbank.org/curated/en/998881578289921641/pdf/The-Regulation-of-Digital-Trade-Key-Policies-and-International-Trends.pdf</u>.
- Tolstoy, D., Melén Hånell, S., & Özbek, N. (2022). Effectual market creation in the cross-border e-commerce of small-and medium-sized enterprises. *International Small Business Journal*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177_02662426211072999</u>.
- Ahi, A. A., Sinkovics, N., & Sinkovics, R. R. (2023). E-commerce Policy and the Global Economy: A Path to More Inclusive Development?. *Management International Review*, *63*, 27–56. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s11575-022-00490-1</u>.
- Meyer, K. E., Li, J., Brouthers, K. D., & Jean, R. (2023). International business in the digital age: Global strategies in a world of national institutions. *Journal of International Business Studies*, 54, 577–598. <u>https://doi.org/10.1057/s41267-023-00618-x</u>
- Janow, M. E., & Mavroidis, P. C. (2019). Digital Trade, E-Commerce, the WTO and Regional Frameworks. *World Trade Review*, 18(S1), S1–S7. https://doi.org/10.1017/S1474745618000526.
- Sharma, V., Gupta, M., Arora, N., & Shaikh, A. A. (Eds.) (2025). FinTech and

Financial Inclusion: Leveraging Digital Finance for Economic Empowerment and Sustainable Growth. London & New York: Routledge.

- Asif, M., Khan, M. N., Tiwari, S., Wani, S. K., & Alam, F. (2023). The Impact of Fintech and Digital Financial Services on Financial Inclusion in India. *Journal of Risk and Financial Management*, 16(2), 122. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/jrfm16020122</u>.
- Amnas, M. B., Selvam, M., & Parayitam, S. (2024). FinTech and Financial Inclusion: Exploring the Mediating Role of Digital Financial Literacy and the Moderating Influence of Perceived Regulatory Support. *Journal of Risk and Financial Management*, 17(3), 108. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/jrfm17030108</u>.
- Shukla, S., & Gupta, K. (Eds.) (2019). *Futue of FinTech: Innovative Business Model for Financial Inclusion*. New Delhi: Book Bazooka Publication.
- Mhlanga, D. (2024). *FinTech, Financial Inclusion, and Sustainable Development: Disruption, Innovation, and Growth.* Oxon & New York: Routledge.
- Malik, S. (2023). Data-Driven Decision-Making: Leveraging the IoT for Real-Time Sustainability in Organizational Behavior. *Sustainability*, *16*(15), 6302. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su16156302</u>.
- Szukits, Á. (2022). The illusion of data-driven decision making The mediating effect of digital orientation and controllers' added value in explaining organizational implications of advanced analytics. *Journal of Management Control*, *33*, 403–446. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s00187-022-00343-w</u>.
- Ali Al-Darras, O. M., & Tanova, C. (2022). From Big Data Analytics to Organizational Agility: What Is the Mechanism? *SAGE Open*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/21582440221106170</u>.
- Chatfield, A. T., & Reddick, C. G. (2018). Customer agility and responsiveness through big data analytics for public value creation: A case study of Houston 311 ondemand services. *Government Information Quarterly*, *35*(2), 336-347. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.giq.2017.11.002</u>.
- Xia, L., Baghaie, S., & Mohammad Sajadi, S. (2024). The digital economy: Challenges and opportunities in the new era of technology and electronic communications. *Ain Shams Engineering Journal*, *15*(2), 102411. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.asej.2023.102411</u>.
- Rosário, A. T., & Dias, J. C. (2022). The New Digital Economy and Sustainability: Challenges and Opportunities. *Sustainability*, 15(14), 10902. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su151410902</u>.
- Güldenberg, S., Ernst, E., & North, K. (Eds.) (2021). *Managing Work in the Digital Economy: Challenges, Strategies and Practices for the Next Decade*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature Switzerland AG.
- Almunawar, M. N., Islam, M. Z., & de Pablos, P. O. (2022). *Digital Transformation Management: Challenges and Futures in the Asian Digital Economy*. Oxon & New York: Routledge.
- Dridi, A., & Telmoudi, F. (2025). Digital Economy and Digital Maturity: A Comprehensive Review. In M. A. Bach Tobji, R. Jallouli, H. Sadok, K. Lajfari, D. Mafamane, & H. Mahboub (eds). *Digital Economy. Emerging Technologies and Business Innovation*. ICDEc 2024. Lecture Notes in Business Information Processing, vol 530. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-76365-6_5</u>.

Module 4:

- Hardy, A. (2024). Estonia's digital diplomacy: Nordic interoperability and the challenges of cross-border e-governance. *Internet Policy Review*, *13*(3). https://doi.org/10.14763/2024.3.1785
- Stephany, F. (2018). It is not only size that matters: How unique is the Estonian e-

governance success story? Agenda Austria Working Paper, No. 15, Agenda Austria, Wien. <u>https://www.econstor.eu/bitstream/10419/191730/1/1048218333.pdf</u>.

- Zhao, C., Wu, Y., & Guo, J. (2022). Mobile payment and Chinese rural household consumption. *China Economic Review*, *71*, 101719. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chieco.2021.101719.
- Vatsa, P., Ma, W., & Zheng, H. (2024). Mobile payment adoption in China: Do demographic and socioeconomic factors matter? *Managerial and Decision Economics*, 45(3), 1428-1434. <u>https://doi.org/10.1002/mde.4086</u>.
- Seung-Bum, H., Ina, U., & Ming, C. (2021). Consumer adoption of offline m-payment: The Chinese case. Global Business & Finance Review (GBFR), People & Global Business Association (P&GBA), *Seoul*, 26(2), 83-109. https://doi.org/10.17549/gbfr.2021.26.2.83.
- Liu, J., Li, Z., & Hu, X. (2023). A Study of the Impact of Mobile Payment on the Enhancement of Consumption Structure and Pattern of Chinese Rural Households. *Agriculture*, *13*(11), 2082. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/agriculture13112082</u>.
- Abrahim Sleiman, K. A., Juanli, L., Lei, H. Z., Rong, W., Yubo, W., Li, S., Cheng, J., & Amin, F. (2023). Factors that impacted mobile-payment adoption in China during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Heliyon*, 9(5), e16197. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heliyon.2023.e16197.
- Park, S., & Yoon, S. (2005). Separating early-adopters from the majority: The case of Broadband Internet access in Korea. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*, 72(3), 301-325. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.techfore.2004.08.013</u>.
- Lee, H., Jeong, S., & Lee, K. (2023). The South Korean case of deploying rural broadband via fiber networks by implementing universal service obligation and public-private partnership based project. *Telecommunications Policy*, 47(3), 102506. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.telpol.2023.102506.
- Siu Loon, H. (2016). Defining a smart nation: The case of Singapore. *Journal of Information, Communication and Ethics in Society, 14*(4), 323-333. https://ink.library.smu.edu.sg/sis_research/5158
- Jie, W. J. (2017). Singapore's Smart Nation Initiative A Policy and Organisational Perspective : 1-12. ScholarBank@NUS Repository. <u>https://doi.org/10.25818/vjdp-1gqf</u>
- Cavada, M., Tight, M. R., & Rogers, C. D. (2018). A smart city case study of Singapore—Is Singapore truly smart? *Smart City Emergence*, 295-314. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-12-816169-2.00014-6</u>.
- Lähdemäki, J. (2019). Case Study: The Finnish National Curriculum 2016—A Cocreated National Education Policy. In J. W. Cook (eds) *Sustainability, Human Well-Being, and the Future of Education*. Cham: Palgrave Macmillan. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-78580-6_13</u>.
- Salmela-Aro, K., & Lavonen, J. (2024). The Switch to Distance Teaching and Learning in Finland During the COVID-19 Pandemic (2020–2022) Went Technically Well but Was Emotionally Challenging. In F. M. Reimers (eds) *Schools and Society During the COVID-19 Pandemic*. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-42671-1_4</u>.
- Záhorec, J., Hašková, A., Poliaková, A., & Munk, M. (2020). Case Study of the Integration of Digital Competencies into Teacher Preparation. *Sustainability*, *13*(11), 6402. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su13116402</u>
- Kaarakainen, T., & Saikkonen, L. (2021). Multilevel analysis of the educational use of technology: Quantity and versatility of digital technology usage in Finnish basic education schools. *Journal of Computer Assisted Learning*, *37*(4), 953-965. https://doi.org/10.1111/jcal.12534

- Mir, U. B., Kar, A. K., Gupta, M. P., & Sharma, R. S. (2019). Prioritizing Digital Identity Goals – The Case Study of Aadhaar in India. In I. O. Pappas, P. Mikalef, Y. K. Dwivedi, L. Jaccheri, J. Krogstie, & M. Mäntymäki (Eds.) *Digital Transformation for a Sustainable Society in the 21st Century*. I3E 2019. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 11701. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-29374-1_40</u>.
- MC, A., & Shanmugam, K. (2023). Implementing unique identification technology: The journey and success story of Aadhaar in India. *Journal of Information Technology Teaching Cases*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177_20438869231200286</u>.
- Mir, U. B., Kar, A. K., Dwivedi, Y. K., Gupta, M., & Sharma, R. (2020). Realizing digital identity in government: Prioritizing design and implementation objectives for Aadhaar in India. *Government Information Quarterly*, *37*(2), 101442. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.giq.2019.101442.
- Banerjee, S. (2016). Aadhaar: Digital Inclusion and Public Services in India. World Development Report 2016, Background Paper (Digital Dividends). <u>https://thedocs.worldbank.org/en/doc/655801461250682317-</u>0050022016/original/WDR16BPAadhaarPaperBanerjee.pdf.
- Mittal, S., & Hariharan, V. K. (2017). Mobile-based climate services impact on farmers risk management ability in India. *Climate Risk Management*, *22*, 42-51. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.crm.2018.08.003</u>.
- Kansiime, M. K., Alawy, A., Allen, C., Subharwal, M., Jadhav, A., & Parr, M. (2019). Effectiveness of mobile agri-advisory service extension model: Evidence from Direct2Farm program in India. *World Development Perspectives*, *13*, 25-33. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wdp.2019.02.007</u>.
- Sivakumar, S., Bijoshkumar, G., Rajasekharan, A., Panicker, V., Paramasivam, S., Manivasagam, V. S., & Manalil, S. (2022). Evaluating the Expediency of Smartphone Applications for Indian Farmers and Other Stakeholders. *AgriEngineering*, *4*(3), 656-673. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/agriengineering4030042</u>.
- Jain, D. (2023). Regulation of Digital Healthcare in India: Ethical and Legal Challenges. *Healthcare*, 11(6), 911. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/healthcare11060911</u>.
- Poonam, & Saini, S. K. (2024). Study on E-Commerce Growth and Impact on Indian Economic Development. Research Review International Journal of Multidisciplinary, 9(8), 57–64. <u>https://doi.org/10.31305/rrijm.2024.v09.n08.007</u>
- National Institute of Agricultural Extension Management (MANAGE) (2019). Agritech Startups: The Ray of Hope in Indian Agriculture. Discussion Paper 10. MANAGE-Centre for Agricultural Extension Innovations, Reforms, and Agripreneurship (CAEIRA).

https://www.manage.gov.in/publications/discussion%20papers/MANAGE-Discussion%20Paper-10.pdf.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course reviewers

- 1. Dr. Rajiv Kumar, Former Vice-Chairman, NITI Aayog, Govt. of India; Chairman of the Current Board of Governors of the Giri Institute of Development Studies (GIDS), Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, India.
- 2. Prof. S. P. Singh, Professor, Department of Humanities & Social Sciences, Indian

Institute of Technology Roorkee (IITR), Roorkee, Uttarakhand, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Infrastructure Development and Sustainability: Issues & Policy Perspectives | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 22-08- | Learning | hours: | | |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | & Management S | tudies | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cou | rse instructor(s): | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cou | rse offered in: 2 ⁿ | ^d Semester | | | |
| Course description | · · · | | | | | |

Transportation, energy and telecommunications infrastructure are essential for effective functioning and growth across various sectors in an economy. Together, they facilitate commerce, enhance connectivity, enable communication, and play a critical role in promoting sustainability and development. The integration of sustainability into infrastructure planning and implementation is crucial for addressing the environmental, social, and economic challenges associated with rapid urbanization, climate change, and resource depletion.

This course examines the critical relationship between infrastructure development and sustainability, focusing on how policies and practices can address contemporary infrastructure challenges while promoting environmental stewardship, social equity, and economic viability. Students will engage with various issues related to infrastructure and explore policy frameworks designed to create sustainable infrastructure solutions.

This course is divided into four modules. The first module introduces the fundamental concepts of infrastructure development, covering its importance in economic growth, social equity, and environmental management. Focusing on the principles of sustainability, the second module examines how infrastructure development can incorporate environmental, social, and economic considerations. It covers sustainable design practices, resource efficiency, climate resilience, and methodologies for assessing infrastructure sustainability. The third module analyses the policy landscapes and regulatory frameworks that govern infrastructure development. It covers key policies at international, national, and local levels, focusing on their implications for sustainability. In the final module, students will examine recent and relevant real-world examples of innovative infrastructure projects that successfully integrate sustainability principles. Through international and Indian case studies, participants will analyse different initiatives, focusing on their design, execution, outcomes, and lessons learned. The module encourages critical thinking about how innovative practices can be scaled and replicated, addressing current industry challenges and contributing to a sustainable future in infrastructure development.

Learning objectives:

- To orient students on the fundamentals of infrastructure development and its role in economic growth and sustainable development, analyzing the interplay between infrastructure, sustainability, and public policy.
- To help students identify and assess the challenges associated with traditional infrastructure development practices.
- To explore and discuss regulatory frameworks and innovative strategies for promoting sustainable infrastructure solutions.

| Course | content | | | |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
| Modul | Торіс | L | Τ | P |
| e | | | | |
| 1. | Introduction to Infrastructure Development Issues Role of Basic Infrastructure (Transportation, Energy and Telecommunication) in economic development and quality of life. Changing demands for infrastructure in light of urban growth, climate change, and globalization. Overview of historical trends and recent patterns in the development of basic infrastructures in India: Transportation (e.g., Roads & Highways, Railways, Shipping, Aviation); Energy (e.g., Power Plants, Transmission Lines, Distribution Networks, Renewable Energy Installations); Telecommunication (e.g., Mobile Networks, Broadband Networks, Data Centers) Challenges of infrastructure development in India: Funding, Land acquisition, Land laws, Public Private Participation, Role of multilateral and bilateral agencies | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Sustainability in Infrastructure Importance of integrating sustainability considerations into infrastructure development. Introduction to smart technologies and their role in sustainable infrastructure. Assessing the environmental repercussions of infrastructure projects Evaluating social equity and community impacts associated with infrastructure development. | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Policy Frameworks and Regulatory Challenges Assessment of international, national and state or local-level policies aimed at promoting sustainable infrastructure. Policy perspectives on sustainable transportation systems. Innovations in renewable energy and their potential for infrastructure development. Sustainable practices within the telecommunication sector Overview of funding mechanisms, incentives, and public-private partnerships. Understanding regulatory frameworks governing infrastructure projects (e.g., Environmental Impact Assessment). Navigating compliance challenges and enforcing environmental regulations. | 8 | 0 | 0 |

• To assist students to examine case studies to inform discussions on best practices and lessons learned in infrastructure sustainability.

| 4. | Case Studies of Innovative Practices & Initiatives | 0 | 6 | 0 |
|----------------------|---|--------------|------|----|
| | International Cases, such as, Copenhagen, Denmark: Cycling Infrastructure and Policy; Portland, Oregon, USA: Integrated Transit System; Singapore: Integrated Public Transportation System; Curitiba, Brazil: Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) System; | | | |
| | Los Angeles, California, USA: Sustainable Transportation Initiatives; Ottawa, Canada: Light Rail Transit (LRT) Implementation; Sweden: Eco-Friendly Mobile Network Deployment; Canada: Broadband Infrastructure Expansion; Netherlands: 5G Implementation for Sustainable Development; United Kingdom: National Health Service (NHS) Digital Transformation | | | |
| | Indian Cases, such as, Bengaluru: Namma Metro Project; Delhi: The Bus Rapid Transit System (BRT); Mumbai: Mumbai Local Train Network and the Suburban Rail Plan; Pune: Smart City Mobility Initiatives; Ahmedabad: Janmarg Bus Rapid Transit System (BRTS); Kerala: Sustainable Urban Transport Project (KSTP); Airtel's Green Initiatives; BSNL's Rural Connectivity Projects; Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) Initiatives; Telecom and Disaster Management Initiatives | | | |
| | Total | 24 | 6 | 0 |
| 1 • 1 | grades will be based on the following criteria: Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (30%) Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation on select cases based on Mod Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (3) | lule-4 | | %) |
| Learning | g outcomes | | | |
| 1. ha ir 2. eo | mpletion of this course, candidates will be: aving a comprehensive understanding of the challenges and opportunit ategrating sustainability into infrastructure development (All evaluation quipped with the knowledge and skills necessary to advocate for and ir ustainable infrastructure solutions in their future careers (All evaluation | ns) nplei | | |
| Pedagog | ical approach | | | |
| | m lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular of Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. | loma | ins | |
| Suggeste | ed Readings | | | |
| Module | 1: | | | |
| | abu, A., & Gupta, V. S. N. (2023). Sustainable Infrastructure: Challen, pportunities. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd. | ges a | nd | |
| • Ir | ndira, A., & Chandrasekaran, N. (2023). Infrastructure development in ystematic review. <i>Letters in Spatial and Resource Sciences</i> , 16, 35. | India | i: a | |
| ht | ttps://doi.org/10.1007/s12076-023-00357-5 | C | | |
| fc | he Economist Intelligence Unit Limited (2019). The Critical Role of Ir or the Sustainable Development Goals. <u>https://content.unops.org/public</u> ritical-role-of-infrastructure-for-the-SDGs_EN.pdf. | | | |
| | opescu, C. R., Yu, P., & Wei, Y. (Eds.). (2023). Achieving the Sustainal | ble | | |

Development Goals Through Infrastructure Development. IGI Global. https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-0794-6.

