TERI SAS (Deemed to be University)





10, INSTITUTIONAL AREA, VASANT KUNJ, NEW DELHI

MINUTES

59TH **MEETING OF ACADEMIC COUNCIL**

Meeting No.: 59th (Fifty Nine)

Date : 04 June 2024 (Tuesday)

Venue : Conference Room, TERI School of Advanced Studies

Time : 10.30 AM

TERI SAS (Deemed to be University) MINUTES FOR THE 59th MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL 04 June 2024 (10.30 AM ONWARDS)

ITEMS AT A GLANCE

Item No. Particulars

Item No.59.1: Welcome and opening remarks by the Vice Chancellor

Confirmation of Minutes

Item No. 59.2: To confirm the minutes of the Fifty Eighth (58th) Meeting of the Academic Council held on 08 January 2024.

Action Taken Report

Item No. 59.3: Action Taken Report on the 58th Academic Council Meeting.

Agenda items for Information

Item No. 59.4: Matters of information

59.4.1 Joining of Prof Suman Kumar Dhar, Vice Chancellor.

Agenda items for Consideration

Item No. 59.5. Agenda Items

- **59.5.1** To consider and approve restructuring of MSc (Geoinformatics), MSc (Climate Science and Policy) and MSc (Environmental Studies and Resource Management) programmes, realigning of the courses and revision of Major & Minor project credits in the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
- **59.5.2** To consider and approve review of the complete course framework for four years UG programme and approve third semester courses of Four-Year Undergraduate programmes in Environmental Studies and Data Science offered by the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
- **59.5.3** To consider and approve aligning the learning outcomes and credit requirements of following programmes as per NHEQF offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
- **59.5.4:** To consider and approve five Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
- **59.5.5:** To consider and approve three Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Tech (Urban Development Management)) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
- **59.5.6:** To consider and approve including B.Sc in Energy and B.Voc in relevant stream as eligibility criteria for admission to M.Sc (ESM) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
- **59.5.7** To consider and approve revision of programme structure of MSc (Water Science and Governance)
- **59.5.8** To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MSc Economics offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies

- **59.5.9** To consider and approve revision of the course structure of MBA (SM) programme offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies as per the AICTE Credit norms
- **59.5.10** To consider and approve review of the following two new core courses to be introduced in BBA Semester -3
- **59.5.11** To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters
- **59.5.12** To consider and approve review the suggested modifications and additions in Four Courses of LLM First Semester
- **59.5.13** To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MA (SDP) and align with the NHEQF
- **59.5.14** To consider and approve the new credit alignment of Minor and Major Projects for MA (SDP)
- **59.5.15** To consider and approve the revised core courses for the 1st Semester for MA (SDP)
- **59.5.16** To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3rd Semester students for MA (SDP)
- **59.5.17** To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MA (PPSD) and align with the NHEQF
- **59.5.18** To approve the new/revised core courses for the 1st Semester in MA (PPSD)
- **59.5.19**To consider and approve aligning the credit requirement of M.Sc (Biotechnology) programme as per NHEQF
- **59.5.20** To consider and approve National Eligibility Test (NET) as an Entrance Test for Admission to Ph.D.
- **59.5.21** To consider and approve preparedness for NEP 2020 in respect of UG / Integrated programmes.
- **59.5.22** To consider and approve guidelines for nominating Honorary Distinguished Professor at TERI SAS.
- **59.5.23** To consider and approve recruitment of faculty members.

Item No. 59.6: Any other item with the permission of the Chair

TERI SAS (Deemed to be University)

MINUTES FOR THE 59th MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL 04 June 2024 (10.30 AM ONWARDS)

DETAILED AGENDA ITEMS

The Fifty Ninth meeting of the Academic Council was held on 04 June 2024 at 1030 hours. The following were present:-

Members Present

Prof. Suman Kumar Dhar, VC, Chairperson Mr Manoj Chugh Prof P.S.N. Rao Mr Sudhir Vadehra Prof Chander Kumar Singh Prof. Ramkishore Singh Prof Anandita Singh Prof Shashi Bhushan Tripathi Prof Naqui Anwer Dr Ranjana Ray Chaudhuri Dr Amit Singh Dr Chandrashekhar Azad Dr Sanyyam Khurana Dr Moumita Mandal Dr Amit Kaur Dr Moumita Acharya Dr Adwitiya Sinha Dr Ramakrishna Sitaraman Dr Swarup Dutta Dr Anand Madhukar Dr Gopal Sarangi (online) Dr Adil Masood Dr Ramkishore Singh Dr Priyanka Arora Dr Shruti Sharma Rana Dr Ayushi Vijhani Col B Venkat, Registrar

DETAILED AGENDA ITEMS

Item No 59.1: Welcome and opening remarks by the Vice Chancellor.

Prof. Suman Kumar Dhar welcomed all memebrs to the meeting and thanked them for their presence. He briefly shared an overview of the current admissions status as well as outlined several initiatives aimed at generating additional revenue to address the financial challenges currently confronting the institution.

Confirmation of Minutes

Item No. 59.2: To confirm the minutes of the Fifty Eighth (58th) Meeting of the Academic Council held on 08 January 2024.

The minutes of the Fifty Eighth Meeting of the Academic Council, held on 08 January 2024, were circulated to the members and no comments were received.

The Academic Council may, therefore, consider confirming the minutes, as circulated.

Academic Council confirmed the minutes.

Action Taken Report on the 58th Academic Council Meeting.

Item No. 59.3: Action Taken Report on the 57th Academic Council Meeting

| Sr.No. | Agenda | Action taken |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Item | 58.4.1 The following courses have been | The same has since |
| No.1 | approved at the level of BoS, wherein detailed | been implemented. |
| | presentation followed by analysis and vetting | - |
| | by external experts was carried out. Academic | |
| | Council is requested to consider and approve | |
| | Course outlines of second semester for UG / | |
| | Integrated and PG programmes. | |
| | 58.4.1.1 Seeking approval for 2 Course outlines for FYUP Economics from the Department of Policy and Management Studies. a. Basic Mathematics for Economics | |
| | b. Introductory Statistical methods | |
| | 58.4.1.2 Seeking approval for 3 course outlines for PG programme of MBA (Sustainability Management) from the Department of Policy and Management Studies. a. Introduction to Negotiation skills, b. Organisational Change Management c. Climate, Energy and Carbon Markets | |
| | 58.4.1.3 Seeking approval for 1 course outline for BBA from the Department of Policy and Management Studies. a. Organisational Behaviour | |
| | 58.4.1.4 Seeking approval of following course structures under second semester at undergraduate level from current academic year from the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences. a.Problem-Solving and Python Programming b.Fundamentals of Information Technology c. Database Management System d. Sustainability Communication e. Environmental Physics f. Environmental Biology | |
| | g. Environmental Chemistry h.Introduction to Remote Sensing i.Modern Indian Language - 1 j.Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices k. Personality Development for Success lConstitutional Values and Fundamental Duties | |
| Item No.2 | 58.4.1.5 Approval for addition of the following course structure under first semester at postgraduate level from subsequent | The same has since been implemented. |

| | academic year from the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences. a. Holistic Personality Development Course | |
|--------------|---|--|
| | 58.4.1.6 Approval for the shifting of following two courses from 3rd semester to 2nd semester under MSc. Climate Science and Policy (CSP) program from current academic year from the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences. a. Aerosol Science | |
| | b. Economics of Climate Change | |
| Item No.3 | 58.4.2 Seeking approval for changing the minimum eligibility criteria for admissions in the BSc Economics programme. | The same has since been implemented. |
| | For students taking Economics as minor, 1st Semester math course 'Introductory Mathematical Methods for Economics' may be made mandatory/ a pre-requisite or equivalent courses in 'National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS)' may be considered as mandatory. | |
| Item No.4 | 58.4.3 To consider and approve the framework and programme structure of Masters programme M.Sc (Energy Studies and Management) | The same has since been implemented. |
| | Academic Council is requested to consider and approve the framework and programme structure of Master's programme M.Sc (Energy Studies and Management) from the Department of Sustainable Engineering. | |
| Item No.5 | 58.4.4 To consider and approve proposal of online programme of M.A. (Public Policy and Sustainable Development (PPSD)). The MA (Public Policy & Sustainable Development) offered by the TERI SAS is a two years Masters Programme that is founded on a consolidated and well organised curriculum focusing on multiple angles of public policy making. It revolves around the concepts of formulation, analysis, evaluation and practical implications while incorporating them into the developmental needs of the society. The program has a direct bearing on the policy decisions by government officials at all levels and private not-for-profit and for-profit business entities. | Higher Educational Institution shall not offer its programmes or other related activities through franchising arrangement for the purpose of offering programmes through Open and Distance Learning mode/Online mode. At present, TERI SAS is not in |
| | It is proposed to offer the program in online mode. Necessary approval shall be sought from UGC for the same to commence from the academic year 24 – 25. | a position to apply this to UGC DEB due to the reuired IT infrastructure. The same shall be |

| | | taken up post in house IT development. |
|--------------|--|--|
| Item No.6 | 58.4.5 To consider and approve intake / increase in MBA (SM) programme from 60 to 90 (AICTE approval). | Approval from AICTE for the same has since been received. |
| | The M.B.A. (Sustainability Management) at the TERI SAS equips students with acumen to lead in a resource-sensitive world amid increasing competition and concern for sustainable development. Different courses such as Principles and Concepts of Sustainability, Climate Change and Development, Sustainability Reporting, Corporate Social Responsibility, Strategies for sustainable business, Business, Natural Ecosystems and Community, Accounting and Finance for Sustainability taught in the programme help the students recognize the need, challenges and ways to approach long-term viability of businesses through management and optimization of resources without compromising on profitability and competitiveness. | been received. |
| | It is proposed to increase the number of seats from the existing 60 to 90. Necessary approval shall be sought from AICTE for the same to be effective from the academic year 24 – 25. | |
| Item No.7 | 58.4.6 To consider and approve adoption of University Grants Commission (Minimum Standards and Procedures for award of Ph.D. Degree) Regulations, 2022. | Committee to implement the guidelines is under constitution. |
| | The minimum standards and procedure for the award of, Ph.D have been revised according to the recommendations of National Education Policy 2020 and the UGC has notified the new UGC (Minimum Standards and Procedure for award of Ph.D.) Regulations, 2022 in the official Gazette on 7 th November 2022. These new regulations are framed to encourage research scholars to become well trained researchers and inquisitive explorers. It is proposed to adopt UGC (Minimum Standards and Procedure for award of Ph.D.) Regulations, 2022 at TERI SAS. | |
| Item No.8 | 58.4.7 To consider and approve award of Degrees and other academic titles in the 16 th Convocation ceremony scheduled for the 08 Feb 2024. | The same has since been implemented. |
| | 16 th Convocation ceremony of TERI SAS has been scheduled for the 08 Feb 2024. Prof. Ajay Kumar Sood, PSA Govt of India has kindly consented to be the Chief Guest. | |

| | A total of 249 students across various disciplines and the programs are eligible for the grant of degrees/titles. The list of students declared qualified vide the processes laid down by Academic Council are as per following details. (i) Doctoral - 13 (ii) Masters - 230 (iii) P.G.Diploma (PPSD) -06 | |
|--------------|--|---|
| Item No.9 | 58.5.1 Proposal for in-principle approval for restructuring M Tech Urban Development Management (UDM) Programme as an MBA UDM Programme. M Tech Urban Development Management (UDM) Programme in its present state requires restructuring to be relevant. Over the last few years, M Tech programs in general have not been able to be as relevant as earlier. The changes to M Tech programs in terms of course restructuring, curriculum revision, alignment to international and industrial norms have occurred across the country. On similar lines, it is proposed to restructure the existing M Tech UDM and launch it as an MBA UDM Programme from the Academic year 24 – 25. | Rejuvenation of M Tech Urban Development Management (UDM) Programme was proposed to include offering certificate courses. |

Agenda items for Information

Item No. 59.4: Matters of information

59.4.1 Joining of Prof Suman Kumar Dhar, as Vice Chancellor TERI SAS

Prof Suman Kumar Dhar, took over the duties of Vice Chancellor, TERI SAS w.e.f. 01 April 2024 (F/N).

Col B Venkat introduced and welcomed Prof Suman Kumar Dhar as the Vice Chancellor, TERI SAS. All members welcomed him to TERI SAS.

Agenda Items for Consideration

Item No. 59.4 Agenda items

- 59.5.1 To consider and approve restructuring of MSc (Geoinformatics), MSc (Climate Science and Policy) and MSc (Environmental Studies and Resource Management) programmes, realigning of the courses and revision of Major & Minor project credits in the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
 - 59.5.1.1. Review of the current programme structure of MSc Geoinformatics, MSc Climate Science and Policy (CSP) and MSc Environmental Studies and Resource Management (ESRM), in the context of aligning it to the National Higher Education Qualifications Framework (NHEQF) and the new proposed system of 20 credits per semester (minimum 80 credits for a 2-year PG programme). The courses are placed in Enclosures 1, 2 and 3.

- 59.5.1.2. Realigning of courses across from one semester to the other, changes in course types (credit/audit/core/elective), changes in course codes, removing certain courses (NRE 165 Introduction to Sustainable Development, PPM 179 Design Thinking, NRE105 Independent Study and NRE 102 Seminar Course in Global Change) and change in number of credits (NRG 178 Principles of remote sensing, as placed in **Enclosure 4**).
- 59.5.1.3. Revision of Minor Project and Major Project credits, as per requirement of NHEQF.
 To increase the Minor project credits to 8 and add to 3rd semester credits. In addition, Major project credits to be revised to 20 in the 4th semester.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

- 59.5.2 To consider and approve review of the complete course framework for four years UG programme and approve third semester courses of Four-Year Undergraduate programmes in Environmental Studies and Data Science offered by the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences
 - 59.5.2.1 To consider and approve review of the complete course framework for four years Undergraduate programme for Data Science (DS) and Undergraduate programme for Environmental Studies (ES) offered by the Department of Natural and Applied Sciences as placed in **Enclosure 5**.
 - 59.5.2.2 To consider and approve below mentioned third semester courses of Four-Year Undergraduate programmes in Environmental Studies and Data Science as placed in **Enclosure** 6.
 - (i) Data Wrangling and Visualization (major for DS)
 - (ii) Cybersecurity for Data Science (major for DS)
 - (iii) Data Mining and Data Analysis (major for DS)
 - (iv) Biodiversity Conservation (major for ES)
 - (v) Soil Conservation and Management (major for ES)
 - (vi) Sustainable Built Environment (major for ES)
 - (vii) Conventional and Renewable Energy Resources (minor for ES)
 - (viii) Environmental Statistics (MDC)
 - (ix) Introduction to Geographic Information System (SEC)
 - (x) Modern Indian Language 2 (AEC)

The Academic Council discussed, and proposed renaming the course - Cybersecurity for Data Science (major for DS) as Cybersecurity (major for DS) and approved the agenda.

- 59.5.3 To consider and approve aligning the learning outcomes and credit requirements of following programmes as per NHEQF offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering
 - (i) M.Tech (Renewable Energy Engineering and Management) M.Tech REEM)
 - (ii) M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) M.Sc (ESM)
 - (iii) P G Diploma in Renewable Energy Management PGDREM
 - (iv) M.Tech (Urban Development Management) –M.Tech (UDM)
 - (v) P G Diploma in Urban Development Management PGDUDM

The Department of Sustainable Engineering offers five programmes. There are two PG Diploma, one M.Sc and two M.Tech programmes which falls at level 6, level 6.5 and level 7, respectively as per NHEQF (National Higher

Education Qualification Framework-2023). As per NHEQF, each of these programmes requires minimum of 40 credits every year (which may spread over two semesters) to be earned by any individuals enrolled in the programmes. It is, therefore, required to align the programme structures to accommodate recommendations as per NHEQF so that the credit requirements and learning outcomes of all the programmes can be aligned accordingly. Placed as **Enclosure 7**

The Academic Council discussed, proposed the following and approved the agenda-

- (a) Additional and niche' areas such as Carbon Credit, Energy storage system, Hydrogen Engineering & Electric vehicles be introduced as subjects to be taught as part of the credits.
- (b) Present offering of courses as 01 credit be increased to minimum 02 to be seen as a viable learning.
- (c) Possibility of involving Professors of Practice / Honorary professors be explored for this niche' areas.

59.5.4: To consider and approve five Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Sc. (Energy Studies and Management) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering

M.Sc (Energy Studies and management) [M.Sc (ESM)] is a new programme which shall be started from the session 2024-25. There are 8 core courses in the 1st semester. Out of 8 courses, the course outline of 3 courses doesn't require fresh approval. The remaining 5 new course are as listed below, which is presented for discussion and approval.

- (i) Introduction to Energy Resources, Systems and Technologies placed as **Enclosure 8**
- (ii) Energy System Infrastructure & Operations placed as **Enclosure 9**
- (iii) Energy Policy, Planning and Programmes placed as **Enclosure 10**
- (iv) Energy Conservation, Audit and Management placed as **Enclosure** 11
- (v) Energy Science Lab placed as **Enclosure 12**

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.5: To consider and approve three Course Outlines of the 1st semester courses of M.Tech (Urban Development Management)) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering

The M.Tech (UDM) programme has been restructured. One course of the 1st semester, listed below, is presented for discussion and approval.

(i) Theories of Urbanisation and their application for urban development – placed as **Enclosure 13**

Two courses of 1st semester of M.Tech (UDM) has been updated. Both the courses have been presented for discussion and approval.

- (ii) MEU 167 Urban Development Policies and Programmes placed as **Enclosure 14**
- (iii) MEU 179 Geoinformatics for urban development management placed as **Enclosure 15**

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.6: To consider and approve including B.Sc in Energy and B.Voc in relevant stream as eligibility criteria for admission to M.Sc (ESM) offered by the Department of Sustainable Engineering

To expand the eligibility criteria for admission to M.Sc (ESM) programme, it is proposed that candidates with B.Sc degree in Energy domain and B.Voc in relevant stream be allowed to take admission in this programme.

The Academic Council approved the agenda.

59.5.7 To consider and approve revision of programme structure of MSc (Water Science and Governance).

To consider and approve revision of programme structure of MSc (WSG), offered by the Coca Cola Department of Regional Water Studies to align the course structure with the National Higher Education Qualification Framework (NHEQF), as placed in **Enclosure 16**

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.8 To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MSc Economics offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies

59.5.8.1 To align the programme outline of M.Sc Economics in line with the NHEQF guidelines, the proposal was that the Mathematical Methods of Economics (now offered in the 1st Semester) may be divided into two new courses: (a) 'Real Analysis and Optimization' and (b) 'Linear Algebra and Dynamic Optimization'. However, BoS members suggested that including both these courses in Semester 1 would be too heavy content wise, hence shall be spread across the Semesters. The revised Programme Outline of MSc (Economics) Programmeis is placed as **Enclosure 17**. The revised course outlines are placed as **Enclosure 18**.

- 59.5.8.2 To approve the following new courses for BSc Economics Programme for the third Semester.
 - (i) Intermediate Macroeconomics 1
 - (ii) Intermediate Microeconomics 1
 - (iii) Intermediate Microeconomics 2
 - (iv) Introduction to Development Economics

The revised course outlines are placed as **Enclosure 19**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.9 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of MBA (SM) programme offered by the Department of Policy and Management Studies as per the AICTE Credit norms

Vide AICTE's Model curriculum for MBA dated Jan 2018, program structure and credits have been defined as follows-

- (i) First year (I and II semester) 54 credits of core courses
- (ii) Second year (III and IV semester) 42 credits of electives
- (iii) Internship / Field work 06 credits

Total – 102 credits

Further, one credit equals to 10 hours.

It is proposed that the same be adopted for the MBA (SM) program and the courses be revised to be offered from the next semester commencing Jan / Feb 2025, with 06 credits for internship / field work be equated to the minor internship under offer at TERI SAS.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda. It was unanimously agreed upon to explicitly state that one credit for teaching equates to 10 hours.

59.5.10 To consider and approve review of the following two new core courses to be introduced in BBA Semester -3

- (i) Marketing Management II
- (ii) Operation Management

The revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 20**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and suggested that Operation Management be changed to Operations Management. The Academic Council approved the agenda.

59.5.11 To consider and approve revision of the course structure of LLM Programme as per the NHEQF Guidelines and increase the Credit value along with number of teaching and learning Hours in both the Semesters

NHEQF Guidelines for LLM Program recommend that one semester must carry 20 credits however current LLM structure indicates that the total credit size in each Semester is 16 credits per semester. It is proposed that based on the NHEQF Guidelines, credit size be increased to 20 credits per semester.

Further, the contact hours for credit shall be as follows: 1 credit is equal to 15 hours of teaching and learning. Accordingly, necessary changes have been incorporated. The revised Programme Outline of the Programme is placed as **Enclosure 21.**

The Academic Council discussed and approved the agenda.

59.5.12 To consider and approve review the suggested modifications and additions in Four Courses of LLM First Semester

- (i) MPL 101- Seminar/Clinic on Contemporary Issues in Infrastructure and Environment (From Zero Audit Course to 1 Credit Course)
- (ii) MPL 141- Economic Foundations of Environmental and Infrastructure Law (From 1 Credit Course to 2 Credit Course)
- (iii) MPL 155- Environmental Law and Policy (From 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course)
- (iv) MPL 157- Infrastructure Law and Policy (From 2 Credit Course to 3 Credit Course)

The revised course outline of the Programme is placed as **Enclosure 22**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.13 To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MA (SDP) and align with the NHEQF

The MPEC, MA (SDP) Programme, in view of the institutional mandate of adhering to the National Higher Education Qualification Framework

(NHEQF) as a part of the National Education Policy 2020 has suggested aligning the courses as per its guideline. Necessary changes in the credit assignments are done in the first Semester courses. BoS members agreed to the above agenda point considering the NEP requirements. The revised course outline of the Programme is placed as **Enclosure 23**.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.14 To consider and approve the new credit alignment of Minor and Major Projects for MA (SDP)

It is proposed to have 8 credits for the minor project in the 3rd semester and 20 credits for the Major project in the 4th semester for MA (SDP).

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.15 To consider and approve the revised core courses for the 1st Semester for MA (SDP)

The following courses of the 1st Semester were revised/modified as per the NHEQF requirements and presented below.

(i) Themes and Perspectives of development

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 24.

- (ii) Law, society and Sustainable Development
- Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 25.
- (iii) Principle of Economics

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 26.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.16 To consider and approve the new course outline of elective courses to be offered to 3^{rd} Semester students for MA (SDP)

The following elective courses of the 3rd Semester were revised and presented below-

(i) Climate Change and Development

Revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 27.**

(ii) Energy Economics, Policy and Finance Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 28.

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.17 To consider and approve revision of the programme outline of MA (PPSD) and align with the NHEQF

The MPEC, MA (PPSD) Programme, in view of the institutional mandate of adhering to the National Higher Education Qualification Framework (NHEQF) as a part of the National Education Policy 2020 suggested aligning the courses as per its guideline.

Necessary changes in the credit assignments in the first Semester courses are placed as **Enclosure 29.**

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.18. To approve the new/revised core courses for the 1st Semester in MA (PPSD)

Following courses of the 1st Semester were introduced/revised/modified and the details are provided below-

(i) **Public Policy: A Concise Exposure**

Revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 30.**

(ii) Social Policies & Sustainable Development

Revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 31.**

(iii) Public Administration and Systems Management

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 32.

(iv) Research Methods & Tools for Public Policy and Administrative Decision Making

Revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 33.**

(v) Globalisation and Changing Geopolitics: Implications for Economic & Foreign Policies

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 34.

(vi) Economics for Public Policy

Revised course outline is placed as **Enclosure 35.**

(vii) International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 36.

(viii) Policy Lab - I: Sectoral Policy Scoping

Revised course outline is placed as Enclosure 37.

Dr. Chandan Kumar, Programme Coordinator, addressed the queries related to the MA-PPSD Programme restructuring process and its requirements. He informed the AC members that from the upcoming Academic Session, the MA-PPSD Programme is also offering admissions to fresh graduate candidates, in addition to mid-career/senior professionals joining the Programme through DoPT or any non-governmental organizations. Hence, the courses have been modified and realigned in the Programme to cater for the requirements of all the stakeholders, including the feedback/suggestions received from the DoPT.

The Academic Council discussed, proposed to include think tanks also as part of stake holders and approved the agenda.

59.5.19 To consider and approve aligning the credit requirement of M.Sc (Biotechnology) programme as per NHEQF

The BoS of the MSc (Biotechnology) Programme, in view of the institutional mandate of adhering to the National Higher Education Qualification Framework (NHEQF) as a part of the National Education Policy 2020 approved aligning the courses as per its guideline as placed in **Enclosure 38.**

The Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda.

59.5.20 To consider and approve National Eligibility Test (NET) as an Entrance Test for Admission to Ph.D.

UGC vide their notification dated 28 March 2024, has informed that from the academic session 2024-25 onwards, the NET score may be used for admission to Ph.D. programmes in place of entrance tests conducted by the different universities / HEIs.

At present the Ph.D intake at TERI SAS is based on NET (JRF & LS) qualification as well as its own Ph.D entrance test followed by interview. This is keeping into consideration the uniqueness of programs being offered in the domain of sustainability.

In the light of recent UGC notification, TERI SAS proposes to use the National Eligibility Test (NET) scores/PhD entrance test for admission to Ph.D. Programs.

Guidelines for admissions to Ph.D. for academic session 2024-2025:

1. Based on the scores obtained in NET, the candidates will be eligible in three categories.

| Qualified for | Eligible for | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | JRF | Assistant Professor | Ph.D. Admission | | |
| Category-1: Award of JRF and appointment as Assistant Professor | Yes | Yes | Yes | | |
| Category- 2: Appointment as Assistant Professor and admission to Ph.D. | No | Yes | Yes | | |
| Category- 3: Admission to Ph.D. only | No | No | Yes | | |

- 2. Admission under JRF Category will be done as per UGC Notification dated 7. November, 2022 published in the Gazette of India: Extraordinary no. 544.
- 3. As per UGC Notification dated 27.03.2024, for students who qualify in Categories 2 and 3, 70% weightage will be given for test scores 30% weightage for the interview for admission to Ph.D. program. The Ph.D. admission will be based on the combined merit of NET marks and the marks obtained in the Interview.
- 4. The marks obtained in the NET by the candidates in Category 2 and 3 will be valid for a period of one year for admission to Ph.D. Programs.
- 5. The University may hold entrance examination for those Ph.D. programs where NET examination in the concerned subjects/disciplines are not conducted by UGC.
- 6. Entrance examination for applicants who have not cleared NET cat 1,2 and 3 but still would like to pursue the PhD program in any of the discipline (including disciplines covered under NET) that our Institute hosts. This will be followed by regular interview.
- 7. For Category 2 & 3, a minimum cut off to be set in the NET score for interview at department level.
- 8. Number of seats be defined for admission in Ph.D. programmes for NET qualified candidates and non-NET qualified candidates at department level
- Prof. Dhar provided a comprehensive overview of the recent UGC regulations concerning the National Eligibility Test (NET) as an entrance examination for Ph.D. admissions.

The guidelines for admission to Ph.D. programs for the academic session 2024-2025, were discussed and approved by the Academic Council.

59.5.21 To consider and approve preparedness for NEP 2020 in respect of UG / Integrated programmes.

Keeping into consideration of various guidelines and directives issued from UGC on preparedness and implementation of NEP 2020 (focussed on UG / Integrated), it is proposed that irrespective of the current status, each department shall plan to offer UG / Integrated programme(s) from the academic year 25 - 26.

This further should be broadly aligned to the thematic areas of the respective departments so as to enable a smooth transition from more Masters oriented programmes to the UG / Integrated programmes.

Prof. Dhar informed that under the National Education Policy (NEP) framework, major emphasis has been given to undergraduate programme and there will be a requirement to offer one-year Masters programs.

He further informed that Department of Biotechnology and Legal Studies are planning to launch UG level programmes from Academic Session 2025. The Academic Council approved the agenda.

59.5.22 To consider and approve guidelines for nominating Honorary Distinguished Professor at TERI SAS.

TERI SAS offers academic programmes at UG and PG level both in the domain of sustainability. All the programmes offered have a unique blend infused as aligned to UN SDGs.

To enable a greater exposure to faculty members and students alike, it is proposed that a retired Professor or Eminent Academic of repute of any University/Research/Academic Organization having an authoritative standing in a field of interest to a Department of TERI SAS may, on the recommendation of a duly constituted committee, be selected for appointment as Honorary Distinguished Professor. Proposed scheme for appointment of Honorary Distinguished Professor at the TERI SAS is as **Enclosure 39**.

Academic Council members discussed the need, detailed guidelines of proposed scheme for appointment of Honorary Distinguished Professor at the TERI SAS. Professor Dhar further highlighted that in addition to application-based selection, nominations of esteemed academicians and individuals of eminence by former/present Vice Chancellors, former/present Directors of National Institutes, Fellows of the National Academies shall be considered as Honorary Distinguished Professors at TERI SAS.

Further, the scheme shall be notified as per the requirement.

The Academic Council approved the agenda.

59.5.22 To consider and approve recruitment of faculty members.

Recruitment of regular faculty members as proposed by various departments have been considered and the same shall be routed through a rationalisation

committee (constituted at university level). The recommendations of the same with concurrence of Finance Committee shall be put up for consideration and approval in the Executive Council.

Considering the shortage of faculty members alongside a surge in admissions and the introduction of new courses for the upcoming academic session, the Academic Council discussed, gave inputs and approved the agenda regarding regular faculty recruitment across various departments as proposed.

Item No.59.6 Any other item with the permission of the Chair.

59.6.1 To consider and approve 12 credits in the 3rd semester to fulfil a minimum of 20 credits norms per semester including a 8-credit minor project in alignment.

Dr. Chander Kumar Singh informed the members that an 8-credit minor project in alignment with the NHEQF guidelines is being proposed during the semester break between 2nd and 3rd semesters. Consequently, the students shall be undergoing only 12 credits in the 3rd semester to fulfil a minimum of 20 credits norms per semester.

The Academic Council members recommended that students be encouraged to take elective courses as per their schedule, beyond the 12-credit requirement during the $3^{\rm rd}$ semester. The programs should allow flexibility for students to manage their time according to their preferences, without imposing additional credit burdens.

With no other agenda under discussion, the meeting came to an end with vote of thanks.