• Ascher, W., & Krupp, C. (2010). *Physical Infrastructure Development Balancing the Growth, Equity, and Environmental Imperatives*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Module 2:

- Fenner, R. A., Sykes, J., & Ainger, C. (2022). *Sustainable Infrastructure: Principles into Practice*. Emerald Publishing Ltd.
- Eisinger Balassa, B., Nagy, N. G., & Gyurián, N. (2024). Perception and social acceptance of 5G technology for sustainability development. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 467, 142964. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2024.142964</u>.
- Rastvortseva, S., & Kameneva, E. (2024). Development of national specialization in 5G technologies within the European Union. *Journal of Economic Structures*, *13*(1), 1-21. <u>https://doi.org/10.1186/s40008-024-00334-1</u>.
- Marabissi, D., Mucchi, L., Fantacci, R., Spada, M. R., Massimiani, F., Fratini, A., Cau, G., Yunpeng, J., & Fedele, L. (2018). A Real Case of Implementation of the Future 5G City. *Future Internet*, 11(1), 4. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/fi11010004</u>.
- Goel, R., & Tiwari, G. (2014). Promoting Low Carbon Transport in India: Case Study on Metro Rails in Indian Cities. <u>https://unepccc.org/wp-</u> content/uploads/2014/08/case-study-of-metro-final.pdf.
- Vijayalakshmi, S., & Raj, K. (2020). Sustainable Urban Transport Indicators: Case of Mega Cities of India. *SDMIMD Journal of Management*, *10*(2), 27–46. <u>https://doi.org/10.18311/sdmimd/2019/24142</u>.

Module 3:

- OECD (2015). Towards a Framework for the Governance of Infrastructure. Public Governance and Territorial Development, Directorate Public Governance Committee Report. <u>https://ppp.worldbank.org/public-private-partnership/sites/default/files/2022-03/Towards-a-Framework-for-the-Governance-of-Infrastructure.pdf</u>.
- Mehta, P. S., & CUTS Institute for Regulation & Competition. (2009). *Developing infrastructure through an ideal regulatory framework*. CUTS Institute for Regulation & Competition. https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/8915079.
- Mani, N. (2012). Infrastructure development and financing in India: An exhaustive analytical account of various policies and programmes for development of infrastructure in India, covering the following areas ... New Century Publications. https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/9291171.
- IC Centre for Governance. (2013). *Governance issues in infrastructure development*." *Lecture series, September 2012-February 2013*. IC Centre for Governance. <u>https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/10361588</u>.
- Satyanarayana, G., & Madhusudana, H. S. (2017). Infrastructure development and the role of Public-Private-Partnership (PPP): An exhaustive, descriptive and analytical account of policies and programmes for the development and upgradation of infrastructure in India. New Century Publications. https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/11667974.
- Mehta, P. S., & CUTS Centre for Competition, I. &. E. R. (2010). Comparative study of regulatory framework in infrastructure sector: Lessons for India. CUTS Centre for Competition, Investment & Economic Regulation. <u>https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/8602829</u>.

- Haldea, G. (2011). *Infrastructure at crossroads: The challenges of governance*. Oxford University Press. https://catalogtest.lib.uchicago.edu/vufind/Record/8854091.
- CUTS Institute for Regulation & Competition. (2005). *Regulatory Framework for Infrastructure Sector in India*. Seminar Report. CUTS Institute for Regulation & Competition.

https://cuts-ccier.org/wp-

content/uploads/2019/01/Regulatory_Framework_for_Infrastructure_Sector_in_Indi a.pdf.

Module 4:

- Emanuel, M. (2019). Making a bicycle city: infrastructure and cycling in Copenhagen since 1880. *Urban History*, *46*(3), 493–517. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0963926818000573.
- Gössling, S. (2013). Urban transport transitions: Copenhagen, City of Cyclists. *Journal of Transport Geography*, 33, 196-206. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtrangeo.2013.10.013</u>.
- Oh, S., & Wang, X. (2018). Urban Rail Transit Provides the Necessary Access to a Metropolitan Area: A Case Study of Portland, Oregon, USA. Urban Rail Transit, 4, 234–248. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s40864-018-0095-3</u>.
- K. Luk, J. Y., & Yang, C. (2001). Impact of ITS measures on public transport: A Case study. *Journal of Advanced Transportation*, 35(3), 305-320. <u>https://doi.org/10.1002/atr.5670350308</u>.
- Ibrahim, M. F. (2003). Improvements and integration of a public transport system: The case of Singapore. *Cities*, 20(3), 205-216. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/S0264-2751(03)00014-3</u>.
- Manifesty, O. R., & Park, J. Y. (2022). A Case Study of a 15-Minute City Concept in Singapore's 2040 Land Transport Master Plan: 20-Minute Towns and a 45-Minute City. *International Journal of Sustainable Transportation Technology*, 5(1), 1-11. <u>https://unijourn.com/upload/doc/submission/articleFile-1637923321026main.pdf</u>.
- Varela, E. N., Öhrling, K., & Moscati, A. (2021). Analysis of the Challenges in the Swedish Urban Planning Process: A Case Study about Digitalization. *Sustainability*, 14(24), 16333. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su142416333</u>.
- Rajabiun, R., & Middleton, C. A. (2013). Multilevel governance and broadband infrastructure development: Evidence from Canada. *Telecommunications Policy*, *37*(9), 702-714. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.telpol.2013.05.001</u>.
- Rajabiun, R. (2019). Technological change, civic engagement and policy legitimization: Perspectives from the rise of broadband Internet as an essential utility in Canada. *Government Information Quarterly*, *37*(1), 101403. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.giq.2019.101403</u>.
- Hallstrom, L. K., Heinrich, A., & Pearson, M. (2017). Beyond Infrastructure: Strategies to Support Adoption and Realize Benefits of Broadband in Rural Canada. ACSRC Report Series # 49-17. <u>https://www.ualberta.ca/en/alberta-centre-</u> sustainable-rural-communities/media-library/reports/acsrc/no-49-17.pdf.
- Oughton, E. J., Frias, Z., Van der Gaast, S., & Van der Berg, R. (2019). Assessing the capacity, coverage and cost of 5G infrastructure strategies: Analysis of the Netherlands. *Telematics and Informatics*, 37, 50-69. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tele.2019.01.003.
- Hemasree, R., & Subramanian, C. V. (2022). Understanding the impacts and the influences of Metro rail on urban environment Case studies and the Bengaluru

scenario. ArXiv. https://arxiv.org/abs/2209.14210.

- Mamillapalli, R. S., & Pusarla, H. R. (2023). Dreaming of profit: case of Bangalore Metro Rail Corporation Limited. *Emerald Emerging Markets Case Studies*, 13(2), 1-12. <u>https://www.emerald.com/insight/content/doi/10.1108/eemcs-08-2022-0281/full/html#case-tab</u>.
- Sehgal, P. C., & Surayya, T. (2011). Innovative Strategic Management: The Case of Mumbai Suburban Railway System. *Vikalp*, 36(1), 61-72. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/0256090920110105.
- Agarwal, S., Mullick, A., & Ray, G. G. (2013). An Observational Study on Usability Issues in Mumbai Local Trains. *Proceedings of the Human Factors and Ergonomics Society Annual Meeting*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/1541931213571114</u>.
- Shirke, C., Joshi, G., Kandala, V., & Arkatkar, S. (2016). "Transit Oriented Development and Its Impact on Level of Service of Roads & METRO: A Case Study of Mumbai Metro Line-I". *Transportation Research Procedia*, *25*, 3035-3054. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.trpro.2017.05.297</u>.
- Islam, M. R., Brussel, M., Grigolon, A., & Munshi, T. (2018). Ridership and the Built-Form Indicators: A Study from Ahmedabad Janmarg Bus Rapid Transit System (BRTS). *Urban Science*, *2*(4), 95. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/urbansci2040095</u>.
- Pathak, S., & Upadhyay, R. K. (2023). Macro level performance study of Ahmadabad bus rapid transit system: Janmarg. *Green Energy and Intelligent Transportation*, 2(3), 100093. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geits.2023.100093</u>.
- Kumar, R., & Bose, P. (2022). Case Study Telecom industry and competitive landscape in India: will MTNL and BSNL successfully recover? *IIM Ranchi Journal of Management Studies*, 1(1), 82-98. https://www.emerald.com/insight/content/doi/10.1108/irjms-12-2021-0179/full/pdf.
- Kumar, N., & Singh, M. P. (2018). Telecom Regulatory Authority of India. *Indian Journal of Public Administration*. https://doi.org/10.1177/0019556118783097.
- Karonnon, P., & Rajeev, M. (2023). Policy Impacts on Indian Telecom Services Industry: Sales, Connectivity and Usages. ISEC Working Paper No. 563. <u>https://www.isec.ac.in/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/WP-563-Prajeesh-and-</u> Rajeev Final.pdf.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Mr. Shri Prakash, and Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. D. K. Nauriyal, Professor, Department of Humanities & Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee (IITR), Roorkee, Uttarakhand, India.
- 2. Mr Subodh Kumar Jain, Former Member, Infrastructure, Railway Board, Govt. of India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Industrial Development and Sustainability: Policies, Performance, & Practices | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 25-05- | Learning | hours: | | |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | y & Management Stu | ıdies | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cour | rse offered in: 2 ⁿ | ^d Semester | | | |
| ~ | | | | | | |

Course description

Sustainable industrial development is vital for addressing the complex challenges of the 21st century, including climate change, resource depletion, and social inequities. It aligns with a country's commitment to global responsibilities. By prioritizing sustainability in industrial practices (especially in manufacturing industries), governments and organizations can create resilient economies, foster innovation, protect the environment, and improve the quality of life for current and future generations. In recent times in emerging economies, policymakers have taken a keen interest in the various ways smart industrial policy can help sustain growth and open new possibilities for employment creation. This course offers an in-depth exploration of sustainable industrial development, focusing on industrial ecology, industrial performance, regulatory frameworks, and sustainability practices. It is designed for students to understand the complexities of industrial development in the context of environmental sustainability and social equity.

The course is divided into four modules. The first module introduces major industries, their socioeconomic and environmental impacts, significance of integrating sustainability in industrial practices, and the concept of industrial ecology. The second module provides an overview of India's industrial policy development, assessment of India's industrial performance, and examines the policy challenges that arise from striving for sustainable industrialization, or industrial development in general. The third module provides a discussion about the legal and regulatory frameworks governing industrial practices. It emphasizes the role of governance in promoting sustainability and discusses emerging trends and future prospects for sustainable industrial development. The final module orients to international and Indian cases of successful industrial practices and policy initiatives to promote industrial development with sustainability aspects. Students will explore and discuss diverse case studies to understand the factors that contribute to successful implementation and outcomes.

Learning objectives:

- To help students understand the principles and practices of industrial development and sustainability.
- To orient students to analyze the performance of industries in the context of sustainability and identify key policy challenges.
- To assist students to examine regulatory frameworks and governance mechanisms that promote sustainable industrial practices.
- To capacitate students to discuss and assess case studies to identify the best practices and lessons learned in industrial development.

| Course c | | 1. | 1 | 1 |
|----------|---|----|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | P |
| 1. | Introduction to Major Industries, their Impacts, & Sustainability Linkages Classification of Industry (based on product type, scale, stage of production, capital investment, ownership, economic function, technology) with basic characteristics Overview of major industries, their evolution and socioeconomic implications in Indian context Environmental Implications of Industrial Development: Pollution and Resource Depletion; Ecosystem Services and Biodiversity loss Idea of a sustainable industrial development- linkages with Sustainable Development Goals Introduction to Industrial Ecology: Socioeconomic | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Metabolism; Industrial Symbiosis | | | |
| 2. | Industrial Policy, Performance & Challenges An Overview of India's Industrial Policy: Early Years Post- Independence (1947-1965), Green Revolution and Economic Planning (1965-1980), Liberalization Era (1991-Present), Recent Developments (2000s-Present), Current Challenges India's Industrial Performance Assessment and Policy Linkages: including Productivity Measures; Efficiency Metrics; Quality Measures; Financial Performance Indicators; Sustainability Metrics; Market Share and Competitive Position; Innovation and Research and Development (R&D); Employment and Labour Metrics; Supply Chain Performance; Regulatory Compliance and Safety Standards Measures & Metrics; Life-Cycle Assessment; Material Flow Analysis. Global Value Chains (GVCs): Industrial Policy Imperative; Key challenges that GVCs present for Industrial Policy in India Green Industrial Policy: Advantages of improved environmental quality of products | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Regulatory Frameworks, Governance and Future Prospects for Sustainable Industrial Development Environmental Regulations: Emissions Standards; Waste Management Regulations Resource Efficiency Standards; Circular Economy Incentives Renewable Energy Standards; Carbon Pricing and Emission Trading Schemes Sustainability Reporting and Transparency: Mandatory Sustainability Reporting; Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Labour and Social Standards: Labour Rights Regulations; Environmental and Social Impact Assessments (ESIAs) Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) for effective governance for Industrial Development Future Prospects: Technological Innovation; Renewable | 9 | 0 | 0 |

| | T | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------|----|
| | Energy Integration; Circular Economy Models; Sustainable Supply Chains; Policy and Regulation; Green Jobs and Skills Development | | | |
| 4. | Cases of Best Practices and Policies in Industrial Development | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Τ. | International Cases, such as, Kalundborg Industrial Symbiosis, Denmark; Singapore's Industrial Policy; Japan's Kaizen Approach; China's Special Economic Zones (SEZs); Sweden's Focus on Green Technology; Finland's Innovation- Driven Industrial Development; Israel's High-Tech Cluster Development; South Korea's Chaebol Model. Indian Cases, such as, Make in India Initiative, 2014; National Policy on Electronics (NPE), 2019; Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme; Start-up India Initiative, 2016; National Industrial Corridor Development Programme (NICDP); Atal Innovation Mission (AIM); Skill India Mission, 2015; National Handloom Development Programme; Tata Group: Sustainable and Diversified Operations; Mahindra & Mahindra: Agro-Tech Innovations; Infosys: | | | |
| | Green IT Initiatives. Total | 25 | 5 | 0 |
| | on criteria: | | | |
| Learning Upon con 1. ha su 2. ec | Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (5 goutcomes mpletion of this course, candidates will be: aving a well-rounded understanding of the principles and practices understainable industrial development (All evaluations) quipped with the tools necessary to critically analyse industrial policies | erlyin , asse | SS | |
| (A | erformance, and propose innovative solutions that align with sustainabi All evaluations) | lity g | oals | |
| Pedagogi | ical approach | | | |
| | n lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Experts in particular d Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. | omaii | ns | |
| Suggeste | d Readings | | | |
| Module 1 | l: | | | |
| Sv • G: H: • G: | lift, R., & Druckman, A. (eds.) (2016). <i>Taking Stock of Industrial Ecolo</i> witzerland: Springer International Publishing AG. raedel, T. E., & Allenby, B. R. (2003). <i>Industrial Ecology, 2nd edition</i> . all. raedel, T. E., & Eckelman, M. J. (2023). <i>Industrial Ecology and Sustain</i> | Prent | tice | Ι, |
| • Bi | ngapore: World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd. ianchi, P., Labory, S., & Tomlinson, P. (Eds.). (2023). <i>Handbook of Inde</i> <i>evelopment</i> . Cheltenham, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing. Vallace D (1996) <i>Sustainable Industrialization</i> London: Routledge | ustria | al | |

• Wallace, D. (1996). *Sustainable Industrialization*. London: Routledge. https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315145372.