MSc Geoinformatics Programme Outline

Enclosure 1

| Year | Courses | Credits | Duration* | R | emarks | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| First Year | First Year | | | | | | | | |
| 1st Semester | 8 core courses of 2 - 4 credits each | 21 | 15 weeks | cr So ap Co fr ES G | et semester total redits to be changed; ome courses to be oproved as Core; ourse to be shifted om semester 3 of SRM to semester 1 EO; Course code to e changed | | | | |
| 2nd Semester | 6 core courses of 2 - 4 credits each | 20 | 15 weeks | ac Es in | lectives have been lded to Sem 2 from SRM to provide creased credit ptions | | | | |

| Second Yea | ar | | | |
|-----------------|---|----|----------|---|
| 3rd Semester | 2 core courses of 4 credits each and 2 elective courses of 3 credit each | 14 | 15 weeks | 3rd semester total credits to be changed; credits of minor project proposed as 8 |
| | Minor project | 8 | 8 weeks | |
| | Total | 22 | | |
| 4th Semester | Major project | 20 | | 4th semester total credits of major project proposed as 20 |

| Semester 1 | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Old Number of Credits | New Number of Credits | Remarks | |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills and | Core | 2 | | Course to be approved as Core as it is already offered | |

| | | Total | 20 | 21 | |
|---------|--|-------|----|-----------|--|
| NRG XXX | Satellite Meteorology | Core | 3 | No change | Course shifted from ESRM to sem1 GEO; and approved as Core. The course code to be changed to NRG |
| NRG 103 | Project management | Core | 3 | | Course to be shifted from semester 2 to semester 1 and approved as Core |
| NRG 178 | Principles of remote sensing | Core | 3 | 4 | Course to be approved for 4 credits |
| NRG 176 | Principles of GIS & GNSS | Core | 4 | | |
| NRG 171 | Principles of Cartography | Core | 3 | No change | |
| NRG 106 | Fundamentals of computers and programming | Core | 2 | | |
| NRE 113 | Applied mathematics | Core | 0 | | |
| | technical writing | | | | as Core for ESRM and CSP |

| Semester 2 | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Course Code | Course Title | Type | Old Number of Credits | New Number of Credits | Remarks |
| NRE 115 | Environmental statistics | Core | 4 | No change | |

| NRG 108 | Programming in geoinformatics | Core | 3 | No change |
|---------|---|----------|----|--------------------------------|
| NRG 162 | Law and policy for maps and remote sensing | Core | 2 | |
| NRG 163 | Spatial data modelling and its applications | Core | 4 | |
| NRG 172 | Digital image processing and information extraction | Core | 4 | |
| NRG 170 | Photogrammetry | Core | 3 | |
| NRE 123 | Biodiversity Assessment and Conservation | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 162 | Hydrology | Elective | 3 | Electives have been added, for |
| NRE 173 | Research methodology and thesis writing | Elective | 2 | more options |
| | | Total | 20 | |

| Semester 3 | | | | | |
|----------------|--|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Old Number of Credits | New Number of Credits | Remarks |
| NRG 110 | Minor Project | Core | 6 | 8 | To be approved |
| NRG 179 | Advances in GIS and current trends | Core | 4 | | |
| NRG 181 | Advances in remote sensing: Thermal, Hyperspectral, Microwave, LIDAR and UAV | Core | 4 | No change | |

| NRG 167 | Geocomputation | Elective | 3 | |
|---------|--|----------|----|--|
| NRG 183 | Geoinformatics for water resources | Elective | 3 | |
| NRG 182 | Geoinformatics for land resources | Elective | 3 | |
| NRG 184 | Geoinformatics for atmosphere | Elective | 3 | |
| NRC 142 | Spatio temporal data analysis | Elective | 3 | |
| NRC 162 | Climate change and disaster risk reduction | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 112 | Multivariate data analysis | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 145 | Integrated impact assessment | Elective | 4 | |
| NRE 167 | Integrated watershed management | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 171 | Environmental modelling | Elective | 4 | |
| | | Total | 20 | |

| Semester 4 | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Old Number of Credits | New Number of Credits | Remarks |
| NRG 112 | Major Project | Core | 16 | 20 | To be Approved |

MSc Climate Science and Policy Programme Outline

Enclosure 2

| Semester 1 | Semester | Courses | Credits | Duration* |
|---|-------------|---|----------|-------------|
| Semester 1 | Schiester | | Cicuits | Duradon |
| Semester 2 Six core courses of 17 credits and elective courses of ninimum 3 credits | Samestar 1 | | 22 | 15 weeks |
| Semester 2 | Schiester 1 | | | 13 WEEKS |
| Minimum 3 credits Second Year | Semester 2 | ŭ | 20 | 15 weeks |
| Seemester 3 | Schiester 2 | | 20 | 13 WCCKS |
| Semester 3 minimum 9 credits One core course of 3 credits and elective courses of minimum 9 credits 12 minimum 9 credits 15 weeks Semester 4 Major project 8 8 weeks Semester 1 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 103 Basic computer programming Core 1 NRC 105 Concepts and theories of development Core 3 NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 2 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 2 NRC 138 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 2 NRE 143 Basic course in economics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRG XXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 NRC 122 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 N | | | | |
| minimum 9 credits 8 8 weeks Semester 4 Major project 20 Semester 1 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 103 Basic computer programming Core 1 NRC 105 Concepts and theories of development Core 3 NRC 107 Climate lab Core 2 NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 183 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 2 NRC 143 Basic course in economics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 NRC 132 | Semester 3 | | 12 | 15 weeks |
| Minor project 8 8 weeks Semester 4 Major project 20 Semester 1 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 103 Basic computer programming Core 1 NRC 105 Concepts and theories of development Core 3 NRC 107 Climate lab Core 2 NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 183 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 3 NRC 143 Applied mathematics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 113 Applied mathematics Bridge 3 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology | 201103001 0 | | | 10 ,, 00115 |
| Semester 4 Major project Semester 1 | | | 8 | 8 weeks |
| Semester 1 Semester 1 | Semester 4 | | 20 | |
| Course No.Course TitleTypeCreditsNRC 103Basic computer programmingCore1NRC 105Concepts and theories of developmentCore3NRC 107Climate labCore2NRC 131Basics of climate scienceCore3NRC 136Earth system sciencesCore3NRC 183Energy: Science, technology and policyCore2NRE 106Communication skills and technical writingCore2NRE 155Environmental law and policyCore3NRC 143Basic course in economicsBridge1 (Audit)NRE 113Applied mathematicsBridge3 (Audit)NRE 189Solid and hazardous waste managementElective3NRG 103Project managementElective3NRG XXXSatellite meteorologyElective3NRGXXXSatellite meteorologyElective3NRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | | | | |
| NRC 103Basic computer programmingCore1NRC 105Concepts and theories of developmentCore3NRC 107Climate labCore2NRC 131Basics of climate scienceCore3NRC 136Earth system sciencesCore3NRC 183Energy: Science, technology and policyCore2NRE 106Communication skills and technical writingCore2NRE 155Environmental law and policyCore3NRC 143Basic course in economicsBridge1 (Audit)NRE 113Applied mathematicsBridge3 (Audit)NRE 189Solid and hazardous waste managementElective3NRG 103Project managementElective3NRGXXXSatellite meteorologyElective3Total Credits22Semester 2Course No.Course TitleTypeCreditsNRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | Course No. | | Type | Credits |
| NRC 105 Concepts and theories of development Core 3 NRC 107 Climate lab Core 2 NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 183 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 3 NRC 143 Basic course in economics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 113 Applied mathematics Bridge 3 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling Elective 3 NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 138 Climate chang | NRC 103 | Basic computer programming | | 1 |
| NRC 107 Climate lab Core 2 NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 183 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 3 NRC 143 Basic course in economics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 113 Applied mathematics Bridge 3 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 Semester 2 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling Elective 3 NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation Core <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | |
| NRC 131 Basics of climate science Core 3 NRC 136 Earth system sciences Core 3 NRC 183 Energy: Science, technology and policy Core 2 NRE 106 Communication skills and technical writing Core 2 NRE 155 Environmental law and policy Core 3 NRC 143 Basic course in economics Bridge 1 (Audit) NRE 113 Applied mathematics Bridge 3 (Audit) NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 Semester 2 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling Elective 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 138 Climate change and water Elective 3 NRC 139 Climate change and public health Elective <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | |
| NRC 183 | NRC 131 | Basics of climate science | Core | 3 |
| NRC 183 | | | | 3 |
| NRE 106Communication skills and technical writingCore2NRE 155Environmental law and policyCore3NRC 143Basic course in economicsBridge1 (Audit)NRE 113Applied mathematicsBridge3 (Audit)NRE 189Solid and hazardous waste managementElective3NRG 103Project managementElective3NRGXXXSatellite meteorologyElective3Total Credits22Semester 222Course No.Course TitleTypeCreditsNRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | NRC 183 | · | Core | 2 |
| NRE 155 Environmental law and policy NRC 143 Basic course in economics NRE 113 Applied mathematics NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management NRG 103 Project management NRG 104 Elective NRG 105 Environmental law and policy NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management NRG 106 Project management NRG 107 Elective NRG 108 Elective NRG 109 Elective NRG 109 Elective NRG 109 Elective NRG 109 Elective NRG 100 Type Credits NRC 120 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 121 Elective NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 137 Climate change and public health NRC 138 Climate change and public health NRC 139 Climate change and public health NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRE 106 | | Core | 2 |
| NRC 143 Basic course in economics NRE 113 Applied mathematics NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management NRG 103 Project management NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 Total Credits Semester 2 Course No. Course Title NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 139 Climate change and public health NRC 139 Impacts of climate change Core 2 NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRE 155 | Environmental law and policy | Core | 3 |
| NRE 113 Applied mathematics NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 Total Credits Semester 2 Course No. Course Title NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 137 Climate change and public health NRC 138 Impacts of climate change NRC 139 Climate change NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | | | | 1 (Audit) |
| NRE 189 Solid and hazardous waste management Elective 3 NRG 103 Project management Elective 3 NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Elective 3 Total Credits 22 Semester 2 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling Elective 3 NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation Core 3 NRC 138 Climate change and water Elective 3 NRC 139 Climate change and public health Elective 3 NRC 185 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRE 113 | Applied mathematics | | ` , |
| NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Total Credits Semester 2 Course No. Course Title NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 137 Climate change and public health NRC 138 Climate change and public health NRC 139 Climate change and public health NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRE 189 | | Elective | 3 |
| NRGXXX Satellite meteorology Total Credits Semester 2 Course No. Course Title NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 137 Climate change and public health NRC 138 Climate change and public health NRC 139 Climate change and public health NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRG 103 | Project management | Elective | 3 |
| Total Credits Semester 2 Course No. Course Title NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation NRC 136 Climate change and water NRC 137 Climate change and public health NRC 138 Climate change and public health NRC 139 Climate change and public health NRC 135 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | | | | _ |
| Semester 2 Course No. Course Title Type Credits NRC 122 Introduction to climate modelling Elective 3 NRC 132 Mitigation of climate change Core 3 NRC 133 Aerosol science Elective 3 NRC 135 Climate change vulnerability and adaptation Core 3 NRC 138 Climate change and water Elective 3 NRC 139 Climate change and public health Elective 3 NRC 185 Impacts of climate change | | | | _ |
| Course No.Course TitleTypeCreditsNRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective 3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore 3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective 3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore 3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective 3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective 3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore 2 | | | | |
| NRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | | Semester 2 | | |
| NRC 122Introduction to climate modellingElective3NRC 132Mitigation of climate changeCore3NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | Course No. | Course Title | Type | Credits |
| NRC 133Aerosol scienceElective3NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | NRC 122 | Introduction to climate modelling | | 3 |
| NRC 135Climate change vulnerability and adaptationCore3NRC 138Climate change and waterElective3NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | NRC 132 | Mitigation of climate change | Core | 3 |
| NRC 138 Climate change and water Elective 3 NRC 139 Climate change and public health Elective 3 NRC 185 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRC 133 | Aerosol science | Elective | 3 |
| NRC 139Climate change and public healthElective3NRC 185Impacts of climate changeCore2 | NRC 135 | Climate change vulnerability and adaptation | Core | 3 |
| NRC 185 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRC 138 | Climate change and water | Elective | 3 |
| NRC 185 Impacts of climate change Core 2 | NRC 139 | | Elective | 3 |
| | NRC 185 | | Core | 2 |
| NRE 115 Environmental statistics Core 4 | NRE 115 | Environmental statistics | Core | 4 |
| NRE 123 Biodiversity assessment and conservation Elective 3 | NRE 123 | Biodiversity assessment and conservation | Elective | 3 |

| Air quality management Water quality management Environment health and risk assessment Hydrology Principles of geoinformatics | Elective Elective Elective | 3 4 3 |
|---|--|--|
| Environment health and risk assessment Hydrology Principles of geoinformatics | Elective Elective | 3 |
| Hydrology Principles of geoinformatics | Elective | |
| Principles of geoinformatics | | |
| | | 3 |
| | Core | 3 |
| Research methodology and thesis writing | Core | 2 |
| Law and policy for maps and remote sensing | Elective | 2 |
| Climate change and law | Elective | 2 |
| | Elective | 1 |
| Total Credits | | 20 |
| | | |
| - | T m | G 114 |
| | | Credits |
| | | 3 |
| 1 2 2 | | 3 |
| Climate change and disaster risk reduction | Elective | 3 |
| Advance climate modelling | Elective | 3 |
| Renewable energy technologies | Elective | 3 |
| Energy system modelling | Elective | 3 |
| Seminar course in global change | Core | 3 dropped |
| | | from |
| | | Outline |
| Eco-system and climate change | Elective | 3 |
| Economics of climate change | Core | 3 |
| Minor project | Core | 8 (to be approved for all programmes) |
| Independent study | Elective | 3 dropped from Outline |
| Multivariate data analysis | Elective | 3 |
| - | | 3 |
| | | 3 |
| | | 4 |
| | Elective | 3 |
| | | 3 |
| | | 3 |
| · | | 4 |
| | | 3 |
| | | 3 |
| - | | 20 |
| Total Cicuits | | 40 |
| Semester 4 | | <u> </u> |
| | Tyne | Credits |
| | | 20 (to be |
| Wajor Project | Core | approved for all programmes) |
| | Semester 3 Course Title Governance of climate change Spatio temporal data analysis Climate change and disaster risk reduction Advance climate modelling Renewable energy technologies Energy system modelling Seminar course in global change Eco-system and climate change Economics of climate change Minor project | Semester 3 Elective |

| Year | Courses | Credits | Duration | Remarks |
|----------------|--|---------|-----------------|---|
| First Year | Courses | Credits | Duration | Remarks |
| 1st Semester | Seven core courses of 20 credits, one compulsory audit course | 20 | 15 weeks | 1st semester total credits to be changed; one course to be shifted from Sem 2 to 1 and its type to be changed from elective to core; one core audit course to be removed |
| 2nd Semester | Two core courses of 6 credits and five elective courses of minimum 15 credits | 21 | 15 weeks | 2nd semester total credits to be changed; one course to be shifted from Sem 1 to 2 |
| Second Year | | | | |
| 3rd Semester | One core course of 4 credits and three elective courses of minimum 9 credits | 13 | 15 weeks | 3rd semester total credits to be changed; three courses to be removed; minor project credits to be changed and to be added to Sem 3 credits |
| | Minor Project | 8 | 8 weeks | |
| 4th Semester | Major project | 20 | | 4th semester total credits to be changed; major project credits to be changed |
| | | | Semester 1 | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Type | Credits | Remarks |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills and technical writing | Core | 2 | No change |
| NRE 113 | Applied mathematics | Core | 0 | No change |
| NRE 121 | Ecology | Core | 3 | No change |
| NRE 131 | Environmental chemistry and microbiology | Core | 3 | No change |
| NRE 138 | Environmental monitoring laboratory | Core | 3 | No change |

| | 1 | | | T |
|----------------|--|----------|------------|--|
| NRE 139 | Environmental geosciences | Core | 3 | No change |
| NRE 155 | Environmental law and policy | Core | 3 | No change |
| NRE 165 | Introduction to sustainable development | Core | 0 | Course to be removed from outline |
| NRE 189 | Solid and hazardous waste management | Core | 3 | Course to be shifted from Sem 2 to Sem1, type to be changed to Core |
| | management | , | Semester 2 | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits | Remarks |
| NRE 114 | Advanced analytical techniques for environmental application | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 115 | Environmental statistics | Core | 4 | Course to be shifted from Sem 1 to Sem 2 |
| NRE 123 | Biodiversity assessment and conservation | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 130 | Soil science | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 134 | Air quality management | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 141 | Basic course in environmental and resource economics | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 142 | Water quality management | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 144 | Environment health and risk assessment | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 162 | Hydrology | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 170 | Advanced geosciences | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 172 | Principles of geoinformatics | Elective | 3 | No change |
| NRE 173 | Research methodology and thesis writing | Core | 2 | No change |
| | | ; | Semester 3 | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits | Remarks |
| PPM 179 | Design thinking | Core | 0 | Course to be removed from outline |
| NRE 105 | Independent study | Elective | 3 | Course to be removed from outline |
| NRE 102 | Seminar course in global change | Elective | 3 | Course to be removed from outline |
| NRE 103 | Minor project | Core | 8 | Minor project credits to be changed from 2 to 8 and to be added to Sem 3 credits |

| NRC 162 | Climate change and disaster risk reduction | Elective | 2 | |
|----------------|---|----------|------------|----------------------------------|
| NRE 112 | Multivariate data analysis | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 133 | Environmental management system | Elective | 4 | |
| NRE 136 | Glacier hydrology | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 145 | Integrated impact assessment | Core | 4 | |
| NRE 147 | Environmental economics | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 149 | Governance and management of natural resources | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 151 | Wildlife conservation and management | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 163 | Groundwater hydrology and management | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 167 | Integrated watershed management | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 168 | Food security and agriculture | Elective | 3 | |
| NRE 171 | Environmental modelling | Elective | 4 | |
| NRE 174 | Water and wastewater treatment processes and design | Elective | 4 | |
| NRE 175 | Geoinformatics for resource management | Elective | 4 | |
| NRE 178 | Satellite meteorology | Elective | 3 | |
| | | \$ | Semester 4 | |
| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits | Remarks |
| NRE 104 | Major project | Core | 20 | To be approved across programmes |

Enclosure 4

| Course T | itle: Principles of Remote Sensing | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Course c | ode: No. of credits: 4 L-T-P: 36-08-32 Learning hours | s: 60 | | |
| | L: Lectures; T: Tut | orials | P: Pr | acticals |
| Pre-requ | isite course code and title (if any): None | | | |
| Departm | ent: Natural and Applied Sciences | | | |
| Course c | oordinator: Course instructor: | | | |
| Contact | letails: | | | |
| Course ty | Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | |
| Course D | escription | | | |
| data and e in form o managem environm Course o | the participants to the basic concepts and the operational skills necessary to accept the participants of them. The course links the theoretical physical principal fremotely sensed images, and thereafter develops understanding of different appent. The course will provide the insights in wider domain of monitoring ental sciences and studies. bjectives o congregate the basic concepts and fundamentals of physical principles of remotes | les and licatio and a | l interp ns in 1 pplica | pretation resource tions in |
| • T | diations of develop technological understanding of different remote sensing platforms- grountellite rocessing of Remote sensing data and some studies in various domains of remote s | ınd, ai | r-born | e and |
| Course c | | T | | |
| Module 1 | Торіс | L | T | P |
| | The objective of this module is to gain familiarity with remote sensing. The module introduces evolution of the discipline as science. The students are made aware of space programs around the globe. How development of various scientific inventions led to the discipline of remote sensing. The topics in this module are: 1. Introduction to Remote Sensing, 2. History of Remote Sensing. 3. History of Space programs of India and World | 4 | | |
| 2 | Physical Basis of Remote Sensing: Concepts and Principles of Electromagnetic | ic Rad | liation | l |
| | This module introduces the concepts of electromagnetic radiation, its interaction with atmospheric components. Laws associated with matter and energy are detailed and discussed. The students are made to understand use of EM radiation in remote sensing. They are introduced to concepts of various kinds of resolutions and image interpretation. This module addresses the concepts of: 1. EMR wavelength regions and their applications, 2. Atmospheric windows, 3. Interaction of EMR with matter 4. Fundamentals of Radiometry: Concept & Laws, radiance, reflectance, emittance 5. Resolutions—spatial, spectral, radiometric, temporal 6. Elements of image interpretation | 10 | | |
| 3 | Remote Sensing Platforms and Sensors | | | |
| | The details of different remote sensing platforms are discussed along with different types of remote sensing data acquisition sensors. The operation of sensors and technology used in data capture are introduced. Different satellite | 6 | 4 | |

| | inor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] 15% inor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3 and 4] 15% | | | |
|-------------|--|------|---------|-------------------|
| Evaluation | | | Ü | <i>5</i> <u>4</u> |
| Lab 10. Im | age analysis for urban pattern, vegetation, geomorphology. | 36 | 8 | 6 32 |
| | lection of GPS points. Ground data collection. | | | 2 |
| of the topo | sheet and imageries | | | |
| | -processing satellite data (stacking, subsetting, mosaicking) p rectification of Toposheet using Keyboard or GPS data and Geo-referencing | | | 4 |
| | formats. Import / Export of files using ERDAS IMAGINE | | | 2 |
| image and | FCC | | | 2 |
| | play, analysis and interpretation of black & white images, grey image, pseudo | | | 2 |
| • | ellite image; season, location, sensor, download | | | 4 |
| | ploring earth explorer and Copernicus for various data sources | | | 2 |
| | tting Spectral Signature using spectroradiometer data | | | 2 |
| | oduction to ERDAS IMAGINE 2011 | | | 4 |
| | | 30 | O | 32 |
| 1 | 3. Imaging History of manned and unmanned aircraft, platforms, sensors aerial mapping- manned and unmanned aircraft systems (UAV, UAS and others) Total | 36 | 8 | 32 |
| | Orientation, first, intermediate, and last return. Applications for DSM and DEM. 2. Principles of Hyperspectral and Microwave remote sensing | 6 | | |
| W | Some advanced technologies would be discussed in the module and the students would be exposed to basic understanding of LIDAR and Drone and UAV (UAS, RPA, RPAS, and Drone) techniques is remote sensing. 1. LiDAR principles, Laser and scanning system, Laser location, | | | |
| | Advanced Technologies in Remote Sensing: LiDAR, Hyperspectral and Micr | owav | e and l | UAV |
| T d g | Introduction to commonly used multi-spectral remote sensing satellite systems (IRS Series of satellites, Landsat, Spot, Ikonos, Quickbird, MODIS, Radarsat, NOAA, TERRA, Sentinel Family, RISAT, Resourcesat etc) Remote Sensing of Vegetation, Soils, Minerals and Geomorphology The module creates a discussion around application of remote sensing in the domains of forestry, vegetation, agriculture, soil, and geological and geomorphological landscapes. The students will be exposed to reflectance characteristics of various components of earth surface. Understanding vegetation spectra and factors affecting it, temporal characteristics of vegetation, vegetation indices Soil spectral characteristics, remote sensing of soil properties, rocks, and minerals. Landforms-fluvial, karst, glacial, igneous, horizontal, and folded strata, fault-controlled landform | | 4 | |
| | data products and sensors are discussed. The following topics are introduced in this module: 1. Remote Sensing Systems (Active & Passive; Imagining & Nonimaging), Orbit and Platforms of earth Observation, sensors, and scanners; Cameras and Sensor classification: Opto-Mechanical & Pushbroom. | | | |

- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 50%
- Practical: Lab Exercise +Viva 20%

The major exam will be covering the entire syllabus of the course.

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, students will:

- The student would command understating in technological development in various components of remote sensing and would also acquire skills to understand the satellite data and its parameters through the lens of electromagnetic radiation principles. [Module 1 and 2; Minor Test 1]
- Imparts the skill to understand the remote sensing technology and satellite data. The technical details of the sensors and various technological dimensions of sensors will be understood. Use of satellite datasets in various environmental applications domain will be detailed [Module 3 and 4; Minor Test 2]
- The student will appreciate cutting-edge development in the domain of remote sensing 1, 2 and 3. [All Modules; Major Test]
- Operational skills necessary to acquire remote sensing data and learn to extract information from them. [Practical]

Pedagogical approach

- The course critically evaluates the concepts of remote sensing and builds the discussion in classroom through lectures, case studies, tutorials, practical exercises.
- The course infuses the interest in remote sensing through hands-on on satellite data as well as through the tutorials

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- Campbell J.B. (2002) Introduction to Remote Sensing, 3rd ed., The Guilford Press.
- Jensen J.R. (2007) Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective, 2nd ed., Pearson
- Lillesand T., Kiefer R.W., Chipman J. (2015) Remote sensing and image interpretation. John Wiley & Sons
- Richards J.A., Richards J.A. (2022) Remote sensing digital image analysis. Berlin/Heidelberg, Germany, Springer
- Sabins F.F., Ellis J.M. (2020) Remote Sensing Principles, Interpretation, and Applications, 4th Edition

Suggested readings

- Jensen J.R. (2005) Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective, 3rd ed., Prentice Hall.
- Joseph G., Jeganathan C. (2018) Fundamentals of Remote Sensing, Universities Press India.
- Kondratyev K.Y., Buznitov A.A. and Pokrovoky O.M. (1996) Global Change and Remote Sensing, John Wiley and Sons.
- Lillesand T., Kiefer R.W., Chipman J. (2015) Remote sensing and image interpretation. John Wiley & Sons

Journals

- 1. Geocarto International
- 2. International Journal of Remote Sensing
- 3. ISPRS Journal of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing
- 4. Journal of Indian Society of Remote Sensing
- 5. Remote Sensing of Environment
- Additional information (if any)
- Magazines
- 1. Coordinates
- 2. Geospatial today

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that would be given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Chander Kumar Singh, Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

The course is reviewed by following reviewers:

- Dr. Pawan Kr. Joshi, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. R.N Sahoo, Principal Scientist, Agriculture Physics Division, IARI, New Delhi

Enclosure 5

BSc in Environmental Studies (Hons./Hons. with Research)

| Semester 1 | emester 1 Total credits = | | |
|------------|---|---------------------------|----------|
| Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | Major | 3 |
| UES 104 | Introduction to Environmental Biology | Major | 3 |
| UES 106 | Introduction to Environmental Chemistry | Major | 3 |
| AEC 101 | Communication Skills and Technical Writing | AEC | 2 |
| MDC 103 | Data Science Fundamentals | MDC | 2 |
| SEC 101 | Fundamentals of Computers and Programming | SEC | 2 |
| VAC 101 | Basic Concepts of Sustainable Development | VAC | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 2 | | Total cred | its = 26 |
| MDC 101 | Environment and Society | Major | 2 |
| UES 101 | Ecology and Ecosystems | Major | 4 |
| UES 103 | Earth and Earth Surface Processes | Major | 4 |
| UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | MDC | 3 |
| SEC 102 | Introduction to Remote Sensing | SEC | 3 |
| AEC 102 | Modern Indian Language 1 | AEC | 3 |
| VAC 102 | Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices | VAC | 2 |
| VAC 104 | Personality Development for Success | VAC | 2 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| UES XXX | Sustainability Communication | Minor | 3 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Certificate | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| Semester 3 | | Total cred | its = 22 |
| | Sustainable Built Environment | Major | 3 |
| | Biodiversity Conservation | Major | 3 |
| | Soil Conservation and Management | Major | 3 |
| | Conventional and Renewable Energy | Minor | 3 |
| | Environmental Statistics | MDC | 4 |
| | Modern Indian Language 2 | AEC | 3 |
| | Introduction to Geographic Information System | SEC | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 4 | | Total cred | its = 21 |
| | Natural Resource Management and Sustainability | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Policy, Law and Governance | Major | 4 |
| | Water and Soil Pollution | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Laboratory-I | Major | 3 |

| | Introduction to Cartography | Minor | 3 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|---------|
| | Global Climate Change | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Diploma | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 5 | | Total credi | ts = 20 |
| | Solid and Hazardous Waste Management | Major | 4 |
| | Contemporary Environmental Issues | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Economics | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Justice and Ethics | Minor | 4 |
| | Geospatial applications for Resource Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 6 | | Total credi | ts = 21 |
| | Research Methodology | Major | 2 |
| | Natural Hazards and Disaster Risk Reduction | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Convention and Treaties | Major | 3 |
| | Air and Noise Pollution | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Lab II | Major | 2 |
| | Development and Resource Economics | Minor | 3 |
| | Global Positioning and Navigation Systems | Minor | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 7 | | Total credi | ts = 20 |
| | Climate Science and Policy | Major | 4 |
| | Integrated Watershed Management | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Health and Risk Assessment | Major | 4 |
| | Spatial Data Modelling | Minor | 4 |
| | Agriculture and Forest Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 8 | | Total credi | ts = 24 |
| | Geo-environment | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental Management | Major | 4 |
| | Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Mitigation | Major | 4 |
| | Environmental modeling | Major | 4 |
| | Digital Image Processing | Minor | 4 |
| | Geopolitcs of Energy and Environment | Minor | 4 |
| | Research Project/Dissertation | Major | 12 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Data Science can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit | Vocational/ Internship | 4* |

| Studies | |
|---------|--|
| | |

BSc in Data Science (Hons./Hons. with Research)

| Semester 1 | | Total credits = 23 | |
|------------|--|---------------------------|----------|
| Code | Course Title | Туре | Credits |
| MDC 103 | Data Science Fundamentals | Major | 2 |
| UDS 101 | Statistics for Data Science | Major | 4 |
| UDS 103 | Mathematics for Data Science | Major | 4 |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | MDC | 3 |
| AEC 101 | Communication Skills and Technical Writing | AEC | 2 |
| SEC 101 | Fundamentals of Computers and Programming | SEC | 2 |
| VAC 101 | Basic Concepts of Sustainable Development | VAC | 2 |
| NDSXXX | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 2 | | Total cred | its = 25 |
| UDS 102 | Problem-Solving and Python Programming | Major | 3 |
| UDS 104 | Fundamentals of Information Technology | Major | 3 |
| UDS 106 | Database Management System | Major | 3 |
| UES 102 | Introduction to Environmental Physics | MDC | 3 |
| SEC 102 | Introduction to Remote Sensing | SEC | 3 |
| AEC 102 | Modern Indian Language 1 | AEC | 3 |
| VAC 102 | Ancient Indian Sustainable Practices | VAC | 2 |
| VAC 104 | Personality Development for Success | VAC | 2 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Certificate | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/Management/ Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 3 | Semester 3 | | its = 22 |
| | Data wrangling and Visualization | Major | 3 |
| | Cybersecurity for Data Science | Major | 3 |
| | Data Mining and Analysis | Major | 3 |
| | Environmental Statistics | MDC | 4 |
| | Modern Indian Language 2 | AEC | 3 |
| | Introduction to Geographic Information System | SEC | 3 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 3 |
| Semester 4 | Semester 4 | | its = 20 |
| | Time Series Analysis | Major | 4 |
| | Open source programming | Major | 4 |
| | Network science | Major | 4 |
| | Global Climate Change | Minor | 4 |
| | • | | |

| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit with UG-Diploma | Vocational/ Internship | 4 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|----------|
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 5 | | Total credits = 20 | |
| | Predictive Modelling and Analytics | Major | 4 |
| | Cloud Computing and Big Data | Major | 4 |
| | Blockchain security | Major | 4 |
| | Geospatial applications for Resource Management | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 6 | | Total credits = 22 | |
| | Machine Learning & NLP | Major | 4 |
| | Performance Evaluation of Computing Systems | Major | 4 |
| | Digital Marketing Analytics | Major | 4 |
| | Research Methodology | Major | 2 |
| | Global Positioning and Navigation Systems | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 7 | | Total credi | its = 20 |
| | Soft – Computing | Major | 4 |
| | Software Engineering and Project Management | Major | 4 |
| | Information Retrieval & Semantic Web | Major | 4 |
| | Strategic management | Minor | 4 |
| | Spatial Data Modelling | Minor | 4 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| Semester 8 | | Total cred | its = 24 |
| | Deep Learning | Major | 4 |
| | Intellectual Property rights | Major | 4 |
| | Generative AI | Major | 4 |
| | Computer Vision | Major | 4 |
| | Digital Image Processing | Minor | 4 |
| | Research Project/Dissertation | Major | 12 |
| | Any Major Course from Economics/ Management/Environmental Studies can also be taken as Minor | Minor | 4 |
| | Vocational course/ Summer internship project (8-weeks) to Exit 4-Years B.Sc. (Hons./Hons. with Research) in Environmental Studies | Vocational/ Internship | 4* |
| | | | |

^{*} In case student not credited 4-credit summer internship during 1st / 2nd year / 3rd year has to earn 4-credit summer internship in 8th semester.