- Li, Y. (2015). Towards Inclusive and Sustainable Industrial Development. *Development*, 58, 446–451. <u>https://doi.org/10.1057/s41301-016-0055-8</u>.
- Schwarzer, J. (2013). *Industrial Policy for a Green Economy*. Manitoba, Canada: The International Institute for Sustainable Development. https://www.iisd.org/system/files/publications/industrial policy green economy.pdf.

Module 2:

- Yülek, M. A. (Ed.) (2018). *Industrial Policy and Sustainable Growth*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Nanda, N. (2022). *India's Industrial Policy and Performance: Growth, Competition and Competitiveness*. London & New York: Routledge.
- Tandon, A. (2023). *Labour and Capital Use in Indian Manufacturing: Structural Aspects*. London & New York: Routledge.
- Francis, S. (2019). *Industrial Policy Chanllenges for India: Global Value Chains and Free Trade Agreements*. Oxon & New York: Routledge
- Szirmai, A., Naudé, W., & Alcorta, L. (Eds.) (2013). Pathways to Industrialization in the Twenty-First Century: New Challenges and Emerging Paradigms. WIDER Studies in Development Economics. Oxford: Oxford University Press. <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/acprof:oso/9780199667857.001.0001</u>.
- Veeramani, C., & Nagaraj, R. (Eds.) (2016). International Trade and Industrial Development in India: Emerging Trends, Patterns and Issues. Orient BlackSwan.
- Bhattacharjea, A. (2022). Industrial policy in India since independence. *Indian Economic Review*, *57*, 565–598. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s41775-022-00154-9</u>.
- Felipe, J. (2015). *Development and Modern Industrial Policy in Practice: Issues and Country Experiences*. Manila, Philippines: Asian Development Bank. https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/publication/158170/development-modern-industrial-policy-practice.pdf.
- Ambec, S. (2017). Gaining competitive advantage with green industrial policy, in Altenburg, T., & Assmann, C. (eds), *Green Industrial Policy: Concept, Policies, Country Experiences* (pp. 38-49). Geneva, Bonn: UN Environment; German Development Institute / Deutsches Institut für Entwicklungspolitk (DIE). <u>https://www.ilo.org/sites/default/files/wcmsp5/groups/public/%40ed_emp/documents</u> /publication/wcms_613861.pdf
- Singh, A. (2009). The Past, Present, and Future of Industrial Policy in India: Adapting to the Changing Domestic and International Environment, in Cimoli, M., Dosi, G., & Stiglitz, J. E. (eds), *Industrial Policy and Development: The Political Economy of Capabilities Accumulation, Initiative for Policy Dialogue*. Oxford: Oxford University Press. https://doi.org/10.1093/acprof:000/9780199235261.003.0011.

Module 3:

- Singh, P., Bassin, J. P., Rajkhowa, S., Hussain, C. M., & Oraon, R. (Eds.) (2022). *Environmental Sustainability and Industries: Technologies for Solid Waste, Wastewater, and Air Treatment*. Elsevier Ltd.
- El-Haggar, S. M. (2007). Sustainable Industrial Design and Waste Management: *Cradle-to-cradle for Sustainable Development*. Elsevier Ltd.
- Wallace, D. (1995). Environmental Policy and Industrial Innovation: Strategies in Europe, the USA and Japan. London: Routledge. https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315145358.
- Kastelli, I., Mamica, L. & Lee, K. (2023). New perspectives and issues in industrial policy for sustainable development: from developmental and entrepreneurial to environmental state. *Review of Evolutionary Political Economy*, *4*, 1–25.

https://doi.org/10.1007/s43253-023-00100-2.

- The AIRE Centre, & UNDP Bosnia and Herzegovina (2023). Building a Sustainable Future: ESG Business Handbook, How Environmental, Social and Governance Standards Can Benefit Your Business. <u>https://www.undp.org/sites/g/files/zskgke326/files/2023-</u>08/building_a_sustainable_future_esg_business_handbook.pdf.
- Altenburg, T., & Assmann, C. (Eds.). (2017). Green Industrial Policy. Concept, Policies, Country Experiences. Geneva, Bonn: UN Environment; German Development Institute / Deutsches Institut f
 ür Entwicklungspolitk (DIE). <u>https://drodrik.scholar.harvard.edu/files/dani-</u> rodrik/files/altenburg rodrik green industrial policy webversion.pdf.
- United Nations (2019). A Framework for Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Reviews: Harnessing innovation for sustainable development. Geneva: United Nations. https://unctad.org/system/files/official-document/dtlstict2019d4_en.pdf.
- Siekmann, F., Schlör, H. & Venghaus, S. (2023). Linking sustainability and the Fourth Industrial Revolution: a monitoring framework accounting for technological development. *Energy, Sustainability and Society, 13*, 26. https://doi.org/10.1186/s13705-023-00405-4.
- Ahmad, H., Yaqub, M., & Lee, S. H. (2024). Environmental-, social-, and governance-related factors for business investment and sustainability: a scientometric review of global trends. *Environment, Development and Sustainability*, *26*, 2965–2987. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10668-023-02921-x</u>.
- Cohen, E. (2017). Sustainability Reporting for SMEs: Competitive Advantage Through Transparency. Oxon & New York: Routledge.
- Bini, L., & Bellucci, M. (2020). *Integrated Sustainability Reporting: Linking Environmental and Social Information to Value Creation Processes*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature Switzerland AG.
- Wagenhofer, A. (2023). Sustainability Reporting: A Financial Reporting Perspective. *Accounting in Europe*, *21*(1), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.1080/17449480.2023.2218398.
- Rimmel, G., Aras, G., Baboukardos, D., Krasodomska, J., Nielsen, C., & Schiemann, F. (Eds.) (2024). *Research Handbook on Sustainability Reporting*. Cheltenham, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.

Module 4:

- Jacobsen, N. B. (2006). Industrial Symbiosis in Kalundborg, Denmark: A Quantitative Assessment of Economic and Environmental Aspects. *Journal of Industrial Ecology*, 10(1-2), 239-255. <u>https://doi.org/10.1162/108819806775545411</u>.
- Valentine, S. V. (2016). Kalundborg Symbiosis: Fostering progressive innovation in environmental networks. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, *118*, 65-77. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2016.01.061</u>.
- Cheang, B. (2024). What Can Industrial Policy Do? Evidence from Singapore. *The Review of Austrian Economics*, *37*, 1–34. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s11138-022-00589-6</u>.
- Berglof, E., & Cable, V. (2018). Back in Business: Industrial Policy for Emerging Economies in the New Globalization. ADB Economics Working Paper Series, No. 537. <u>https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/publication/401871/ewp-537-industrial-policy-emerging-economies.pdf</u>.
- Pereira, A. A. (2000). State Collaboration with Transnational Corporations: The Case of Singapore's Industrial Programmes (1965–1999). *Competition & Change, 4*(4).

https://doi.org/10.1177/102452940000400403.

- Goh, D. A. (2005). Modelling a Systemic Industrial Policy Ecosystem: A Case Analysis of Singapore.
- Medina, J. C., López, N. A. S., Terrón, M. E. P., & Córdoba, J. V. M. V. (2024). Kaizen: Improving Productivity and Reducing Waste in a Manufacturing Company: a Practical Case Study. *International Journal of Professional Business Review*, 9(1), e04241. <u>https://doi.org/10.26668/businessreview/2024.v9i1.4241</u>.
- Jin, K. (2018). Role of Kaizen in Japan's Overseas Development Cooperation. In: Otsuka, K., Jin, K., & Sonobe, T. (eds) *Applying the Kaizen in Africa*. Cham: Palgrave Macmillan. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-91400-8_2</u>.
- Sahmi, Z., & El Abbadi, L. (2024). The evolution of Kaizen in the industry: systematic literature review. *International Journal of Production Management and Engineering*, *12*(2), 169–179. <u>https://doi.org/10.4995/ijpme.2024.21143</u>.
- Yuan, Y. (2023). *Studies on China's Special Economic Zones 5*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Crane, B., Albrecht, C., Duffin, K. M., & Albrecht, C. (2018). China's special economic zones: an analysis of policy to reduce regional disparities. *Regional Studies, Regional Science*, 5(1), 98–107. https://doi.org/10.1080/21681376.2018.1430612.
- Zeng, D. Z. (2012). China's Special Economic Zones and Industrial Clusters: Success and Challenges. Lincoln Institute of Land Policy Working Paper. <u>https://www.lincolninst.edu/app/uploads/legacy-files/pubfiles/2261_1600_Zeng_WP13DZ1.pdf</u>.
- Sun, M., Song, T., Liu, W., & Cheng, Z. (2022). Rejuvenating SEZs through Internationalization: A Case Study of Chinese Domestic and International SEZs. *Land*, *11*(5), 596. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/land11050596</u>.
- Wu, M., Liu, C., & Huang, J. (2021). The special economic zones and innovation: Evidence from China. *China Economic Quarterly International*, 1(4), 319-330. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ceqi.2021.11.004</u>.
- Karltorp, K., & Maltais, A. (2024). Financing green industrial transitions: A Swedish case study. *Energy and Climate Change*, *5*, 100138. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.egycc.2024.100138</u>.
- Söderholm, K., & Bergquist, A. (2013). Growing Green and Competitive: A Case Study of a Swedish Pulp Mill. *Sustainability*, *5*(5): 1789-1805. <u>https://umu.diva-portal.org/smash/record.jsf?dswid=-9778&pid=diva2%3A618601</u>.
- Wonglimpiyarat, J. (2016). Government policies towards Israel's high-tech powerhouse. *Technovation*, 52-53, 18-27. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.technovation.2016.02.001.
- Wonglimpiyarat, J. (2015). Case Study of Technology Financing and Commercialization Programs — Israel. In: *Technology Financing and Commercialization*. London: Palgrave Macmillan. <u>https://doi.org/10.1057/9781137470621_8</u>.
- Keunsoo, K. (2013). Chaebols and Their Effect on Economic Growth in South Korea. Korean Social Sciences Review, 3(2), 1-28. <u>https://s-</u> space.snu.ac.kr/bitstream/10371/91035/1/01 Kim%20Keunsoo.pdf.
- Sial, F., & Doucette, J. (2020). Inclusive partners? Internationalising South Korea's *chaebol* through corporate social responsibility-linked development cooperation. *Third World Quarterly*, *41*(10), 1723–1739. https://doi.org/10.1080/01436597.2020.1782185.
- Tripathi, A., & Dastrala, S. M. (2023). Make in India: So Far and Going Ahead. IIMB Working Paper No. 674.

https://repository.iimb.ac.in/bitstream/2074/21798/1/WP IIMB 674.pdf

- Iyer, A. (2018). Moving from Industry 2.0 to Industry 4.0: A case study from India on leapfrogging in smart manufacturing. *Procedia Manufacturing*, *21*, 663-670.
- Anbarasu, S., George, A., Gupta, S., & Gupta, S. (2023). Efficacy of the Make in India Initiative. In: Cheung, P., George, A., & Zhang, X. *Foreign Direct Investments in Emerging Asia: An Evaluation of Pandemic and Policy Shocks*. London: Routledge.
- Anbarasu, S., George, A., Gupta, S., & Gupta, S. (2023). Efficacy of the Make in India Initiative. In: Cheung, P., George, A., & Zhang, X. *Foreign Direct Investments in Emerging Asia: An Evaluation of Pandemic and Policy Shocks*. London: Routledge.
- Nagarjuna, B. (2022). The Impact of Make in India on Foreign Direct Investment: An Analytical Study. *SEDME (Small Enterprises Development, Management & Extension Journal)*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/09708464221084181</u>.
- Patel, P., Patil, S., & Vishwanathan, A. (2023). India's Quest for Defence Indigenisation: A Case Study of the Indian Navy. *Journal of Asian Security and International Affairs*. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/23477970231207255</u>.
- Ramachandran, H. (2019). Review of Industrial and Development Corridors in India. ISID Working Paper 217. <u>https://isid.org.in/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/WP217.pdf</u>.
- Anand, S., & Sami, N. (2016). Scaling Up, Scaling Down: State Rescaling along the Delhi—Mumbai Industrial Corridor. *Economic and Political Weekly*, *51*(17), 50–58. <u>http://www.jstor.org/stable/44003407</u>.
- Chattaraj, S. (2023). Infrastructure, institutions and industrialisation: The Delhi-Mumbai Industrial Corridor and regional development in Gujarat and Uttar Pradesh. ORF Issue Brief. <u>https://www.orfonline.org/research/infrastructure-institutions-andindustrialisation-the-delhi-mumbai-industrial-corridor-and-regional-development-ingujarat-and-uttar-pradesh</u>
- Bhandari, B., Bandyopadhyay, S., Bhattacharya, T., Choudhuri, P., Das, M., Parashar, A., Prabhakar, J., Rawat, P., & Sahu, A. K. (2021). Skilling India from the Ground up: Project Case Studies. Working Paper No. 167. National Council of Applied Economic Research, New Delhi. <u>https://www.ncaer.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/09/1624770555WP-127.pdf</u>
- Bishnoi, T., & Rai, D. K. (2022). Case Study: India. The Role of the Skill Council for Green Jobs (SCGJ) in Recognising Green Skills and Upskilling Workers in Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. In: Pavlova, M., & Singh, M. (eds.) Recognizing Green Skills Through Non-formal Learning. Education for Sustainability, vol 5. Singapore: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-19-2072-1_7</u>.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course reviewers

- 1. Prof. S. P. Singh, Professor of Economics, Department of Humanities & Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee (IITR), Roorkee, Uttarakhand, India.
- 2. Dr. Anjali Tandon, Associate Professor, Institute for Studies in Industrial Development (ISID), New Delhi, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Climate Change and D | evelopment: Polic | eies & Practices | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 24-06- | Learning | hours: |
| | 2 | 00 | 30 | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title | (if any): None | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | & Management St | rudies | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | | |
| Contact details: | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cour | rse offered in: 2 nd | ^d Semester | |
| Course description | | | | |

Course description

This course provides a comprehensive exploration of climate change and its multifaceted developmental impacts. It is designed for understanding the interplay of climate science, political frameworks, and policy development while examining strategies for enhancing climate resilience. By offering an in-depth exploration of the interplay between climate change, development, and policymaking, it will equip students with the knowledge, skills, and perspectives to contribute positively to building resilient environments and settings. The insights gained through this course will empower the next generation of policymakers, urban planners, public health officials, and community leaders to create effective and sustainable responses to climate change.

This course is divided into four modules. The first module serves as a foundation for understanding climate change, exploring its scientific basis, causes, and global consequences. The module will also discuss global climate change agreements, equity in climate change, mitigation measures and risk assessment. In the second module, students will delve into politics, policies, key institutions, finance and technology transition surrounding climate change. The third module focuses on identifying and implementing strategies to build climate resilience in development planning. Students will explore various approaches and frameworks for assessing vulnerability and resilience, including green infrastructure, ecosystem-based and community-based approaches and initiatives aimed at mitigating the effects of climate change. In the final module, students will examine realworld case studies of places that have successfully implemented climate resilience strategies. Through collaborative analysis, students will identify key components that contributed to the success of these initiatives.