BSc (Hons with Research): 12 credits Research Project/Dissertation, 4 credits Major course, 4 credits Minor course, 4 credits vocational course

BSc (Hons.): 16 credits Major course, 4 credits Minor course, 4 credits vocational course

AEC-Ability Enhancement Course, SEC-Skill Enhancement Course, VAC-Value Added Course, MDC-

Multidisciplinary

| Course Title: Data Wrang | ling and Visualization | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Course Code: | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 20-16-18 | Learning hours: 45 | |
| | · | L: Lec | tures; T: Tutorials; P: Practical | |
| Pre-requisite Course Cod | le and Title (if any): N | one | | |
| Department: Natural and | Applied Sciences | | | |
| Course Coordinator: | | Course Instructor: | | |
| Contact Details: | · | | | |
| Course Type: Major | C | ourse Offered in: Seme | ester 3 | |
| | | | | |

Course Description

Data Wrangling is a crucial part of data science, encompassing methods like data pre-processing, exploratory analysis, and feature engineering. This course will provide a comprehensive understanding of cleaning raw data, handling missing values, removing data ambiguities, and transforming data into a usable format. The course aims to demonstrate the different exploratory techniques to help in understanding the underlying patterns and relationships within the data. The learners will explore various data preparation techniques such as data imputation, outlier detection, and normalization, that are employed to prepare data for further analysis. The students will gain insights on exploring the data with different types of visualizations. Finally, the students will perform feature engineering which includes feature extraction, selection, and ranking.

Course Objectives

- Understand the need for data wrangling in data science.
- Perform data pre-processing with exploratory analysis.
- Apply data wrangling techniques and perform data visualization.
- Study impact of feature engineering on data science applications.

Course Content

| Modul | Торіс | | T | P |
|-------|---|---|---|---|
| e | | | | |
| 1 | Significance of Data Wrangling in Data Science | | | |
| | This module highlights the significance of data wrangling that includes stages like data collection, sufficiency and authentication, and extraction, employing methods such as web crawling and text analysis techniques. The students will learn to ensure credibility of collected data, and ways of enhancing its usability for further analysis and decision-making processes. The following topics will be addressed in this module: Importance of data wrangling, stages of wrangling, data collection, data sufficiency and authentication, data acquisition methods, application programming interfaces, web crawling, web scrapping, query-based data extraction, machine generated logs, public repositories, text analysis. | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 2 | Data Pre-processing & Data Exploratory Analysis | | | |
| | The focus of this module lays on different techniques for performing data pre- processing, followed by data imputation, and encoding techniques. The | 5 | 4 | 5 |

| | module will help the students to understand ways of ensuring data quality. Following topics will be covered in this context: | | | |
|-----------|---|-----|-----|--------|
| | Data cleaning process, duplicate data removal, finding structural errors, outlier detection, handling missing values, data imputation for numerical and categorical data, encoding techniques: one hot encoding, label encoding, ordinal and binary encoding, hashing. | | | |
| 3 | Data Wrangling Techniques and Visualization | | | |
| | The purpose of this module is to illustrate the importance of wrangling methods with the help of several methods of handling class imbalance problem. It will also include visualization techniques for better interpretability. The topics to be covered in this module include: | | | |
| | Merging multiple data sources, scaling and normalization: min-max, z-score, unit-vector transformation, handling class imbalance, over sampling, under sampling, data augmentation techniques, cost-sensitive learning, data visualization techniques for data pre-processing: basic plots (scatter, line, boxplots, histograms, etc.), heatmaps, matrix plots, funnel plot, violin plots, word clouds, tree-map, cartograms for geographical data, spatial data analysis | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | Feature Engineering and Visualization | | | |
| | This module encompasses through feature-based analysis, especially the ranking and selection methods that are considered eminent for building machine learning models. It will also include feature engineering with visualization libraries. This module will include the following contents: Feature extraction, feature scaling and derived features, feature selection and ranking: filter methods (correlation coefficients, mutual information, chisquare test), wrapper methods (Forward Selection, Backward Elimination, Recursive Feature Elimination), embedded methods (lasso and ridge regularization, tree-based methods), principal component analysis, feature importance, Fisher score, variance threshold, dispersion ratio, information gain, visualization libraries for feature analysis: pandas visualization, seaborn, | 5 | 4 | 5 |
| | plotly, altair, yellowbrick. | | | |
| | Total | 2 0 | 1 6 | 1 8 |
| Practical | Explore data acquisition techniques using Repositories, GitHub, Kaggle, etc. | - | - | 2 |
| Sessions | Perform data pre-processing, cleaning, outliers handling | | | 4 |
| | Learn data wrangling techniques with Python programming | - | - | 6 |
| | Analysing data with several Python libraries for visualization | - | - | 6 |
| | Total Practical Sessions | - | - | 1 8 |
| ĺ | | | | |

Evaluation Criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3] -- 20%
- Practical Test: Practical test [including modules 1 and 2] -- 10%

- Project-based learning: Project presentation [at the end of teaching of module 4] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 30%

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students will:

- develop critical understanding of data pre-processing and its significance
 [Module 1 and 2; Minor Test 1]
- acquire knowledge of data wrangling with visualization [Module 2 and 3; Minor Test 2; Practical Test]
- gain insights on feature engineering, extraction, selection, and ranking [Module 1, 2, 3, and 4; Minor Project; Major Test]

Pedagogical Approach

- The course will provide knowledge and awareness on concepts of data wrangling through classroom discussions, lectures, tutorials, assessments, practical, project-based learning.
- The course will allow learners to develop an understanding of the need for pre-processing and data visualization for data wrangling.
- The course will enable students to explore different techniques of feature engineering.

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- * Niranjanamurthy, M., Sheoran, K., Dhand, G., & Kaur, P. (2023). *Data Wrangling: Concepts, Applications and Tools*. Wiley.
- * Sarkar, T., & Roychowdhury, S. (2019). *Data Wrangling with Python: Creating actionable data from raw sources*. Packt Publishing.
- Visochek, A. (2017). Practical Data Wrangling: Expert techniques for transforming your raw data into a valuable source for analytics. Packt Publishing.
- McGregor, S. E. (2021). Practical Python Data Wrangling and Data Quality. O'Reilly Media.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that would be given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Adwitiya Sinha, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Vir Bahadur Singh, Professor, School of Computer and Systems Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi.
- Dr Ela Kumar, Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Indira Gandhi Delhi Technical University for Women, New Delhi.

| Course Title: Cybersecurity for I | Data Science | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Course Code: | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 24-13-16 | Learning hours: 45 | | |
| | | L: Lec | ctures; T: Tutorials; P: Practical | | |
| Pre-requisite Course Code and T | Title (if any): None | | | | |
| Department: Natural and Applied | Sciences | | | | |
| Course Coordinator: | C | ourse Instructor: | | | |
| Contact Details: | · | | | | |
| Course Type: Major Course Offered in: Semester 3 | | | | | |

Course Description

This course encompasses a comprehensive introduction to the fundamental concepts of cybersecurity and data analytics with a focus on safeguarding digital assets, understanding cyber threats, and utilizing data science techniques for security purposes. Students will explore the basics of cybersecurity, various types of threats and attacks, network security principles, cryptographic techniques for secure communication, and the role of data analytics in ensuring internet security. Additionally, the course will delve into the identification of cybercrimes in mobile and wireless devices using data science approaches and exploring cybersecurity countermeasures for mitigating cyber threats and vulnerabilities.

Course Objectives

- To understand the basic concepts of cybersecurity, threats, and attacks
- To explore cryptographic approach to safeguard communication
- To illustrate significance of data analysis for ensuring security of wireless devices

Course Content

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Introduction to Cybersecurity | | | |
| | This module highlights the significance of cybersecurity and awareness against security breaches. The learners will be able to analyse the landscape of cybercrime and encompass through certain ethical aspects and compliances. The following topics will be addressed in this module: | | | |
| | Significance of cybersecurity, data security breaches, cyber attackers, cyberwarfare, methods of infiltration, firewall, malwares, port scanning, behaviour-based security, risk management, legal and ethical issues, cyber laws - Information Technology Act of India, European Union GDPR, US COPPA and CCPA, introduction to CISCO packet tracer, configuration, network design, simulation, exploring files, data integrity checks, packet data analysis. | 6 | 4 | 5 |
| 2 | Cyber Threats, Attacks & Countermeasures | | | |
| | This module illustrates the effectiveness of data analysis to address cyber threats and attacks. The students will obtain insights on various forms cybercrimes and learn robust countermeasures. This module will include the following contents: | | | |
| | Cyber threats, internal and external threats, threat complexity, cybersecurity cube, principles of security, CIA triad - confidentiality, integrity, availability, stages of data, data at-rest, in-transit, in-process, cybersecurity countermeasures, policies, standards, ISO cybersecurity model, malware, types, malicious code, deception methods, cyberattacks, denial of service attack, sniffing, spoofing, keyboard logging WEP/WPA attack, cross-site scripting, code injection attack, using packet | 6 | 3 | 4 |

| | tracer for data encryption, file integrity checks, detecting threats and vulnerabilities, configuring network privacy protocols. | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----|-----|----|
| 3 | Network Security and Cryptography | | | |
| | The focus of this module lays on applying data science and analytics that enables proactive detection of anomalies and vulnerabilities over the networks. Through data-driven approaches, the students will be able to enhance their resilience against evolving cyber threats on the web. Following topics will be covered in this context: | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| | Cryptography, types, private-key encryption, public-key encryption, symmetric and asymmetric encryption, key management, access control strategies, authentication methods, types of security controls, data masking, steganography, using packet tracer for traffic analysis, mobile related crimes, digital forensic, tools - Autopsy, Network Miner, RAM Capturer | 0 | 7 | 4 |
| 4 | Cybercrime Prevention Methods | | | |
| | The purpose of this module is to illustrate the importance of cybersecurity towards protecting computer networks. It will include measures like intrusion detection/prevention systems, and virtual private networks for ensuring secure configurations and system hardening. The topics to be covered in this module include: | | | |
| | Basics of network and security, Data integrity controls, hashing algorithms, salting, HMAC, digital signature, constructing digital certificate, database validation, database integrity, asset management, identification and classification, five nines concept, system resilience, disaster recovery, host hardening, hardening wireless and mobile devices, server hardening, cyber laws, vulnerability scanners, penetration testing, password cracking, exploring Wireshark to compare Telnet/SSH traffic, router/switch resilience using packet tracer, cyber hygiene, components and best practices | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| | Total | 2 4 | 1 3 | 16 |
| | Hands-on with CISCO packet tracer, configuration, network design, simulation, exploring files, data integrity checks, packet data analysis | - | - | 5 |
| Due -4' | Exploring packet tracer for data encryption, file integrity checks, detecting threats and vulnerabilities, configuring network privacy protocols. | - | - | 4 |
| Practical Sessions | Using packet tracer for traffic analysis, Hands-on sessions with open-source forensic tools Autopsy, Network Miner, RAM Capturer | 1 | - | 4 |
| | Hands-on with usage of digital signature, password cracking, exploring Wireshark to compare telnet and SSH traffic, router, and switch resilience | - | - | 3 |
| | Total Practical Sessions | - | - | 16 |

Evaluation Criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3] -- 20%
- Assignments [at the end of each module 4] -- 10%
- Practical Test: Lab Exam [at the end of teaching of module 4] -- 20%

• Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 30%

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students will:

- develop critical understanding of cybersecurity and network security concerns [Module 1 and 2; Minor Test 1]
- acquire knowledge of data analytics techniques for ensuring safety of wireless systems [Module 2 and 3; Minor Test 2]
- gain insights of cybercrimes associated with mobile devices and ways of preventing them using data science methods and models

[Module 1, 2, 3, and 4; Practical Test, Major Test]

Pedagogical Approach

- The course will provide knowledge and awareness on concepts of cybersecurity through classroom discussions, lectures, tutorials, assessments.
- The course will allow learners to develop an understanding of data science approaches to address cyber threats and attacks in network communication.
- The course will enable students to explore different issues of wireless devices security

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- * Heard, N. A., Adams, N. M., Rubin-delanchy, P., & Turcotte, M. (2018). *Data Science for Cyber-security*. World Scientific Publishing Company.
- * Thuraisingham, B., Kantarcioglu, M., & Khan, L. (2022). Secure Data Science: Integrating Cyber Security and Data Science. CRC Press.
- Sikos, L. F., & Choo, K. K. R. (2020). *Data Science in Cybersecurity and Cyberthreat Intelligence*. Springer International Publishing.
- Carrascosa, I.
- P., Kalutarage, H. K., & Huang, Y. (2017). *Data Analytics and Decision Support for Cybersecurity: Trends, Methodologies and Applications*. Springer International Publishing.
- Mongeau, S., & Hajdasinski, A. (2021). *Cybersecurity Data Science: Best Practices in an Emerging Profession*. Springer International Publishing.
- Cisco Course on Introduction to Cybersecurity, 15 hours on-demand video lectures, available at: netacad.com/courses/cybersecurity/introduction-cybersecurity
- Cisco Course on Cybersecurity Essential, 30 hours on-demand video lectures, netacad.com/courses/cybersecurity/cybersecurity-essentials

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that would be given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

 Dr Adwitiya Sinha, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. D. K. Lobiyal, Professor, School of Computer and Systems Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr Ankit Chaudhary, Associate Professor, School of Engineering, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

| Course Title: Data Mining | and Analysis | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Course Code: | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 20-10-30(15) | Learning hours: 45 |
| | | L: Lectur | es; T: Tutorials; P: Practicals |
| Pre-requisite Course Code | and Title (if any): N | one | |
| Department: Natural and A | pplied Sciences | | |
| Course Coordinator: | C | ourse Instructor: | |
| Contact Details: | | | |
| Course Type: Major | C | ourse Offered in: Semes | ter-3 |
| | | | |

Course Description

Data Mining involves algorithms and computational approaches that allow computers to find patterns and trends in data, and perform prediction and forecasting. This course will help students to deal with useful knowledge extraction from raw data, which involves data selection, processing, and analysis. This course will delve into mathematical methods and principles that forms the foundation of data mining.

Course Objectives

- Understand the basic concepts and techniques of data mining
- Perform clustering, association, and predictive analysis
- Develop skills of applying data analysis for addressing practical problems

Course Content Module **Topic** L T P Data Mining and Processing This module highlights the significance of the fundamentals of data mining and elaborates its associated challenges and applications. The following topics will be addressed in this module: Overview of data mining, issues, challenges, applications, data mining 5 techniques, stages of data mining, data pre-processing, descriptive data, summarization, data integration, transformation, data reduction, types of data numerical, categorical, ordinal, nominal, interval data, ratio data, text, spatial, time series data, data processing using Python **Data Mining Knowledge Representation** The focus of this module is on different knowledge representation techniques and attribute-oriented analysis. This module will help the students to apply representation techniques to data in a structured format. Following topics will be covered in this context: 5 2. 8 Knowledge representation methods, Rule-based representation, decision tree, matrices, graph-based representations, textual representations, attribute generalization and relevance, class comparison using descriptive statistics, hypothesis testing, confusion matrix, and cluster analysis, practical session association methods **Association Rule Mining and Analysis** The purpose of this module is to introduce common algorithms for association 8

| | rule mining. It will help to reveal valuable insights from transactional data, for making better decisions. The topics to be covered in this module include: | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|--------|
| | Methods of association rules, A-priori algorithm, partition algorithm, Pincer-Search algorithm, dynamic itemset counting, FP-tree growth, incremental and border algorithms, generalized association rule, association rules, market basket analysis, recommendation systems, hands-on for association methods with case studies | | | |
| 4 | Clustering Techniques and Prediction Algorithms | | | |
| | This module encompasses through different clustering, prediction, and their types. This module will also provide mathematical framework behind the clustering and prediction algorithms. This will include the following contents: Clustering paradigms, estimation of number of clusters, partitioning algorithms, CURE, k-medoid algorithms, CLARA, hierarchical clustering, BIRCH, density-based clustering, DBSCAN, grid-based clustering, decision tree, tree construction principles, best split, splitting indices and criteria, pruning techniques, nearest neighbour algorithm, significance of classification, types of classification - predictive classification, binary classification, multiclass classification, multi-label classification, imbalanced classification, hands-on for cluster formation and analysis with case studies | 5 | 3 | 8 |
| | Total | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Explore analysis of types of data and pre-processing tasks using Python | - | - | 6 |
| Sessions | Hands-on session on knowledge representation using several algorithms | | | 8 |
| | Practicals on building association methods with case studies and analysis | - | - | 8 |
| | Hands-on for cluster formation and analysis with case studies using Python | - | - | 8 |
| | Total Practical Sessions | 1 | 1 | 3 0 |

Evaluation Criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3] -- 20%
- Practical Test: Practical test [including modules 1 and 2] -- 10%
- Project-based learning: Project presentation [at end of teaching of module 4] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 30%

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, students will:

- develop in-depth understanding of data mining and its significance [Module 1 and 2; Minor Test 1]
- acquire knowledge of data analysis techniques [Module 2 and 3; Minor Test 2]
- gain insights on clustering, association, and prediction methods [Module 1, 2, 3, and 4; Major Test]

Pedagogical Approach

- The course will provide knowledge and awareness on concepts of data mining through classroom discussions, lectures, tutorials, and assessments.
- The course will enable students to explore different techniques of data analysis.

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- * Pujari, A. K. (2001). *Data Mining Techniques*. Universities Press.
- * Han, J., Kamber, M., & Pei, J. (2011). *Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques*. Elsevier Science.
- Witten, I. H., & Frank, E. (2005). *Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques, Second Edition*. Elsevier Science.
- Gorunescu, F. (2011). *Data Mining: Concepts, Models and Techniques*. Springer Berlin Heidelberg.
- Kantardzic, M. (2019). Data Mining: Concepts, Models, Methods, and Algorithms. Wiley.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that would be given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

 Dr Adwitiya Sinha, Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Satish Chand, Professor, School of Computer and Systems Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr Nanhay Singh, Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Netaji Subhas University of Technology, New Delhi

| Course Title: Biodiversity Conservation | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: No. of credits: | | ts: 3 L-T-P: 30-10-10 Learning he | | Learning hours: 45 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code ar | nd title (if any): | None | | | | | |
| Department: Natural and Ap | plied Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | | Course instructor: | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Major Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | | ter 3 | | | |

Course Description

This course aims to impart a comprehensive understanding of biodiversity conservation, integrating theoretical knowledge with practical application. It explores the complexities of biodiversity at various levels and examines the multifaceted approaches required for conservation. Through a combination of lectures, hands-on fieldwork, and critical analysis, students will develop a holistic perspective on biodiversity's significance to ecosystem dynamics, and human well-being. Upon completion of the course, the students will acquire interdisciplinary approaches and develop critical thinking to address conservation challenges and provide innovative solutions.

Course objectives

The course aims to build the following basic understanding among students:

- Understanding of biodiversity's scientific principles within an ecological and socio-economic context.
- Practical skills for biodiversity monitoring and conservation, emphasizing innovative and technologies.
- Critical thinking and problem-solving skills through the design and implementation of field-based conservation projects.

| Course of | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1 | Introduction to biodiversity | | | |
| | Being an introductory module, this builds a general foundation by highlighting the following basic concepts relevant to biodiversity: | | | |
| | Definition of biodiversity, background concepts (taxonomic, spatial levels, endemism), levels of biodiversity (microbial, genetic, species, ecosystem, landscape), drivers of biodiversity, ecosystem functions and biodiversity; indigenous knowledge, and cultural practices in biodiversity conservation | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Magnitude and distribution of biodiversity | | | |
| | This module introduces global biodiversity distribution, hotspots, and variations over time, including Indian context. The contents of this module are as follows: Evolution of biodiversity, overview of ecological communities, number of species worldwide, change in global biodiversity over time; global distribution of biodiversity in the major kingdoms of life through different metrics (species, phylogeny, and biomass); biodiversity hotspots, biodiversity in India | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 | Assessment and monitoring of biodiversity | | | |
| | This module introduces students to the methods used for assessing biodiversity and monitoring the changes over time. It also introduces students to some of the global biodiversity assessments. The contents of this module are as follows: Millenium ecosystem assessment, global assessment report on biodiversity and ecosystem services (IPBES), indicators for biodiversity assessment, | 5 | 2 | 0 |

| | indices (Shannon's index, Simpson's index), essential biodiversity variables (EBVs), methodologies for assessment and monitoring of different species groups; role of biodiversity informatics and GIS (Geographic Information System) in biodiversity research. | | | |
|--------|---|----|----|----|
| 4 | Biodiversity loss and its consequences | | | |
| | This module introduces various concepts related to loss of biodiversity - its causes as well as consequences - as covered under following topics: Biodiversity loss: summarising causes and consequences (causes: | _ | 0 | 0 |
| | vulnerability to extinction, habitat fragmentation and destruction, land-use change, climate change, overexploitation, biopiracy, human wildlife conflicts, invasive alien species; consequences: loss of gene pool, loss of ecosystem services, livelihood losses), role of pollution (plastic, chemical, noise, and light pollution) in biodiversity loss | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | Biodiversity conservation strategies | 1 | | |
| | This module exposes students to the various concepts and strategies deployed to conserve biodiversity. It also enables them to develop an understanding of the advantages and disadvantages of these strategies as well as the problems currently being faced while implementing these. The contents of this module are as follows: | | | |
| | Background: Convention on biological diversity (CBD) and Aichi biodiversity targets, population biology of endangered species, conservation genetics, community, and ecosystem-level interactions Ex-situ conservation: facilities, seed and field gene banks, establishment of new populations, captive breeding, reintroduction, discussion of advantages and disadvantages In-situ conservation: assessment of adequate areas, design, and management of protected areas and protected area network, protected areas in India (biosphere reserves, national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, marine protected areas, Ramsar sites) and their issues, protecting sacred groves, connectivity and corridors, sustainable use of biodiversity, citizen science and community-based conservation efforts | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| 6 | Biodiversity and ecosystem restoration | | | |
| | This module introduces principles associated with restoration and rejuvenation of biological diversity and practical applications of these principles in various environmental settings as covered under the following topics: Biodiversity and ecosystem restoration: definitions and principles, extent of | 5 | 3 | 0 |
| | degradation, tools and methods, restoration of ecological processes and | | | |
| 7 | ecosystem functioning, discussion of case studies Field Work | | | |
| , | Ethical considerations and best practices in field research, field work on different biological communities with simple sampling methods and data analysis; visit to biodiversity parks to better understand eco-restoration; presentation and discussion of results. | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| | Total | 30 | 10 | 10 |
| Evalua | tion criteria | | | |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1, 2 and 3] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 40%
- Assignment: 20%
- Field report and presentations: 20%

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- analyze and synthesize core concepts: demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of biodiversity conservation's fundamental principles, critically analyze, and synthesize information from diverse modules to learn about various conservation practices [Minor Test, Major Test]
- gain practical implementation skills: design and execute field-based research projects on biodiversity monitoring, employing contemporary methodologies and technologies [Assignment, Field work]
- develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills: develop skills to articulate their findings [Field report and presentations].

Pedagogical approach

- The course will be delivered through lectures, tutorials, and discussion of case studies.
- The course will also include guided assignments, field work and associated exercises.

Reading resources

- Bharucha, E. (2021). *Textbook of environmental studies for undergraduate courses*. Universities Press.
- Díaz, S., & Malhi, Y. (2022). Biodiversity: Concepts, patterns, trends, and perspectives. *Annual Review of Environment and Resources*, 47, 31-63.
- Gadelha, L. M. R., Jr, de Siracusa, P. C., Dalcin, E. C., da Silva, L. A. E., Augusto, D. A., Krempser, E., Affe, H. M., Costa, R. L., Mondelli, M. L., Meirelles, P. M., Thompson, F., Chame, M., Ziviani, A., & de Siqueira, M. F. (2021). A survey of biodiversity informatics: Concepts, practices, and challenges. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews. Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery, 11(1).
- Gaston, K. J., & Spicer, J. I. (2003). Biodiversity: An Introduction (2nd ed.). Blackwell Science.
- Groom, M. J., Meffe, G. K., & Carroll, C. R. (2012). Principles of Conservation Biology (3rd ed.).
 Oxford University Press.
- Krishnamurthy, K. V. (2018). *An advanced textbook on Biodiversity: Principles and practice*. Oxford and IBH Publishing.
- Madhusudan, M. D., & Vanak, A. T. (2023). Mapping the distribution and extent of India's semi-arid open natural ecosystems. *Journal of Biogeography*, 50(8), 1377-1387.
- Magurran, A. E. (1988). *Ecological diversity and its measurement*. Princeton University Press, New Jersey.
- Maiti, P. K., & Maiti, P. (2023). Biodiversity: Perception, peril and preservation. PHI Learning.
- Primack, R. B. (2014). Essentials of conservation biology (6th ed.). Oxford University Press.
- Sodhi, N. S., & Ehrlich, P. R. (Eds.). (2009). *Conservation Biology for All*. Oxford University Press.
- Wilson, E. O. (1988). *Biodiversity*. National Academies Press.

Student Responsibilities

The students must prepare with readings suggested during the class and ensure timely assignment submission. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions, field work and case studies.

Course Designed by:

• Dr. Amit Singh, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr. Vandana Mishra, Professor, Department of Environmental Studies, University of Delhi, New Delhi
- Dr. Shyam S. Phartyal, Associate Professor, School of Ecology and Environment Studies, Nalanda University, Rajgir
- Dr. Vinod Kumar Garg, Professor, Department of Environmental Science and Technology, Central University of Punjab, Bathinda

| Course Title: Soil Conservation and Management | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: | 3 | L-T-P: 35-10-0 | Learning hours: 45 | | |
| Pre-requisite course code an | d title (if any): | None | | | | |
| Department: Natural and Ap | plied Sciences | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | Cours | se instructor: | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Major Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | | ester 3 | | |
| Course Description | | | | | | |

The purpose of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of soil properties and characteristics. By the end of the course, students will be able to identify different types of soil and understand the causes of erosion in various scenarios. They will learn about erosion control measures and gain an introductory understanding of soil pollution and management of degraded soil.

Course objectives

The course aims to build the following basic understanding among students:

- To understand the concept of soil formation, soil profile and its importance as a natural resource.
- To understand the factors responsible for soil erosion, degraded land systems and their impact on the environment.

| | o understand the soil erosion models, application of erosion control measures at | nd ma | nagem | ent |
|--------|---|-------|-------|-----|
| Course | content | | | |
| Module | Торіс | L | T | P |
| 1 | Soil Formation, Physical and Chemical Properties | | | |
| | This module introduces concepts related to soil formation, profile, and distribution: Soil texture, structure, soil classifications, colloidal properties of soil, buffering capacity of soil, mobility of nutrient and trace elements during soil genesis; paedogenic evolution and soil nutrient cycle. Fundamental biogeochemical processes and role of soil as carbon source and sink. | 6 | 2 | |
| 2 | Land use change and agroecology | | | |
| | This module focuses on agro-ecological zones of India including crop planning and study of soil maps. It covers following topics: Role of land capability and suitability classification and factors affecting soil health. Impact of land use changes due to changing cropping patterns and on the onset of erosion in different topography. | 6 | 2 | |
| 3 | Soil Erosion | | | |
| | This module describes the mechanism and various factors that affect the erosion of soil. Following topics are covered under this module: Soil resistance and resilience properties; soil types, vegetation, water, wind, topography, soil moisture loss and nutrient depletion; significance of land degradation due to erosion and sediment losses; reflection on forest ecosystems. Assessment of soil erosion, modelling using Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) and its modifications, and discussion using case study approach | 8 | 4 | |
| 4 | Soil Conservation Practices | | | |
| | This module focuses on the control and management measures adopted for soil conservation. It covers the following topics: Soil conservation practices adopted for rill and gully erosion and wind erosion, including vegetative and mechanical measures, control of accelerated erosion, traditional and modern practices of soil conservation. | 8 | 2 | |
| 5 | Land degradation management | | | |

| This module discusses causes of land degradation, management, and its remediation: | | | |
|---|----|----|--|
| Wasteland reclamation, application of decision support systems includin | _ | | |
| simulation of physical processes using the soil and water assessment to (SWAT). Case study discussion | 0 | | |
| | 35 | 10 | |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 40%
- Assignment/Field trip: 20%

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- understand different kinds of soil, impact of cropping pattern on land capability and types of erosion. [Modules 1, 2 and 3; Minor Tests 1 and 2]
- understand and assess potential solutions related to soil erosion and soil pollution. [Module 4 and 5; Major Test]

Pedagogical approach

- The course will be delivered through lectures and a case study approach shall be used for analyses of challenges for soil conservation and management.
- The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments/field trip assessment which help them to make this course more robust and fruitful.

Reading resources

- Brady, N. C., Weil, R. R., & Weil, R. R. (2008). *The nature and properties of soils* (Vol. 13, pp. 662-710). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Singh, J. S., Singh, S. P., & Gupta, S. R. (2014). *Ecology, environmental science & conservation*. S. Chand Publishing.
- Foth, H. D. (1978). Fundamentals of soil science. Soil Science, 125(4), 272.
- Fundamentals of Soil Science. (2012). *Indian Society of Soil Science*.
- Tan, K. H. (2009). Environmental Soil Science. United Kingdom: CRC Press.
- Blanco, H., & Lal, R. (2023). Soil Conservation and Management. Springer Nature Switzerland.

Student Responsibilities

The students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class and ensure timely submission of assignments. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions field trip exposure.

Course Designed by:

- Dr Ranjana Ray Chaudhuri, Head and Associate Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi
- Dr Chandrashekhar Azad Vishwakarma, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Anshumali, Professor, Indian Institute of Technology (ISM), Dhanbad
- Dr Sudip Mitra, Professor, School of Agro & Rural Technology, Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati (IITG), Guwahati

| Course Title: Sustainable Built Environment | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Course code: No. of credits: | | 3 | L-T-P: 30-15-0 | Learning hours: 45 | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | |
| Department: Natural and App | plied Sciences | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | | Course instructor: | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Major Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | ester 3 | | | |

Course Description: This course explores the principles and practices of creating sustainable urban environments, focusing on how to design and manage urban spaces. The students will delve into the key components of modern built environments, including urbanism principles, transportation systems, energy use, and the crucial role of blue green infrastructure. Additionally, the course explores nature-based solutions to address the challenges of climate change within urban contexts. Through this interdisciplinary approach, students gain the knowledge and skills needed to contribute to the creation of resilient and sustainable urban environment.

Course objectives

The course seeks to instil in students a fundamental grasp of:

- How buildings and built infrastructure impact associated ecological systems.
- Green building principles and sustainable design practices.
- Concept of urbanism and various components of urban systems.

| • Sustainability principles and nature-based solutions (NBS) for solving problems in urban systems. | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Course | content | | | | | |
| Module | Торіс | L | T | P | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Urbanism and Modern Built Environment | | | | | |
| | This module provides a comprehensive overview of urban environments, focusing on key aspects. Students will explore the diverse characteristics of urban areas, ranging from megacities to small towns, and examine the components comprising the built environment, including infrastructure, architecture, and public spaces. | 6 | | | | |
| | Definition of sustainability, evolution of sustainable design, importance of sustainability in built environment, types of urban areas and their characteristics, components of urban built environment, fundamental principles of urban design, including scale, density, connectivity, and mixed land use, challenges associated with rapid urbanization. | Ü | | | | |
| 2 | Sustainable Transportation & Urban Mobility | | | | | |
| | This module offers a holistic exploration of sustainable transportation and logistics. Students will delve into the diverse array of sustainable transportation modes including public transit, cycling, walking, and electric vehicles, analyzing their environmental and social benefits. The topics covered in this module will be: | 8 | 5 | | | |
| | Introduction to sustainable transportation, sustainable transportation modes, smart transportation systems, pedestrian friendly urban design, policy framework for sustainable transportation, green transportation policies and regulation, sustainable freight and logistics, case studies | | | | | |
| 3 | Energy | | | | | |
| | This module offers a comprehensive exploration of sustainable energy solutions tailored to urban environments. Students will get acquainted to key topics including energy efficiency and sustainable urban energy systems. | 6 | 5 | | | |
| | Energy efficiency in buildings, renewable energy integration, smart grids and energy management, sustainable urban energy systems, case studies involving successful projects showcasing energy-efficient buildings, | | | | | |

| | renewable energy integration strategies, and sustainable communities | | | |
|---|--|----|----|---|
| 4 | Green Spaces | | • | |
| | This module provides an in-depth exploration of the concept of urban green spaces. Students will explore the importance of green spaces in urban environments for enhancing quality of life, promoting biodiversity, and mitigating environmental impacts. | | | |
| | Introduction & typologies of green spaces, concept of urban green spaces, garden city model and principle of intelligent urbanism, indicators for measuring green growth, policy issues for green growth and green spaces, field visits and case studies. | · | | |
| 5 | Nature Based Solutions | | ı | ı |
| | This module presents a detailed perspective on nature-based solutions (NBS) and their role in addressing challenges of urban development. Students will examine the effectiveness of these NBS in enhancing environmental quality, mitigating climate impacts, and promoting sustainable urban living. | | | |
| | Blue green spaces, shade trees, green roofs and vertical greening systems, indicators for assessing the effectiveness of nature-based solutions and related knowledge gaps, green infrastructure for disaster risk reduction, case studies based on advance mainstreaming of nature-based solutions in the development of new residential areas. | | 5 | |
| | Total | 30 | 15 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 3 and 4] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 40%
- Assignment: 20%

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Apply knowledge of sustainable materials, energy efficiency, and green infrastructure in the development of environmentally responsible built environments. [Minor Test 1,
- Minor Test 2, Tutorials/Assignments, Major Test]
- Understand principles and strategies for minimizing environmental impact and promoting resiliend in architectural design and urban planning. [Tutorials/Assignments, Major Test]

Pedagogical approach

- The course will be delivered through class lectures and tutorials.
- The course will focus on classroom discussions, case studies and assignment/field trip which help them to make this course more robust and fruitful.

Reading resources

- Iyer-Raniga, U. (Ed.). (2021). Sustainability in the Built Environment in the 21st Century: Lesso Learned from India and the Region. Springer Nature.
- Begum S. and Ahmed Al Shamma'a (2015). *The Sustainable Built Environment: Technica managerial, legal and economic aspects.* Palgrave Macmillan; New edition.
- Loftness, V (2020). *Sustainable built environments: introduction*. Sustainable built environment 1-16. Springer, New York, NY
- Atkinson, C., Yates, A., & Wyatt, M. (2009). Sustainability in the built environment: A introduction to its definition and measurement. Watford: IHS BRE Press.
- Langston, C. (2008). Sustainable practices in the built environment. Routledge. Taylor & Franc
- Santamouris, M. (2013). Energy and climate in the urban built environment. Routledge. Taylor Francis Ltd
- Rowe, P. G., & Hee, L. (2019). A City in Blue and Green: the Singapore story. Springer.

Journals

- Sustainable Cities and Society, Elsevier
- Sustainable Futures, Elsevier

Student Responsibilities

The students must prepare with readings suggested during the class and ensure timely assignment submission. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions.

Course Designed by:

- Dr. Adil Masood, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi
- Dr. Amit Singh, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewed by:

- Dr. Mohammad Saquib, Associate Professor, Faculty of Architecture & Ekistics, Jamia Millia Islamia University, New Delhi
- Dr. Abdul Halim Babbu, Associate Professor, Faculty of Architecture & Ekistics, Jamia Millia Islamia University, New Delhi

| Course Title: Conventional a | ourse Title: Conventional and Renewable Energy Resources | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course Code: | No. of Credits: | ts: 3 L-T-P: 33-12-0 Learning | | Learning Hours: 45 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite Course Code a | and Title (if any) | : None | · | | | | | | | |
| Department: Natural and Ap | plied Sciences | | | | | | | | | |
| Course Coordinator: | | Cours | se Instructor: | | | | | | | |
| Contact Details: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Course Type: Minor | | Course Offered In: Semester 3 | | | | | | | | |
| G B '4' | | | | | | | | | | |

Course Description

This course provides an understanding of conventional and renewable energy sources, including their technologies, applications, environmental impacts, and socio-economic considerations. Through lectures, discussions, and tutorial sessions, students will gain insights into the role of these energy sources in addressing energy challenges and transitioning towards sustainable energy systems.

Course Objectives

- To introduce students to the fundamentals of conventional and renewable energy sources.
- To explore the technological advancements, applications, and limitations of different energy sources.
- To examine the environmental and socio-economic considerations associated with conventional and renewable energy systems.
- To foster critical thinking and problem-solving skills in addressing energy-related challenges.

| Course | Content | | | |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1 | Introduction to Energy Sources | | | |
| | This module focuses on introductory knowledge about energy sources, their | | | |
| | classifications, production/consumption trends, concepts of energy efficiency and | | | |
| | security, and environmental-social-economic considerations related to energy, thus | | | |
| | setting the context for the next modules. | | | |
| | Status of World and Indian Energy scenario, overview of energy sources and their | | | |
| | classification; patterns and trends in energy production and consumption; concepts | | | |
| | of energy efficiency and energy security; environmental implications of energy | 3 | 1 | |
| | use: CO ₂ emissions in developed and developing countries; socio-economic | | | |
| | considerations. | | | |
| 2 | Conventional Energy Sources | | | |
| | This module provides an understanding of conventional energy sources and fossil | | | |
| | fuels. Students will explore the technologies, extraction methods, and | | | |
| | environmental impacts associated with these energy sources. | | | |
| | Introduction to conventional energy sources, history of fossil fuels, classification, | 3 | 1 | |
| | fundamental definitions and physio-chemical properties. | | | |
| | Solid Fossil Fuel: Coal – classification, formation, and composition; coal mining | _ | | |
| | techniques: surface mining, underground mining; coal combustion, gasification, | 3 | 1 | |
| | liquefaction. | | | |
| | Liquid and Gaseous Fossil Fuels: Petroleum – formation, oil exploration, | | | |
| | extraction, and refining processes and products. Natural gas – exploration, | 4 | 2 | |
| | extraction; producer gas, water gas, hydrogen gas. | 2 | | |
| | Environmental impacts of fossil fuels. | 2 | | |
| 3 | Nuclear Energy | | 1 | |
| | This module provides a basic introduction to nuclear energy processes, nuclear | | | |
| | radiation hazards, and nuclear waste management. | | | |
| | Nuclear fission and fusion processes, nuclear reactors, nuclear fuels, nuclear | _ | | |
| | energy safety and waste management: radiation hazards and nuclear waste | 3 | 1 | |
| 4 | disposal. | | | |
| 4 | Renewable Energy Sources | | | |

| | This module offers an exploration of renewable energy sources, including solar, wind, hydro, biomass, geothermal, and ocean energy. Through theoretical lectures, tutorials and case studies, students will gain an understanding of the technologies and applications associated with renewable energy. | | | |
|---|--|----|----|--|
| | Introduction to renewable energy, types of renewable energy sources, importance of renewable energy in the context of sustainable development. | 1 | | |
| | Solar Energy: Sun as source of energy, solar radiation, and its spectral characteristics, solar photovoltaic (PV) and solar thermal technologies, applications, challenges, benefits, international solar alliance. | 3 | 1 | |
| | Wind Energy: Wind energy resource assessment and potential; wind turbines: technology, types, and operation; wind farms. | 2 | 1 | |
| | Hydropower and Ocean Energy: Hydropower technologies: principles of generation; types (dams, run-of-river), advantages, and challenges; ocean energy technologies: tidal, wave, and ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC). | 3 | 1 | |
| | Geothermal Energy: Geothermal resource assessment, exploration techniques, geothermal energy extraction methods and applications. | 2 | 1 | |
| | Biomass Energy: Biomass resources: types, characteristics; biomass conversion technologies: combustion, gasification, anaerobic digestion; waste to energy. | 2 | 1 | |
| 5 | Challenges and Transitioning towards Sustainable Energy Systems | | | |
| | This module will help students identify the issues related to renewable energy integration, grid management, and the need for transitioning towards sustainable energy systems. | | | |
| | Challenges and solutions in renewable energy integration and grid management, smart grid technologies and demand-side management, role of energy storage systems in renewable energy integration, energy-climate change linkages and need for transitioning towards sustainable energy systems. | 2 | 1 | |
| | | 33 | 12 | |

Evaluation Criteria

- Tutorials/assignment: 20%
- Minor Test 1 (Module 1 and 2): 20%
- Minor Test 2 (Module 3 and 4): 20%
- Major Test (Entire Syllabus): 40%

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- develop an introductory understanding of energy sources, patterns in energy production and consumption, and environmental-social-economic considerations associated with energy resources [Module 1, Minor Test 1, Major Test]
- gain knowledge of the fundamentals of conventional energy sources, including technologies and extraction methods used in producing conventional energy [Module 2, Minor Test 1, Major Test]
- develop an understanding of nuclear energy technologies [Module 3, Minor Test 2, Major Test]
- develop an understanding of various renewable energy technologies and their applications [Module 4, Minor Test 2, Major Test]
- understand the challenges and solutions related to renewable energy integration, grid management, and the need for transitioning towards sustainable energy systems [Module 5, Major Test]

Pedagogical Approach

- The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, class exercises, and tutorials that will be further connected with real-life examples and case studies.
- The course will focus on classroom discussions and assignments that will help to make this study more participatory, robust, and productive.

Reading Resources

1. Hinrichs RA, Kleinbach MH, Wade R (2023). *Energy: Its Use and the Environment*. Sixth Edition, Cengage Learning.

- 2. Kumar, R. (2013). Fossil Fuels: Sources, Environmental Concerns and Waste Management Practices. Nova Science Publishers.
- 3. Murray, R., & Holbert, K.E. (2019). *Nuclear Energy: An Introduction to the Concepts, Systems, and Applications of Nuclear Processes*. Butterworth-Heinemann.
- 4. Boyle, G. (2012). Renewable Energy: Power for a Sustainable Future. Oxford University Press.
- 5. Nelson, V.C., & Starcher, K.L. (2016). *Introduction to Renewable Energy*. CRC Press.
- 6. Kishore, V.V.N. (2008). *Renewable Energy Engineering and Technology–A Knowledge Compendium*. TERI Press, New Delhi.
- 7. Stephen, A. (2021). Fundamentals and applications of renewable energy. States Academic Press, New York.
- 8. Rajput, R.K. (2014). Non-conventional energy sources and utilisation. Sultan Chand, New Delhi.
- 9. Maisie, W. (2017). *Renewable energy: power for a sustainable future*. Larsen & Keller, New York. 10. Twidell, J., & Weir, T. (2015). *Renewable energy resources*. Routledge.

Student Responsibilities

The students must come prepared with readings suggested during the classes and ensure timely submissions of tutorials and assignments. They are also expected to attend classes regularly, participate, and contribute to classroom discussions to strengthen their understanding further. Their other responsibilities include feedback and discipline.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Anand Madhukar, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Atul Sharma, Professor, Rajiv Gandhi Institute of Petroleum Technology, Jais, Amethi.
- Dr. Ram Narayan Singh, Professor, School of Energy & Environmental Studies, Devi Ahilya Vishwavidayala, Indore.

| Course title: Environmental Statistics | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P: 46-14-0 | Learning hours: 60 | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and | I title (if any): No pre | -requisite required | | | | | |
| Department: Natural and App | lied Sciences | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | (| Course instructor(s): | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Multidisciplinary course Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | | | | | |

Course description

As the world gets more crowded and technology continues to develop, environmental problems multiply. There are many aspects of these problems—economic, political, psychological, medical, scientific and technological. Addressing such problems often involves quantitative aspects; in particular, the acquisition and analysis of environmental data. Treating these quantitative problems effectively involves the use of statistics. When one is confronted with a new problem that involves the collection and analysis of data, two crucial questions exist: "How will using statistics help this problem?" and "Which techniques should be used?"

The course has been designed and intended to help budding environmental scientists/managers to answer these questions in order better to understand and design systems for environmental protection.

Course objectives

- Introduce basic concepts useful for environmental data analysis
- Become aware of a wide range of applications of statistics in environmental management & decision making
- Develop technical skills to use statistical tools and software in environmental data analysis

| Course content | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|----|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P | | | |
| 1 | Introduction | | | | | | |
| | Relevance of statistics in environmental management; the nature environmental data; concept of random variable and its relevance with respect to the environmental data; Review of concepts of inferential statistics – parameter estimation and hypothesis testing | 5 | | | | | |
| 2 | Environmental data sampling | | | | | | |
| | Need and purpose of sampling; methods for selecting sampling locations and times for different environmental matrices – monitoring of water bodies for hydrological and water quality data; air quality monitoring; soil sampling – statistical considerations. | 4 | | | | | |
| 3 | Statistical distribution modelling applications in environment | | | | | | |
| | Discrete distributions—binomial, Poisson, geometric, negative binomial and hypergeometric; Continuous distributions — normal, lognormal, exponential, Weibull, Gamma and Beta; Probability plotting methods for different distributions Model identification using goodness-of-fit tests - Chi-square, Kolmogorov-Smirnov and Anderson-Darling test Parameter estimation methods — method of moments, method of maximum likelihood, method of least squares and probability plot correlation coefficient plot. Case studies | 10 | 4 | | | | |
| 4 | Analysis of variance (ANOVA) | | | | | | |
| | Variability and errors in environmental pollution data; Completely randomized design; randomized block design; Multiple comparisons; ANOVA – one way, two way; Design of experiment | 8 | 3 | | | | |
| 5 | Extreme values statistics | | | | | | |
| | Introduction to extreme values; Frequency analysis of extreme | - | | - | | | |

| | events: Order statistics – definitions and distributions, probability distribution of extremes, exceedance probability, applications. Case studies: environmental pollution, water resources | 4 | 2 | |
|---|---|----|----|---|
| 6 | Environmental data analysis | | | 1 |
| | Outlier detection; different tests for outlier detection; Regression analysis: simple and multiple regression models; curve fitting criteria and parameter estimation; statistical significance of model parameters; model diagnostics. Case studies: rainfall-runoff model, volume-discharge model; Climate change; water quality parameters Analysis of trend in the environmental data Trend and seasonality; detecting and estimating trends – applications to environmental data | 15 | 5 | |
| | Total | 46 | 14 | |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test 1: 20% [Module 1 & 2, after 5-6 weeks of teaching]
- Minor Test 2: 20% [Module 3 & 4, after 12-13 weeks of teaching]
- Major Test: 40% [Module 1 to 6, end of semester]
- Assignment: 20% [5 tutorial assignments spread over entire semester]

Learning outcomes

After completing this course, the students will be able to:

- implement statistics for environmental monitoring and sampling
- analyse, model and quantify uncertainty and variability in environmental data
- extract information and draw scientific inference from large amount of data collected to solve environmental problems
- analyse trend and seasonality in environmental data
- apply statistical tools and software to analyse environmental data

Assessment mechanism for learning outcomes: The three tests and tutorial assignments spread over the entire semester

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures, tutorial assignment along with relevant case studies.

Materials

Textbooks

The following textbooks independently cover all the 6 modules:

- Ayyub, B.M. and McCuen, R.H. (2011) *Probability, Statistics and Reliability for Engineers and Scientists*, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Gilbert R.O. (1987) *Statistical Methods for Environmental Pollution Monitoring*, New York, Van Nostrand Reinhold.
- Helsel D.R. and Hirsch R.M. (1997) *Statistical Methods in Water Resources*, Elsevier Science Ltd., UK.
- Kottegoda N.T. and Rosso R. (2008) *Applied Statistics for Civil and Environmental Engineers*, McGraw-Hill, International Edition.

Suggested readings

Suggested readings may be referred to for getting more insights and additional relevant examples for the more interested student.

- Berthouex P.M. and Brown L.C. (1994) *Statistics for Environmental Engineers*, Lewis Publishers, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Cothern C.R. and Ross N.P. (1994) *Environmental Statistics, Assessment and Forecasting*, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, FL.
- Hoshmand A.R. (1997) Statistical Methods for Environmental and Agricultural Sciences, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- Gibbons R.D. (1994) Statistical Methods for Groundwater Monitoring, John Wiley & Sons,

- New York.
- Ginevan M.E., Splistone D.E. (2004) *Statistical Tools for Environmental Quality Measurement*. John Wiley & Sons Hoboken, NJ.
- Gregoire T.M. and Valentine H.T. (2008) *Sampling Strategies for Natural Resources and the Environment*, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton.
- Keith L.H. (1991) *Environmental Sampling and Analysis: A Practical Guide*, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, FL.
- Keith L.H. (ed) (1996) *Principles of Environmental Sampling*, Second Edition, American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C., Distributed by Oxford University Press, New York.
- Manly B.F.J. (2001) *Statistics for Environmental Science and Management*. Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, FL.
- McBride G.B. (2005) Using Statistical Methods for Water Quality Management: Issues, Problems and Solutions, John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, NJ, USA.
- Ott W.R. (1995) Environmental Statistics and Data Analysis, Lewis Publishers, Boca Raton, FL.
- Shaefer S.J. and Theodore L. (2007) *Probability and Statistics Applications for Environmental Science*, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL.
- USEPA (2002). Guidance on Choosing a Sampling Design for Environmental Data Collection, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of the Environmental Information, Washington DC, 20460, EPA/240/R-02/005
- Walford N. (2011) *Practical Statistics for Geographers and Earth Scientists*, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, USA.
- Zhang C. (2007) Fundamentals of Environmental Sampling and Data Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, NJ, USA.

Journals

- Biometrika
- Environmental and Ecological Statistics
- Environmetrics
- Journal of Statistical Computing and Simulation
- Journal of the American Statistical Association
- Technometrics
- The American Statistician

Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities

The students are expected to submit assignments in time and come prepared with readings when provided.

Course Designed by:

Dr Prateek Sharma, Professor and Vice Chancellor, Delhi Technological University

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Krishan Kumar, Professor, School of Environmental Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr Anil Haritash, Associate Professor, Department of Environmental Engineering, Delhi Technological University, Delhi

| Course Title: Introduction to C | Geographic Informat | tion Systems | |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 36-03-12 | Learning hours: 45 |
| | | I | L: Lecture; T: Tutorial; P: Practical |
| Pre-requisite course code and | l title (if any): Non | e | |
| Department: Natural and App | lied Sciences | | |
| Course coordinator: | C | ourse instructor: | |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course type: Skill Enhanceme | ent Course C | ourse offered in: Seme | ster 3 |

Course Description

This course provides an overview of Geographic Information System (GIS) technology and its applications in various fields. Students will learn the fundamental concepts of GIS, including spatial data collection, data management, analysis, visualization, and interpretation. Students will also gain hands-on experience with GIS software to generate data and manipulate geographic data, perform spatial analysis, and create maps.

Course objectives

- Provide students with an understanding of the fundamental concepts of Geographic Information System (GIS) and its applications in various sectors.
- Familiarize students with the basic concepts of spatial data types, nature of data and formats commonly used in GIS.
- Introduce students to data collection methods and different GIS software to manipulate, analyze, and visualize spatial data.
- Develop skills in creating maps, performing spatial analysis, and interpreting GIS results.
- Apply GIS principles to real-world projects and case studies to solve spatial problems and make informed decisions.

| | minorimed decisions. | | | |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| Course | content | | | |
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1 | Overview of GIS technology | | | |
| | The module is designed to provide an overview of Geographic Information Systems (GIS). This module will cover a brief history of GIS technology, basic concepts of GIS, spatial data types and basics of map projections. | | | |
| | Concept of space, location, and scale; history and development of GIS technology; components of GIS; types of spatial data: raster and vector data; coordinate systems, false easting, and false northing; geographic north pole and magnetic north; projections and transformations | 6 | | |
| 2 | Data Acquisition and Management | | | |
| | The module introduces students to the processes and techniques involved in collecting and storing data in various formats. The module also covers various data management techniques. Sources of data: Primary data (remote sensing, GPS, surveys); secondary data; Methods of data capture: printer/plotter, scanner, and digitizer; nature of data - spatial and non-spatial data; raster and vector data models and their structure; database management system - relational database and object-oriented database management system | | 3 | |
| 3 | Errors in GIS | | | |
| | This module will explore the types of errors that can arise in GIS, as well as the methods and techniques used to minimize and manage them. Data quality and accuracy; Sources of errors in database - errors through processing, errors associated with overlay issues of features, principles of topology and topological errors | 6 | | |

| 4 | Raster and Vector Data Analysis | | | |
|----|--|----|---|---------|
| | The module covers basic geoprocessing tools such as overlaying multiple | | | |
| | layers, buffering, and creating spatial queries and raster analysis techniques | | | |
| | using map algebra. | | | |
| | | 6 | | |
| | Raster data analysis – global, local, neighbourhood and extended | | | |
| | neighbourhood; Vector data analysis – near, buffer around a feature, identity, intersection, | | | |
| | union, clip, and erase; spatial and non-spatial attribute analysis | | | |
| 5 | Digital Cartography | | | |
| | The module provides an overview of the different elements of a map and | | | |
| | importance of symbology and layout and how to utilize them effectively to | | | |
| | convey information. | | | |
| | convey information. | | | |
| | Principles of map design; elements of a map; symbolization and visualization | 6 | | |
| | techniques; labelling and annotation; types of maps; cartographic design | | | |
| | principles; typography and colour schemes; introduction to web mapping | | | |
| | technologies; interactive and dynamic mapping | | | |
| 6 | Case Studies | | | |
| | This module will explore real-world case studies that demonstrate the diverse | | | |
| | applications of GIS. Through examining these case studies, students will gain a | | | |
| | deeper understanding of the practical uses and benefits of GIS in different | _ | | |
| | sectors. | 6 | | |
| | Casa studies of CIS application healthcare transportation water recourses | | | |
| | Case studies of GIS application – healthcare, transportation, water resources, urban planning, agriculture, natural resource management, disaster management | | | |
| | Total | 36 | 3 | 12 |
| | Practical Modules | 30 | | 12 |
| 1. | User interaction with GIS software | | | 2 |
| 2. | Georeferencing a toposheet, defining projection and assigning new projection | | | |
| | system in spatial dataset | | | 2 |
| 3. | Creating and editing spatial data | | | 2 |
| 4. | Geodatabase creation – Feature dataset and feature class | | | 2 |
| 5. | Topological error correction | | | 2 |
| | ropological circl confection | | | |
| 6. | Map preparation – Symbolization, Labelling and Layout design | | | 2 |
| | 1 0 | | | 2 12 |

Evaluation criteria

- Minor Test 1: Written test [at the end of teaching of modules 1 and 2] -- 20%
- Minor Test 2: Written test [at the end of teaching of module 3 and 4] -- 20%
- Practical Test: [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 20%
- Major Test: Written test [at the end of the semester, full syllabus] -- 40%

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, students will be able to:

- explain the components of GIS, demonstrate the knowledge of coordinate systems and projections used to accurately represent and analyse spatial data. [Module 1]
- evaluate different approaches to spatial data creation, evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of various spatial data models and its role in ensuring data quality. [Module 2]
- identify the various sources of error in spatial databases and apply topological corrections to improve accuracy and quality. [Module 3]
- apply raster and vector data analysis and construct spatial queries to extract specific information from spatial datasets. [Module 4]
- apply visualization techniques to create maps that effectively communicate patterns and relationships within spatial data. [Module 5]

• gain a comprehensive understanding of spatial dataset and their applications in various sectors [Module 6]

Pedagogical approach

- The course engages in GIS concepts and facilitates student discussion through classroom lectures, case studies, and tutorials.
- The course allows students to actively engage with the GIS tools and techniques through hands-on exercises and real-world applications.

Reading Resources (* = compulsory readings)

- *Chang, K. T. (2019). *Introduction to geographic information systems, 9th Edition.* Mc Graw Hill Higher Education.
- Longley, P. (2005). *Geographic information systems and science*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Bhatta, B. (2008). Remote sensing and GIS (Vol. 2). New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Burrough, P. A., McDonnell, R. A., & Lloyd, C. D. (2015). *Principles of geographical information systems*. Oxford University Press, USA.
- DeMers, Michael N. (2008). Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems, 4th. ed. John Wiley and Sons, Toronto.
- Bolstad, P. (2016). GIS fundamentals: A First Text on Geographic Information Systems, 5th ed. Eider Press, White Bear Lake, Minnesota.
- Lo, C.P., and Albert K.W. Yeung, (2007). *Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems*, 2nd ed. Pearson Education Canada, Inc., Toronto.
- Longley, Paul A., Michael F. Goodchild, David J. Maguire, and David W. Rhind. (2015). Geographic Information Systems and Science, 4th ed. John Wiley and Sons, Toronto.
- Verbyla, D. L. (2002). Practical GIS analysis. CRC press.

Student Responsibilities

The students must come prepared with the readings given in the class. The students are required to participate in the discussion.

Course Designed by:

• Dr Ayushi Vijhani, Assistant Professor, Department of Natural and Applied Sciences, TERISchool of Advanced Studies, New Delhi

Course Reviewers:

- Prof. Vinay SP Sinha, Centre of the Study Regional Development, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi
- Dr. Ram Avtar, Associate Professor, Graduate School of Environmental Science Hokkaido University, Japan

Enclosure 7

$M. Tech \ (Renewable \ Energy \ Engineering \ and \ Management) - M. Tech \ (REEM)$

| | tructure – 1 st semester urses + 3 audit | | Proposed Structure – 1st semester9 core courses + 1 audit | | |
|------------|---|----------------------|--|---|-------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ENR 101 | Energy lab - I (Power system lab and heat transfer lab) | 2 | | Energy lab - I (Power system lab and heat transfer lab) | 2 |
| ENR 119 | Fundamentals of thermal and electrical engineering | 0 (Audit) | ENR 119 | Fundamentals of thermal and electrical engineering | 0 (Audit) |
| ENR 135 | Power system engineering | 3 | ENR 135 | Power system engineering | 3 |
| ENR 146 | Renewable energy resource characteristics | 3 | ENR 146 | Renewable energy resource characteristics | 3 |
| ENR 148 | Energy and environmental implications | 2 | ENR 148 | Energy and environmental implications | 2 |
| ENR 154 | Renewable energy policies and regulations | | | Renewable energy policies and regulations | 3 |
| ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 | ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 |
| ENR 192 | Heat transfer | 3 | ENR 192 | Heat transfer | 3 |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 0 (Audit) | | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 |
| NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 0 (Audit) | NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 1 |
| | Total credits | 17 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| Existing Structure – 2nd | Proposed Structure – 2nd semester |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| semester8 core courses | 8 core courses |

| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
|---------------|--|----------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|
| ENR 103 | Field visits / exposure to RE plants | 1 | ENR 103 | Field visits / exposure to RE plants | 1 |
| ENR 111 | Energy conservation and management | 2 | | Energy conservation and management | 2 |
| ENR 156 | Renewable energy project management | 3 | ENR 156 | Renewable energy project management | 3 |
| ENR 157 | Energy lab - II | 3 | ENR 157 | Energy lab – II | 3 |
| ENR 162 | Solar technologies | 3 | ENR 151 | Solar technologies | 4 |
| ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and other renewable technologies | 3 | ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and other renewable technologies | 3 |

| ENR 166 | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydrogen technologies | 3 | ENR 166 | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydrogen technologies | 3 |
|---------|---|----|---------|---|----|
| ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 | ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 |
| | Total credits | 19 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| | | | Proposed Structure – 3 rd semester 2 Core + 2 Elective + Minor Project | | |
|---------------|---|----------------------|---|--|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ENR 165 | Energy economics | 3 | ENR 165 | Energy economics | 3 |
| ENR 107 | Energy simulation laboratory | 3 | ENR 107 | Energy simulation laboratory | 3 |
| ENR 118 | Dissertation - I/ MinorProject | 6 | ENR XXX | Dissertation - I/ MinorProject | 8 |
| BSI 125 | Accounting and finance forsustainability | 3 (Elective) | BSI 125 | Accounting and finance forsustainability | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 113 | Wind power generation | 3 (Elective) | ENR 113 | Wind power generation | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 115 | Building energy and green building | 3 (Elective) | ENR 115 | Building energy and green building | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 116 | Energy audit and management | 3 (Elective) | ENR 116 | Energy audit and management | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 143 | Grid integration ofrenewable energy | 3 (Elective) | ENR 143 | Grid integration ofrenewable energy | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 145 | Solar photovoltaic power generation | 3 (Elective) | ENR 145 | Solar photovoltaic power generation | 3 (Elective) |
| ENR 163 | Biofuels and Decentralized Energy Systems | 3 (Elective) | ENR 163 | Biofuels and Decentralized Energy Systems | 3 (Elective) |
| | | | | | |
| ENR 168 | Applications of machinelearning in alternate energy | 3 (Elective) | ENR 168 | Applications of machine learning in alternate energy | 3 (Elective) |
| | Total credits | 18 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| | | Proposed Structure – 4 th semester Major Project | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ENR 110 | Dissertation-II / MajorProject | 16 | ENR XXX | Dissertation-II / MajorProject | 20 |
| | Total credits | 16 | | Total Credits | 20 |

$M.Sc.\ (Energy\ Studies\ and\ Management)-M.Sc\ (ESM)$

| e | | | Proposed Structure – 1 st semester 8 core courses | | |
|------------|--|----------------------|---|--|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ESM XXX | Introduction to Energy Resources, Systems and Technologies | 3 | ESM XXX | Introduction to Energy Resources, Systems and Technologies | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy System Infrastructure & Operations | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy System Infrastructure & Operations | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Climate Change and Energy Transition | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Policy, Planning and Programmes | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy Conservation, Audit and Management | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Conservation, Audit and Management | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy Science Lab | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Science Lab | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Basic Computer Programming | 0 (Audit) | NRG 106 | Fundamentals of computers and programming | 2 |
| NRE 106 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 1 | INKE 100 | Development | 1 |
| NRE 165 | Communication Skills & Technical Writing | 2 | NRE 165 | Communication Skills &Technical Writing | 2 |
| | Total credits | 18 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| | tructure – 2 nd core courses | | Proposed 7 core co | Structure – 2 nd semester urses | |
|---------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | | Course Title | Number of Credits |

| ESM XXX | Firm and Dispatchable Energy – Resources, Technologies, Applications | 3 | ESM XXX | Coal, Gas, Hydro and Biomass – Resources, Technologies & Applications | 3 |
|------------|--|---|---------|---|---|
| ESM XXX | Variable Energy and Decentralized Systems— Resources, Technologies, Applications | 3 | ESM XXX | Solar, Wind (utility scale & decentralized systems) — Resources, Technologies & Applications | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Building Energy Management and Green Building | 3 | ESM XXX | Building Energy Management and Green Building | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy Project Management | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Project Management | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy Markets and Trading | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Markets and Trading | 3 |

| ESM XXX | Energy Systems Lab | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Systems Lab | 3 |
|------------|--------------------|----|---------|--|----|
| | | | MPD 149 | Fundamentals of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) Principles | 2 |
| | Total credits | 18 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| Existing Structure – 3 rd semester 2 core + 2 elective + Minor Project | | Propose 2 core + | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|---------------|--|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ESM XXX | Minor Internship (Summer) | 6 | ESM XXX | Minor Internship (Summer) | 8 |
| ESM XXX | Advancements in Energy Processes, Systems, Technologies and Applications | 3 | ESM XXX | Electric Vehicle, Green Hydrogen and Energy Storage - Technologies & Applications | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Energy Finance & Economics | 3 | ESM XXX | Energy Finance & Economics | 3 |
| ESM XXX | Computing Tools and AIApplications in Energy Sector | 3 (Elective) | ESM XXX | Computing Tools and AIApplications in Energy Sector | 3 (Elective) |
| ESM XXX | ESG and Sustainability reporting | 3 (Elective) | | | |
| ESM XXX | Energy Policy, Planning and Programmes | 3 (Elective) | ESM XXX | Climate Change and Energy Transition | 3 (Elective) |
| ESM XXX | Elective(s) from other programmes at TERI SAS | 3 (Elective) | ESM XXX | Elective(s) from other programmes at TERI SAS | 3 (Elective) |
| | Total credits | 18 | | Total Credits | 20 |

| Existing Str | ucture – 4 th semester | Proposed Structure – 4th semester |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | |

| Major Project | | Major Project | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ESM XXX | Major Project/ Internship | | ESM XXX | Major Project/ Internship | 20 |
| | Total credits | 20 | | Total Credits | 20 |