Learning objectives:

- To provide students with a nuanced understanding of the challenges posed by climate change, the political and policy contexts in which decisions are made.
- To orient students to the effective strategies that cities can employ to promote climate-resilience.
- To equip students with the skills necessary to contribute to climate action and sustainable urban development.

| Course o | ontent | | | |
|----------|--------|---|---|---|
| Modul | Торіс | L | Т | P |
| e | | | | |

| 1. | Introduction to Climate Change | 8 | 0 | 0 |
|----|--|---|---|---|
| | Science of Climate Change (causes, effects, and projections): Mainstream view and Alternative view; The IPCC process and global assessments International Climate Change Agreements: UNFCCC, Kyoto | 0 | | Ū |
| | Protocol, Paris Agreement; India's engagement in Global Climate Negotiations Equity in Climate Change: Approaches of developed and | | | |
| | Depind on the change in pproductes of developed and developing countries; Need for formal justification Climate Change Mitigation: Sectors and Gases, Trends and Projections, GHG abatement costs; Net Zero goal, the theory and practice of the carbon market Assessing Climate Risks, Vulnerability, Impacts, Adaptation, | | | |
| | Loss & Damage; Tools and methods for climate risk assessment in Cities | | | |
| 2. | Climate Change: Politics and Policy Divergence in approach of Developed and Developing Countries; Global geopolitical dynamics on climate change issues | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | International Climate Policies, Global Net Zero goal and energy transition strategy National Climate Change Policy: National Action Plan on | | | |
| | Climate Change (NAPCC); Nationally Determined Contributions; Roles of local governments in climate action. Climate Finance: Issues and approaches, Flows, Mechanisms | | | |
| | including Green Climate Fund (GCF), and Loss & Damage Fund | | | |
| 3. | Strategies for Climate Resilience in Development Planning | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | • Defining adaptation and its significance in the context of climate change | | | |
| | • Assessing climate vulnerability and resilience | | | |
| | Green Infrastructure; Climate-Resilient Infrastructure Ecosystem-based Approaches: Ecosystem Restoration; | | | |
| | Biodiversity Conservation | | | |
| | Community Engagement & Empowerment: Community- based Adaptation; Building Social Capital | | | |
| | Technology & Innovation | | | |
| | Education & Capacity Building | | | |
| | Climate action plans | | | |
| 4. | Case Studies & Best Practices for Climate Resilient | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | Development International Cases, such as, Rotterdam, Netherlands: Water Management and Infrastructure; Copenhagen, Denmark: Climate-Adaptive Urban Planning; New York City, USA: Coastal Resilience and Community Involvement; Singapore: Integrating Nature-Based Solutions; Cape Town, South Africa: Water Conservation and Management; Medellín, | | | |
| | Colombia: Urban Green Spaces and Social Inclusion Indian Cases, such as, Ahmedabad: Urban Heat Island | | | |

| | Mitigation; Bengaluru: Water Management and Lakes Restoration; Chennai: Flood Management and Disaster Preparedness; Mumbai: Coastal Resilience and Protection; Hyderabad: Integrated Urban Planning for Climate Resilience; Visakhapatnam: Coastal Area Management | | | |
|--------|--|-----|---|---|
| | Total | 24 | 6 | 0 |
| Course | ion criteria: grades will be based on the following criteria: Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCOs (20) | 0%) | 1 | L |

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20%)
- Minor Test-2: Seminar/Case Study Group Presentation (30%)
- **Major Test:** Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be able to:

- 1. possess a comprehensive understanding of climate change and the tools necessary to evaluate, promote, and implement effective climate resilience strategies (All evaluations)
- 2. develop skills to communicate complex climate change issues and resilience strategies to various audiences, including policymakers, community members, and the general public (Minor Test-2)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Climate Change Experts including Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Johansen, B. E. (2023). *Global Warming and the Climate Crisis: Science, Spirit, and Solutions*. Springer.
- Dessler, A. E. (2021). *Introduction to Modern Climate Change, 3rd edition*. Cambridge University Press.
- Ingram, A. (2023). Climate Change Simplified: A Comprehensive Guide to Global Warming and Sustainable Living with 101 Essential Tips for a Greener Future and Reduced Carbon Footprint. Authentic EcoPress.

Module 2:

- Tondon, U. (2016). *Climate Change: Law, Policy and Governance*. Eastern Book Company.
- Dubash, N. K. (ed.) (2011). *Handbook Of Climate Change and India: Development, Politics, and Governance.* Oxford University Press.
- Hussain, S., Hussain, E., Saxena, P., Sharma, A., Thathola, P., & Sonwani, S. (2024). Navigating the impact of climate change in India: A perspective on climate action (SDG13) and sustainable cities and communities (SDG11). *Frontiers in Sustainable Cities*, *5*, 1308684. <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/frsc.2023.1308684</u>.

Module 3:

- Singh, A. K. (2023). *Global Warming and Climate Change: Story of India's Climate Disaster and How to Avoid it.* Chennai, Notion Press Media Pvt Ltd.
- Pathak, B., & Dubey, R. S. (eds.) (2023). *Climate Change and Urban Environment Sustainability*. Gateway East, Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Seto, K., Solecki, W., & Griffith, C. (2020). *The Routledge Handbook of Urbanization and Global Environmental Change*. Routledge.
- Norman, B. (2022). Urban Planning for Climate Change. Routledge.
- Bhadouria, R., Upadhyay, U., Tripathi, S., Singh, P. (eds.) (2022). Urban Ecology and Global Climate Change. Wiley-Blackwell.
- Dubash, N. K. (ed.) (2019). India in a Warming World: Integrating Climate Change and Development. Oxford University Press. https://doi.org/10.1093/oso/9780199498734.001.0001.
- Oktari, R. S., Syamsidik, Idroes, R., Sofyan, H., & Munadi, K. (2020). City Resilience towards Coastal Hazards: An Integrated Bottom-Up and Top-Down Assessment. *Water*, *12*(10), 2823. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/w12102823</u>.
- Tyler, S., & Moench, M. (2012). A framework for urban climate resilience. *Climate and Development*, 4(4), 311–326. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/17565529.2012.745389</u>.
- Dakey, S., Deshkar, S., Joshi, S., & Sukhwani, V. (2023). Enhancing Resilience in Coastal Regions from a Socio-Ecological Perspective: A Case Study of Andhra Pradesh, India. *Sustainability*, 15(12), 9565. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su15129565</u>.
- Urban Design Lab. Integrating Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) into Urban Planning Practices. <u>https://urbandesignlab.in/integrating-nature-based-solutions-nbs-intourban-planningpractices/#:~:text=Case%20Studies%20of%20NBS%20in%20Urban%20Planning&t ext=In%20Singapore%2C%20vertical%20gardens%20and,rainwater%20to%20redu ce%20flooding%20risk.
 </u>
- Parikh, J., Jindal, P., & Sandal, G. (2013). Climate Resilient Urban Development, Vulnerability Profiles of 20 Indian Cities. COE-IRADe. https://irade.org/Climate Resilient Urban Development.pdf.
- Govindarajulu, D. (2014). Urban green space planning for climate adaptation in Indian cities. *Urban Climate*, *10*, 35-41. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.uclim.2014.09.006</u>.

Module 4:

- Dolman, N., & Verlinde, J. (2024). Achieving a Water-Resilient Rotterdam: Past, Present and Future Perspectives. *Blue Papers*, 3(1). <u>https://doi.org/10.58981/bluepapers.2024.1.13</u>.
- Graaf R.E. De, Der Brugge R. Van, J. Lankester, Der Vliet W. Van, L. Valkenburg. Local water resources and urban renewal. A Rotterdam case study. <u>https://hal.science/hal-03231425/document</u>.
- Negrello, M. (2023). Designing with Nature Climate-Resilient Cities: A Lesson from Copenhagen. In: Arbizzani, E., et al. *Technological Imagination in the Green and Digital Transition*. CONF.ITECH 2022. The Urban Book Series. Cham: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-29515-7_76</u>.
- Jørgensen, G., Fryd, O., Lund, A. A., Andersen, P. S., & Herslund, L. (2022). Naturebased climate adaptation projects, their governance and transitional potential-cases from Copenhagen. *Frontiers in Sustainable Cities*, *4*, 906960. <u>https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/sustainablecities/articles/10.3389/frsc.2022.906960/full</u>.
- Rudge, K. (2021). Participatory climate adaptation planning in New York City: Analyzing the role of community-based organizations. *Urban Climate*, 40, 101018. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.uclim.2021.101018</u>.

- Gornitz, V., Oppenheimerb, M., Koppc, R., Hortona, R., Ortond, P., Rosenzweiga, C., Soleckie, W., & Patrickf, L. (2020). Enhancing New York City's resilience to sea level rise and increased coastal flooding. *Urban Climate*, *33*, 100654. <u>https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2212095519301798?via%3Dihub</u>
- Rosenzweig, C., Solecki, W.D., Blake, R., Bowman, M., Faris, C., Gornitz, V., Horton, R., Jacob, K., LeBlanc, A., Leichenko, R., Linkin, M., Major, D., O'Grady, M., Patrick, L., Sussman, E., Yohe, G., & Zimmerman, R. (2011). Developing coastal adaptation to climate change in the New York City infrastructure-shed: process, approach, tools, and strategies. *Climatic Change*, *106*, 93–127. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10584-010-0002-8.
- U. S. Climate Resilience Toolkit: Case Studies. <u>https://toolkit.climate.gov/case-studies?f%5B0%5D=field_workflow_step%3A58</u>.
- Tan, B. A., Gaw, L. Y., Masoudi, M., & Richards, D. R. (2021). Nature-Based Solutions for Urban Sustainability: An Ecosystem Services Assessment of Plans for Singapore's First "Forest Town". *Frontiers in Environmental Science*, 9, 610155. <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/fenvs.2021.610155</u>.
- Cui, M., Ferreira, F., Fung, T. K., & Matos, J. S. (2021). Tale of Two Cities: How Nature-Based Solutions Help Create Adaptive and Resilient Urban Water Management Practices in Singapore and Lisbon. *Sustainability*, *13*(18), 10427. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/su131810427</u>.
- Calverley, C. M., & Walther, S. C. (2022). Drought, water management, and social equity: Analyzing Cape Town, South Africa's water crisis. *Frontiers in Water*, *4*, 910149. <u>https://doi.org/10.3389/frwa.2022.910149</u>.
- Brühl, J., & Visser, M. (2021). The Cape Town drought: A study of the combined effectiveness of measures implemented to prevent "Day Zero". *Water Resources and Economics*, *34*, 100177. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wre.2021.100177</u>.
- Visser, M., Booysen, M. J., Brühl, J. M., & Berger, K. J. (2021). Saving water at Cape Town schools by using smart metering and behavioral change. *Water Resources and Economics*, *34*, 100175. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wre.2020.100175</u>.
- Anguelovski, I., Irazábal-Zurita, C., & Connolly, J. T. (2018). Grabbed Urban Landscapes: Socio-spatial Tensions in Green Infrastructure Planning in Medellín. *International Journal of Urban and Regional Research*, *43*(1), 133-156. <u>https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-2427.12725</u>.
- Grey, J. (2023). Making Space for Peace: A Case-study of Medellín Colombia. DGSi Working Paper No. 1, 2023. <u>https://www.dur.ac.uk/media/durham-</u><u>university/departments-/school-of-government-amp-int-</u><u>affairs/DGSI_Diss1_DUFormat-final.pdf-2023-No.1.pdf</u>.
- Smith, H., Medero, G.M., Crane De Narváez, S., & Mera, W. C. (2023). Exploring the relevance of 'smart city' approaches to low-income communities in Medellín, Colombia. *GeoJournal*, *88*, 17–38. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10708-022-10574-y</u>.
- Mohammad, P., Goswami, A., & Bonafoni, S. (2019). The Impact of the Land Cover Dynamics on Surface Urban Heat Island Variations in Semi-Arid Cities: A Case Study in Ahmedabad City, India, Using Multi-Sensor/Source Data. *Sensors*, 19(17),3701. <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/s19173701</u>.
- Veena, K., Parammasivam, K. M., & Venkatesh, T. N. (2020). Urban Heat Island studies: Current status in India and a comparison with the International studies. *Journal of Earth System Science*, *129*, 85. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s12040-020-1351-y</u>.
- Ramchandra, T., Sincy, V., & Asulabha, K. (2020). Efficacy of Rejuvenation of Lakes in Bengaluru, India. *Green Chemistry & Technology Letters*, 6(1), 14–26. https://doi.org/10.18510/gctl.2020.613.

- Nagendra, H. (2016). Restoration of the Kaikondrahalli lake in Bangalore: Forging a new urban common. Pune, Maharashtra: Kalpavriksh. <u>https://kalpavriksh.org/wpcontent/uploads/2018/06/KaikondrahallilakecasestudyJune2016.pdf?srsltid=AfmBO oqyTX4yNgDLII3a4yq2-PYTn1oDsghlimptCErVN1aFarTbQcYQ.</u>
- Sundarmoorthy, T., Ramadurai, L., & Anuthaman, N. G. (2009). Urban Floods: Case Study of Chennai. *Disaster & Development*, 3(1), 105-182. https://nidm.gov.in/journal/PDF/Journal/Journal20091/Journal20091d.pdf.
- Bremner, L. (2020). Planning the 2015 Chennai floods. *Environment and Planning E: Nature and Space*, *3*(3), 732-760. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/2514848619880130</u>.
- Sehra, V., & Punia, M. (2020). Overcoming Barriers to Urban Flood Resilience: A Case of Hyderabad, India. IntechOpen. <u>https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/72789</u>.
- Baig, M. R. I., Ahmad, I. A., Shahfahad, Tayyab, M., & Rahman, A. (2020). Analysis of shoreline changes in Vishakhapatnam coastal tract of Andhra Pradesh, India: an application of digital shoreline analysis system (DSAS). *Annals of GIS*, 26(4), 361–376. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/19475683.2020.1815839</u>
- Ramakrishnan, R., Agrawal, R., Remya, P., NagaKumar, K., Demudu, G., Rajawat, A., Nair, B., & Nageswara Rao, K. (2018). Modelling coastal erosion: A case study of Yarada beach near Visakhapatnam, east coast of India. *Ocean & Coastal Management*, *156*, 239-248. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ocecoaman.2017.08.013</u>.
- TERI (2014). Planning Climate Resilient Coastal Cities: Learnings from Panaji and Visakhapatnam, India. Working Paper. https://www.teriin.org/eventdocs/files/Working-Paper-climate-resilient.pdf.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar, Prof. Shaleen Singhal, and Mr. R. R. Rashmi

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. P. K. Joshi, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr Manish Kumar Shrivastava, Associate Director, Earth Science and Climate Change Division, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Public Policy Assess | ment: Methods & Me | easurements | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 22-06- | Learning | hours: | | | | |
| | 2 | 04 | 30 | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | | |
| Course type: CoreCourse offered in: 2 nd Semester | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Course description

Public Policy Assessment is a fundamental skill for public policy students as it capacitates to critically evaluate and improve policies that directly affect communities and society at large. Understanding assessment methods and measurements enables students to utilize data and evidence to make informed policy decisions. It fosters critical thinking about how policies can be evaluated based on their outcomes, feasibility, and impact. It helps students appreciate the need for transparency in assessing government actions and resource allocation. This course provides an in-depth exploration of policy appraisal and evaluation, equipping students with the theoretical knowledge and practical skills necessary to assess public policies effectively. Emphasizing a range of evaluation methods, this course will enable students to critically analyze the impact of policies and programs on various social, economic, and environmental outcomes.

This course is divided into four modules. The first module focuses on foundations and framework of policy appraisal, types of evaluation, and stages in planning and execution of policy evaluation. The second module discusses experimental and quasi-experimental impact evaluation methods. The third module includes discussion on other evaluation methods including theory-based impact evaluation methods, value-for-money evaluation methods, evidence synthesis methods, and others. The final module exposes students with various real-world case studies assessing different public policies across sectors.

Learning objectives:

- To help students understand the concepts and significance of policy appraisal and evaluation in the policymaking process.
- To explore and discuss various evaluation methods and expose students to analyze and interpret evaluation findings to assess policy effectiveness and impact.
- To engage students with real-world case studies to assess and apply evaluation principles and methodologies.

Course content

| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Introduction to Policy Appraisal and Evaluation | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Appraisal and Evaluation: Meaning, Principles, and Purpose | | | |
| | • Appraisal Framework: Rationale for Intervention, Longlist | | | |
| | Appraisal, Shortlist Appraisal, Identification of the Preferred | | | |
| | Option, Monitoring and Evaluation | | | |
| | • The Five Case Model Framework: Strategic, Economic, | | | |
| | Commercial, Financial, and Management dimension for | | | |
| | Interventional Appraisal | | | |

| | Total | 22 | 6 | 4 |
|----|--|----|---|---|
| | • Discussions on assessment methodologies used and lessons learned. | | | |
| | across sectors (e.g., environment, infrastructure, employment, healthcare, education, social welfare, etc.). | | | |
| | real-world case studies assessing different public policies | | | |
| | Comparative Analysis of Policy Evaluations: Examination of | Ĭ | | |
| 4. | Incident Method; Root Cause Analysis (RCA) Case Studies in Policy Evaluation | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| | • Other Evaluation Methods: The Delphi Technique; Critical | | | |
| | Systematic Reviews, Meta-Analysis; Meta-Ethnography; Realist Synthesis | | | |
| | • Evidence Synthesis Methods: Rapid Evidence Assessment; | | | |
| | Effectiveness Analysis (CEA); Social Cost-Benefit Analysis (CBA) | | | |
| | Value-for-Money Evaluation Methods: Social Cost- | | | |
| | Realist evaluation; Process tracing; Qualitative comparative analysis | | | |
| | • Theory-based Evaluation Methods: Contribution analysis; | | | |
| 3. | Other Evaluation Methods | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | Instrumental Variables (IV) | | | |
| | Synthetic control methods | | | |
| | Regression Discontinuity DesignPropensity Score Matching (PSM) | | | |
| | • Difference-in-Difference (DID) | | | |
| | • Interrupted time series analysis | | | |
| | Randomized Controlled Trials (RCT) | | | |
| 2. | Methods | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 2. | Experimental & Quasi-Experimental Impact Evaluation | 8 | 0 | 4 |
| | Presence of Instrument, Selection on Unobservables, Impact Measure of Interest | | | |
| | Nature of Intervention, Availability of Baseline Data, | | | |
| | Stages in Planning and Execution of an EvaluationConditions for selection of appropriate evaluation method: | | | |
| | Value-for-Money evaluation | | | |
| | • Types of Evaluation: Process evaluation, Impact evaluation, | | | |
| | Policy Implementation | | | |

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (30%)
- Minor Test-2: Case Study Presentation (20%)
- **Major Test:** Submission and Presentation of Project Evaluation Planning Protocol (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be able to:

1. get comprehensive understanding of policy appraisal and evaluation, including the essential tools and methodologies used in assessing public policies (All evaluations)

2. develop the skills necessary to critically analyze policy or programme effectiveness (All evaluations)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Practical Exercises; Brainstorming Tutorials; Case studies

Suggested Readings

- Damonte, A., & Negri, F. (Eds.) (2023). *Causality in Policy Studies: A Pluralist Toolbox*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature Publishing AG.
- Cerulli, G. (2022). *Econometric Evaluation of Socio-Economic Programs: Theory and Applications, 2nd edition*. Berlin, Germany: Springer-Verlag GmbH.
- Dale, R. (2004). *Evaluating Development Programmes and Projects, 2nd edition*. New Delhi: Sage Publications India Pvt Ltd.
- Varone, F., Jacob, S., & Bundi, P. (Eds.) (2023). *Handbook of Public Policy Evaluation*. Glos, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.
- White, H., & Raitzer, D. A. (2017). *Impact Evaluation of Development Interventions: A Practical Guide*. Manila, Philippines: Asian Development Bank.
- Linfield, K. J., & Posavac, E. J. (2019). *Program Evaluation Methods and Case Studies, 9th edition*. New York: Routledge.
- Barrett, N. F. (2016). *Program Evaluation: A Step-by-Step Guide (Revised Edition)*. Springfield, IL: Sunnycrest Press.
- Guo, S., & Fraser, M. W. (2015). *Propensity Score Analysis: Statistical Methods and Applications, 2nd edition*. California, US: SAGE Publications, Inc.
- Reichardt, C. S. (2019). Quasi-Experimentation: A Guide to Design and Analysis. New York: The Guilford Press.
- Cattaneo, M. D., Idrobo, N., & Titiunik, R. (2024). *A Practical Introduction to Regression Discontinuity Designs: Extensions*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.
- Woudenberg, F. (1991). An evaluation of Delphi. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*, 40(2), 131-150. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/0040-1625(91)90002-W</u>
- Nasa, P., Jain, R., & Juneja, D. (2021). Delphi methodology in healthcare research: How to decide its appropriateness. *World Journal of Methodology*, *11*(4), 116. <u>https://doi.org/10.5662/wjm.v11.i4.116</u>
- Dinges, M., Wang, A., & Schuch, K. (2020). Using the Delphi Method in evaluations

 incorporating a future oriented perspective in evaluations. *fteval Journal for Research and Technology Policy Evaluation*, 50, 44-50.
 <u>https://repository.fteval.at/id/eprint/524/</u>
- Serrat, O. (2017). The Critical Incident Technique, in *Knowledge Solution*, pp. 1077–1083. Singapore: Springer. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-10-0983-9_123</u>.
- Williams, P. M. (2001). Techniques for root cause analysis. *Proceedings (Baylor University. Medical Center)*, 14(2), 154. https://doi.org/10.1080/08998280.2001.11927753.

Student responsibilities

• At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.

• Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course Reviewers

- 1. Prof. S. P. Singh, Professor of Economics, Department of Humanities and Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee, Uttarakhand, India.
- 2. Dr. Seema Sangita, Associate Professor, Centre for Economic Studies and Planning, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Policy Lab-II: Developing a Policy Paper | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPSNo. of credits: 3L-T-P: 16-15-28Learning hours: 45 | | | | | | | | |
| XXX | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): PPS 130. Policy Lab-I: Sectoral Policy Scoping | | | | | | | | |
| Department: Departm | nent of Policy & Manag | gement Studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s | s): | Course instructor | r(s): | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | | |
| Course Type: Core Course offered in: 2 nd Semester | | | | | | | | |
| Course Description | | | | | | | | |

Course Description

This interactive and experiential course is designed to guide students through the process of developing a comprehensive policy paper. It will equip students with the skills necessary to analyze public policy issues, conduct effective research, engage stakeholders, and articulate recommendations clearly and persuasively. Through a combination of lectures, workshops, peer reviews, and real-world applications, students will learn to craft impactful policy papers that can inform decision-making at various levels of governance.

This course is the second part of a two-part course that imparts practical knowledge of the processes of policymaking or developing a policy paper/brief. In the first part, the students learned the initial process of identifying policy-relevant research questions through the scoping of literature and other evidence, and stakeholder consultation. In this second part of this Policy Lab course, the students will work on the identified research questions to develop a policy paper.

This course is divided into four practical modules. The first module build discussion on the scoping review and research questions and gaps identified during the first part of the Policy Lab course. In this module, students will be guided to explore and reflect upon the policy dimensions in their identified issues. The second module will focus on structuring the policy document through a writing skill workshop, the students will present their selected topics and discuss their formulation/conceptualization and finalize the structure of their policy document based on the feedback received. The third module is focused on finalizing the analysis required for discussing the selected topics and formulating actionable, measurable, and clear recommendations. The final module is dedicated to conducting a peer review workshop, where the first draft of the manuscript will be flipped among the student groups, and they will be asked to review, identify gaps including unclear phrases and recommend modifications. All these activities will be evaluated as part of the evaluation process under this course.

Course objectives

- To help students analyze and define a specific public policy issue after conducting thorough research, including literature reviews and stakeholder analysis.
- To assist students to develop critical thinking skills to evaluate evidence and identify potential policy solutions.
- To orient students to structurally organize and write a clear, concise, and persuasive policy paper.
- To provide students with a platform to enhance their skills to effectively present policy recommendations to relevant stakeholders.

| Course c | ontent | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | Τ | Р |
| 1. | Understanding Policy Issues | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | • Introduction to Policy Papers: Purpose and importance of policy papers; Overview of the evidence-based policy-making process and assessment | | | |

| | ical approach: | | | |
|----------|---|--------|--------|----|
| | contribute to public policy discussions and create impactful policy docu address pressing societal issues (All evaluations) | umen | ts tha | t |
| | enhance their practical skills and methodologies essential for effective malysis and writing (All evaluations) | policy | ý | |
| Upon con | mpletion of this course, students would be able to: | | _ | |
| | g Outcomes: | | | |
| | Minor Test 2 : Peer Review Workshop Presentation (15%) Major Test: Submission and Presentation of Policy Paper (50%) | | | |
| | Analysis & Recommendation (20%) | | | |
| • N | Minor Test 1: Presentations based on the Structuring of Policy Pap | er (15 | 5%); | |
| | grades will be based on the following criteria: | | | |
| Evaluati | TOTAL on criteria: | 16 | 15 | 28 |
| | presentation. | 16 | 1.5 | 20 |
| | Finalizing the Policy Paper: Integrating feedback and finalizing the manuscript for submission and final | | | |
| | discussed. | | | |
| | process will be evaluated. The workshop will be engaging in constructive feedback sessions with peers. Techniques for revising and improving draft papers based on feedback will be | | | |
| 4. | • Peer Review Workshop will be conducted. Each manuscript developed by the students will be reviewed by the fellow students (peers) and will be asked to identify the gaps. This | | 5 | 0 |
| 4. | Developing Policy Recommendations: Formulating actionable, measurable, and clear recommendations; Discussing implementation considerations and potential challenges. Students will work on their selected issues, present, and get feedback. Review and Revision | 2 | 5 | 8 |
| 3. | Analysis and Recommendations Evidence-Based Analysis: Evaluating data and evidence to support policy recommendations; Assessing the feasibility and potential impact of proposed policies. Students will work on their selected issues, present, and get feedback. | 4 | 5 | 10 |
| | techniques of clear and concise writing, and for fostering persuasive communication of ideas. Students will work on their selected issues, discuss, and get feedback. | | | 10 |
| | or individual will present their conceptual frame, discuss and structure their manuscript based on the feedback received.Writing Skills Workshops will be conducted focusing on | | | |
| 2. | Structuring the Policy Paper Based on the issues identified by the students in the course "PPS 130. Policy Lab-I: Sectoral Policy Scoping", each group | 2 | 5 | 10 |
| | existing literature | | | |
| | • Identifying a Policy Issue: Techniques for selecting and defining the policy problem; Engaging with current events and | | | |

Systematic literature review; content analysis; brainstorming sessions, group, or individual presentation, etc.

Suggested readings:

- Dunn, W. N. (2018). *Public Policy Analysis: An Integrated Approach, 6th edition*. New York: Routledge. <u>https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315181226</u>.
- Booth, W. C., Colomb, G. G., Williams, J. M., Bizup, J., & Fitzgeral, W. T. (2016). *The Craft of Research, 4th edition.* University of Chicago Press.
- Bardach, E., & Patashnik, E. M. (2019). *A Practical Guide for Policy Analysis: The Eightfold Path to More Effective Problem Solving, 7th edition*. United Kingdom: SAGE Publications.
- Smith, C. F. (2023). Writing Public Policy: A Practical Guide to Communicating in the Policy-Making Process, 6th edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Student responsibilities:

- At least 75% attendance will be required.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections during Brainstorming Sessions; Equal participation of the participants working in a group.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course reviewers

- 1. Dr. Sunil Pandey, Director, Circular Economy and Waste Management, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr. Prashanth N. Srinivas, Director & Health Equity Cluster Lead, Institute of Public Health, Bengaluru, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Major | Project-I | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Course code: PPS | No. of credits: 20 | L-T-P: 00-00- | Learning hours: 300 |
| XXX | | 600 | |
| Pre-requisite course | e code and title (if any |): None | |
| Department: Depart | tment of Policy & Man | agement Studies | |
| Course coordinator | (s): | Course instruct | tor(s): |
| Contact details: | | · | |
| Course Type: Core | | Course offered | in: 3 rd Semester |
| Course Description | | • | |

This course provides students with an opportunity to gain practical experience through internships with relevant development or policy research organizations while conducting independent research for their thesis. Internships allow students to apply academic theories and concepts learned in the classroom to real-world situations, helping to solidify their understanding and connect theoretical frameworks to practical challenges. Engaging in actual projects and responsibilities within organizations emphasizes experiential learning, which is often more effective than theoretical study alone. In addition to acquiring essential professional skills, internships also provide students with opportunities to develop interpersonal skills, adaptability, teamwork, and problem-solving abilities, all of which are essential in professional environments. Working in reputed development or policy research organizations allows students to build a network of professional contacts, which can be invaluable while seeking future job opportunities or collaborative projects. Interns often have the chance to work closely with experienced professionals who can provide guidance, advice, and potential mentorship to shape their professional career.

For Public Policy students, internships provide firsthand experience with research design, data collection, and analysis, deepening their understanding of research methodologies. They often get a chance to work on ongoing influential research projects, giving students the opportunity to contribute to meaningful results that can directly impact policy decisions. Engaging in impactful projects nurtures a sense of civic responsibility and awareness of social issues, encouraging students to be active contributors to society.

This practical course is placed in two parts with a semester-long practical learning exposure in each part. They are offered in third and fourth semesters, respectively. However, each part of this 'Major Project' course is independent in terms of evaluation. After having intensive engagement with foundational and perspective-based deliberations during the first two semesters of the Programme, the students are encouraged and assisted to develop their firm interests in their area of professional work. Students are motivated to approach and choose any development or policy research organization of interest, while they are assisted by the opportunities forwarded by the Institute Placement Cell. After getting an internship opportunity by an organization, the student is expected to get acclimatized with the working environment in the organization for an initial few weeks while simultaneously exploring the suitable topic for carrying out policy-oriented research under the mentorship of an external supervisor from the host organization and an assigned supervisor from the TERI SAS. Students get a semester long period to conceptualize, work, and prepare a Major Project Thesis to be submitted to the Programme and the Department. Students are expected to strictly follow the timelines as per the Major Project Guideline provided by the Major Project Coordinator in the beginning of the third semester.

Course objectives

- To provide students with a platform to gain hands-on experience in a professional setting relevant to the student's area of study/research interest.
- To equip students with proven research skills through the completion of a thesis project.

| Course c | ontent | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|-----|
| Module | Торіс | L | Т | Р |
| 1. | Internship Preparation (Weeks 1-2) Week 1: Orientation and Skill Assessment Introduction to the course structure and expectations. Workshops on resume writing, interview preparation, and professional etiquette. Assessment of student skills and interests to align with potential internship opportunities. Week 2: Placement and Agreement Assistance in securing internships with relevant organizations. Completion of internship agreements and clarification of roles and expectations. | 2 | 0 | 60 |
| 2. | Internship Experience (Weeks 3-19) Practical Internship Work | 0 | 0 | 536 |
| 3. | Internship Work Internship Commitment: Students will engage in a minimum of 30 hours per week at their designated internship organization, applying their skills and gaining industry/organizational experience. Weekly Reflection and Monthly Reporting: Students will maintain a weekly journal/diary, documenting their experiences and reflections, which they will compile in Monthly Progress Reports to be submitted through TERI SAS Major Project Portal to their faculty advisors. Mid-Internship Review (Week 9): Students will be asked to share a review of the internship experience with their faculty advisors, discussing challenges, learnings, and research interests related to internship work. | 0 | 0 | |
| | Week 5: Thesis Proposal Development Meeting and discussion with Faculty Advisor for finalising research questions and relevant research methodologies Preparation and submission of a thesis proposal outlining research questions and objectives. Weeks 6-20: Thesis Research and Writing Data Collection and Analysis: Students will conduct research as outlined in the approved thesis proposal, which includes collecting and analyzing data relevant to their thesis topic. Regular Meetings with Faculty Advisor: Bi-weekly meetings to discuss progress, seek guidance, and receive | | | |

| 4. | | on and Submission (Weeks 19-20) | 0 | 0 | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| | • Week 19: The | esis Presentation and Reflection | | | |
| | • Students v | will present their research findings to a panel of | | | |
| | faculty me | embers, followed by a question-and-answer | | | |
| | session to | defend their work, and getting feedback. | | | |
| | • Students v | will reflect on the overall experience in both the | | | |
| | internship | and thesis process, discussing key learnings | | | |
| | and how t | they will apply these insights to their future | | | |
| | career. | | | | |
| | • Week 20: The | esis Submission | | | |
| | Finalize a | and submit the complete thesis document after | | | |
| | incorpora | ting the feedback received during the | | | |
| | - | ion and adhering to institutional formatting and | | | |
| | submissio | on guidelines. | | | |
| | TOTAL | | 2 | 0 | 596 |
| Evaluati | ion criteria: | | | | |
| An eva | luation committee v | will be formed to assess the major project. The d | istrit | outio | n of |
| marks f | for the evaluation w | ould be as per the following criteria: | | | |
| | | | | | |
| • ′ | Timeline adherence | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress re | eports | s (1 e | ach), |
| • ' 1 | Timeline adherence | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). | - | | |
| • ' i •] | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposa | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, re | - | | |
| ' • [[| Timeline adherence final dissertation/the Research Proposal methodological rigor | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. | eleva | nce, | and |
| • ' 1 •] 1 | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated | eleva 1 base | nce, ed on | and |
| • / •] •] | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research | eleva l base Que | nce, ed on stion | and the s; |
| t [• [•]) | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). 1 (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (| eleva l base Que | nce, ed on stion | and the s; |
| t [[]] () () | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 2 (g) Limitations and f | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. | eleva l base Que (f) Co | nce, ed on stion onclu | and the s; |
| | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). 1 (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (| eleva l base Que (f) Co | nce, ed on stion onclu | and the s; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 1 g criteria: The students scoring | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present fless than or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark | eleva l base Que (f) Co tation | nce, ed on stion onclu n. | and the s; |
| • 1 •] •] •] • (• (• (• (• (| Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and for Thesis (50 marks): g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present fields that or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (f | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 1 g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Majore | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present fields than or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (for Project will be done following the absolute grading the statement of the state | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 1 g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Majore | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present fields that or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (f | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| • 7 •] •] •] • (• (• (• (• (| Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 1 g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Majore | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fr Project will be done following the absolute grading cation presented in Table 1: | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and fer Thesis (50 marks): g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Major per the grade classifi a 1. Major project par | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fr Project will be done following the absolute graditication presented in Table 1: rt – grading | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigore Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and fer Thesis (50 marks): criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Majore per the grade classifi | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). I (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fr Project will be done following the absolute grading cation presented in Table 1: | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/these Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 2 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 2 g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Major per the grade classifi a 1. Major project par Marks Range (%) | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, rest. va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (Future scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present class than or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fr Project will be done following the absolute graditication presented in Table 1: rt – grading Grade | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |
| Grading | Timeline adherence final dissertation/thes Research Proposal methodological rigor Presentation and vi content outlined as for (c) Objective(s); (d) 1 (g) Limitations and f Thesis (50 marks): 2 g criteria: The students scoring evaluation would be Grading of the Major per the grade classifi = 1. Major project par Marks Range (%) > 90 | e (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress resis (4). l (10 marks): Graded based on clarity, re- va (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated ollows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (cure scope of work. Assessed on research quality, analysis, and present cless than or equal to 40% (or \leq 40%) overall mark considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fr r Project will be done following the absolute gradition cation presented in Table 1: rt – grading Grade A+ | eleva l base Que (f) Cc tation cs in t cs in t | nce, ed on stion onclu <u>n.</u> the | and the s; sion; |

 $> 60 \le 70$ B

 $> 50 \le 60$ C+

 $> 45 \le 50$ C

 $> 40 \le 45$ D

 ≤ 40 F

Research Ethics Adherence (Plagiarism):

TERI SAS has zero tolerance for plagiarism. As per UGC (Regd. no. D. L.-33004/99) dissertation/thesis or any other such documents should be free from plagiarism at the time of submission by the student. Plagiarism test shall be conducted on the draft submission of the report. The plagiarism report will be shared with the students and would be assigned to external/internal supervisors to address the plagiarism concerns. The plagiarism report and its percentage would be evaluated with a plagiarism check tool (software) and then verified by a faculty committee within the Department and would be analysed in terms of similarity sections/texts (e.g., mathematical formulations/ derivations, footnotes, etc.) in case the similarity proportion exceeds the standard limit prescribed by the University. Based on the finalized plagiarism percentage (of similarity) the marks would be deducted as given in Table 2. It would be responsibility of the student to resolve the plagiarism issue in consultation with external/internal supervisors to Major Project Coordinator.