$P\ G\ Diploma\ in\ Renewable\ Energy\ management-PGDREM$

| Existing Structure – 1 St semester | Proposed Structure – 1 st semester |
|---|---|
| 6 core courses | 7 core courses |

| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
|------------|---|----------------------|---------------|---|----------------------|
| NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 | NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 |
| ENR 148 | Energy and environmental implications | 2 | ENR 148 | Energy and environmental implications | 2 |
| ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 | ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 |
| ENR 154 | Renewable energy policies and regulations | 3 | ENR 154 | Renewable energy policies and regulations | 3 |
| ENR 146 | Renewable energy resource characteristics | 3 | ENR 146 | Renewable energy resource characteristics | 3 |
| ENR 105 | Independent study | 4 | ENR 105 | Independent study | 4 |
| | | | NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 1 |
| | Total credits | 15 | | Total Credits | 16 |

| Existing Structure – 2 nd semester7 core courses | | | Proposed Structure – 2 nd semester 7 core courses | | |
|---|--|----------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| ENR 166 | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydro technologies | 3 | | Electric vehicle, energy storage system and Hydro technologies | 3 |
| ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 | ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 |
| ENR 111 | Energy conservation and management | 2 | ENR 111 | Energy conservation and management | 2 |
| ENR 156 | Renewable energy project management | 3 | ENR 156 | Renewable energy project management | 3 |
| ENR 162 | Solar technologies | 3 | ENR 151 | Solar technologies | 4 |
| | | | | 1 | |
| ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and other renewable technologies | 3 | ENR 164 | Wind, biomass and other renewable technologies | 3 |
| ENR 108 | Summer internship | 6 | ENR 108 | Summer internship | 8 |
| | Total credits | 21 | | Total Credits | 24 |

M.Tech (Urban Development Management) – M.Tech (UDM)

| | ructure – 1 st semester arses + 1 audit | | Proposed 9 core co | l Structure – 1 st semester ourses | |
|---------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |

| MEU 143 | Urban governance | 3 | MEU 143 | Urban governance | 3 |
|---------|--|----|------------|---|----|
| MEU 163 | Sustainable Provision and Management of Urban Services | 3 | MEU 163 | Sustainable Provision and Management of Urban Services | 3 |
| MEU 167 | Urban Development Policies and Programmes | 3 | MEU 167 | Urban Development Policies and Programmes | 3 |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 | NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 |
| MEU 161 | Theories of Urbanisation | 3 | MEU XXX | Theories of Urbanisation and their application forurban development | 3 |
| MEU 179 | Geoinformatics for UrbanDevelopment | 3 | MEU 179 | Geoinformatics for urban development management | 3 |
| MEU 175 | Introduction to GIS | 1 | ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 |
| MEU 173 | Stochastic Modelling | 4 | ESM XXX | Energy Conservation, Audit and Management | 3 |
| MEU 123 | Urban Finance | 3 | NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 1 |
| | Total credits | 25 | | Total Credits | 22 |

| Existing Structure – 2nd semester7 core courses | | Proposed Structure – 2 nd semester 8 core courses | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| MEU 121 | Urban Ecology and Environment | 3 | MEU 121 | Urban Ecology and Environment | 3 |
| MEU 152 | City and Regional Planning and Management | 3 | MEU 152 | City and Regional Planning and Management | 3 |
| NRG 103 | Project management | 3 | NRG 103 | Project management | 3 |
| | | | | | |
| MEU 154 | Regeneration and City Competitiveness | 2 | MEU XXX | Smart Sustainable Cities | 2 |
| MEU 177 | Qualitative Research Methodology for Urban Studies | 2 | MEU XXX | Qualitative and quantitative Research Methodology for Urban Studies | 3 |
| MEU 184 | Real Estate Development | 3 | MEU XXX | Land, Housing and Real Estate Development | 3 |
| MEU 172 | Geoinformatics for UrbanDevelopment | 3 | MEU 123 | Urban Finance | 3 |
| | | | ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 |
| | Total credits | 19 | | Total Credits | 21 |

| Existing Structure – 3 rd semester 12 credits from Major Project Part 1 + 2 credits from 1 Core Course and 4 credits from 2 Electives Courses | | Proposed Structure – 3 rd semester 2 Core + 2 Elective + Major Project 1 | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| MEU 102 | Major Project Part 1 | 12 | MEU XXX | Major Project 1 (The CityLab) | 12 |
| MEU 162 | Urban Disaster Management and Climate Resilient Cities | 2 (Elective) | MEU 162 | Urban Disaster Management and Climate Resilient Cities | 2 |
| MEU 144 | Sustainable Urban Transport | 2 (Elective) | MEU 144 | Sustainable Urban Transport | 2 (Elective) |
| MEU 178 | Urban Water Supply and Wastewater | 2 (Elective) | MEU 178 | Urban Water Supply and Wastewater | 2 (Elective) |
| MEU 183 | Urban systems modelling | 2 | MEU XXX | International CollaborativeStudio | 3 |
| MEU 112 | Energy efficient buildings | 2 (Elective) | ENR 115 | Building energy and green building | 3 (Elective) |
| MEU 168 | Urban housing policy and practice | 2 (Elective) | MEU XXX | AI and Cities | 2 (Elective) |
| | | | MEU XXX | Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) Principles and cities | 2 (Elective) |
| | | | XXXXX | Water & Sanitation Audit | 2 (Elective) |
| | Total credits | 18 | | Total Credits | 21 |

| Existing Structure – 4th semester | Proposed Structure – 4 th semester |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Major Project Part 2 | Major Project 2 |

| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | | Course Title | Number of Credits |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| MEU 104 | Major Project Part 2 | 16 | MEU XXX | Dissertation/Major Project 2 | 20 |
| | Total credits | 16 | | Total Credits | 20 |

P G Diploma in Urban Development Management – PGDUDM

| S | | Proposed Structure – 1 st semester 8 core courses | | | |
|------------|------------------|---|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| MEU 143 | Urban governance | 3 | MEU 143 | Urban governance | 3 |

| MEU 163 | Sustainable Provision and Management of Urban Services | 3 | MEU 163 | Sustainable Provision and Management of Urban Services | 3 |
|---------|--|---|------------|---|----|
| MEU 161 | Theories of Urbanisation | 3 | | Urban Development Policies and Programmes | 3 |
| NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 | NRE 106 | Communication skills andtechnical writing | 2 |
| MEU 177 | Qualitative Research Methodology for Urban Studies | 3 | MEU XXX | Theories of Urbanisation and their application forurban development | 3 |
| MEU 179 | Geoinformatics for UrbanDevelopment | 3 | MEU 179 | Geoinformatics for urban development management | 3 |
| MEU 123 | Urban Finance | 3 | ENR 185 | Introduction to management techniques - I | 1 |
| | | | NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | 1 |
| | Total credits | | | Total Credits | 19 |

| Existing Structure – 2nd semester7 core courses | | Proposed Structure – 2 nd semester 8 core courses | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits | Course No. | Course Title | Number of Credits |
| MEU 121 | Urban Ecology and Environment | 3 | | Urban Ecology and Environment | 3 |
| MEU 152 | City and Regional Planning and Management | 3 | | City and Regional Planning and Management | 3 |
| NRG 103 | Project management | | NRG 103 | Project management | 3 |
| MEU 154 | Regeneration and City Competitiveness | 2 | MEU XXX | Smart Sustainable Cities | 2 |
| | | 1 | 1 | | |

| MEU 167 | Urban Development Policies and Programmes | 2 | | Qualitative and quantitative Research Methodology for Urban Studies | 3 |
|---------|---|----|------------|---|----|
| MEU 184 | Real Estate Development | 3 | MEU XXX | Housing and Real Estate Development | 3 |
| | | 3 | MEU 123 | Urban Finance | 3 |
| | | | ENR 167 | Energy and Carbon Markets | 1 |
| | Total credits | 17 | | Total Credits | 21 |

| Course title: Introduction to Energy Resources, Systems and Technologies | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: ESMXXX | No. of credits: 3 | | L-T-P:39-6-0 | Learning hours:45 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): NA | | | | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable Engineering | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | Course instructor(s): | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | |

Course description:

This introductory course has been designed to get the students acquainted with different energy resources (non-renewable and renewable), reserves and their potentials, accounting of the energy, global and Indian energy demand and supply, impact of energy consumption on the environment, climate change assessment and global impact of climate change. Also, introduces students with different energy conversion technologies and their functioning.

Course objectives:

- 1. To get students understand and familiarity with different types of energies and their measurements, availability and potential.
- 2. To inculcate skills using different methods for energy accounting.
- 3. To introduce students with conversion technologies and systems that are used for converting non-renewable and renewable energy resources to useful heat and power.

| Module | Topic | L | Т | P |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| 1. | Basics of Energy | 4 | | _ |
| 1. | System; property and variables; dimensions and units of measurement; | | | |
| | temperature and heat; pressure, volume and sates; process; energy and power; | | | |
| | forms of energy; grades of energy; transformation of energy; | | | |
| | global energy system; energy units and scales; global energy flows; energy end | | | |
| | uses; transitions in energy end use and energy supply systems; energy and | | | |
| | economic growth; principles of energy resources; energy densities; quantities of | | | |
| | energy | | | |
| 2 | Accounting of energy | 2 | 2 | |
| | Energy accounting methods; importance of energy accounting; limitations of | | | |
| | primary energy accounting; comparison of global primary energy supply using | | | |
| | different accounting methods; main energy statistics and data sources; typical | | | |
| | calorific values of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels | | | |
| 3 | Energy and environment | 4 | 2 | |
| | Energy Flow Diagram; Global and Indian energy demand and supply; Emission | | | |
| | Factor; Atmosphere and energy systems; major energy related sources of | | | |
| | atmospheric pollution; greenhouse gas emissions, radiative forcing, climate | | | |
| | sensitivity, global and regional impact of climate change, risks from climate | | | |
| | change, | | | |
| | environmental and social implications | | | |
| 4. | Fossil fuel reserves, resources and estimates | 4 | | |
| | Concepts of McKelvey box; peak debate; Hubbert plot | | | |
| | Oil: classification of conventional and unconventional oil, estimations of | | | |
| | conventional oil and unconventional | | | |
| | Natural gas: Conventional and unconventional natural gas classification, | | | |
| | resources and reserves | | | |
| _ | Coal: Coal classification, reserves and resources | _ | | |
| 5. | Introduction to energy conversion systems and technologies | 7 | 2 | |
| | Fire, furnaces and boilers; types of boilers; steam engines; principles of steam | | | |
| | engines; carnot's law and carnot engine; temperature scales and absolute zero; | | | |
| | laws of thermodynamics; steam turbines and condensers; types of steam | | | |

| | | 1 | 1 |
|----|--|----|---|
| | turbines; steam jets; marine engines; turbine systems; process flow in a MW | | |
| | thermal power station turbine system | | |
| | Petrol/spark ignition engine: four stroke and two stroke engines; | | |
| | diesel/compression ignition engine; gas turbine: principles of turbojet; | | |
| | propulsion and thrust; thrust and kinetic energy; Stirling engine: principle and | | |
| | operation; power to weight ratio of different engines | | |
| 6. | Nuclear energy reserves, resources and technologies | 6 | |
| | Conventional and unconventional uranium resources and reserves; global annual | | |
| | uranium production and reactor requirements; thorium resources; | | |
| | Radioactivity; energy from neutron decay; measuring radioactivity; Nuclear | | |
| | fission, energy from fission, components of nuclear power plant; thermal fission | | |
| | reactor; safety aspects in nuclear reactor; types of thermal fission reactor; fast | | |
| | neutron reactors; energy from fusion reactor, | | |
| 7. | Introduction to Renewable energy resources and technologies | 11 | |
| | Overview of hydropower; estimation of hydropower potential; technical and | | |
| | economic potential of hydropower; environmental and social implications | | |
| | Biomass energy: Overview and types of biomass; theoretical and technical | | |
| | potentials of bioenergy; biogas digesters; biomass briquetting; biofuels. | | |
| | Wind energy: theoretical, technical and practical potentials of wind energy; | | |
| | environmental and social implications; onshore and offshore wind turbines; | | |
| | Geothermal energy: Resources and reserves, uses of geothermal energy. | | |
| | Solar energy: theoretical and technical potential of solar energy; economic | | |
| | potential of large scale solar plants; Solar cookers; solar water heating systems; | | |
| | solar concentrators for power generation; solar photovoltaic; Ocean energy-tidal | | |
| | and waves, potential, utilisation technologies | | |
| 8. | Overall energy systems and technologies and their overall effect on the | 1 | |
| ·· | environment, society, and economics. | _ | |
| | in a similar, society, and economics. | I | |

Evaluation criteria

Assignment1: 10% (after Module 1-4) Assignment 2: 10% (after Modules 5-7) Minor test 1: 15% (after Module 3) Minor test 2: 15% (after Module 5) Major test: 50% (after all module)

Learning outcomes:

This course inculcates the skills that shall make the students to:

- 1. be able to measure and compare the energy contents in different units used for different fossil fuel resources internationally.
- 2. be able to differentiate different forms of energy and their applications.
- 3. be able to differentiate and assess the theoretical, technical and economic potentials of the energy resources.
- 4. understand the impact of energy uses on the climate change and role of IPCC in assessment of climate change and mitigation strategies.
- 5. be able to understand energy demand and supply flow diagram.
- 6. learn about different energy conversion technologies and emission factors.
- 7. understand the functioning energy conversion technologies and systems

Pedagogical approach

A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials, practical and assignments.

Materials

Recommended readings

Text Books

1. Global Energy Assessment Writing Team. Global Energy Assessment: Toward a Sustainable Future. Cambridge University Press; 2012

2. Everett, Robert; Boyle, Godfrey; Peake, Stephen and Ramage, Janet eds. (2012). Energy Systems and Sustainability: Power for a Sustainable Future (2nd ed.). Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Reference Books

- 1. Tushar K. Ghosh and Mark A. Prelas eds. Energy Resources and Systems Volume 1: Fundamentals and Non-Renewable Resources, Springer Dordrecht
- 2. Energy: Production, conversion, storage, conservation and coupling by Yasar Demirel Springer ISSN 1865-3529
- 3. TERI Energy & Environment Data Diary and Yearbook (TEDDY) 2020-21. TERI Press
- 4. United States Department of Energy, International <u>Energy Outlook</u>, Energy Information Administration, DC. https://www.eia.gov/outlooks/ieo/narrative/index.php
- 5. IEA (2023), *World Energy Outlook 2023*, IEA, Paris https://www.iea.org/reports/world-energy-outlook-2023, Licence: CC BY 4.0 (report); CC BY NC SA 4.0 (Annex A) https://www.iea.org/search?q=World%20Energy%20Outlook
- **6.** bp Energy Outlook. https://www.bp.com/en/global/corporate/energy-economics/energy-outlook.html
- 7. Our World in Data. https://ourworldindata.org/renewable-energy

Journals

- Resource and Energy Economics
- Journal of Energy Resources Technology
- Liquid and Gaseous Energy Resources
- Progress in Energy and Combustion Science\
- Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews
- Nature Energy
- Energy

Additional information (if any): NA

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules

Course Reviewers

- 1. Dr. O. P. Rao
 - Scientist, CSIR (Retired)
- 2. Prof. Santanu Bandyopadhyay Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay

| Course title: Energy System Infrastructure and Operations | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: ESM XXX | Course code: ESM XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 37-08-00 Learnin | | Learning hours: 45 | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | |
| Department: MSc (Energy Studies & Management) | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Prof. Naqui Anwer Course instructor: Prof. Naqui Anwer | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | | |

Course Description:

The structure of power systems and their operations are vital for system reliability, control, security and power quality. Further many countries, including India, are witnessing restructured electricity markets. In this deregulation process, it is important to focus on managerial as well as technical aspects of energy system infrastructure and their operations. This course is designed to educate students regarding various components of energy system infrastructure and how the power market is assisting in the reliable operation of the grid.

Course objectives:

- To familiarize students with basic principles of power system elements
- To understand the energy market and services offered by these energy markets.
- To understand operational planning activities like economic load dispatch, unit commitment and power flow
- To impart knowledge about transmission and distribution systems
- To understand ancillary services management and their categorization

| Course content | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P | | |
| 1. | Fundamentals of Electric Circuits and Power System • Circuit concept | | | | | |
| | Circuit laws Active & reactive power and electrical energy 3-phase circuits Elements/Structure of power systems | 7 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 2. | Power Markets Overview of the Indian Power sector Market structure Role of ISO (Independent System Operator) Electricity market: Power trading in energy exchanges Ancillary services: For maintaining generation and load balance, For bulk transmission system security, For emergency preparedness | 6 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 3. | Power Plant Engineering Basics of power generation (Schematics/layout of coal-based thermal, Gas turbine power plant and Hydroelectric power plant) Load and load duration curves Power station management (Regulatory performance standards) | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |

| 4. | Transformers and Synchronous generators | | | |
|----|--|----|----|----|
| | Transformers: construction, working, equivalent circuit, losses, efficiency, voltage regulation Synchronous generators: construction, principle of operation, equivalent circuits, phasor diagram, operation of synchronous generator on infinite busbar/grid, excitation | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 5. | Transmission and Distribution HVAC & EHV AC transmission. Classification of transmission lines – short, medium and long transmission line, transmission line parameters, modelling of lines and transmission line performance: Voltage regulation and efficiency Distribution systems configurations, Loadability of lines Basic concepts of HVDC | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| 6. | Power Flows Power flow problem and Power flow solution Control of Power Flow Unit commitment and Economic Load Dispatch Grid standards and Load dispatch centres (ISO-Independent System Operator, TSO-Transmission System Operator, NLDC- National Load Dispatch Centre, SLDC- State Load Dispatch Centre etc) | 7 | 3 | 0 |
| | Total | 37 | 08 | 00 |

Evaluation criteria

Minor Test 1: Assignment (after completion of modules 1, 2 and 3)- 10%

Minor Test 2: Written test (after completion of modules 1, 2 and 3)- 25%

Minor Test 3: Written test/ Case Study Presentation (after completion of modules 4, 5 and 6)-25%

Major Test: Written test/ Presentation (after completion of all modules) - 40%

Learning outcomes

- Appreciate the role of various components of the power system
- Analyze the energy market and their role
- Understand the significance of solutions to load flow problems, economic load dispatch centre and unit commitment
- Understand grid standards

Pedagogical approach

A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials, group discussions assignments, expert talks / site visits

Materials:

Text Books:

- Kankar Bhattacharya, Math H.J. Bollen and Jaap E. Daalder **Operation of Restructured Power Systems** (Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001).
- John Graigner and William Stevenson, Jr.: **Power System Analysis** (McGraw Hill, 2017).

Reference Books:

- Daniel Kirschen and Goran Strbac: **Fundamentals of Power Systems Economics** (Wiley India, 2016)
- Stephen J. Chapman: **Electric Machinery and Power System Fundamentals** (McGraw Hill, 2001)
- Mohammad Shahidehpour, Hatim Yamin and Zuyi Li: Market Operations in Electric Power System: Forecasting, Scheduling, and Risk Management (Wiley-IEEE Press, 2002)
- Jin Zhang: **Power System Economic and Market Operations** (CRC Press, 2018)

Websites:

Central Electricity Regulatory Commission, CERC (http://www.cercindia.gov.in/) IEX India (https://www.iexindia.com/)

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

Attendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules

Course reviewers:

Dr. Sanjay Agrawal, Professor, Pro-VC, Vivekananda Chhatishgarh Technical University, Bhilai

Dr. M. Rizwan, Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering, Delhi Technological University, New Delhi

| Course title: Energy Policy, Planning and | Programmes | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Course code: ESM XXX | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 45-00-00 | Learning hours: 45 | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if an | y): N.A. | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable Engineering | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Dr. Sapan Thapar | Course instructor(s) | : Dr. Sapan Thapar | | | |
| Contact details: sapan.thapar@terisas.ac.in | | | | | |
| Course type: Programme Core | Course offered in: S | Semester 1 | | | |

Course description

The course is meant to impart knowledge on the energy sector, encompassing policies, regulations and legislative frameworks pertaining to India. Students would be sensitized about the institutional structure – governing entities/ agencies, public sector undertakings, research institutions, private companies, across the business value chain.

Prominent legislations, rules, policies and programs related to coal, oil & gas, hydro, nuclear, electricity and renewable sectors shall be discussed. These would include OALP, Coal Mining Policy, Electricity Act and RE-RPO Scheme. Special focus would be on policies pertaining to renewable energy sector, covering utility-scale and decentralized plants (both electric and non-electric formats). Students would be made aware about the new initiatives on EVs, Biofuels, Green Hydrogen. Discussions would include global practices.

Course objectives

- Impart knowledge on energy related policies, regulations, institutional framework and key stakeholders
- Provide understanding on key programmes pertaining to coal, oil & gas and electricity sectors
- Analyze efficacy of policy instruments on renewable energy sector
- Provide insights on emerging policies/ programs regarding EVs, GH2, CBM, Smart Grids, Biofuels

| Course c | ontents | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1 | Overview Global Energy Sector Introduction to Indian energy sector Resources & Technologies (Coal, Oil, Gas, Hydro, Nuclear, Renewables) Resource Availability, Imports & Exports Energy Demand & Supply, Consumer Segments Energy Security, Energy Access Climate Change and Energy Transition | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Institutional Structure – Roles & Responsibilities (India) Ministries – PNG, Coal, Power, NRE, State Government Bodies Regulators/ Agencies – Niti Aayog, CEA, CERC, APTEL, PNGRB, PPAC, BEE, Grid Controller, DGH PSUs - NTPC, NHPC, SJVN, Coal India, NLC, ONGC, IOCL, BPCL, NPC, PGCIL, NPCIL, SECI, Petronet LNG Energy Trading Platforms – IEX, PSIL, IGX International Agencies – IEA, IRENA, ISA, IBA Funding Agencies – PFC, REC, IREDA, IIFCL Research Agencies – CMPDI, NISE, NIWE Private Players | 8 | 4 | 0 |

| a | Policies, Regulations, Programmes – Coal | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | Business Flow - Coal Mining, Excavation, Transportation; Coal Imports Legislations - Coal Mines (Nationalization); Captive Coal Mining Mineral Concession Rules MMDR Act; Coal Cess Coal Distribution & Marketing Policies | 4 | |
| b | Policies, Regulations, Programmes – Oil & Gas | | |
| | Business Flow - Exploration & Production, Refining, Transportation, Marketing Open Acreage Licensing Policy (OALP) Hydrocarbon Exploration and Licensing Policy (HELP) Discovered Small Field Policy Business Models - Production/ Revenue Sharing Contracts Refineries & Pipelines Guidelines - Domestic gas supply / City Gas Distribution Open General Licensing category and infrastructure Guidelines for Natural Gas Pricing & Pipeline Tariff Structure Role of LNG and Coal Bed Methane PMUY, Give-it-up Campaign Strategic Petroleum Reserves Pricing Policies Role of Regulator – PNGRB | 8 | |
| c | Policies, Regulations, Programmes – Power Sector Business Flow - Generation, Transmission, Distribution, Retail & Trading Legislations - Electricity Act-2003; Electricity Rules - 2005 National Electricity Plan; National Tariff Policy Role of CEA & CERC Policies on Thermal Power, Hydro Power, Nuclear Power Policies & Regulations on Transmission System Energy Efficiency Initiatives Key Schemes: Saubhagya, RDSS, UDAY, NSGM, IPDS, UJALA, R&M Key Court Judgements | 8 | |
| d | Policies, Regulations, Programmes – Renewable Energy | | |
| | National Action Plan on Climate Change National Solar Mission Programmes on Wind (On-shore, Repowering & Off-shore) Programmes on Biomass, Cogeneration, Small Hydro Policies—FiT, VGF, Bidding, REC-RPO Regulations on RE Tariff, Banking, Wheeling, AD, GBI Grid Code, Scheduling and Forecasting, Green Energy Corridors Green Energy Open Access, Captive / Group Captive & Corporate PPAs International Good Practices - Feed-in-Tariff (Germany), PV supply-chain Manufacturing (China), ITC/ PTC (United States) | 8 | |

| | Other Initiatives | | | |
|---|---|----|---|---|
| 3 | International Solar Alliance Green Hydrogen Mission | 5 | | |
| | Global Biofuels Alliance Carbon/ Green Financing | | | |
| | EV Policies & Schemes Schemes on decentralized energy systems | | | |
| | Solar Rooftop - Policy framework, Programs Biofuels - Policies/ Schemes, Blending | | | |
| | PM-KUSUM Scheme for Agriculture | | | |
| | | 45 | 0 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Minor exam 1: 35% (Sectoral Analysis – Coal, Oil and Gas Sector) 35% (Sectoral Analysis – Electricity Sector) 30% (Sectoral Analysis – Renewable Energy Sector) Minor exam 2:

Major exam:

Learning outcomes:

Enhanced understanding of energy policies, regulations and programs

Role and responsibility of different entities

Pedagogical approach:

A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials and case studies/ group discussions

Materials:

Recommended readings/Reading Materials/Reference Documents:

Energy Statistics, MOSPI, GoI

Integrated Energy Policy

Reports by CEA, Niti Aayog, IEA & IRENA

Coal Mining Policy

Open Acreage Licensing Policy (Oil and gas)

Electricity Act, National Electricity Policy & Plan

Policies on Hydro & Thermal Power

Policies on Solar, Wind, Biomass

Policies on CBM, Green Hydrogen, Biofuel & EVs

Portals, Books, Journals and Magazines:

Portals - Ministries of Power, Oil & Gas, Coal, Renewable Energy, Niti Aayog, CERC, CEA, PNGRB, IEX Journals - Energy Policy, Renewable Energy

Global Energy Shifts by Bruce Podobnik

Renewable Energy: Policies, Project Management and Economics by Sapan Thapar

Additional information (if any): NA

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules.

Course Reviewers:

- Dr Marian Adela, Research Institute for Sustainability, Helmholtz Centre Potsdam, Germany
- Dr Maitreyee Mukherjee, Institute for Environment and Sustainability, National University of Singapore
- Prof. Atul Kumar, School of International Studies, JNU
- Mr DR Konda, Manager, ONGC
- Mr Avijeet Lala, Partner, Niti Niyaman (Law firm)

| Course title: Energy Conservation, Audit and Management | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: XYZ No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 42-03-00 Learning hours: 45 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code | and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: MSc (Energy | Studies & Managen | nent) | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | Course coordinator: Course instructor: Dr Sapan Thapar | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | |

Course Description:

Energy Conservation has been identified as a key instrument to enhance energy security and reduce energy intensity as well as greenhouse emissions. Energy Audit helps to map the flow of energy across a process, identifying potential saving opportunities. Policy makers and technology providers have been working towards the cause of energy management and encourage its prudential use. This course is designed to educate students on the different dimensions of energy, its conservation, management and audit.

Course objectives:

- To impart knowledge in the domain of energy conservation
- To understand energy conservation measures across different consumer segments
- To inculcate knowledge and skills about assessing energy efficiency of an entity
- To understand Energy Audit procedure along with relevant technologies/tools
- To develop Energy Audit Report writing skills

| Course o | ontent | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1. | Introduction to Energy Conservation Overview - Global & Indian Energy Scenario Importance of Energy Conservation Institutional Structure and Key Initiatives | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Policy & Regulations for Energy Conservation Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE) Indian Programmes – PAT, S&L, Ujala, MuDSM, AgDSM, ECBC Impact of Energy Efficiency Measures | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Energy Audit Basics Definition and Objectives Types of Audit Energy Sources (Electrical and Non-Electrical) Baseline Assessment and Energy Audit Report Tools and Techniques, Audit Equipment Roles and Responsibilities of Energy Auditor and Energy Manager | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 4. | Energy Conservation Opportunities – Electrical and Thermal Building & Lighting Systems Motors, Pumps, Transformers Power Transmission & Distribution Systems Boilers, Furnaces & Waste Heat Recovery Systems Cogeneration Systems HVAC, Cooling Towers & DG | 8 | 0 | 0 |

| | Systems | | | |
|----|---|----|----|----|
| 5. | Energy Analytics Basics of Energy Analytics Overview on Applications and Tools Building Energy Management Systems Case Studies | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| 6. | Energy Efficiency Finance and Business Models Financing Instruments Key Financial Ratios Role of Energy Service Company (ESCO) & ESCO Business Models Climate Finance Case Studies | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| 7. | Industrial Use Cases Concept of Specific Energy Consumption Use Cases - Industries/ Power Distribution Utilities/ Railways/ Buildings | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Total | 42 | 03 | 00 |

Evaluation criteria

Minor Test 1: Assignment (after completion of modules 1, 2 and 3)- 20%

Minor Test 2: Written test (after completion of modules 1, 2, 3 and 4)- 25%

Minor Test 3: Written test/ Case Study Presentation (after completion of modules 5 and 6)-25%

Major Test: Written test/ Presentation (after completion of all modules) - 30%

Learning outcomes

- Comprehend importance of energy conservation and associated policies
- Analyze energy systems from a supply and demand perspective
- Identify energy conservation opportunities in different consumer segments
- Understand procedure of energy audit (tools, techniques, finance)

Pedagogical approach

A combination of class-room interactions, tutorials, group discussions assignments, expert talks / site visits

Materials:

Text Books:

LC Witte, PS Schmidt and DR Brown: **Industrial Energy Management and Utilization** (Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, Washington, 1998).

Reference Books:

JL Threlkeld: **Thermal Environmental Engineering**, Second Edition (Prentice Hall, 1970)

YP Abbi and Shashank Jain: **Handbook on Energy Audit and Environment Management**, (TERI Press, 2006)

WC Turner: **Energy Management Handbook**, Seventh Edition, (Fairmont Press Inc., 2007) George

Polimeros: **Energy Cogeneration Handbook**, (Industrial Press, Inc., New York, 1981)

Websites:

National Productivity Council (http://www.npcindia.gov.in/) Bureau of Energy Efficiency (https://www.beeindia.gov.in/)

Petroleum Conservation Research Association (http://www.pcra.org/) EA/EM Guide

E--Books (http://www.em-ea.org/)

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

Attendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules

Course reviewers:

Dr Amarjeet Singh, Adjunct Professor, IIIT Delhi and CTO, Zenatix Mr Shubhashis Dey, Director, Shakti Foundation Dr O. Prasada Rao, Scientist 'F' (Retd), CSIR

| Course title: Energy Science Lab | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Course code: XYZ | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 15-00-60 | Learning hours: 75 | | |
| Pre-requisite course code | and title (if any): | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable E | Ingineering, MSc (En | nergy Studies & Mar | nagement) | | |
| Course coordinator: Prof. | Naqui Anwer | Course instructor: 1 | Prof. Naqui Anwer | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | |

Course Description:

Laboratory experiments help in better understanding of the subjects discussed in the classes. The experiments based on basic principles related to energy stimulate students for further investigation and their application.