Table 2. Penalty imposed on the student based on plagiarism as per UGC guidelines.

| Level Plagiarism | of | Similarity Proportion (%) | Maximum percentage marks to be deducted from the full marks | | |
|---------------------|----|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Level 3 | | > 60% | Student's registration to the Programme stands cancelled | | |
| Level 2 | | $>40\% \le 60\%$ | Student repeats the Major Project next year | | |
| Level 1 | | $>10\% \le 40\%$ | The student is required to resubmit the revised Thesis within a week | | |
| Level 0 | | $\leq 10\%$ | No deduction of marks | | |

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students would be able to:

- enhance their practical skills to delineate policy dimensions across the domains.
- augment their understanding to develop relevant policy research questions through scoping of literature and other evidence.

Pedagogical approach:

As required by the Thesis topic identified by the Student and agreed by the Supervisor.

Suggested readings:

It is a practical exercise using the knowledge gained from other taught courses and through the review process.

Relevant literature, reports, textbooks, case studies, journals, databases will be suggested to the students based on the context and requirements.

Additional Information:

- 1. A separate Major Project Guideline indicating timeline of different activities, and other details will be shared by the Coordinator before the start of the semester.
- 2. Only students meeting the CGPA criteria of 6, for second semester, as defined in Students Handbook will be allowed to take up Major Project course, failing which under no circumstance's student would be allowed to carry out Major Project. It can only be allowed in exceptional circumstances duly approved by the competent authority, where the student must have secured SGPA of 6 in the second semester.
- 3. Students, who need to repeat the Major Project due to exceptional circumstances, will be allowed to complete the Major Project with the appropriate approval from the competent authority only in the semester designated for the Major Project Thesis. Students should ensure that the work conducted while repeating the Major Project is not just an extension of the research from the previous Major Project, but it includes substantial contribution utilizing the allotted time period.

Supervisor:

A faculty member from TERI School of Advanced Studies (TERI SAS) or TERI will be assigned to each student who will supervise the student's major project work. Students should develop a plan of work under the guidance of the faculty Supervisor and carry out the project work at the host organisation/or at place of work in case of employed candidate. The student should identify the Supervisor from TERI SAS and discuss the proposed work with him/her. The name of the supervisor should be communicated to the Major Project Coordinator. The preference for a Supervisor should be purely based on area of the work during the Major Project. The identification of the Supervisor should be done well before the finalization of the exact topic and the thesis proposal submission to the Programme.

Student responsibilities:

- Adhering to the issued instructions and guidelines of the Major Project in entirety.
- Regular updating of the progress of work to the Mentor/Supervisor.
- Timely submission of all required documents through portal.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course Reviewers

- 1. Dr. Sunil Pandey, Director, Circular Economy and Waste Management, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr. Prashanth N. Srinivas, Director & Health Equity Cluster Lead, Institute of Public Health, Bengaluru, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

| Course title: Major | Project-II | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Course code: PPS | No. of credits: 20 | L-T-P: 00-00- | Learning hours: 300 |
| XXX | | 600 | |
| Pre-requisite course | e code and title (if any |): Major Project - I | |
| Department: Depar | tment of Policy & Man | agement Studies | |
| Course coordinator | ·(s): | Course instruct | tor(s): |
| Contact details: | | · | |
| Course Type: Core | | Course offered | in: 4 th Semester |
| Course Description | | • | |

Course Description

This practical course is the second internship activity followed by the first one carried out in the 3rd semester. This will also provide a semester-long practical learning exposure to the student. Students will be given the opportunity to continue the Major Project-II course after an evaluation at the end of the third semester. However, the research questions addressed in the 'Major Project - II' course should be considerably different from the previous project work. In case of other circumstances, such as unsatisfactory outcome or exposure at the previous organization, students will be advised to switch to other organizations to carry out their second Major Project work. The entire process and activities will be the same as practiced in the case of Major Project-I course in the previous semester. The student is expected to get acclimatized with the working environment in case the new organization joined for an initial few weeks while simultaneously exploring the suitable topic for carrying out policy-oriented research under the mentorship of an external supervisor from the host organization and an assigned supervisor from the TERI SAS. A Major Project Thesis is to be submitted to the Programme and the Department at the end of the fourth semester. Students are expected to strictly follow the timelines as per the Major Project Guideline provided by the Major Project Coordinator in the beginning of the fourth semester.

Course objectives

- To provide students with a platform to gain hands-on experience in a professional setting relevant to the student's area of study/research interest.
- To equip students with proven research skills through the completion of a thesis project.
- To assist students to foster critical thinking, analytical skills, and professional development.
- To orient students to integrate practical experience with academic knowledge.

| Course c | ontent | | | |
|----------|--|---|---|-----|
| Module | Торіс | L | Τ | Р |
| 1. | Internship Preparation (Weeks 1-2) | 2 | 0 | 60 |
| | Week 1: Orientation and Skill Assessment Introduction to the course structure and expectations. Workshops on resume writing, interview preparation, and professional etiquette. Assessment of student skills and interests to align with potential internship opportunities. Week 2: Placement and Agreement Assistance in securing internships with relevant | | | |
| 2. | organizations. Completion of internship agreements and clarification of roles and expectations. Internship Experience (Weeks 3-19) | 0 | 0 | 536 |
| | Practical Internship Work | | | |

| An eval marks fo | uation committee will be formed to assess the major project. The operation would be as per the following criteria: Fimeline adherence (10 marks): Thesis Proposal (2), four progress result in a dissertation/thesis (4). | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|-----|
| Evaluati | TOTAL on criteria: | 2 | 0 | 596 |
| | Career. Week 20: Thesis Submission Finalize and submit the complete thesis document after incorporating the feedback received during the presentation and adhering to institutional formatting and submission guidelines. | | | |
| 4. | Thesis Presentation and Submission (Weeks 19-20) Week 19: Thesis Presentation and Reflection Students will present their research findings to a panel of faculty members, followed by a question-and-answer session to defend their work, and getting feedback. Students will reflect on the overall experience in both the internship and thesis process, discussing key learnings and how they will apply these insights to their future | 0 | 0 | |
| 3. | maintain a weekly journal/diary, documenting their experiences and reflections, which they will compile in Monthly Progress Reports to be submitted through TERI SAS Major Project Portal to their faculty advisors. Mid-Internship Review (Week 9): Students will be asked to share a review of the internship experience with their faculty advisors, discussing challenges, learnings, and research interests related to internship work. Thesis Development (Weeks 5-20) Week 5: Thesis Proposal Development Meeting and discussion with Faculty Advisor for finalising research questions and relevant research methodologies Preparation and submission of a thesis proposal outlining research questions and objectives. Weeks 6-20: Thesis Research and Writing Data Collection and Analysis: Students will conduct research as outlined in the approved thesis proposal, which includes collecting and analyzing data relevant to their thesis topic. Regular Meetings with Faculty Advisor: Bi-weekly meetings to discuss progress, seek guidance, and receive feedback on thesis work. | 0 | 0 | |
| | Internship Commitment: Students will engage in a minimum of 30 hours per week at their designated internship organization, applying their skills and gaining industry/organizational experience. Weekly Reflection and Monthly Reporting: Students will | | | |

- **Research Proposal (10 marks):** Graded based on clarity, relevance, and methodological rigor.
- Presentation and viva (30 marks): The presentation will be evaluated based on the content outlined as follows: (a) Background/Introduction; (b) Research Questions;
 (c) Objective(s); (d) Materials & methods; (e) Results and discussion; (f) Conclusion;
 (g) Limitations and future scope of work.
 - Thesis (50 marks): Assessed on research quality, analysis, and presentation.

Grading criteria:

- The students scoring less than or equal to 40% (or $\le 40\%$) overall marks in the evaluation would be considered unsuccessful and would be graded F (fail).
- Grading of the Major Project will be done following the absolute grading system as per the grade classification presented in Table 1:

Table 1. Major project part – grading

| Marks Range (%) | Grade |
|-----------------|-------|
| > 90 | A+ |
| $> 80 \le 90$ | А |
| $> 70 \le 80$ | B+ |
| $> 60 \le 70$ | В |
| $> 50 \le 60$ | C+ |
| $>45 \le 50$ | С |
| $> 40 \le 45$ | D |
| \leq 40 | F |

Research Ethics Adherence (Plagiarism):

TERI SAS has zero tolerance for plagiarism. As per UGC (Regd. no. D. L.-33004/99) dissertation/thesis or any other such documents should be free from plagiarism at the time of submission by the student. Plagiarism test shall be conducted on the draft submission of the report. The plagiarism report will be shared with the students and would be assigned to external/internal supervisors to address the plagiarism concerns. The plagiarism report and its percentage would be evaluated with a plagiarism check tool (software) and then verified by a faculty committee within the Department and would be analysed in terms of similarity sections/texts (e.g., mathematical formulations/ derivations, footnotes, etc.) in case the similarity proportion exceeds the standard limit prescribed by the University. Based on the finalized plagiarism percentage (of similarity) the marks would be deducted as given in Table 2. It would be responsibility of the student to resolve the plagiarism issue in consultation with external/internal supervisors to Major Project Coordinator.

Table 2. Penalty imposed on the student based on plagiarism as per UGC guidelines.

| Level Plagiarism | of | Similarity Proportion (%) | Maximum percentage marks to be deducted from the full marks | |
|--|----|--|--|--|
| Level 3 | | > 60% | Student's registration to the Programme stands cancelled | |
| Level 2 | | $>40\% \le 60\%$ | Student repeats the Major Project next year | |
| Level 1> $10\% \le 40\%$ The student is required to resubmit to revised Thesis within a week | | The student is required to resubmit the revised Thesis within a week | | |
| Level 0 | | ≤10% | No deduction of marks | |

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students would be able to:

- enhance their practical skills to delineate policy dimensions across the domains.
- augment their understanding to develop relevant policy research questions through scoping of literature and other evidence.

Pedagogical approach:

As required by the Thesis topic identified by the Student and agreed by the Supervisor. Suggested readings:

It is a practical exercise using the knowledge gained from other taught courses and through the review process.

Relevant literature, reports, textbooks, case studies, journals, databases will be suggested to the students based on the context and requirements.

Additional Information:

- 1. A separate Major Project Guideline indicating timeline of different activities, and other details will be shared by the Coordinator before the start of the semester.
- 2. Only students meeting the CGPA criteria of 6, for second semester, as defined in Students Handbook will be allowed to take up Major Project course, failing which under no circumstance's student would be allowed to carry out Major Project. It can only be allowed in exceptional circumstances duly approved by the competent authority, where the student must have secured SGPA of 6 in the second semester.
- 3. Students who need to repeat the Major Project due to exceptional circumstances, will be allowed to complete the Major Project with the appropriate approval from the competent authority only in the semester designated for the Major Project Thesis. Students should ensure that the work conducted while repeating the Major Project is not just an extension of the research from the previous Major Project, but it includes substantial contribution utilizing the allotted time period.

Supervisor:

A faculty member from TERI School of Advanced Studies (TERI SAS) or TERI will be assigned to each student who will supervise the student's major project work. Students should develop a plan of work under the guidance of the faculty Supervisor and carry out the project work at the host organisation/or at place of work in case of employed candidate. The student should identify the Supervisor from TERI SAS and discuss the proposed work with him/her. The name of the supervisor should be communicated to the Major Project Coordinator. The preference for a Supervisor should be purely based on area of the work during the Major Project. The identification of the Supervisor should be done well before the finalization of the exact topic and the thesis proposal submission to the Programme.

Student responsibilities:

- Adhering to the issued instructions and guidelines of the Major Project in entirety.
- Regular updating of the progress of work to the Mentor/Supervisor.
- Timely submission of all required documents through portal.

Course Outline prepared by: Dr. Chandan Kumar

Course Reviewers

- 1. Dr. Sunil Pandey, Director, Circular Economy and Waste Management, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr. Prashanth N. Srinivas, Director & Health Equity Cluster Lead, Institute of Public Health, Bengaluru, India.

Additional Information

This Course outline was approved in the Academic Council Meeting held onat TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Enclosure 15

| | Revised Programme Outline | | | | |
|------------|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Code | Semester I | Credi t | | | |
| PPS 112 | Public Policy: A Concise Exposure | 3 | | | |
| PPS 114 | Social Policies & Sustainable Development | | | | |
| PPS 176 | Public Administration and Systems Management | | | | |
| PPS 115 | Research Methods for Public Policy | | | | |
| PPS 116 | Globalization and Changing Geopolitics: Implications for Economic & Foreign Policies | | | | |
| PPS 117 | Sustainable Consumption and Production: Policies & Practices | | | | |
| PPS 118 | Economics for Public Policy | 2 | | | |
| PPS 119 | International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy | 1 | | | |
| PPS 130 | Policy Lab - I: Sectoral Policy Scoping | | | | |
| | Total Credits (Semester I) | 20 | | | |
| | Concentration II | | | | |
| | Semester II | | | | |
| PPS XXX | Sustainable Urbanization | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Water and Sustainable Development: Policies & Management | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Energy and Sustainable Development | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Digital Economy: Dividends, Disputes & Dimensions | | | | |
| PPS XXX | Infrastructure Development and Sustainability: Issues & Policy Perspectives | | | | |
| PPS XXX | Industrial Development and Sustainability: Policies, Performance, & Practices | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Climate Change and Development: Policies & Practices | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Public Policy Assessment: Methods & Measurements | 2 | | | |
| PPS XXX | Policy Lab - II: Developing a Policy Paper | 3 | | | |

REVISED PROGRAMME STRUCTURE OF MA-PPSD PROGRAMME

| | Electives [Select courses from the following list to earn 2 credits] | 2 |
|------------|--|----|
| | MPL 165: Competition Law and Policy | 2 |
| | MPL 134: Climate Change and Law | 2 |
| | MPL 144: Contracts Law and Management | 2 |
| | MPL 166: Urban Infrastructure Laws and Management | 2 |
| | MPL 158: Forest Law and Policy | 2 |
| | PPS 195: Communities and Conservation | 2 |
| | PPS 197: Agriculture and Rural Development | 2 |
| | Total Credits (Semester II) | 21 |
| | | |
| | Semester III | |
| PPS XXX | Major Project - I | 20 |
| | | |
| | Semester IV | |
| PPS XXX | Major Project - II | 20 |
| | Total Credits (MA - PPSD) | 81 |

Rules for PhD Programme²³

Preamble

TERI School of Advanced Studies (TERI SAS) provides a refreshing environment to achieve academic excellence. The Deemed to be University offers Ph.D. programs in a wide range of globally relevant areas of study like Natural resources management, Energy and environment, Economics, Policy studies, Management, Biotechnology, Data Science. and Social sciences etc.

Scope

This policy will be called "TERI School of Advanced Studies Ph.D. Rules-2024" and shall be applicable to Ph.D. students and Ph.D. supervisors of the deemed to be university.

A. Eligibility criteria for admission to Ph.D. programme:

- 1. The following are eligible to seek admission to the Ph.D. programme:
 - 1.1. Candidates who have completed:

A 1-year/2-semester master's degree programme after a 4-year/8-semester bachelor's degree programme or a 2-year/4-semester master's degree programme after a 3-year bachelor's degree programme or qualifications declared equivalent to the master's degree by the corresponding statutory regulatory body, with at least 55% marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed

or equivalent qualification from a foreign educational institution accredited by an assessment and accreditation agency which is approved, recognized or authorized by an authority, established or incorporated under a law in its home country or any other statutory authority in that country to assess, accredit or assure quality and standards of the educational institution.

A relaxation of 5% marks or its equivalent grade may be allowed for those belonging to SC/ST/OBC (non-creamy layer)/Differently-Abled, Economically Weaker Section (EWS) and other categories of candidates as per the decision of the Commission from time to time.

Provided that a candidate seeking admission after a 4-year/8-semester bachelor's degree programme should have a minimum of 75% marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade on a point scale wherever the grading system is followed. A relaxation of 5% marks or its equivalent grade may be allowed for those belonging to

²³ Students taking admissions in the PhD Programme will have to sign an agreement that s/he will be abided by the rule of PhD programme of TERI SAS.

SC/ST/OBC (non-creamy layer)/Differently-Abled, Economically Weaker Section (EWS) and other categories of candidates as per the decision of the Commission from time to time.

- 1.2. Candidates who have completed the M.Phil. programme with at least 55% marks in aggregate or its equivalent grade in a point scale wherever grading system is followed or equivalent qualification from a foreign educational institution accredited by an assessment and accreditation agency which is approved, recognized or authorized by an authority, established or incorporated under a law in its home country or any other statutory authority in that country to assess, accredit or assure quality and standards of educational institutions, shall be eligible for admission to the Ph.D. programme. A relaxation of 5% marks or its equivalent grade may be allowed for those belonging to SC/ST/OBC (non-creamy layer)/Differently-Abled, Economically Weaker Section (EWS) and other categories of candidates as per the decision of the Commission from time to time.
- 1.3. Requirements for full-time sponsored candidates
 - 1.3.1.Sponsored candidates are required to submit a sponsorship certificate from their employers on an official letter head clearly stating that for the period of his/her studies under the programme, the candidate would be treated on duty with usual salary and allowances and that he/she will be fully relieved for the full period of the study and admissible fee of the candidate will be paid by the sponsoring organization.
 - 1.3.2.Candidates seeking admissions to Ph.D. programmes on the basis of study leave must present a proof at the time of interview of the fact that they will be/have been granted study leave for a minimum period of three years.
- 1.4. Requirements for the part-time candidates
 - 1.4.1.Such Candidates are required to submit a "No Objection Certificate" at the time of interview from their employer stating clearly that the candidate is permitted to pursue studies on a part-time basis and that:
 - 1.4.1.1. His/her official duties permit him/her to devote sufficient time for research;
 - 1.4.1.2. The candidate shall be provided full access to the facilities as may exist in the field of research;
 - 1.4.1.3. He/she shall be permitted to attend classes at the Deemed to be University as and when required;
 - 1.4.2.Self-employed candidates need to provide a documentary proof of being in selfemployment.

B. Admission:

- 2. Applications to the Ph.D. programme must be necessarily made on the Deemed to be University prescribed form. Admission details are further laid down in the Annexure I.
 - 2.1. Admission is subject to vacancies as available in the relevant areas of specializations.

- 2.2. After the selection, the candidates will be formally admitted to the Ph.D. programme. The date of admission will be considered as the corresponding date of registration.
- 2.3. Categories of admission:
 - 2.3.1. Full time with assistantship¹ /without assistantship
 - 2.3.2. Full time with UGC/CSIR/DBT/another research scholarship scheme
 - 2.3.3. Sponsored
 - 2.3.4. Part-time

C. Duration of the programme:

- 1. Ph.D. programme shall be undertaken for a minimum duration of three years, including course work and for a maximum of four years, which can be extendable up to 6 years with every extension constituting for a period of 6 months (maximum of four (4) occasions), . The date of thesis submission shall be considered as the relevant benchmark for assessing the duration of Ph.D. programme. Beyond this, further extensions will be as per the criteria laid down in the 'D' Section below.
- 2. The women candidates and persons with disability (more than 40% disability) may be allowed a maximum possible relaxation of 2 years in the maximum duration; however, the total period for completion of a Ph.D. programme in such cases should not exceed ten (10) years² from the date of admission in the Ph.D. programme.
- 3. Female Ph.D. Scholars may be provided Maternity Leave/Child Care Leave for up to 240days in the entire duration of the Ph.D. programme

D. Extension criteria:

The maximum time limit for submission of Ph.D. thesis³ may be extended by the Dean (Academic) based on a specific request by the Supervisor(s) concerned and duly recommended by the Student Research Committee (SRC) through Department Research Committee (DRC)/Centre Research Committee (CRC) as a special case for a period of one (1) year (on a maximum of two (2) occasions), through a process of re-registration. While recommending to the Dean (Academic), the DRC/CRC may consider one or more of the following criteria as accentuating circumstances (based on the actual evidence produced by the candidate):

- 3.1. Medical exigency.
- 3.2. Forced break due to an unforeseen employment requirement (in case of part-time candidates only).
- 3.3. Discontinuity in supervision (due to non-availability of Supervisor).
- 3.4. Change in focal area of research due to possible emergence of any new/unforeseen challenges in conducting research.

¹ Subject to availability

² The request for relaxation by the candidate should reach the Supervisor prior to completion of 6 years. The Supervisor should forward the request to the Dean (Academic) through Head of the Department/Centre.

E. Conversion of Full time to Part time:

4. Full time candidate may be allowed to convert his/her registration into a Part time on the specific recommendation of the SRC to the Dean (Academic) through Head of the Department/Centre. However, such a change will be allowed only once during the entire course of study.

F. Allocation/Eligibility of Research supervisor⁴:

- 5. Following are the eligibility criteria to be a research supervisor/co-supervisor:
 - 5.1. Any regular Professor of the Deemed to be University with at least five (5) research publications in refereed journals and any regular Associate/Assistant Professor of the deemed to be university with a Ph.D. degree and at least two (2) research publications in refereed journals may be recognized as a Research Supervisor.
 - 5.2. Only a full-time regular faculty member of the Deemed to be University can act as a Supervisor subject to conditions laid down at Para 7.0. The external members cannot be allowed as Supervisors. However, Co-Supervisor can be allowed in interdisciplinary areas and/or as warranted by the research area from other departments of the Deemed to be University or from other related institutions with due approval of the SRC.
 - 5.3. The allocation of Research Supervisor for a selected research scholar shall be decided by the DRC/CRC of the concerned Department/Centre while considering various factors which may include number of existing scholars per Research Supervisor, the available specialization amongst the Supervisors and importantly, the research interests of the scholars as indicated by them in the application form or at the time of interview.
 - 5.4. A Research Supervisor/Co-supervisor who is a Professor, at any given point of time, cannot guide more than Eight (8) Ph.D. scholars. An Associate Professor as a Research Supervisor can guide up to a maximum of six (6) Ph.D. scholars and an Assistant Professor as Research Supervisor can guide up to a maximum of four (4) Ph.D. scholars.
 - 5.5. In case of relocation of a Ph.D. woman scholar due to marriage or otherwise, the research data shall be allowed to be transferred²⁴ to the Deemed to be University to which the scholar intends to relocate provided all the other conditions in these regulations are followed in letter and spirit and the research work does not pertain to the project secured by the TERI SAS/faculty member from any funding agency. The scholar will however give due credit to the supervisor and TERI SAS for the part of research already done.

³ Over and above to the duration mentioned in the section C.3

⁴ Adapted from Section 6 of UGC gazette notification F. no. 14-4/2016(PS) dated 5 May 2016

⁵ In accordance with Institutional Intellectual Property Rights policy of TERI SAS

- 6. Re-allocation of Research Supervisor.
 - 6.1. (a) In case a Research Supervisor leaves or retires TERI SAS before the student clears SRC thesis presentation, s/he may continue to supervise the scholar(s) in TERI SAS as external Co-Supervisor only.

However, the out-going supervisor will be considered as Co-supervisor, only if S/he wishes so and upon approval from DRC/CRC and only if the student has cleared the comprehensive examination (in old cases)/research proposal defence.

The outgoing Supervisor may recommend a new Supervisor in proper consultation with the SRC and the scholar for due approval from the DRC/CRC. If, this process has not been completed before leaving of the faculty, then the DRC/CRC Chairperson shall initiate the process of change of Supervisor in consultation with erstwhile SRC members and the scholar. The erstwhile SRC members may be given preference for appointment as a new Supervisor.

(b) If the Supervisor leaves after the successful completion of the requirements of SRC thesis presentation by the student, s/he shall continue as the Supervisor if a request for the same is received three months before date of leaving/retiring by H/CoD from the outgoing Supervisor and the same is duly recorded in the DRC minutes.

To facilitate the scholar for submission of her/his thesis and take care of the timebound academic and administrative matters a faculty member of TERI SAS shall be appointed as 'officiating Supervisor' by D/CRC to facilitate the scholar for submission of her/his thesis and take care of the timebound academic and administrative matters. The name of the officiating Supervisor won't be appearing in the thesis. Due acknowledgement may be given to the officiating supervisor for his/her contributions by the student. If a co-Supervisor from Deemed to be University already exists, then S/he shall act as the officiating Supervisor to facilitate thesis submission.

In absence of a Co Supervisor from Deemed to be University, if DRC and SRC fail to appoint an officiating Supervisor, the DRC Chairman would assume the position of officiating supervisor for the purpose.

In case no request for continuation is received from outgoing Supervisor by due date, then D/CRC Chairperson shall initiate the process of change of Supervisor in consultation with erstwhile SRC members and the scholar. The erstwhile SRC members may be given preference for appointment as a new Supervisor.

- 6.2. A Supervisor under exceptional circumstances may place a request to relinquish a student to the DRC/CRC, in consultation with the SRC. The DRC/ CRC Chairperson shall initiate the process of change of Supervisor in consultation with SRC members.
- 6.3. In all such matters, the final approving authority will be the DRC/CRC. However, in exceptional cases prior to final approval, the matter will be placed before the

Doctoral Programme Advisory Committee (DPAC) of Deemed to be University for its specific views and recommendations.

- 7. Admission of International students in Ph.D. programme:
 - 7.1. Each supervisor can guide up to two international research scholars on a supernumerary basis over and above the permitted number of Ph.D. scholars as specified in clause 5.4 above.

G. Ph.D. coursework requirements⁶:

- 8. The Ph.D. coursework shall be treated as a pre-requisite for Ph.D.
 - 8.1. In order to overcome any deficiency in the domain of fundamental training for advanced work, several courses are offered across disciplines taught at the Deemed to be University.
 - 8.2. The credit assigned to the Ph.D. course work shall be a minimum of 12 credits. The Student Research Committee can also recommend UGC recognized online courses as part of the credit requirements for the Ph.D. programme
 - 8.3. The course requirement will be prescribed by the DRC/CRC on the recommendations of the SRC. In order to fulfil the coursework requirement, a student will be required to take the following few courses:
 - 8.3.1.Research Methodology (Mandatory) 3 credits
 - 8.3.2.Research and Publication Ethics 2 credits (Credit)
 - 8.3.3.Quantitative methods (Minimum 2 credits is required)⁷
 - 8.3.4.Other advanced level courses may be prescribed by SRC after considering the student's background in relation to the proposed topic of research²⁵
 - 8.4. After completion of the prescribed coursework, including the Research Methodology and quantitative method, a combined assessment of fulfilment of the requisite credit earned and grades thereof will be carried out and finalized by the SRC. The final grades shall be communicated to Registrar of the Deemed to be University.
 - 8.5. A Ph.D. scholar must obtain a minimum of 65% marks or its equivalent grade in the UGC 10-point scale in the course work to be eligible to continue in the programme and submit his or her thesis.
 - 8.6. The Ph.D. course work must be completed within the first two semesters of joining the programme.

Note - There are no exemptions to the above provisions

²⁵ A list of courses will be prepared by the Department as PhD courses.

⁶ Adapted from section 7 of UGC gazette notification F.no. 14-4/2016(PS) dated 5 May 2016

H. Research proposal defence:

- 9. A student will be permitted to appear for defending the research proposal only after he/she has completed the Ph.D. course work as decided by the SRC and defined in G.7.
 - 9.1. As a part of the research proposal defence, a draft research proposal must be prepared by the student in consultation with the Supervisor(s). The Supervisor will circulate the draft proposal to a panel comprising of the SRC members and other invited members, if any, and schedule the research proposal defence activity after keeping a gap of at least 10 days for their review.
 - 9.2. The panel may recommend/not recommend the proposal. And, in case of non-recommendation, student will be asked to repeat the research proposal defence.
 - 9.3. After the satisfactory defence, the student will submit his/her final research proposal and related documents to the DRC/CRC with due approval from the Supervisor. The final research proposal must be submitted to the DRC/CRC within a period of 24 months from the date of registration in the Ph.D. programme⁸ and not later than that under any circumstances
- 10. The student's evaluation will be based on an oral presentation and the accompanying draft research proposal that should broadly include its proposed title, introduction and literature review, rationale for research (through identification of gaps etc.), research question(s)/hypotheses, objectives, /proposed methodology, expected outcomes and proposed timeline. The presentation should also list the Ph.D. courses completed, grades obtained, and any other research-related activities undertaken by the student
- 11. Changes in the Research Proposal approved in the research proposal defence:
 - 11.1. If, any major changes are suggested in the research proposal due to exceptional circumstances, as assessed by the SRC, including, but not limited to the topic, objectives and methodology, the SRC may recommend submission of a revised research proposal to be followed up by a fresh research proposal defence and same should be communicated to the DRC/CRC.

I. Attendance requirements for Ph D students:

- 12. The attendance requirement for Ph.D. students shall be as follows:
 - 12.1. A Ph.D. student, whether full-time or part-time, is expected to attend all the classes in each course, in which he/she is registered. In case his/her attendance is less than 75%, he/she will be debarred from the test/examination for the course and will be awarded an Ab Grade.
 - 12.2. A research scholar, after having completed the course work, must attend to his/her research work on all the working days and mark attendance except when s/he is on leave or any official work as approved by the Supervisor.

⁷ The acceptable list of quantitative methods courses under this category will be prepared by the respective Departments/Centres

⁸ To avoid unnecessary delay a pre-proposal defence may be held at least 6 months prior to the deadline

J. Grant of leave to Ph.D. students:

- 13. The leave regulations for Ph.D. students shall be as follows:
 - 13.1. During the course work, a full-time Ph.D. student, during his/her stay at the Deemed to be University will be entitled to a leave for 30 days, including leave on medical grounds, per academic year. However, the leave will be granted subject to the approval of Supervisor.
 - 13.2. After completing the course work a full-time Ph.D. student during his/her stay at the Deemed to be University, will be entitled to leave for 30 days per academic year. In addition, a Ph.D. scholar who has completed his/her course work may be granted leave on medical grounds up to 10 days per academic year.
 - 13.3. The female Ph.D. scholars are entitled to maternity leave/childcare leave and male Ph.D. scholar to paternity leave once in the entire duration of the Ph.D. programme for up to 240 days and 15 days, respectively.

K. Research committees and their functions:

- 14. Student Research Committee (SRC)9:
 - 14.1. A Student Research Committee (SRC) shall be formed for each Ph.D. student with Supervisor as convenor.
 - 14.2. Students Research Committee (SRC) Composition
 - 14.2.1. Supervisor Convenor and Co-Supervisor, if any
 - 14.2.2. At least two faculty members from the Deemed to be University, with at least one from the Department
 - 14.2.3. The convenor may co-opt any other external expert as an SRC member or Co-Supervisor
 - 14.3. Following are the main roles and responsibilities of SRC:
 - 14.3.1. To review the research proposal and finalize the topic of research under consideration;
 - 14.3.2. To advise the research scholar to develop the study design and methodology of research and identify the course(s) that he/she may have to undertake;
 - 14.3.3. To periodically review and assist in the progress of the research work of a research scholar;
 - 14.3.4. To advise and monitor the progress of the doctoral scholar periodically
 - 14.4. Ph.D. scholar shall appear before the SRC at least once in each semester so as to make a presentation of the progress of his/her work for evaluation and further guidance. The semester progress report shall be submitted by the SRC to the Dean (Academic) through DRC/CRC.