Course objectives:

- To provide hands-on experience on experimental setups related to basic electrical circuits
- To provide practical learning about the basic operation of electrical circuits and equipment
- To provide hands-on experience on experimental setups related to basic thermal science
- To provide practical learning about the basic operation of equipment used in determination of heat transfer coefficients, thermal mass transer and related experiments

| Course c | content | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1. | Familiarization with common equipment Selection of wire and its gauge and electrical parameter measuring devices (Ammeter, Voltmeter, wattmeter, Rheostat, loading devices) while drawing single-phase and three-phase circuits (star/delta) | 1 | | 4 |
| 2. | Identification of various components Identification of various active (diode, transistor) and passive (R,L,C) electronic components To note how the LEDs, resistors, and connecting wires use the columns for electrical connectivity within the breadboard. | 1 | | 4 |
| 3. | Resistance Measurement Measure the value of a given resistor and to confirm with colour code | 1 | | 4 |
| 4. | Verification of Laws Verification of Ohm's Law Verification of KCL Verification of KVL | 1 | | 4 |
| 5. | Combinations of components in circuits Series and parallel circuits for single phase load and measurement of current drawn | 1 | | 4 |
| 6. | Power Measurement Use of voltmeter, ammeter, and wattmeter to determine active, reactive and apparent power consumed in given RLC series circuit. | 1 | | 4 |

| | Power Measurement for domestic load | | | |
|-----|--|----|---|----|
| 7. | Construction of single phase circuit /electrical network to | 1 | | 4 |
| | run domestic load and measurement of power drawn | | | |
| | Multiway Switch/ Sensor based switching | | | |
| 8. | Construction of multiway switching circuit to lightup | 1 | | 4 |
| | staircase | | | |
| | Thermal Conductance | | | |
| 9. | To find the overall thermal conductance and plot the | 1 | | 4 |
| | temperature distribution in case of a composite wall. | | | |
| | Thermal Convection | | | |
| 10. | To find out the temperature distribution along the length of a | 1 | | 4 |
| | Pin Fin under free convection. | | | |
| 11. | Stefan Boltzmann constant | 1 | | 4 |
| 11. | To find out the Stefan Boltzmann constant. | 1 | | 4 |
| | Temperature Measurement | | | |
| 12. | To perform error analysis test on different temperature | 1 | | 4 |
| 12. | measuring sensors and their calibration w.r.t standard | 1 | | 4 |
| | reference. | | | |
| | Water Boiling Test | | | |
| 13. | To perform water boiling test (WBT) method- Cold Start, | 1 | | 4 |
| | Hot Start and Simmer Start. | | | |
| | Calorific Value | | | |
| 14. | To determine calorific value of a given sample of biomass | 1 | | 4 |
| | solid fuel. | | | |
| | Determination of Moisture & Volatile Matter | | | |
| 15. | To determine the moisture, volatile matter, ash and fixed | 1 | | 4 |
| 13. | carbon contents in a given coal lignite and biomass solid | 1 | | _ |
| | fuel. | | | |
| | Total | 15 | 0 | 60 |
| | | | | |

Evaluation criteria

Test 1: Performance during experiments - 30%

Test 2: Viva-voce (at the end of the semester) - 30%

Test 3: Practical Exam (at the end of the semester) - 20%

Test 4: Practical Records (spread over the entire semester) - 20%

Learning outcomes

After completing this course, students would be able to:

- Identify various electrical components and appreciate various equipment used in 1φ and 3-φ circuits
- understand series and parallel circuits
- measure power in domestic load
- use voltmeter, ammeter and wattmeter in different circuits
- verify Ohm's law, KVL, KCL
- understand practical concept of transfer of heat through conduction and connection
- Measure temperature of materials and understand the change in characteristics
- Determine calorific value of different types of fuel materials
- Determine moisture content, volatile matter, ash content and carbon content in different types of fuel materials

Pedagogical approach

Students complete a procedure given in the laboratory manual to determine the behaviour of the equipment/prototypes/experimental setups and produce the expected characteristics

Materials:

- Kulshreshtha, D.C. Basic Electrical Engineering. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.2012
- Herman, Stephen L.. The Complete Laboratory Manual for Electricity. United States: Thomson/Delmar Learning, 2004.
- YA Cengel and AJ Ghajar, "Heat and Mass Transfer: Fundamentals and Applications", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2011
- Robert Alan Granger, "Experiments in Heat Transfer and Thermodynamics", Cambridge University Press, 1994

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

Attendance, discipline, feedback as per TERI SAS rules

Course reviewers:

Dr. Sanjay Agrawal, Professor, Pro-VC, Vivekananda Chhatishgarh Technical University, Bhilai

Dr. M. Rizwan, Professor, Department of Electrical Engineering, Delhi Technological University, New Delhi

| Course title: Theories of urbanisation and their application for urban development | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: MEU XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 37-08-00 Learning hours: 45 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code a | and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable E | ngineering | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Course instructor: | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | |

Course Description:

Urbanisation is the most pervasive spatial and social transformation post-industrialisation. With over half the world's population residing in settlements which are classified as urban and the numbers expected to grow, it is important to focus attention on the processes of urbanisation, the nature of urban settlements and the outcomes of urbanisation. The course is designed to provide an understanding of the historical, economic, social, and spatial phenomena that represent the foundation of urban development and change. It covers various theories which explain the urbanisation process, formation of cities, city systems, city structures and relationships among the various entities within them. The course is structured under four modules. Module 1 sets an Overview of Urbanisation Process. Module 2 covers the Concepts of Urban Economics. Module 3 focuses on the Spatial Organisation of Cities. Module 4 is devoted Urban Sociological Theories.

Course objectives:

- To develop an understanding about the concepts and processes associated with urbanisation
- To create comprehension about the functional (land uses) and social (socio-cultural groups and areas) organisation of space in the city, and hierarchical arrangements of urban settlements

| Course of | content | | | |
|-----------|---|----|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1. | Module 1: Concept of Urban Settlements and Urbanisation Process a) Typology of urban settlements – statutory, non-statutory, metropolitan city, mega city, urban agglomerations b) Process and causes of urbanisation – the role of migration, industrialisation, globalisation c) City core, peri-urban areas and rural-urban interactions d) Sub urbanisation e) Consequences of urbanisation – development, livelihoods, informal settlements | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Module 2: Concepts of Urban Economics - How do Cities Grow? a) Agglomeration economies and scale economies b) Land use patterns, land rent c)Bid rent theory | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Module 3: Spatial Organisation of Cities – How do Cities Differ in Size? a) Primate City b) Rank Size Distribution c) Central Place Theory d) Internal structure of cities: Concentric Zone Theory, | 12 | 0 | 0 |

| | Total | 37 | 08 | 00 |
|----|---|----|----|----|
| 5. | Module 5: Application of these theories in a real life project a) Selection of a theory and assessment of how these are applied in development of city structure b)Case studies | 3 | 8 | 0 |
| 4. | Module 4: Urban Sociological Theories a) Demographic transition theory b) Indian city model – neighbourhoods (mohallas), markets (bazaar), residential typologies | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Sector Theory, Multiple Nuclei Theory e) Edge City Theory f) The Right to the City g) Modernism & Post modernism h) Post-Colonial Urbanism i) New Urbanism j) Sustainable Urbanism k) Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) l) Urban Renewal | | | |

Evaluation criteria

The evaluation is based on two distinct components, viz. assignments on any one selected theory and its application in case study and an mid and end-Semester written examination covering the topics covered.

Test 1: 30% - Minor Test

Test 2: 30% - Oral presentation

Test 3: 40% - Written Examination (Evaluation linked to all Modules)

Tests 2 is an individual assignment wherein student select a theory of their interest and apply it any case study.

Learning outcomes

On successful completion of this course the students will be able to:

- 1. Develop insights on urbanisation from inter-disciplinary perspectives and demonstrate understanding of the diverse types of urban settlements, processes of urbanisation and its outcomes
- 2. Assess the transformation of urban spaces due to social and economic activities within urban settlements with the help of field work, secondary research
- 3. Gain competence in contextualising urbanisation in India for enhanced understanding of learnings from other courses of the programme

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, enabled by group activities and discussion on various case studies

Materials:

Books

- 1. Beall, Jo and Fox, Sean (2009): Cities and Development, Routledge Perspectives on Development, Routledge, London
- 2. Birch, Eugenie L. and Wachter, Susan M. (2011): Global Urbanization: The City in the Twenty-First Century, University of Pennsylvania Press
- 3. Carter, Harold (2010): The Study of Urban Geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 4 th

Edition.

- 4. Chatterji, Tathagata (2017): Globalisation and Peri-Urban Transformation: A Comparative Analysis of the Governance Characteristics of the Three Indian Cities, Copal Publishing Group, Ghaziabad.
- 5. Dikshit, Jutta K. Ed. (2011): The Urban Fringe of Indian Cities, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
- 6. Hoover, Edgar M. and Giarratani, Frank (1999): An Introduction to Regional Economics, Regional research Institute, West Virginia University, Available at: http://www.rri.wvu.edu/webbook/giarratani/main.htm
- 7. Lin, Jan and Mele, Christopher Eds. (2013): The Urban Sociology Reader, Second Edition, Routledge, Oxon, USA, pp. 83-90, 91-99
- 8. Morris, R.N. (2007): Urban Sociology, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., London
- 9. O'Sullivan, Arthur (2012): Urban Economics, Eighth Edition, McGraw Hill
- 10. Paul, Knox and McCarthy, Linda M. (2012): Urbanization: An Introduction to Urban Geography, Third Edition, Prentice Hall
- 11. Ramachandran, R. (1989): Urbanization and Urban Systems in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 12. Rockefeller Foundation (2008): Century of the City, The Rockefeller Foundation, New York, Available at: https://www.rockefellerfoundation.org/report/century-of-thecity/ 13. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (2011): Population Distribution, Urbanization, Internal Migration and Development: An International Perspective, UNDESA, Available at:

http://wedocs.unep.org/bitstream/handle/20.500.11822/18920/Population_Distribution_Urbanization.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y

Research Papers

- 1. Agarwal, Siddharth (2016): Urban Migration and Social Exclusion: Study from Indore Slums and Informal Settlements, IIED Working Paper, IIED, London.
- 2. Aijaz, Rumi (December 2017): "Measuring Urbanisation in India", ORF Issue Brief, Issue No. 218
- 3. Aijaz, Rumi (March 2019): "India's Peri-Urban Regions: The Need for Policy and the Challenges of Governance", ORF Issue Brief, Issue No. 285
- 4. Alexander, John W. (July 1954): "The Basic-Non Basic Concept of Urban Economic Functions", Economic Geography, Vol. 30, No. 3 pp. 246-261
- 5. Chandrasekhar, S. and Sharma, Ajay (May 2014): "Urbanization and Spatial Patterns of Internal Migration in India", Indira Gandhi Institute of Development Research, Mumbai, WP-2014-016, Available at: http://www.igidr.ac.in/pdf/publication/WP-2014-016.pdf
- 6. Davis, Kingsley (March 1955): "The Origin and Growth of Urbanization in the World", American Journal of Sociology, Vol. 60, No. 5, World Urbanism, pp. 429- 437
- 7. Denis, Eric, Mukhopadhyay, Partha, Zérah, Marie-Hélène (2012): "Subaltern Urbanisation in India", Economic & Political Weekly, Vol. XLVII, No. 30, pp. 52-62
- 8. Ellison, Glenn, Glaeser, Edward L. & Kerr, William R. (June 2010): "What Causes Industry Agglomeration? Evidence from Coagglomeration Patterns", American Economic Review, Vol. 100, pp. 1195-1213
- 9. Glaeser, Edward L. (2007): "The Economics Approach to Cities", National Bureau of Economic Research, Working Paper 13696, Cambridge, Massachusetts, Available at: https://www.nber.org/papers/w13696.pdf
- 10. Glaeser, Edward L. (2010): "Introduction" In Edward L. Glaeser Ed. Agglomeration Economics, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, pp. 1-14, Available at: https://www.nber.org/chapters/c7977.pdf
- 11. Harris, Chauncy D. and Ullman, Edward L. (November 1945): "The Nature of Cities", The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, Vol. 242, Building

the Future City, pp. 7-17

- 12. Jefferson, Mark (April 1939): "The Law of the Primate City", Geographical Review, Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 226-232
- 13. Kirk, Dudley (1996): "Demographic Transition Theory", Population Studies, Vol.50, pp. 361-387
- 14. Kundu, Amitabh (2011): "Trends and Processes of Urbanisation in India", Urbanization and Emerging Population Issues 6, Human Settlements Group, IIED Population and Development Branch, UNFPA
- 15. Kundu, Amitabh (2007): "Migration and Urbanisation in India in the Context of Poverty Alleviation", Paper presented at International Conference and Workshop on Policy Perspectives on Growth, Economic Structures and Poverty Reduction, Beijing, China, 7-9 June. Available at:
- $https://www.networkideas.org/ideasact/jun07/Beijing_Conference_07/Amitabh_Kundu.pdf$
- 16. Lee, Everett S. (1966): "A Theory of Migration", Demography, Vol. 3, No. 1. pp. 47-57 17. Noble, Allen G. (Winter 1998): "Using Descriptive Models to Understand South Asian Cities", Education About Asia, Vol. 3, No. 3, pp. 24-29
- 18. Ravenstein, E.G. (June 1885): "The Laws of Migration", Journal of the Statistical Society of London, Vol. 48, No. 2, pp. 167-235
- 19. Redfield, Robert & Singer, Milton B. (October 1954): "The Cultural Role of Cities", Economic Development and Cultural Change, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp. 53-73
- 20. Robinson, J. (2002): "Global and World Cities: A View from Off the Map", International Journal of Urban and Regional Research, Vol. 26, No. 3, pp. 531-554
- 21. Samanta, Gopa (May 2014): "The Politics of Classification and the Complexity of Governance in Census Towns", Economic and Political Weekly, Vol. XIIX, No. 22, pp. 55-62
- 22. Smailes, Arthur E. (1969): "The Indian City: A Descriptive Model", Geographische Zeitschrift, 57. Jahrg., H. 3, pp. 177-190, Available at: http://www.jstor.org/stable/27816984
- 23. Tacoli, Cecilia, McGranahan, Gordon & Sattherthwaite, David (March 2015): Urbanisation, Rural-Urban Migration and Urban Poverty, IIED Working Paper, IIED, London, pp. 1-33
- 24. Wirth, Louis (1938): "Urbanism as a Way of Life", American Journal of Sociology, Vol. 44, No. 1, pp. 1-24

Please note: For data related to population of India, refer to the Census of India data sets available at http://censusindia.gov.in/

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

The students are expected to maintain the required attendance and actively participate in class discussions.

Course reviewers:

- 1. Dr Vinod Tewari, Formerly Director National Institute of Urban Affairs, New Delhi and Professor/Dean Indian Institute of Management Bangalore.
- 2. Dr Sudesh Nangia, Retired Professor, CSRD and National Coordinator, UGC Faculty Recharge Programme, JNU, New Delhi.

| Course title: Urban Development Policies and Programmes | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: MEU XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 39-06-00 Learning hours: | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code | and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable E | ngineering | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | Course coordinator: Course instructor: | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | |

Course Description:

This course is designed to understand and examine various urban development policies and programmes that have been implemented in the country to: (i) promote a balanced urban development, (ii) create conducive environment for the development of required infrastructure and services, and (iii) assist in efficient management of urban areas. It will present a historical perspective of the policies and programmes as evolved since Independence. The course will provide a critical analysis of recent policies and programmes which are impacting urban development across the country. The course is structured under four modules. Module 1 provides an overview of urban development policies and programmes, implementing institutions, role of each level of organisations. Modules 2 and 3 covers an understanding of the urban development policies and programmes in the traditional and present context. Module 4 higlights the policies and programmes in the global context. Module 5 is devoted to the critical review of on-going policies and programmes. It also looks into the change of a particular overtime and assess its impacts.

Course objectives:

- To generate awareness and knowledge about the rationale and contents of various urban policies and related programmes which have been implemented since Independence
- To develop critical understanding about effectiveness of the implementation of urban development programmes which are designed to achieve the goals of these policies, for taking the urbanisation agenda forward
- To develop an understanding of the urban policies and programmes of other countries that are adopted to tackle the challenges of urbanisation.
- To assess the changes in policies overtime to deal with the pressing urban challenges and highlight its impact.

| Course c | ontent | | | |
|----------|---|----|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1. | Overview of Urban Development Policies and Programmes Urban development policies and programmes in the Five-Year Plans Recommendations of the National Commission on Urbanisation (NCU) and need for reforms Overall institutional framework and sectors for the implementation of the policies and programme Role of central, state, city and ULB level in implementation of policies and programmes Progressing towards sustainable cities and communities (Sustainable Development Goal 11) | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Urban Development Policies: In Traditional Context | 8 | 0 | 0 |

| | Total | 39 | 06 | 00 |
|----|---|----|----|----|
| 5. | Critical Assessment of existing policies and case studies | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| | National Urban Policy in Australia | | | |
| | Cities and Local Government Devolution Act (City Deals) in the UK | | | |
| | Development)Policies | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| | OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and | _ | 0 | |
| | National Urban Policy facilitated by the UN Habitat | | | |
| 4. | International Policies and programmes | | | |
| | National Environmental Policy | | | |
| | National Tourism Policy | | | |
| | National Education Policy | | | |
| | National Health Policy | | | |
| | National Water Folicy National Electricity Policy | | | |
| | National Rural Livelihoods Mission National Water Policy | | | |
| | Livelihood Mission (DAY-NULM) • National Rural Livelihoods Mission | | | |
| | Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Urban Lizelih and Mississa (DAN/NHLM) | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| | • HRIDAY | | _ | _ |
| | Smart City Mission | | | |
| | • AMRUT | | | |
| | Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojna, 2015 | | | |
| | Rajiv Awas Yojna, 2013 | | | |
| | NITI Aayog | | | |
| | In Present Context | | | |
| 3. | Urban Development Policies, Missions and Programmes: | | | |
| | • Ivational Orban Sanitation Policy,2008 | | | |
| | National Urban Housing and Habitat Policy,2007 National Urban Sanitation Policy,2008 | | | |
| | National Urban Transport Policy, 2006 National Urban Housing and Hebitat Policy 2007 | | | |
| | Programme (IHSDP), 2005 | | | |
| | Integrated Housing and Slum Development Output Development | | | |
| | and Medium Towns (UIDSSMT), 2005 | | | |
| | Urban Infrastructure Development Scheme for Small | | | |
| | (JNNURM), 2005 | | | |
| | Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission | | | |
| | 1997National Policy on Urban Street Vendors, 2004 | | | |
| | Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY), 1007 | | | |
| | 1992. | | | |
| | • Constitution (Seventy-Fourth) Amendment Act, | | | |
| | • Urban Community Development Programme, 1958. | | | |

Evaluation criteria

The evaluation is based on two distinct components, viz. assignments on any one selected policy or programme from Modules 2, 3 and 4 and an mid and end-Semester written examination covering the topics covered.

Test 1: 30% - Minor Test

Test 2: 30% - Oral presentation

Test 3: 40% - Written Examination (Evaluation linked to all Modules)

Tests 2 is a group assignment wherein students select a policy/programme of their interest. The assignment is based on review of a selected urban policy or programme and its implementation at a city/State level. The review shall comprise an analysis of policy/programme framework — content and need of the policy/programme; process — formulation and implementation; evaluation. The assignment will use data collected from secondary sources, literature. Students are encouraged to collect primary data through fieldwork to enhance their understanding of programme implementation.

Class participation is evaluated based on discussions held on course readings and/or any other additional readings relevant to the course as well as participation in tutorials for progress of work.

(Evaluation linked to Modules 2, 3 and 4)

Learning outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Have a good understanding of the processes, goals and contents of various urban development policies and programmes in India
- 2. Analyse various provisions of urban development policies and programmes, their implementation, and the institutional mechanisms for their implementation
- 3. Develop a perspective to enable them to suggest ways to improve the policies and their implementation to achieve sustainable urban development

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through classroom lectures, enabled by group activities and discussion on various case studies

Materials:

- 1. All urban development policy and programme documents available from the website of the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (formerly Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation), Government of India (http://mhupa.gov.in) and individual sites of the urban development Missions
- 2. Progress of work under different urban development programmes available at: http://mohua.gov.in/cms/progress-reports.php; https://data.gov.in/
- 3. Five Year Plans documents and mid-term review as available from the website of Planning Commission, Government of India

(http://planningcommission.gov.in/index_oldpc.php) and on SDGs from the website of NITI Aayog (https://www.niti.gov.in/niti/)

Research Papers:

- 1. Aijaz, Rumi (January 2020): "The Smart Cities Mission in Delhi, 2015-2019: An Evaluation", ORF Special Report No. 98, Observer Research Foundation
- 2. Batra, Lalit (April 2009): A Review of Urbanisation and Urban Policy in Post-

Independent India, Working Paper Series, CSLG/WP/12, Centre for the Study of Law and Governance, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

- 3. Bedi, Jayana and Prashant Narang (2020): Progress Report 2020: Implementing the Street Vendors Act, Centre for Civil Society
- 4. Bhagat, R.B. (September 2014): "Urban policies and programmes in India: Retrospect and prospect", YOJANA, pp. 4-8
- 5. CEPT University and ICOMOS India (2017): HRIDAY Reflections: A Monograph on Heritage City Development Augmentation Yojana, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Government of India
- 6. D'Souza, Renita (2019): "Housing poverty in urban India: The failures of past and current strategies and the need for a new blueprint", ORF Occasional Paper No. 187, Observer Research Foundation
- 7. Gauba, Rajiv (2017): "Improving urban infrastructure", Indian Journal of Public Administration, Vol. 63 (2), pp. 165–175
- 8. INTACH (2015): PEARL Compendium of Good Practices: Urban Heritage in Indian Cities, Available at: https://www.niua.org/pearl/sites/default/files/books/GP-IN4 HERITAGE.pdf
- 9. Mahadevia, Darshini (July 30, 2011): "Branded and renewed? Policies, politics and processes of urban development in the reform era", Economic and Political Weekly, Vol XLVI, No 31, pp. 56-64
- 10. Naik, Mukta (2015): "Informal rental housing typologies and experiences of low-income migrant renters in Gurgaon, India", Environment and Urbanization Asia, Vol 6 (2), pp. 154-175
- 11. Shaw, Annapurna (January 27, 1996): "Urban policy in post-Independent India: An appraisal", Economic and Political Weekly, pp. 224-228
- 12. Singh, Satpal (November 2020): "Solid waste management in urban India: Imperatives for improvement", ORF Occasional Paper No. 283, Observer Research Foundation
- 13. Vaidya, Chetan (July 2009): Urban Issues, Reforms and Way Forward in India, Working Paper No.4/2009-DEA, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

The students are expected to maintain the required attendance and actively participate in class discussions.

Course reviewers:

Dr K K Pandey, IIPA, New Delhi Prof. Om Prakash Mathur, Senior Fellow, ISS, New Delhi

| Course title: Geoinformatics for urban development management | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: MEU XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 29-05-22 Learning hours: | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code | and title (if any): | | | | | |
| Department: Sustainable E | ngineering | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Course instructor: | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | |

Course Description:

In today's time, spatial data analysis helps support decision making in urban domain. It is prudent that the students of MTech Urban Development Management learn the techniques of spatial data analysis that includes data collection, management, interpretation and analysis. The course is designed to introduce the concepts and develop understanding of Geographic Information System (GIS) and remote sensing imageries application in urban domain to the students joining the program and holding graduation from varied disciplines. The course structure will help them build knowledge base and develop skills that they can use in various courses and in practice.

Course objectives:

- 1. To provide understanding of remote sensing / GIS techniques.
- 2. To develop acumen of remote sensing/ GIS tool application for urban development and management.
- 3. To enable handling of raster data including image classification and hyperspectral analysis.
- 4. To develop technical skills in GIS application and software for spatial analysis.

| Course content | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P | |
| 1. | Introduction to Remote sensing: Electromagnetic spectrum and earth observation, Types of sensors and applications, Sensor resolutions, Image correction, Spatial referencing, Image interpretation, Elements of visual interpretation | 6 | 0 | 4 | |
| 2. | Applications of Remote sensing for Urban Management Supervised and unsupervised classification for mapping land use land cover, Thermal remote sensing for land surface temperature mapping, Hyperspectral remote sensing for vegetation index and built-up index mapping, Spatial statistics – neighbourhood and zonal statistics, Case examples, Understanding of Analytical Hierarchy Process for conducting Land Suitability Analysis | 9 | 2 | 6 | |
| 3. | Introduction to GIS: Evolution of cartography, Geographic Information System – definition, history, current trends and future, concepts and components of GIS, Big data in GIS, and other geospatial technologies. Introduction to the interface of Arc GIS | 2 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4. | GIS and its components: Spatial data: Definition, VS Nonspatial data, types (raster and vector), characteristics, sources (including Bhuvan Geoportal), creation, topology, and standards, Introduction to spatial data analysis. National level initiatives for creating spatial data infrastructure in India. | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| 5. | Introduction to Mapping Components of GIS: | 6 | 2 | 4 | |

| | Spatial and non-spatial database management systems, | | | |
|--------|---|----|---|----------|
| | Spatial data types, Vector representations, Topology and | | | |
| | spatial relationships, Sequential query language (Spatial), | | | |
| | Map Coordinate Systems (Data Reprojection GCS to UTM) | | | |
| 6. | Applications of GIS for Urban Management: | | | |
| | Digitizing urban features, Data Collection (Mobile survey, | | | |
| | Geotagging photos, geocoding, Data quality/data gaps | | | |
| | checks and repairs, Data interpolation, Spatial data analysis | 4 | 0 | 8 |
| | (overlay functions, proximity analysis, multicriteria | | | |
| | analysis), Data visualization (symbology, | | | |
| | map layout and for alternate platforms), Case examples | | | |
| | Total | 29 | 5 | 22 |
| | | | | |
| Detail | s of the lab | | | |
| 1 | Acquiring remote sensing imagery and spatial referencing of | | | 2 |
| | imageries | | | 2 |
| 2 | Image correction technique | | | 2 |
| 3 | Supervised and unsupervised image classification and | | | 2 |
| | validation through site visits | | | 2 |
| 4 | Land surface temperature mapping | | | 2 |
| 5 | Normalized Difference Vegetation Index, Normalized | | | _ |
| | Difference Built-up Index mapping and spatial statistics | | | 2 |
| 6 | Spatial database management and attribute management | | | 2 |
| 7 | Map projection and datum | | | 2 |
| 8 | Vector data acquisition using open-source platforms, | | | 2 |
| | digitization and editing | | | 2 |
| 9 | Spatial and non-spatial SQL, Join and Relate with vector | | | _ |
| | data | | | 2 |
| 10 | Spatial data analysis | | | 2 |
| 11 | Map visualization, data classification and map composition | | | 2 |
| | , <u>1</u> 1 | l | l | <u> </u> |

Evaluation criteria

Lab assignments / tutorial

Minor test 1: 15%, Assessment based on module 1 & 2 Minor test 2: 15%, Assessment based on module 3 & 4

Lab Assignments/Tutorials: 20%, submission of regular assignments in correspondence to practical lab components, showcase learning of tools and methods based on lab component module 5-6

Project: 20%, a project on integrated application of the tools and methods taught throughout the semester.

Major test: 30%, overall syllabus and course

Learning outcomes

Students will be able to

- 1. Use remote sensing imageries in various applications of urban development and management.
- 2.Know the basic concepts in GIS and work with basic tools in GIS software
- 3. Gather and manage spatial data.
- 4. Conduct analysis using spatial data on GIS platforms.
- 5. Generate maps ready for visual interpretation and inclusion in reports and presentations.

Pedagogical approach

The course is designed in a way that remains independent of a particular software. The knowledge gathered can be applied on any platform. For practical exercises in the class ERDAS IMAGINE and ArcGIS will be used.

Materials:

- 1. Jensen J., Remote Sensing of the Environment: An Earth Resource Perspective, Pearsons, 2009.
- 2. Lillesand T., Kiefer R. W. and Chipman J., Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, Wiley & Sons, 2009.
- 3. Lo, C.P. and Yeung, A.K.W., Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, PHI Leaning Private Limited 2011.
- 4. Longley P. A., Barnsley M. J., Donnay Jean-Paul, Remote Sensing and Urban Analysis, Taylor & Francis, 2001.
- 5. Yang, X., Urban Remote Sensing Monitoring, Synthesis and Modeling in the urban Environment, Wiley Blackwell, 2011.

Journals for reference:

Computers, Environment and Urban Systems International Journal of Geographic Information Systems Urban Planning and Development

Additional information (if any): N.A.

Student responsibilities

Timely submission of weekly lab assignments, Initiative for conducting project, regularity in class, thorough reading of provided material, practice, etc.

Course reviewers:

- 1. Dr. A. K. Gosain, Professor, Department of Civil Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi
- 2. Ms. Eleza Boban, Senior GIS Specialist, Stantec, Qatar

| Year | Courses | Current Credits | New as per NHEQF- (20 credits minimum, across all semesters) |
|--------------|--|--------------------|---|
| First Year | | | |
| 1st Semester | 8 Core Courses | 26 | 20 (6 core courses) |
| 2nd Semester | 7 Core Courses + Field Trip | 24 | 20 (6 courses) |
| Second Year | | | |
| 3rd Semester | 2 Core Courses + 2 Electives and 1 Minor Project | 17 | 22 (5 Core Courses + 2 Electives and 1 Minor Project of 8 credits) |
| 4th Semester | Major Project | 16 | 20 (to be approved across programmes) |

SEMESTER 1

| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Existing Number of Credits | Revision as per NHEQF |
|---------------|--|------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| NRE 115 | Environmental statistics | Core | 4 | 4 |
| WSW 131 | Hydraulics | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 143 | Water resources - Institutions and governance | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 145 | Water Quality monitoring methods and analysis | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 163 | Gender, rights and equity perspective for sustainable water management | Core | 3 | Shifted to 3rd semester |
| WSW 167 | Applied hydrology and meteorology | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 169 | Introduction to Geoinformatics | Core | 4 | 4 |
| WSW 181 | Water planning and management | Core | 3 | Shifted to 3rd semester |

SEMESTER 2

| Course No. | Course Title | Type | Existing Number of Credits | Revision as per NHEQF |
|---------------|---|------|----------------------------------|--|
| WSW 101 | Field trip on Water Management Practices | Core | 1 | Removed, Non- credit field trip shall continue |
| WSW 124 | Water audit and demand management | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 136 | Irrigation water and drainage management | Core | 4 | 4 |
| WSW 147 | Economic and financial evaluation of water infrastructure | Core | 4 | 4 |
| WSW 154 | Aquatic eco-system management | Core | 3 | May be removed |
| WSW 164 | Integrated watershed and river basin management | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 179 | Qualitative research methods and technical writing | Core | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 184 | Water supply and sanitation | Core | 3 | 3 |

SEMESTER 3

| Course No. | Course Title | Type | Existing Number of Credits | Revision as per NHEQF |
|---------------|--|-----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| WSW 163 | Gender, rights and equity perspective for sustainable water management | Core | 0 | 3 |
| NRE 163 | Groundwater hydrology and management | Elective* | 3 | 3 |
| WSW 107 | Minor Project in Water Science and Governance | Core | 6 | 8 |
| WSW 132 | Industrial pollution control | Elective* | 3 | 3 |
| WSW | Water law | Core | 3 | May be |

| 153 | | | | removed |
|------------|---|----------|---|----------------|
| WSW 177 | Social, economic and health dimensions of water, sanitation and hygiene | Elective | 3 | May be removed |
| WSW 181 | Water planning and management | Core | 0 | 3 |
| WSW 182 | Water security and conflict management | Core | 2 | 2 |

[•] Students can choose electives from other programs in lieu of the proposedones.

SEMESTER 4

| Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Existing Number of Credits | Revision as per NHEQF |
|---------------|--|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| WSW 108 | Major Project in Water Science and Governance | Core | 16 | 20 |

Revised Programme Outline: MSc (Economics)

| S No | Exis | ting programme outl | ine | Prop | osed programme out | line | |
|---------------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|--|
| | | Semester 1 | | | Semester 1 | | |
| | Course code | Course title | Туре | Course code | Course title | Туре | |
| 1 | MPE 127 | Macroeconomics-I | Core | MPE 127 | Macroeconomics-I | Core | |
| 2 | MPE 134 | Microeconomics-I | Core | MPE 134 | Microeconomics-I | Core | |
| 3 | MPE 186 | Econometrics-I | Core | MPE 186 | Econometrics-I | Core | |
| 4 | MPE 113 | Mathematical methods for economics | Core | Yet to be decided | Real Analysis and Optimization | Core | |
| 5 | NA | NA | NA | MPE 184 Development Economics | | Core | |
| Total credits | | 16 | Total cred | its | 20 | | |

| S No | Exist | ting programme outlir | 1e | Prop | osed programme outli | ne |
|---------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------|--|----------------------------|------|
| | | Semester 2 | | | | |
| | Course code | Course title | Type | Course code | Course title | Туре |
| 1 | MPE 129 | Macroeconomics-II | Core | MPE 129 | Macroeconomics-II | Core |
| 2 | MPE 137 | Microeconomics-II | Core | MPE 134 Microeconomics-II | | Core |
| 3 | MPE 187 | Econometrics-II | Core | MPE 187 | Econometrics-II | Core |
| 4 | MPE 152 | Environmental Economics | Core | MPE 152 | Environmental Economics | Core |
| 5 | NA | NA | NA | Yet to be decided Dynamic Optimization | | Core |
| Total credits | | 16 | Total cred | its | 20 | |

| S No | Exist | Existing programme outline | | | oosed programme outli | ne | |
|------|-------------|----------------------------|------|-------------|-----------------------|------|--|
| | | Semester 3 | | Semester 3 | | | |
| | Course code | Course title | Туре | Course code | Course title | Туре | |

| 1 | MPE 176 | Methods of Research in Economics | Core | MPE 176 | Methods of Research in Economics | Core |
|--|---------|--|----------|--------------|--|-----------|
| 2 | MPE 184 | Development Economics | Core | MPE 153 | Natural Resource Economics | Core |
| 3 | MPE 153 | Natural Resource Economics | Core | Students n | nay opt for at least three | electives |
| Students may opt for at least two elec | | | ctives | MPE 154 | Economics of Health and Environment | Elective |
| 4 | MPE 154 | Economics of Health and Environment | Elective | MPE 122 | Indian Agricultural Development: Contemporary Issues | Elective |
| 5 | MPE 122 | Indian Agricultural Development: Contemporary Issues | Elective | MPE 156 | Theory of Contracts | Elective |
| 6 | MPE 156 | Theory of Contracts | Elective | MPE 188 | Labour Economics | Elective |
| 7 | MPE 188 | Labour Economics | Elective | MPE 193 | Trade, Development and Environment | Elective |
| 8 | MPE 193 | Trade, Development and Environment | Elective | MPE 157 | Auctions and Mechanism Design | Elective |
| 9 | MPE 157 | Auctions and Mechanism Design | Elective | | | |
| Total c | redits | | 20 | Total credit | ts* | 20 |

| S. No | Existi | ing programme outl | ine | Propo | ne | |
|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|------|
| | | Semester 4 | | | Semester 4 | |
| | Course code | | | Course code Course title | | Туре |
| 1 | MPE 108 Master's thesis | | Core | MPE 108 Master's thesis | | Core |
| Total credits | | 20 | Total credits | | 20 | |

Revised Course Outline of 'Real Analysis and Optimisation'

| Cours | rsetitle:Real Analysis and Optimisation | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------|
| Cours | rsecode: TBD No. ofcredits:4 L-T-P:48-12- | 0 Lea | arningho | urs:60 |) |
| Pre-re | requisitecoursecodeandtitle: | | | | |
| Depa | artment:DepartmentofPolicy and ManagementStudies | | | | |
| | rsecoordinator: Courseinstructor: | | | | |
| | tactdetails: | | | | |
| | rsetype:Core Courseofferedin:1st seme | | | | |
| certai two p differ | rsedescription: This is an introductory course on the fundamentals of mathematin disciplines of economics – microeconomics, macroeconomics, etc. The couparts: one is real analysis and the other is optimisation. The course covers sequentiability, convex analysis, unconstrained optimisation, optimisation with extraints. | ırse is br uences, l | oadly di imits, co | vided ontinui | into |
| Cours | rseobjective: | | | | |
| 3 | To develop the core concepts of mathematics that are used in economics. To develop mathematical sophistication and proof writing. To build analytical and technical skills by rigorous analysis. To apply these techniques and skills in economic applications. | | | | |
| | rsecontents | | | | |
| | Topics | | L | T | P |
| 1 | Preliminaries. | | 4 | | |
| | Logic: Statements, conjuction and disjunction, implications, necessity and sufficiency, contrapositive and converse, quantifiers, theorems and proofs. | | | | |
| | Sets and functions: domain, range, types of functions, direct and inverse images, inverse and composite functions. | | | | |
| | Cardinality: finite sets, denumerable sets, countability. | | | | |
| 2 | Real Analysis I. | | 9 | 3 | |
| | Supremum and infimum: upper bound, lower bound, bounded sets, complete property, Archimedean property. | eness | | | |
| | Sequences and limits: metric spaces, sequences on the real line, convergence point, cluster point, divergence, bounded sequences, limit supremum, limit algebraic limit theorem, squeeze theorem, monotone sequences, monotone convergence theorem, subsequence, Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem, Cauchy completeness, functional limits. | infimum | , | | |
| 3 | Real Analysis II. | | 9 | 3 | |
| | Topology: open ball, neighborhood, interior points, closure points, accumul points, interior of a set, closure of a set, open sets, closed sets, characterisat cover, compact sets, Heine-Borel theorem. | | en | | |
| | Continuity and differentiability: continuity and its characterizations, Bolzar intermediate value theorem, differentiability on the real line, characterisation | | | | |

| | Caratheodory's theorem, Rolle's theorem, mean value theorem, differentiability in higher dimensions, partial derivatives, characterizations. | | | |
|---|---|----|----|--|
| 4 | Real Analysis III. | 6 | 1 | |
| | Convex sets, subgraph and epigraph of a function, concavity and convexity, characterizations, contour sets, quasiconcavity and quasiconvexity. | | | |
| 5 | Optimisation. | 4 | | |
| | Optimisation problems, existence of solutions, Weierstrass theorem. | | | |
| | Motivating examples: utility maximisation, cost minimisation, profit maximisation, exchange economy. | | | |
| 6 | Unconstrained optimisation. | 4 | 1 | |
| | Unconstrained optimisation problems, unconstrained maximum, local maximum, unconstrained local maximum, strict local maximum, first-order condition, second-order condition. | | | |
| 7 | Optimisation with equality constraints. | 6 | 2 | |
| | Optimisation problems with equality constraints, theorem of Lagrange, constraint qualification under equality constraints, cookbook procedure and its limitations, sufficient conditions for cookbook procedure. | | | |
| | Applications: utility maximisation with Cobb-Douglas utility function, cost minimization. | | | |
| 8 | Optimisation with inequality constraints. | 6 | 2 | |
| | Optimisation problems with equality constraints, theorem of Kuhn and Tucker, constraint qualification under inequality constraints, cookbook procedure and its limitations, sufficient conditions for cookbook procedure. | | | |
| | Applications: utility maximisation with perfect substitutes utility function, cost minimization. | | | |
| | Total | 48 | 12 | |
| | | | | |

Pedagogical approach:

Classroom teaching and problem-solving sessions.

Evaluationcriteria:

Minor1:WrittenExamination- 30% [Syllabus: 1-2, Learning outcomes: 1-3] Minor 2: Written Examination - 30% [Syllabus: 3-4, Learning outcomes: 1-3] Major:WrittenExamination -40% [Syllabus: 5-8, Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Learningoutcomes:

- 1. To understand the core concepts of mathematics.
- 2. To develop mathematical sophistication.
- 3. To write proofs rigorously.
- 4. To apply concepts and results in economic applications.

Core readings:

- 1. S. Abbott. "Understanding Analysis" (2016) (SA)
- 2. R. Sundaram. "A First Course in Optimization Theory" (1996) (RS)

Additional readings:

- 1. R. Bartle, D. Sherbert. "Introduction to Real Analysis" (2010) (RB)
- 2. C. Simon, L. Blume. "Mathematics for Economists" (2018)

Module-wise chapters:

- 1. Module 1: SA, Chapter 1 [Learning outcomes: 1]
- 2. Module 2: SA, Chapters 1 and 2; RS: Chapter 1 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 3. Module 3: SA, Chapters 3-5; RS: Chapter 1 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 4. Module 4: RS, Chapters 7-8 [Learning outcomes 1-3]
- 5. Module 5: RS, Chapters 2 and 3 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 6. Module 6: RS, Chapter 4 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 7. Module 7: RS, Chapters 4 and 5 [Learning outcomes: 1-4]
- 8. Module 8: RS, Chapter 6 [Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Coursepreparedby:Sanyyam Khurana

Studentresponsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: asperuniversity rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1. Abhijit Banerji. Professor, Department of Humanities and Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi
- 2. Sudhir Shah. Professor, Department of Economics, Delhi School of Economics

Revised Course Outline of 'Linear Algebra and Optimisation'

| | setitle:Linear Algebra and Dynamic (| • | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---------|--------|----|
| | secode: TBD | No. ofcredit | s:4 | L-T-P:51-9-0 | Learn | inghou | ırs:6(|) |
| Pre-re | equisitecoursecodeandtitle: | | | | | | | |
| Depa | rtment:DepartmentofPolicy and Mana | agementStudie | es | | | | | |
| | secoordinator: | | Courseins | structor: | | | | |
| | actdetails: | | | | | | | |
| | setype:Core | | | feredin:2 nd semester | | | | |
| grow linear optim | sedescription: This course develops f th economics, game theory, resource transformations, inner product space issation in discrete and continuous tin | economics, ar es, spectral the | nd econome | etrics. The course c | overs ve | ector s | paces | S, |
| 5 6 7 8 | To develop mathematical sophisticTo build analytical and technical s | cation and pro skills by rigord | oof writing. ous analysis | s. | | | | |
| Cours | secontents | | | | | | | |
| S.No | Topics | | | | | L | Т | P |
| 1 | Linear Algebra I. | | | | | 6 | 1 | |
| | Vector spaces: Real vector space, so dependence, characterizations, sum Bases and dimension: basis, standar existence of a basis and its characterizations. | , direct sum. rd basis, finite | dimension | al vector space, | | | | |
| 2 | Linear Algebra II. | | | | | 8 | 1 | |
| | Linear transformation: linear transformatrix, change of basis. | ormation and i | its types, tr | ansformation | | | | |
| | Null space and range: null space, ra algebra. | nge, nullity, ra | ank, fundar | mental theorem of l | inear | | | |
| | Inner product spaces: inner product theorem, Cauchy-Schwarz inequalit othronormal bases, Gram-Schmidt. | ty, Parallelogr | _ | | | | | |
| | Spectral theory: eigenvalue, eigenve | ector, spectrur | n, diagonal | lization. | | | | |
| 3 | Discrete dynamics. | | | | | 4 | | |
| | Linear systems in one dimension: d equilibria, existence results, stability | • | | | | | | |
| | Linear systems in multi dimensions equilibria, stability analysis. | : characterisat | ion, steady | states, existence of | f | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 4 | Differential equations. | 7 | 1 | |
|---|--|----|---|--|
| | First-order ordinary differential equations, solutions, homogeneous equations, stability, saddle points, Picard's existence theorem. | | | |
| 5 | Preliminaries for dynamic optimisation | 8 | | |
| | Preliminaries: metric spaces, correspondences, upper hemicontinuity, lower hemicontinuity, contraction mapping theorem, Blackwell's sufficient conditions, theorem of the maximum. | | | |
| 6 | Dynamic optimisation in discrete time. | 10 | 3 | |
| | Finite horizon: Dynamic programming, value function, existence result, Bellman equation. | | | |
| | Infinite horizon: Dynamic programming (sequence problem), value function (recursive formulation), Bellman equation (principle of optimality), Euler equation, transversality condition, existence result, concavity of value function. | | | |
| | Application: consumption-saving problem, optimal growth model, cake eating problem, tree cutting problem. | | | |
| 7 | Optimal control theory. | 8 | 3 | |
| | Dynamic optimisation in continuous time, Hamiltonian function, maximum principle, Mangasarian's sufficient conditions, Arrow's sufficient conditions, transversality conditions. | | | |
| | Application: optimal growth model in continuous time. | | | |
| | Total | 51 | 9 | |
| | | | | |

Pedagogical approach:

Classroom teaching and problem-solving sessions.

Evaluationcriteria:

Minor1:WrittenExamination - 30% [Syllabus: 1-2, Learning outcomes: 1-3] Minor 2: Written Examination - 30% [Syllabus: 3-4, Learning outcomes: 1-4] Major:WrittenExamination -40% [Syllabus: 5-7, Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Learningoutcomes:

- 5. To understand the core concepts of mathematics.
- 6. To develop mathematical sophistication.
- 7. To write proofs rigorously.
- 8. To apply concepts and results in economic applications.

Core readings:

- 3. S. Axler. "Linear Algebra Done Right" (1997) (SA)
- 4. O. Galor. "Discrete Dynamical Systems" (2003) (OG)
- 5. G. Simmons, S. Krantz. "Differential Equations: Theory, Technique, and Practice" (2007) (SK)
- 6. D. Acemoglu. "Introduction to Modern Economic Growth" (DA)
- 7. R. Sundaram. "A First Course in Optimization Theory" (1996) (RS)

Additional readings:

- 3. A. Chiang. "Elements of Dynamic Optimization"
- 4. G. Strang. "Linear Algebra and its Applications", 3rd edition (1998)
- 5. N. Stokey, R. Lucas. "Recursive Methods in Economic Dynamics" (1988)

Module-wise chapters:

- 9. Module 1: SA, Chapters 1-3 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 10. Module 2: SA, Chapters 3 and 10 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 11. Module 3: OG, Chapters 1-2 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 12. Module 4: SK, Chapters 3, 10-11 [Learning outcomes: 1-4]
- 13. Module 5: DA, Chapter 6 [Learning outcomes: 1-3]
- 14. Module 6: DA, Chapter 6; RS, Chapters 11-12 [Learning outcomes: 1-4]
- 15. Module 7: DA, Chapter 7 [Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Coursepreparedby:Sanyyam Khurana

Studentresponsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: asperuniversity rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1. Abhijit Banerji. Professor, Department of Humanities and Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi
- 2. Sudhir Shah. Professor, Department of Economics, Delhi School of Economics

Revised Course Outline of 'Intermediate Microeconomics I'

| Cours | setitle:Intermediate Microeconomics I | | | | | | |
|-------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------|-------|-------|
| Cours | secode: TBD No | . ofcredits:4 | L-T-P:46-14-0 | Learni | nghou | rs:60 | |
| | equisitecoursecodeandtitle: UEO 103: Intro | | | | | | |
| | omics, UEO 102: Basic Mathematics for E | conomics, UDS 10 | 03: Mathematics for D |) ata | | | |
| Scien | | +C4di | | | | | |
| | rtment:DepartmentofPolicy and Managem | | | | | | |
| | secoordinator: | Coursei | nstructor: | | | | |
| | actdetails: | Common | offeredin:3 rd Semeste | | | | |
| | setype:Core | | | | | | |
| | sedescription: This is a second course on rematical economics courses. Broadly, the | | | | | | |
| | rences of a consumer, utility representation | | | | | | rofit |
| maxii | misation, and cost minimisation. The third | l part focuses on d | ifferent forms of mar | kets – po | | | |
| | nonopoly. The fourth part focuses on gene | ral equilibrium an | d welfare economics | | | | |
| Cours | seobjective: | | | | | | |
| | To learn fundamentals of microeco To apply the core concepts in econ | | | | | | |
| Cours | secontents | approductions | | | | | |
| S.No | | | | | L | Г | P |
| 1 | Consumer choice I | | | | | 3 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Preference relations, budget sets, utility | representations, ca | ardinal and | | | | |
| | ordinal utilities, indifference curves, mar | rginal utility, and i | marginal rate of | | | | |
| | substitution. | | | | | | |
| | Examples of utility functions: Cobb-Dou | ıglas, perfect subs | titutes, perfect | | | | |
| | complements, CES, and quasi-linear. | | | | | | |
| 2 | Consumer choice II | | | | 8 | 3 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Optimality, Marshallian demands, norma | | | | | | |
| | Engel curve, price offer curve and deman | nd curve, law of d | emand, substitutes ar | ıd | | | |
| | complements. | | | | | | |
| | Substitution and income effects, Slutsky | equation Hicksia | n demand revealed | | | | |
| | preferences, weak axiom of revealed pre | | | | | | |
| | protections, would united to revenue pro | , | 0141 01101001 | | | | |
| | Uncertainty, expected utility, risk averse | , risk neutral, risk | loving preferences. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Production and Costs | | | | 6 | 2 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Technology, marginal product, technical | | on, short and long run | ι, | | | |
| | returns to scale, and elasticity of substitu | ition. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Examples of technology functions: Cobb | o-Douglas, perfect | substitutes, perfect | | | | |
| | complements, CES, and quasi-linear. | | | | | | |
| | | | 1 1 | | | | |
| | Cost minimization, cost functions, expar | | _ | | | | |
| | variable costs, cost-output elasticity, man | iginal costs and di | iamy with technology | у. | ļ | | |
| | | | | | <u> </u> | | |

| 4 | Markets I: Perfect competition | 6 | 2 | |
|-----|--|----|----|--|
| | Firm: Perfect competition, demand function of a firm, short-run supply function of a firm, shutdown decision, profit maximization, input demand, producer surplus. | | | |
| | Market: market demand, short-run market supply, short-run supply elasticity, short-run equilibrium, long-run supply, long-run supply elasticity and long-run equilibrium. | | | |
| 5 | Markets II: Monopoly | 6 | 2 | |
| | Monopolist's problem, linear demands and profits, marginal revenue and elasticity, rectangular hyperbola demands and profits, non-existence of supply functions, deadweight loss. | | | |
| | Price discrimination: first-degree price discrimination, second-degree price discrimination, and third-degree price discrimination. | | | |
| 6 | General equilibrium | 8 | 2 | |
| | Exchange, endowments, Edgeworth box, Pareto efficiency, relative prices, competitive equilibrium, first theorem of welfare economics, second theorem of welfare economics, applications. | | | |
| 7 | Welfare economics | 4 | | |
| | Social welfare function, individual preferences, axioms of Pareto, independence of irrelevant alternative and dictatorship, Arrow's impossibility theorem. | | | |
| | Total | 46 | 14 | |
| - · | | | | |

Pedagogical approach:

Classroom teaching and problem-solving sessions.

Evaluationcriteria:

Minor1:WrittenExamination- 30% [Syllabus: 1-4, Learning outcomes: 1-6]

Minor 2: Written Examination - 30% [Syllabus: 5-6, Learning outcomes: 1-6]

Major:WrittenExamination -40% [Syllabus: Complete course, Learning outcomes: 1-6]

Learningoutcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the core concepts of microeconomics. [Modules 1-6]
- 2. Analyze an economic problem graphically. [Modules 1-6]
- 3. Solve an economic problem mathematically using calculus. [Modules 1-6]
- 4. Build intuitions of the core results. [Modules 1-6]
- 5. Figure out the cases where cookbook methods are not applicable. [Modules 1-6]
- 6. Apply the concepts and results in economic applications. [Modules 1-6]

Core reading:

- 8. H. Varian, "Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach", 8th edition (2010) (HV)
- 9. W. Nicholson, C. Snyder. "Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions", 10th edition (NS)

Additional readings:

10. T. Bergstorm, H. Varian. "Workouts in Intermediate Microeconomics" (2014)

Module-wise chapters from the core reading: H. Varian, "Intermediate Microeconomics", 8th edition (2010) (HV)

- Module 1: HV, Chapters 2, 3 and 4
 Module 2: HV, Chapters 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, and 12
 Module 3: NS, Chapters 9 and 10
 Module 4: NS, Chapters 11 and 12
 Module 5: NS, Chapter 14
 Module 6: HV, Chapter 21

- 6. Module 6: HV, Chapter 317. Module 7: HV, Chapter 33

Coursepreparedby:Sanyyam Khurana

Studentresponsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: asperuniversity rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1. Souvik Dutta. Assistant Professor, Indraprastha Institute of Information Technology Delhi
- 2. Ankush Garg. Assistant Professor, Jindal School of Government and Public Policy O.P. Jindal Global University

Revised Course Outline of 'Intermediate Microeconomics II'

| Cours | Coursetitle:Intermediate Microeconomics II | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|---------|-------|-------|
| Cours | secode: TBD No. of | fcredits:4 | L-T-P:45-15-0 | Learni | nghou | rs:60 | |
| Pre-requisitecoursecodeandtitle: UEO 103: Introductory Mathematical Methods for | | | | | | | |
| | omics, UEO 102: Basic Mathematics for Ecor | nomics, UDS 103 | : Mathematics for I |) ata | | | |
| | nce, Intermediate Microeconomics I artment:DepartmentofPolicy and Management | Studies | | | | | |
| _ | secoordinator: | Coursein | etructor: | | | | |
| | actdetails: | Coursein | Structor. | | | | |
| | Courseofferedin:4 th Semester | | | | | | |
| | sedescription: This is a second course on inte | | | | sic gai | ne th | neorv |
| | r complete information, oligopoly, externaliti | | | , . | .514 8 | | 1001) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Cours | seobjective: | | | | | | |
| | 3. To learn fundamentals of microecono4. To apply the core concepts in econom | mics using calcu nic applications. | lus. | | | | |
| Cours | secontents | | | | | | |
| | Topics | | | | L | T | P |
| 1 | Game theory I | | | | 12 | 4 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Simultaneous move games: Introduction to | | | | | | |
| | move games under complete information, p equilibrium, best responses, dominated stra | | | | | | |
| | dominated strategies. | tegres, herated e | inimiation of | | | | |
| | C | | | | | | |
| | Mixed strategies: mixed strategies, indiffere | | | | | | |
| | in mixed strategies, iterated elimination of | dominated strates | gies. | | | | |
| | Applications: Prisoner's dilemma, stag-hun | it game, matchin | pennies, rock- | | | | |
| | paper-scissor, war of attrition. | e garre, maren | 5 permies, room | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | 10 | | |
| 2 | Game theory II | | | | 12 | 4 | |
| | Dynamic games under complete informatio | on: game trees ac | ction and | | | | |
| | strategy, subgames, subgame-perfect Nash | | | | | | |
| | induction, equilibrium paths. | • | | | | | |
| | A 1: /: // 1/: / | 1 , 1 | | | | | |
| | Applications: ultimatum game, entrant-incurotten kid game. | imbent game, bu | rning a bridge, | | | | |
| | Totten kid game. | | | | | | |
| 3 | Oligopoly | | | | 6 | 2 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Duopoly, Cournot model, Bertrand model, | and Stackelberg | model. | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | 0 | | |
| 4 | Externalities and public goods | | | | 9 | 3 | |
| | Externalities: consumption externality, prod | duction externali | ty, Coase theorem, | tragedy | | | |
| | of the commons. | | • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| | Dublic condenses sired as a 1-1-122 C | Donata in to | ore Done (- 1) | | | | |
| | Public goods: non-rival, non-excludability, I free riding problem. | rareto inetticieno | cy, Pareto improvei | nent, | | | |
| | proceeding procedure. | | | | | | |

| 5 | Asymmetric information | 6 | 2 | |
|---|--|----|----|--|
| | Asymmetric information, market for lemons, adverse selection, moral hazard, signaling, incentives. | | | |
| | Total | 45 | 15 | |

Pedagogical approach:

Classroom teaching and problem-solving sessions.

Evaluationcriteria:

Minor1:WrittenExamination - 30% [Syllabus: 1-2, Learning outcomes: 1-6] Minor 2: Written Examination - 30% [Syllabus: 3-4, Learning outcomes: 1-6]

Major: Written Examination -40% [Syllabus: Complete course, Learning outcomes: 1-6]

Learningoutcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 7. Understand the core concepts of microeconomics. [Modules 1-5]
- 8. Analyze an economic problem graphically. [Modules 1-5]
- 9. Solve an economic problem mathematically using calculus. [Modules 1-5]
- 10. Build intuitions of the core results. [Modules 1-5]
- 11. Figure out the cases where cookbook methods are not applicable. [Modules 1-5]
- 12. Apply the concepts and results in economic applications. [Modules 1-5]

Core reading:

- 11. H. Varian, "Intermediate Microeconomics", 8th edition (2010) (HV)
- 12. W. Nicholson, C. Snyder. "Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions", 10th edition (NS)
- 13. M. Osborne. "Introduction to Game Theory" (2004) (MO)

Additional readings:

14. T. Bergstorm, H. Varian. "Workouts in Intermediate Microeconomics" (2014)

Module-wise chapters:

- 8. Module 1: MO, Chapters 2 and 4
- 9. Module 2: MO, Chapter 5
- 10. Module 3: NS, Chapter 15
- 11. Module 4: HV, Chapters 34 and 36
- 12. Module 5: HV, Chapter 37

Additional information:

Coursepreparedby:Sanyyam Khurana

Studentresponsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: asperuniversity rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1. Souvik Dutta. Assistant Professor, Indraprastha Institute of Information Technology Delhi
- 2. Ankush Garg. Assistant Professor, Jindal School of Government and Public Policy O.P. Jindal Global University

Revised Course Outline of 'Intermediate Macroeconomics'

| Cou | urse title: Intermediate Macroeconom | nics 1 | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------|
| Coı | urse code: TBD | No. of cree | dits: 4 | L-T-P: 44-16-0 | Lear | Learning hours: 60 | | |
| Ma | requisite course code and title: UEO thematical Methods for nomics, UEO 102: Basic Mathematics | | • | 3: Mathematics for | r Data | | | |
| Dej | partment: Department of Policy and N | Management S | Studies | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: Course instructor: | | | | | | | | |
| Coı | ntact details: | | | | | | | |
| Coı | urse type: Core | | Course | offered in: 3rd Sem | ester | | | |
| cou star crea | arse description: After covering the surse. This is the first course on macrostring from National Income Accounting ation, followed by the Keynesian IS I discussions on open economy IS LM | economics who ng. This is fol LM and AS A | nich takes f lowed up v D in a clos | urther various topic with a discussion on | s in ma Money | croeco | nomics redit | |
| Coi | urse objective: | | | | | | | |
| | To get started with the funda To understand functioning of thought. To understand macro policy | of macroecono | omic policy | in the context of v | | | | rld. |
| Coi | urse contents | | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| S. No | Topics | | | | | L | | P |
| 1 | National Income Accounting | | | | | 8 | 3 | |
| | Introduction to Macroeconomics product, income, expenditure an flow; real versus nominal GDP; accounting for an open economy capital accounts | d product me price indices | ethod, the s; national | circular income | | | | |
| 2 | Money | | | | | 8 | 3 | |
| | Functions of money; quantity th supply and demand; credit creat money. | | | | | | | |
| 3 | IS LM Model in a Closed Econo | omy | | | | 10 | 3 | |
| | Classical and Keynesian system determination; IS-LM model; fis liquidity trap. | - | - | | cy, | | | |

| 4 | AS AD Model in a Closed Economy | 8 | 2 | |
|---|--|----|----|--|
| | Labour Markets, AS AD model in Classical and Keynesian system. | | | |
| 5 | IS LM Model in an Open Economy | 10 | 5 | |
| | Short-run open economy models; Mundell-Fleming model; exchange rate determination; purchasing power parity; asset market approach. | | | |
| | Total | 44 | 16 | |

Pedagogical approach:

Classroom teaching, class participation and problem-solving sessions.

Evaluation criteria:

Minor 1: Written Examination - 25% [Syllabus: 1-3, Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Minor 2: Project- 25% [Learning outcomes: 1-4] Class Participation: 10% [Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Major: Written Examination - 40% [Syllabus: Complete course, Learning outcomes: 1-4]

Additional Notes: The project will be such that students can relate contemporary and historical macroeconomic issues of the Indian and World Economy and apply macroeconomic theory studied during this course in that context. This may be followed by presentation of the project if required.

Class participation will be encourage in-class discussion and debates on macroeconomic issues.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the core concepts of macroeconomic theory. [Modules 1-4]
- 2. Understand some schools of Macroeconomic thought. [Modules 2-4]
- 3. Understand the application of fundamental concepts to macroeconomic policy [Modules 2-4]
- 4. Intuitively understand the theory in the context of current or past macro policies. [Modules 2-4]

Core readings:

- 1. Blanchard, O and Johanson. D (2013). *Macroeconomics*, 6th ed. Pearson Education. [OB]
- 2. Abel, A., Bernanke, B. and Croushore (2020). *Macroeconomics*, 10th ed. Pearson Education [ABC]
- 3. Dornbusch, R., Fischer, S., Startz, R. (2018). *Macroeconomics*, *12th ed*. McGraw-Hill. [DFS]

Additional readings:

- 4. Mankiw, N. (2016). Macroeconomics, 9th ed. Worth Publishers. [NM]
- 5. https://m.rbi.org.in/Scripts/PublicationsView.aspx?id=9455
- 6. https://www.rbi.org.in/SCRIPTS/AnnualPublications.aspx?head=Handbook of Statistics on Indian Economy

Module-wise chapters from the core readings:

- 1. Module 1: ABC, Chapters 1 and 2
- 2. Module 2: OB, Chapter 4
- 3. Module 3: OB, Chapters 3,4 and 5 and DFS, Chapter 10
- 4. Module 4: OB, Chapters 6 and 7
- 5. Module 5: OB, Chapters 18,19, 20 and 21

Coursepreparedby: Priyanka Arora

Student responsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: as per university rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1. Dr. Swati Saini, Assistant Professor, Department of Economics, Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi
- **2.** Dr. Naveen J Thomas, Associate Professor, Jindal School of Government and Public Policy, O.P. Jindal Global University.

Revised Course Outline of 'Introduction to Development Economics'

| | ettie:Introduction to Development Economics | | T | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------|--------|-----------|
| | | fcredits:4 | L-T-P:60-0-0 | Learnir | ng hour | rs:60 | |
| Pre-re | quisitecoursecodeandtitle:N/A | | | | | | |
| | tment:DepartmentofPolicyandManagementStudi | es | | | | | |
| Course | ecoordinator: | Courseinst | ructor: | | | | |
| Conta | ctdetails: | | | | | | |
| | etype:Core | | eredin:3rd Semester | | | | |
| unders develo educat | e description: This introductory course in destanding the challenges and opportunities of a dependent economics such as poverty and inequalition in economic development. | eveloping country. | This course will cove | er traditi | onal co | ncept | s of |
| | eobjective: . To familiarize students with conventional | and contemporary | themes, issues and | challeng | es of | devel | opment |
| 1. | economics. | and contemporary | memes, issues und | chancing | ,05 01 | ac ver | оршен |
| 2. | T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T | es to comprehend | various development | al challe | enges a | and ca | ritically |
| 3. | analyze them.To help students apply economic tools an | d techniques in o | rder to analyze the | kev toni | cs of | devel | onment |
| 5. | economics. | d teeminques in or | rder to unaryze the | key topi | .05 01 | ac ver | оринени |
| Course | econtents | | | | | | |
| S.No | Topics | | | | L | Т | P |
| 1 | Introduction and Overview | | | | 10 | | |
| | What do we mean by economic development | opment? | | | | | |
| | Discussion on global disparity in stand | dard of living acros | s and within nations. | | | | |
| | Why Study Development Economics? | ? | | | | | |
| | Traditional measures of economic devincome, gross domestic product | velopment – income | per capita, gross nati | onal | | | |
| | The Millennium Development Goals, transitions. | the Sustainable dev | relopment goals and the | he world | | | |
| 2 | Basic Indicators of Development | | | | 10 | | |
| | Purchasing power parity | | | | | | |
| | Indicators of Health and Education | | | | | | |
| | The traditional and new Human Develo | opment Index | | | | | |
| 3 | Poverty and Inequality | 1 | | | 12 | | |
| | Amartya Sen's "Capability" Approach | h | | | | | |
| | Measuring Inequality | | | | | | |
| | Personal or Size Distributions of | Income | | | | | |
| | Measure of income inequality- K The Ahluwalia-Chenery Welfare | | curves, Gini coeffici | ents, | | | |
| | Atkisons measure and the Entrop | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| | Measuring Absolute Poverty | | | | | | |
| | Headcount Index | | | | | | |
| | ■ Total Poverty Gap | | | | | | |
| | Human Poverty Index | | | | | | |
| | ■ The Foster-Greer-Thorbecke | Index | | | | | |
| | The Alkire-Foster methodology The Alkire-Foster methodology | | nensional noverty ind | ex | | | |
| | Policy option on income inequality and | | | | | | |
| | - Toney option on median medianty and | . poverty | | | | | |

| 4 | Population Growth and Economic Development | 10 | |
|------|--|------|-----|
| | Basic concepts | | |
| | Crude birth rate, death rate, age distributions, total fertility rate, life expectancy at birth, under five mortality, youth dependency burden | | |
| | The Demographic Transition | | |
| | From population growth to economic development | | |
| 5 | Human Capital: Education and Health in Economic Development | 8 | |
| | The Central Roles of Education and Health | | |
| | • Literacy | | |
| | Human Capital | | |
| | Education and Health as Joint Investments for Development | | |
| | Improving Health and Education: Why Increasing Income Is Not Sufficient | | |
| 6 | Rural and Urban | 10 | |
| | Formal and Informal urban sectors, Agriculture | | |
| | The Lewis Model | | |
| | Rural-urban migration | | |
| | o The basic model | | |
| | o The Harris-Todaro Equilibrium | | |
| | Total | 60 (| 0 0 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| D. 1 | aga gigalammua ah. | | |

Pedagogicalapproach:

Classroom lectures and use of economic tools and techniques for key concepts.