⁹ The role and function of SRC is equivalent to the Research Advisory Committee as laid out in section 8 of UGC gazette notification F.No.14-4/2016(PS) dated 5 May 2016

- 14.5. An 'X' grade will be awarded along with the comments received for that semester if the progress is 'satisfactory'. In case the progress of the research scholar is unsatisfactory ('U'), the SRC shall record the underlying reasons for the same and suggest corrective measures. If, the research scholar fails to implement these corrective measures, the SRC may recommend a 'U' grade along with comments. When a 'U' grade is awarded for the first time, a warning will be issued to the student. If, his/her performance does not improve even after the warning, on receiving a total of three 'U' grades or two consecutive 'U' grades, the student will be de-registered from the Ph.D. programme. On receiving a total of three 'U' grades or two consecutive 'U' grades, the student will be deregistered from the Ph.D. programme.
- 14.6. An Absent "ab" grade to be awarded on proper medical exigencies or medical ground supported by evidence
- 14.7. The progress of Ph.D. research work will be discussed in the DRC/ CRC as per the semester schedule.
- 14.8. The above process will continue until thesis submission.
- 14.9. In the event of the supervisor being unavailable for supervision, the SRC will recommend to the DRC/CRC another faculty member nomination as per the provisions given in F.6.1 and F.6.2.
- 15. Department/Centre Research Committee (DRC/CRC):
 - 15.1. Department/Centre Research Committees are to be formed by each Department/Centre with the following composition and functions:
 - 15.2. Composition
 - 15.2.1. Head of Department/Centre Chairperson
 - 15.2.2. Faculty members of the Department/Centre supervising Ph.D. scholars
 - 15.2.3. Secretary To be nominated by Chairperson
 - 15.3. Roles and responsibilities
 - 15.3.1. The academic programme of all the Ph.D. students in a Department/Centre will be coordinated by the DRC/CRC as per the rules and regulations of the Deemed to be University upon recommendation of the SRC.
 - 15.3.2. Prepare and periodically review the research plans of the Department/Centre, such that these align with the overall vision of the Deemed to be University.
 - 15.3.3. Discuss and periodically review the research plans and objectives of each faculty member in the Department/Centre, such that they align with the overall vision of the Department/Centre/Deemed to be University.
 - 15.3.4. Ensure/monitor functioning of SRC.
- L. Evaluation and Assessment Methods, minimum standards/credits for award of the degree, etc.:
- 16. The procedure with respect to the above shall be as follows:
 - 16.1. The Ph.D. scholar may submit his/her thesis at any time provided that s/he has completed the minimum period of registration and S/he has completed the course

work requirement as prescribed by the DRC/CRC on the recommendations of the SRC with a CGPA not below 6.5 and has also successfully defended his/her research proposal.

- 16.2. Prior to the thesis submission, the scholar shall make a presentation in the Department before the SRC, which shall also be open to all the faculty members and other research scholars of the Deemed to be University. Relevant feedback and comments obtained from them may be suitably incorporated into the draft thesis in due consultation with SRC. The minutes and the action taken report (ATR) shall be submitted to the Dean (Academic) within six months of time from the presentation.
- 16.3. In addition to the thesis the scholar is required to submit a synopsis document, duly approved by SRC. The synopsis document summarises the thesis, which essentially introduces the potential examiner(s) to the objectives, methodology, major findings along with an outlined structure of the thesis.
- 16.4. Ph.D. scholars must have a published record or a proof of acceptance for publication of at least one (1) research paper in Scopus indexed/SCI/AHCI/SSCI journals, which is a related to their Ph.D research (review paper will not be counted for this purpose) and having made two paper/poster presentations in conferences/seminars OR two (2) research papers in Scopus indexed/SCI/AHCI/SSCI journals which are related to their Ph.D. research (review paper will not be counted for this purpose) before submission of the thesis for adjudication, and produce evidence for the same in the form of presentation certificates and/or reprints.
- 16.5. The thesis will be scrutinized for plagiarism if any using appropriate scientific software for detection of similarity. While submitting for evaluation, the thesis shall have an undertaking from the research scholar regarding the originality of the work presented, vouching that there is no plagiarism¹⁰ and that the work has not been submitted for the award of any other degree/diploma of the TERI SAS where the work was carried out, or to any other Institution.
- 16.6. The thesis shall be written in English in the specified format and shall contain a critical account of the student's research. It should be characterized by discovery of facts or a fresh approach towards the interpretation of facts and theories or a significant contribution to the knowledge of design or development, or a combination of them. It should bear evidence of the student's capacity for analysis and judgment, and his/her ability to carry out independent investigation, design, or development. No part of the thesis, or supplementary published work, shall have been submitted for the award of any other degree. Three copies of thesis in a soft cover shall have to be submitted by scholar in a prescribed format. In case of joint supervision, additional copies of the thesis are required to be submitted. Additionally, a soft copy of the thesis shall be submitted.

¹⁰ Excluding part of the own Ph.D. work published in journals or conference proceedings

- 16.7. The Ph.D. thesis submitted by the scholar shall be evaluated by an approved Board of Examiners. The supervisor(s) shall provide a list of at least eight potential examiners of international repute (at least four from India), who are not in employment of TERI SAS to the Dean (Academic). If required, Dean (Academic) may request for additional information about the potential examiners or an additional list of the potential examiners, to be forwarded to the Chairperson, Academic Council.
- 16.8. Subsequently, the Chairperson, Academic Council, will appoint a Board of Examiners for each student. The Board will consist of his or her research supervisor(s) (internal examiners) and at least two external examiners of whom one examiner may be from outside the country.
- 16.9. Each examiner will submit a detailed assessment report, preferably within two months but not exceeding three months, recommending to the Chairperson, Academic Council, one of the following courses of action:
 - 16.9.1. That the thesis is deemed satisfactory and that the student may defend his/her thesis orally before a committee constituted for the purpose and any members of the faculty and research students who wish to be present.
 - 16.9.2. That the student may submit a revised thesis.
 - 16.9.2.1. In normal circumstances, s/he may submit the revised thesis within a period of one year from the date of communication in this regard from the Chairperson, Academic Council.
 - 16.9.2.2. However, in exceptional circumstances, this period may be extended by the Chairperson, Academic Council by another one year; the total revision time, irrespective of the number of revisions allowed, will not exceed a period of two years.
 - 16.9.3. The thesis may be out rightly rejected due to specific reasons as given in the detailed report.
- 16.10. In the event of any disagreement arising between the external examiners, the Chairperson, Academic Council, may, as a special case, appoint yet another external examiner, if, the merit of the case so demands. The examiner thus appointed will report independently to the Chairperson, Academic Council.
- 16.11. The oral defence of the thesis shall be conducted by an Oral Defence Committee consisting of the internal examiner(s) and at least one external examiner. If, for some reasons, neither of the external examiners is not available for the conduct of the oral defence, an alternative external examiner shall be appointed by the Chairperson, Academic Council. Chairperson, DRC/CRC (or his/her nominee) shall be the non-member convenor of the Oral Defence Committee.
- 16.12. On completion of all stages of the examination, the Convenor, Oral Defence Committee shall recommend to the Chairperson, Academic Council, along with a

report of the Oral Defence Committee duly signed by all its members, one of the following courses of action.

16.12.1.That the degree be awarded.

- 16.12.2.That the student should be examined further on another occasion in a manner that they shall prescribe.
- 16.12.3.That the degree shall not be awarded.
- 16.13. In case of (L.16.12.2), the Oral Defence Committee shall also provide the student a list of all the desired corrections and modifications, if any, suggested by the examiners.
- 16.14. The degree shall be awarded upon approval by the Board of Management, provided that:

16.14.1.The Oral Defence Committee, so recommends;

- 16.14.2.The student produces a 'no dues certificate' from all those concerned in the prescribed form and gets it forwarded by the supervisor; and
- 16.14.3.The student has submitted three hard-bound copies of the thesis, after incorporating all necessary corrections and modifications in the version submitted earlier and duly certified by the Supervisor(s), after the viva voce examination (one of the copies is to be kept at TERI SAS library.)
- 16.15. Candidates will be awarded Ph.D. degree with the title of thesis irrespective of the discipline or department of graduation.
- 16.16. Prior to the actual award of the degree, a provisional Certificate shall be issued by deemed to be university upon successful completion of L.16.14.1-L.16.14.3.

M. Award of Ph.D. degrees prior to notification of these regulations, or degrees awarded by foreign Universities:

17. These regulations are applicable for the all those students registered after notification of this regulation. Award of degrees to the candidates registered for the Ph.D. programme on or before the date of notification of these regulations, shall be governed by the earlier regulations under which initial admission has been granted.

N. Depository with INFLIBNET:

- 18. As mandated by UGC, the following norms shall be followed:
 - 18.1. Following the successful completion of the evaluation process and before the announcement of the award of the Ph.D. degree, the Librarian, TERI SAS shall submit an electronic copy of the Ph.D. thesis to the INFLIBNET, for hosting the same so as to make it accessible to all the enlisted Universities/Institutions/Colleges.

Annexure I

- 1. Admission will be made on the basis of a written test/National Eligibility Test (NET) score followed by an interview (as appropriate) conducted by the Deemed to be University. Candidates may however apply at any time throughout the year. Nonetheless, the applications are normally processed in two cycles for semesters commencing in July and January months each year.
- 2. Candidates who may have qualified the national level tests including UGC-CSIR NET (JRF), and candidates with valid GATE score, etc., can appear directly in the interview at any point given the admissions are open. For such candidates their merit score will be based on 100% weightage assigned to interview marks.
- 3. For the NET scored candidates, they are eligible for PhD admission in three categories.

| Qualified for | Eligible for | |
|---|--------------|---------------|
| | JRF | PhD Admission |
| Category I (Award of JRF) | Yes | Yes |
| Category II (Admission to PhD) | No | Yes |
| Category III (Admission to PhD only) | No | Yes |

- a. While category I details have been spelt out above, students who qualify in Categories 2 and 3, 70% weightage will be given for test scores, 30% weightage for the interview for admission to Ph.D. program. The Ph.D. admission will be based on the combined merit of NET marks and the marks obtained in the Interview.
- b. The marks obtained in the NET by the candidates in Category 2 and 3 will be valid for a period of one year for admission to Ph.D. Programs.
- c. The Deemed to be University may hold entrance examination for those Ph.D. programs where NET examination in the concerned subjects/disciplines are not conducted by UGC.
- d. Entrance examination for applicants who have not cleared NET in Category 1,2 and 3 but still would like to pursue the PhD program in any of the discipline (including disciplines covered under NET) could be conducted by the Deemed to be University. This will be followed by regular interview.
- e. For Category 2 & 3, a minimum cut off to be set in the NET score for interview at Department level.
- f. Number of seats be defined for admission in Ph.D. programmes for NET qualified candidates and non-NET qualified candidates at Department level.

Eligibility criteria of the programmes offered at TERI SAS

M.Sc. (Biotechnology)

A Bachelor's degree in Sciences/Engineering/Technology or B. Voc. in Agriculture, Food processing and technology, Industrial Microbiology, Sericulture, Livestock production and management, Industrial aquaculture and fisheries, Greenhouse management

MSc (CSP)

A Bachelor's degree in Science/Engineering/B. Arch/Mathematics/Statistics/Data Science/Geology/Geography/Economics/Energy/Commerce/Management/Computer or B.Voc. in relevant stream.

M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management)

A Bachelor's degree in Science/Engineering/Energy/Economics/Mathematics/Statistics/ Geology/Geography/Commerce/Management/Computer or B.Voc in relevant stream with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 6.2 on a 10 point scale or equivalent or 55% marks in aggregate.

M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and Management)

B.Tech/B.E (any branch) or B.Arch or M.Sc. (any discipline) or M.Voc. (Renewable Energy / Smart Power System / Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning) with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 6.2 on a 10 point scale or equivalent or 55% marks in aggregate. GATE score accepted.

PG Diploma in Renewable Energy Management (PGDREM)

A Bachelor's degree in Science/Engineering/Energy/Economics/Mathematics/Statistics/ Geology/Geography/Commerce/Management/Computer or B.Voc in relevant stream with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 6.2 on a 10 point scale or equivalent or 55% marks in aggregate.

MSc (Geoinformatics)

A Bachelor's degree in Science/Engineering/B. Arch/ Economics/Mathematics/ Statistics/Geology/Geography/Bvoc in Data Science & Analytics.

M.Sc. ESRM (Environmental Studies and Resource Management)

A Bachelor's degree in Science/Engineering/Economics/Mathematics/Statistics/Geology/ Geography with a minimum cumulative grade point average of 6.75 on a 10 point scale or equivalent, as determined by TERI SAS, wherever letter grades are awarded, or 60% marks in aggregate, wherever marks are awarded. For candidates with bachelor's degree in Humanities (e.g. Economics/Geography), a relaxation of 5%/0.75 Cumulative Grade Point Average could be allowed.

The admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree, followed by interaction/counseling.

Four-year UG (FYUP) Programme in Environmental Studies (B.Sc. Honours/ Honours with Research)

A Senior Secondary School Examination (10+2) certificate in any discipline or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate. The admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree, followed by interaction/counselling CUETUG accepted

Five-year Integrated PG (FYIPP) Programme in Environmental Studies (M.Sc.)

A Senior Secondary School Examination (10+2) certificate in any discipline or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate. The admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree, followed by interaction/counselling. CUETUG accepted

Four-year UG (FYUP) Programme in Data Science (B.Sc. Honours/ Honours with Research)

A Senior Secondary School Examination (10+2) certificate in any discipline or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate. The admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree, followed by interaction/counselling. CUETUG accepted

Five-year Integrated PG (FYIPP) Programme in Data Science (M.Sc.)

A Senior Secondary School Examination (10+2) certificate in any discipline or equivalent, from a recognized Board of Education with at least 50% marks in aggregate. The admission process will be based on the aggregate marks obtained in the qualifying degree, followed by interaction/counselling CUETUG accepted

MSc-Economics

B.A. (Hons.) / B.Sc. (Hons.) in Economics with 50% or more marks in aggregate (CGPA of 5.65).

OR

Bachelor's degree in any other discipline with at least 60% marks in aggregate (CGPA of 6.75). The applicant must have studied mathematics either at 10+2 level or at Bachelor's level, either as subsidiary or as honours course.

MBA (SM)

Bachelor's degree in any discipline with English at 10+2 level.

The candidate will be shortlisted based on CAT/MAT/GMAT/CMAT/XAT scores.

Candidates with more than 2 years of relevant work experience may be exempted from requirement above depending on the discretion of the selection committee.

MA-SDP

An undergraduate degree in any discipline, from a recognized institution / Deemed to be University.

Candidates with prior experience in development sector would be preferred, although it is not mandatory.

MA-PPSD

Applicants should hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited Institution/University. Degrees in fields such as Economics, Political Science, Public Administration, Environmental Studies,

any branch of Social Sciences, or related disciplines are often preferred but not strictly necessary.

Candidates with prior professional experience in working with any research organization, Public Policy firm, Think Tanks, Govt. Departments/Ministry, Member of Parliament, Member of Legislative Assembly, Non-Govt. Organization, International Organizations, or in related fields may be given preference.

Experience through internships, volunteer programs, or fellowships in relevant sectors can also be considered valuable.

LLM

A candidate having an LL.B. (3/5 Years) / B.L. Degree from a recognised University / Institution.

Selection will be based on CLAT PG/ CUET PG Score or Personal Interaction.

BSc-Economics Programme

Senior Secondary School Leaving Certificate or Higher Secondary (12th Grade) Certificate obtained after successful completion of Grade 12 or equivalent from any discipline with Mathematics or Applied Mathematics in Grade 12.

Applicants without a background in Mathematics/Applied Mathematics in Grade 12 may be considered eligible on successfully completing a Senior Secondary (equivalent to the 10+2 level) Mathematics course(s) at the National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS) There is no upper age bar.

BBA

Senior Secondary School Leaving Certificate or Higher Secondary (12th Grade) Certificate obtained after successful completion of Grade 12 or equivalent from any discipline. There is no upper age bar.