Evaluationcriteria:

Minor 1:Written Examination- 30%[Syllabus: Modules 1-2]

Minor 2: Written Examination - 30% [Syllabus: Modules 3-4]

Major:WrittenExamination- 40% [Entire Syllabus]

Learningoutcomes:

Attheendof thecourse, the students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the basics of development economics. [Minor 1, Minor 2, Major]
- 2. To comprehend and appreciate traditional concepts of development economics such as poverty and inequality along with contemporary issues such as impact of health and education in economic development [Minor 1, Minor 2, Major]
- 3. To apply economic tools and techniques in order to analyze various developmental challenges. [Minor 1, Minor 2, Major]

Corereading:

- 1. Debraj Ray (1998). *Development Economics*, Princeton University Press. (DE)
- 2. Todaro, M. P., & Smith, S. C. (2015). Economic development 12th edition. (TS)

Additional Reading:

- 1. Atkinson, AB (1970) On the measurement of inequality. Journal of Economic Theory, 2 (3), pp. 244–263 (AB)
- 2. Alkire, Sabina, et al. (2015) Multidimensional poverty measurement and analysis. Oxford University Press (AS)

Module-wise chapters from the core readings:

- 1. Module1:DE, Chapter 1
 - TS, Chapter 1
- 2. Module2:DE,Chapter2
- 3. Module3:DE, Chapter 6,7

TS, Chapter 5

AS, Chapter 5

AB

- 4. Module4:DE,Chapter 95. Module5:TS, Chapter 8
- 6. Module 6: DE, Chapter 10

Additionalinformation:

Coursepreparedby:Subhasree Sarkar

Studentresponsibilities: Attendance, feedback, discipline: asperuniversity rules.

Coursereviewers:

- 1) Sukanta Bhattacharya (Associate Professor, Department of Economics, University of Calcutta)
- 2) Shabana Mitra (Associate Professor, Department of Economics, Shiv Nadar University)

Marketing Management-II

| Course title: Marketing Management-II | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P distribution: 45-15- | Learning hours: 60 | | | | | |
| | | 00 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code | and title (if any): UBA | 102, Marketing Managemen | nt —I | | | | | |
| Department: Department | of Policy and Manageme | ent studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator (s): | | Course instructor (s): | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type | Core | Course offered in: Semester 3 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Course description

This course aims to expose the students to the modern theory and practices of marketing management and consumer behaviour and equip them with the requisite skills to understand the marketing and customer oriented decision-making framework in which everyday executives work. At the end of the course, a participant will be able to understand and manage the core marketing management function.

Course objectives

This course is an advanced course on marketing and develops the analytical skills, conceptual abilities, and substantive knowledge in marketing concepts like the marketing mix in a variety of real-life marketing situations. The objectives are:

- To conduct strategic analysis of marketing mix.
- To understand how to map opportunities and communicate marketing decisions.
- To demonstrate the theory of Consumer behavior.
- To evaluate the value creation of the firm.

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|--|---|---|---|
| 1 | Marketing Research The role of Marketing research: The Nature of Marketing Research. Marketing Concept. Managerial Value of Marketing Research. The Marketing research process: Decision Making, Types of Marketing Research, and Stages in the Process. | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| | The human side of Marketing research: Mission of the Research Department. Organizational Structure of Marketing Research Sources of Conflicts between Marketing Management and Marketing Research. Research Suppliers and Contractors. Ethical Issues in Marketing Research | | | |
| 2 | Consumer Behavior The Cognitive Consumer: Perception, Learning and Memory, Sensory systems, exposure, attention, interpretation, biases, Learning theories and process, memory. Decision-Making: Individuals and Situations. The stages in consumer decision-making, situational effects on behavior, buying and disposing, Post-purchase satisfaction and behavior. The Social Consumer: Subcultures; Cultural Influences on Consumer Behavior. Subcultures and consumer identities by age, regions. What is culture, characteristics of culture, culture and consumption, Myths and rituals. | 9 | 3 | 0 |

| | Total | 45 | 15 | 0 |
|----|---|----|----|---|
| | Mountain Dew Case Study. (Emerald case study) Fundamentals of Digital Marketing: Digital Branding, Digital distribution, Social media marketing, Search engine marketing, Search engine optimization. Viral Marketing, Buzz marketing. Green Marketing Strategies. | | | |
| 6. | Nature and Importance of Marketing Channels. Operation and Organization of a Channel. Case study: Zara: Fast fashion.(Harvard Case Study) Channel Structure and management Decisions. Marketing Logistics and Supply Chain Management: Wholesale and Retail distribution Strategy. Communication Strategies: Integrated Marketing Communications. | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | Pricing Strategies Price and Pricing Strategies: Definition of Price, Types of prices, Setting of Prices. Pricing strategies, New product pricing strategies. Pricing Decisions: Factors affecting pricing decisions. Types of Markets. Demand & Demand Curve Distribution Strategies | 7 | 3 | 0 |
| 3 | Product & brand Management Building a strong brand: Brand Positioning, Brand Value chain, Brand resonance pyramid. New Products Development, Levels of Product and Brand Extensions. Integrated Marketing Communications Mountain Dew Case Study.(Harvard Case study) Strategic Brand Management Process. Fundamentals of Digital Marketing: Digital Branding, Digital distribution, Social media marketing, Search engine marketing, Search engine optimization. Viral Marketing, Buzz marketing. | 9 | 3 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria

- **Test 1: Class participation** 10% (Based on attentiveness and active participation during the entirecourse)
- **Test2:Newspresentations**10%(Topickandcriticallypresentlatestnewsaboutmarketingactivitiesdoneb y anycompany)
- **Test3:**20%(Writtenexamaftercompletionof16sessions—totesttheunderstandingofconceptsofmarketing, strategic planning and consumer behavior)
- Test4:GroupProject20%(TodeveloptheMarketingPlanforaproduct/serviceandapplyalltheknowledge ofmarketinggainedthroughoutthecourse.Reporttobesubmittedattheendof28sessionsandpresentationin the last 2sessions)
- **Test 5: Written Test** 40% (Written examination covering the entirecourse)

Group Project: Marketing News Presentation and Creating a Marketing Plan

Each group should be prepared to make a presentation of news related to marketing gathered over one week prior to its turn to present in the class.

Each group needs to select one product category from the suggested list. No overlap of product category within each section is permitted. Your group may take the perspective of an organization that is either a leader in the category or a follower or a new entrant.

Prepare a detailed report on the project. The report should be submitted in soft copy on my email.

Each group should be prepared to make a presentation project in the class. Time limit is 15 minutes per group.

Case Study discussion: A case may be studied keeping in mind the following:

1. aproblemdefinitionstatement, which identifies the key issues facing management (not

morethanafewlines);

- 2. theobjectives
- 3. alternative plan ofaction
- 4. an<u>analysis</u>sectionwhichsynthesizesandintegratestheanswerstothekeyquestionsforthecase,butdoesnot repeat the facts themselves, and presents logical arguments in defense of both the problem definition and the recommended solution;
- 5. a set of <u>detailed recommendations</u> and suggestions for their implementation, including how to overcomeany potential issues of implementation identified by theanalysis.

Learning outcomes:

After attending this course, students will be able to:

- Developanunderstandingoftheroleofmarketing mix inthesuccessofanorganization (News presentation, Mid Termexam)
- Develop an ability to identify and assess strategic choices in marketing (MidTerm exam, End Termexam)
- Be able to propose innovative solutions to customer needs and continuous improvement of offerings (News presentation, Group Project)
- Be able to develop the Marketing Plan for any organization (Group Project, End Termexam)

Pedagogical approach

- InteractiveLectures
- Case discussions and presentations
- Newscrunching

Materials

1. TextBook:

 Principal of Marketing, by Philip Kotler, Kevin Keller, Pearson, New Delhi. Latest edition.

2. ReferenceBook:

- Philip Kotler, Kevin Lane Keller, Abraham Koshy, Mithleshwar Jha, "Marketing Management, A South Asian Perspective", 14th Ed (2013) by Pearson Education, NewDelhi.
- Aaker, D and Joachimsthaler, E (2000) Brand leadership, The Free Press
- Assael, H. (1992) Consumer Behaviour and Marketing Action, 4th Edition, USA: PWS-Kent
- Hoyer, W.D. and MacInnis, D.J. (2001) Consumer Behaviour, 2nd Edition, USA: Houghton Mifflin Company
- Baker, M. (2000) Marketing Management and Strategy, 3rd edition, Macmillan Business.
- Blythe, J. (2001) Essentials of Marketing, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall
- Booms, B.H. and Bitner, M.J. (1981), Marketing strategies and organisation structures for service firms, in Marketing of Services, J. Donnelly and W.R. George (eds), American Marketing Association.

Additional information (if any)

Student responsibilities: Attendance, timeline adherence for assignments, come prepared with readings / cases according to the session plan and as and when provided

Prepared by: Dr.Shruti Sharma.

Course Reviewers:

- 1. Prof. Ruchi Jain, Professor and Director of Amity School of Business, Noida.
- 2. Dr.Shampy Kamboj, Assistant Professor, NIT Hamirpur

Introduction to Operations Management

| Course Title: Introduction to Operations Management | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P: 45-15-00 | Learning hours: 60 | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and | title (if any): | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Pol | licy and Management | Studies | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | | Course instructe | or: | | | | |
| Contact details: | | Course offered in: | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | | | | | | |
| Course description: | | | | | | | |

This course provides an overview of the principles and practices of operations management within the context of business organizations. Students will explore various topics such as process design, quality management, supply chain management, and operations strategy. The course emphasizes the role of operations management in enhancing efficiency, productivity, sustainability and competitiveness in businesses.

Course objectives:

- To understand the fundamental concepts and principles of operations management.
- To assess operations management processes to handle real-world issues and challenges.
- To explore the role of operations management verticals in achieving organizational goals and competitive advantage.
- To analyse different strategies for managing operations effectively.
- To understand the sustainable operations management practices

| Course Content | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|----|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P | | | | | |
| 1. | Introduction to Operations Management: | 5 | 1 | 0 | | | | | |
| | Operations Management Overview, Scope in Manufacturing, Services, and Supply Chain Management, Key Functions, Historical Development, Recent Trends, Role in Organizations, Integration with Other Functional Areas, Impact on Competitiveness, Efficiency, and Customer Satisfaction, Sustainable Operations Management | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Operations Processes: | 6 | 2 | 0 | | | | | |
| | Production and manufacturing operation, Process Selection and Classification, Manufacturing vs. Service Operations, Modern Manufacturing Characteristics, Process Types and Flow Analysis, Improvement Techniques and Metrics, Product Development Life Cycle, Forecasting in Operations | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | Core Operations Management Verticals: Location and layout operations: Location theories & decision factors, Layout scope & types, Layout planning, Layout tools and techniques. Materials Management and Scheduling: Materials management functions & operations, Materials planning, BOM, MRP I & II, Master production scheduling, Scheduling strategies. Quality Management: Purpose & importance of Quality, TQM, Quality policy, ISO standards, Quality Tools and Techniques, Quality improvement methods (PDCA, Six Sigma, Kaizen, 5S and others) | 25 | 10 | 0 | | | | | |

| | Sustainability in operations management, Importance, Triple bottom line approach (economic, social, environmental), Overview and application of LCA methodology, Green Product Design and Development, Waste Management and Recycling, Role in circular economy. Total (in hours) | | | 0 |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| 5. | Sustainable Operations Management: Sustainability in operations management Importance Triple bottom line | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| 4. | Types of logistical deliveries, Reverse logistics, VMI Operations Strategy Formulation and Implementation: Operations Strategy Formulation: Strategies for formulating operations strategies aligned with organizational goals and objectives. Practical approaches to implementing operations strategies effectively, discussion on challenges and best practices in operations strategy implementation. | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| | Supply Chain Management: Introduction and significance of Supply Chain Management, Strategies for supplier selection & Relationship Management, Flows in the Supply Chain, Role of Supply Chain Analytics Inventory and Logistics Management: Introduction, significance and roles, Inventory Turnover and Holding Costs, Inventory management techniques (EOQ, EPQ ABC), Warehouse Management Systems, Logistics and Transportation Management, | | | |

Evaluation criteria:

- 1. Minor 1 Exam (Activity/ Case Analysis/Assignment/Presentation) 30%
- 2. Minor 2 Exam (Case Analysis/Assignment/Presentation/Written) 30%
- 3. Major Exam

Minor 1 Exam (Based on Module 1 and 2)

Structure: The Minor 1 Exam, based on Modules 1 and 2, will evaluate students through activity-based presentations or assignments. It focuses on assessing their understanding and application of operations management concepts, including scope, functions, historical context, and recent trends. Students will also be evaluated on their analysis of operations processes and their ability to integrate sustainable practices through the modes of Activity and/or Assignment

-40%

Minor 2 Exam (Based on Module 3)

Structure: It will evaluate students through written paper or case studies on core operations management topics. It will include assessment on location and layout operations, materials management, scheduling, quality management, supply chain management, and inventory and logistics management. The exam will assess students' practical understanding of these concepts.

Major Exam (End-Term Exam; at the end of all modules)

This will be a written test exam based on all the modules covered in the class.

Learning outcomes:

- o Analyse fundamental concepts and theories in operations management.
- Evaluate operations management processes to address real-world issues and challenges effectively.
- O Demonstrate how operations management verticals contribute to achieving organizational goals and competitive advantage.
- Analyse various strategies for managing operations effectively to improve organizational performance.
- Explain sustainable operations management practices and their significance for organizational sustainability and performance.

Materials

Suggested Readings:

For Module 1 to 4:

• Chary, S. Theory and Problems in Production and Operations Management. McGraw Hill.

For Module 5:

• Heizer, J., Render, B., Munson, C., Sachan, A. (12th Ed.). Operations Management:

Sustainability and Supply Chain Management. Pearson.

Additional Readings:

- Krajewski, L. J., Malhotra, M. K., Ritzman, L. P. *Operations Management: Processes and Supply Chains*. Pearson.
- Bozarth, C. B., Handfield, R. B. *Introduction to Operations and Supply Chain Management*.
- Reid, R. D., Sanders, N. R. Operations Management: An Integrated Approach. Wiley.

Pedagogical approach:

- Classroom activity-based learning
- Problem solving using Ms Excel
- Case study method,
- Flip-classroom based learning (For few concepts)

Additional information:

Student responsibilities:

Students will be involved in continuous assessments using

- quizzes,
- assignments,
- viva,
- classroom activities,
- group presentation, and
- written exam

Course Prepared by: Dr. Anand Jaiswal

Course Reviewer(s):

- 1. Dr. Cherian Samuel, Associate Professor, Industrial Management, IIT (BHU)
- 2. Dr. Vinaytosh Mishra, Director, Thumbay Institute for AI in Healthcare, Gulf Medical University, UAE

Enclosure 21

| S No | Existing programme outline Proposed programme outline | | | | ine | | |
|---------------|---|---|------------|-------------|---|------|--|
| | | Semester 1 | | | Semester 1 | | |
| | Course code | Course title | Type | Course code | Course title | Туре | |
| 1 | MPL 101 | Seminar/Clinic on Contemporary Issues in Infrastructure and Environment | Core | MPL 101 | Seminar/Clinic on Contemporary Issues in Infrastructure and Environment | Core | |
| 2 | MPL 141 | Economic Foundations of Environmental and Infrastructure Law | Core | MPL 141 | Economic Foundations of Environmental and Infrastructure Law | Core | |
| 3 | MPL 155 | Environmental Law and Policy | Core | MPL 155 | Environmental Law and Policy | Core | |
| 4 | MPL 157 | Infrastructure Law and Policy | Core | MPL 157 | Infrastructure Law and Policy | Core | |
| Total credits | | 16 | Total cred | its | 20 | | |

Course 1 MPL 101- Seminar/Clinic on Contemporary Issues in Infrastructure and Environment

| C | U-C | | | 4 | |
|--|---|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Courseco | | nporaryissuesininfrastructureand env No.ofcredits:1 L-T-P: Credit | | Learningl | nours:15 |
| Pre-requi | sitecoursecode andtitle(ifany) | :None | I | | |
| | nt:CentreforPostGraduateLega | lStudies | | | |
| | ordinator: | Courseinst | ructor: | | |
| Contactdo | | | | | |
| Coursety | | Courseoffe | redin:Semester1 | - | |
| to litigation keeping the ofspecialist facilitates | e aims at sharpening the skillson, teaching, research, policymus students abreast with the contation viz. environment and natura | aking and also that on the also that of the also the | of judicial office elopments, partic astructureandbus | ers. It also cularly in th | aims an neir areas Thecourse |
| 2. To 3. To infr 4. To | recall key challenges and detection and understand the intercunderstand legal implications of analyze the role of governmentary astructure development and envapply policy advocacy and negon sensus-building strategies. | connection between the sustainability issues ent policies, regulation ironmental justice. | e two. | ional agree | ments in |
| S.No. | | pic | T | Т | P |
| 5.No. | Achievement of SDG Goals | pic | L 1 | 2 | r |
| 1 | Achievement of SDO Goals | | 1 | | |
| 2 | Creating resilience through dig | gitalization/AI | 0 | 2 | |

| S.No. | Topic | L | T | P |
|-------|---|---|----|---|
| 1 | Achievement of SDG Goals | 1 | 2 | |
| 2 | Creating resilience through digitalization/AI | 0 | 2 | |
| 3 | Climate Change | 0 | 4 | |
| 4 | Cities and Communities | 1 | 2 | |
| 5 | Enhancing Governance in Diverse Sectors | 1 | 2 | |
| | Total | 3 | 12 | |

CourseActivities

- Identifycontemporaryissuesin infrastructure/environment,findunansweredquestionsoflaw,presentthem inwrittenformat,andoffertheirargumentsoneachofthosequestionsthrough seminars/mootcourts/mock trials/discussions and debates or any other similar method.
- 2. Participate in the clinical activities of TERISAS and offer their services to the needy.

Evaluationcriteria: The course instructors hall monitore a chstudent throughout these mester and shall evaluate them on the following aspects at the end of the semester.

Minor 1 Quiz: 25% (Module 1)

Class Participation/ Discussion: 25% (Module 2,3,4 & 5)
Term Paper: 30% (Module 2,3,4 & 5)
Final Presentation: 25% (Module 2,3,4 & 5)
20% (Module 2,3,4 & 5)

Learningoutcomes:

- Analysis of key challenges and debates in infrastructure development and environmental protection. (Minor 1/Quiz)
- Expertise in identifying the gaps between law and society, and also between facts and law. (Class Participation/Discussion)
- The ability to find answers to those variances through appropriate research and logical thinking (Class Participation/Discussion)
- Capacity to deliberate among peers on various individual, social and public interests that should be balanced while finalizing a legal answer, and (Class Participation/Discussion)
- The ability of effective written and verbal representation of these issues before the appropriate forums. (Term Paper/Final Presentation)

Pedagogicalapproach:

Class Lectures, Seminar, Discussions, Debates, Role-play, Client-Counselling, Moot-Court.

Additionalinformation(ifany):

StudentResponsibilities: Students are expected to:

- 1. FollowtheNewstoidentifycontemporaryissues.
- 2. Conductfieldvisitswherever possible togatherinformationonthoseissues
- 3. Participateintheactivitieswithdedication and zeal.

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Leelakrishnan, P. (2020). Environmental Law in India. Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Singh, Amita (Ed.). (2017). Environmental Challenges in India: Laws, Policies, and Governance. Springer.
- 3. Malik, Sumeet. (2021). *Infrastructure Laws in India*. Eastern Book Company.
- 4. Singh, M. P. (2018). *Environmental Law: Policies, Issues, and Challenges in India*. Oxford University Press.
- 5. Mahajan, Vishal. (2019). Infrastructure Development and Finance in India. LexisNexis.
- 6. Hayes, B. (2005). "Infrastructure: A Guide to the Industrial Landscape." New York, NY: W. W. Norton & Company.
- 7. Salzman, J., & Thompson Jr., B. H. (2019). "Environmental Law and Policy," Fifth Edition. St. Paul, MN: West Academic.
- 8. Wiersema, A. (2013). "The Law and Policy of Environmental Federalism: A Comparative Analysis." Routledge.
- 9. Grigg, N. (2017). "Infrastructure Finance: The Business of Infrastructure for a Sustainable Future." Wiley.
- 10. Farber, D. A., & Peeters, M. (2016). "Climate Change Law and Policy." Edward Elgar Publishing.
- 11. Sarte, S. B., & Sarte, B. S. (2010). "Sustainable Infrastructure: Principles into Practice." John Wiley & Sons.
- 12. Heffron, R. J., &Redgwell, C. (Eds.). (2017). "The Oxford Handbook of Energy Law." Oxford University Press.
- 13. Cullet, P., Koonan, S., & Datta, A. (Eds.). (2017). "Water Law and Policy Governance Without Frontiers." Springer.
- 14. Frischmann, B. M. (2012). "Infrastructure: The Social Value of Shared Resources." Oxford University Press.
- 15. Harvey, H., Orvis, R., & Rissman, J. (2018). "Designing Climate Solutions: A Policy Guide for Low-Carbon Energy." Island Press.

Course reviewers:

- 1. Dr Neelu Mehra, Associate Professor, USLLS, GGSIPU, Delhi. (Comments Awaited; Likely to be received by Monday).
- 2. Dr Bhawna, Assistant Professor (Law), Faculty of Law, Lucknow University (UP)
- 3. Dr Shivani Singh, Assistant Professor (Law), Fairfield Institute of Management and Technology, Kapashera, Delhi

Note: Course Revised by Dr Kavita, Assistant Professor (Law), TERI SAS New Delhi

Course 2 MPL 141- Economic Foundations of Environmental and Infrastructure Law

| Coursetitle: EconomicFoundationsofEnviro | nmental a | ndInfrastruct | ture Law | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No.of ci | redits:2 | L-T-P: 30-0-0 | Learninghours: 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisitecoursecode andtitle (ifany):None | | | | | | | |
| Department: Centre forPostGraduateLegalS | Studies | | | | | | |
| Coursecoordinator: | | Courseinstructor: | | | | | |
| Contactdetails: | | | | | | | |
| Coursetype:Core | | Courseofferedin:Semester1 | | | | | |
| Coursedescription: | | | | | | | |
| As the title suggests, this course will of | fer econo | mic foundat | ions for a select | set of policies and | | | |
| lawsrelated to infrastructure and natural conceptualfoundations and principles from aided by therelevant case studies. Importance | the disci | pline of econocourse arises | nomics to examin from the very fact | that policy and legal | | | |

regimefunctions with the objective of meeting a number of economic objectives, including augmenting rate ofeconomic growth and social net benefit. Unfortunately, the market, however efficiently it may function, fails to deliver either the public goods like infrastructure or take care of externalities like pollution/wasteorefficientlyallocateor assignthecorrectprices for natural resources—these instances of market failure makes a strong case of intervention by the State, through appropriate policies and laws, towards achieving a socially beneficial and sustainable outcome, while considering both costs and benefits. Recentinstances of the State entering into partnerships with the private players imputes additional challenges to the framing of laws, for such instruments to address the matter of profitability, risk-taking ability, and uncertainties faced by the private players, along with aiming at the social objective.

Course objectives:

- 1. To provide a clear understanding on the economic theories, concepts and principles relevant for lawsrelated to infrastructure and natural resources.
- 2. To apply the concept of perfect competition and cases of imperfect competition to environmental and infrastructure sectors, to analyze market-based instruments and the role of regulatory agencies in enforcing laws.
- 3. To explain causes of market failures, apply welfare theories and economic principles behind public policy and regulation of natural monopolies and analyze the relative efficiency of command-and-control and market-based instruments.

4. To connectthetheory, conceptand principles with the appropriate case studies.

| Cours | Course contents | | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| S. | Topic | L | T | P | | | |
| No. | - | | | | | | |
| 1 | Basic EconomicConcepts | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Concept of Positive and Normative Economics | | | | | | |
| | Supply and demand analysis in the context of environmental and | | | | | | |
| | infrastructure law frameworks | | | | | | |
| | Economic Theories by Adam Smith and Schumpeter | | | | | | |
| | Developmental economics | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | |
| 2 | MarketStructures | 2 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Perfectcompetitionasan'ideal'for achievingeconomicefficiency | | | | | | |
| | Casesofimperfectcompetition:monopolisticcompetition,monopoly,oligopol | | | | | | |
| | y | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Concept of Asymmetric Information - Case study of Lemons market; Property Rights and Pigouvian Fee Casesofmarketfailure ProvisionofPublicGoodbytheStateandprivateprovisionAbse ntmarketsand roleofproperty rights ExternalitiesandCoase Theorem Role of WelfareState- Welfare Theories; EconomicsofRegulation; Economic principles behind public policyRegulationofNaturalMonopoly Market basedenvironmental policies (e.g., cap and trade, pollution taxes); Carboncredits Command and Control type: tax, subsidies Market Based types Relative efficiency of Command-and-Control and Market Based instruments 4 Liability,lossanddamages Compensation Principle EfficiencyofLiabilityRules 5 International Perspectives Comparative Analysis of environmental and infrastructure law across different jurisdictions International Investment Law: NAFTA, SAFTA, ASEAN etc. International agreements and treaties related to environmental protection and infrastructure development-Kyoto Protocol, Paris Agreement 6 Case Studies: OilandNaturalGasPricinginIndiaSpe ctrumAllocation Electricitypricingmodels Coal pricing and bidding modelsNationalHighway Toll pricing ComputationofEnvironmentaldamagesandEcologicalValues Total 30 0 0 | 3 | Causes of MarketFailures | 8 | 0 | 0 |
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| ComputationofEnvironmentaldamagesandEcologicalValues | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Total 30 0 0 | | 1 6 | | | |
| | | Total | 30 | 0 | 0 |

Evaluationcriteria:

- 1. Minor 1 25% (Topics 1 and 2)
- 2. Assignments/Presentations25% (Topic 6)
- 3. Final test 50% (Topics 3,4 and 5)

Learningoutcomes:

- 1. Analysis of economic concepts and theories as they apply to environmental and infrastructure policies. (Minor 1)
- 2. Evaluation of market structures and regulatory frameworks influencing environmental and infrastructure sectors. (Minor 1 and Major Test)
- 3. Application of cost-benefit analysis and economic efficiency principles to decision-making processes. (Assignments/Presentations)
- 4. Assessment of the role of market-based instruments and regulatory agencies in enforcing environmental and infrastructure laws. (Major Test)
- 5. Analysis of international perspectives and global economic trends impacting environmental and infrastructure policies through case studies. (Major Test)

Pedagogical approach:

The course willbe deliveredthrough a mixof classroomlectures and discussions around case studies.

Reading Materials:

CoretextforModule1-6

- 1. Cento Veljanovski, 2007, 'Chapter 2: The Economic Approach' in Economic Principles of law, Cambridge University Press, pp. 19-57
- 2. Roger Perman, Yue Ma, Michael Common, and David Maddison. (2011). "Natural Resource and Environmental Economics." Pearson Education Limited.
- 3. Nicholas Barr. (1992). "Economic Theory and the Welfare State." Oxford University Press.
- 4. N. Gregory Mankiw. (2018). "Principles of Economics." Cengage Learning.

Module1

5. J Stiglitz, 'Chapter 3: Market Efficiency' in Economics of the Public Sector, Third Edition, W WNorton, pp. 55-75

Module2and3

- 6. C T S Ragan and Richard G Lipsey, 1999, 'Chapter 16: Market Failure and GovernmentIntervention and 'Chapter 17: The Economics of Environmental Protection' in Economics, Pearson Canada, pp. 415-445and 449-469
- 7. Richard Ipotito, 2003, 'Chapter 7: Externalities-the Coase Theorem and Rules of Law,' in Economics for Lawyers, George Mason School of Law, mimeo, 168-183
- 8. J Stiglitz, 'Chapter 1: The Public Sector in a Mixed Economy', in Economics of the PublicSector, pp. 3-25
- 9. JStiglitz, 'Chapter4: MarketFailure' in Economics of the Public Sector, pp. 76-90
- 10. JStiglitz, 'Chapter6: Public Goods and Publicly provided Private Goods', in Economics of the Public Sector, pp. 127-152
- 11. Cento Veljanovski, 2006, 'Chapter 7: Regulation' in The Economics of Law, Second edition, The Institute of Economic Affairs, pp. 142-172
- 12. Kenneth E Train, 1991, 'Introduction: The Economic Rationale and Task of Regulation' inOptimalRegulation:TheEconomicTheoryof NaturalMonopoly,MITPress,pp.1-17.

Module6: CaseStudies

Oiland NaturalGasPricingin India

- 10. Paranjoy Guha Thakurta, Jyotirmoy Chaudhuri, 2014, 'How Reliance's Options on Natural GasPriceHikeNarrowed', EPW, XLIX (22), pp. 13-16
- 11. Paranjoy Guha Thakurata, 2015, 'Great Indian Gas Robbery', EPW, L (49), pp.

12-15AdditionalReference:

Paranjoy Guha Thakurata, Subir Ghosh and Jyotirmoy Chaudhuri, 2016, Gas Wars - Crony CapitalismandtheAmbanis,AuthorsupfrontPublishing ServicesPrivateLimited

Spectrum Allocation

- 12. Upendra Baxi,2012, 'GoodLaw, PoorEconomics', Indian Express, February 24
- 13. RohitPrasad, 2010, 'Value of 2GSpectrumin India', EPW, XLV(4), pp. 25-28
- 14. Alok Kumar, 2011, '3G Spectrum Auctions in India: A Critical Appraisal', EPW, XLVI (13), pp.121-129
- 15. Arun Mehta, Robert Horvitz, 2010, 'Managing and Utilising Spectrum More Efficiently',

EPW,XLV(9),pp. 26-28

16. Manas Bhattacharya, 2008, 'The International Experience of Auctioning Spectrum', EPW,September13, pp. 33-38

Additional reference:

Claudio Feijóo, José Luis Gómez-Barroso and Asunción Mochón, 2009, 'Chapter III: Reforms inSpectrumManagementPolicy',inInLee,eds.,Handbookofresearchontelecommunicationsplanningandm anagementforbusiness,Information ScienceReference,pp. 33-47

Johannes M. Bauer, 2006, 'A Comparative Analysis of Spectrum Management Regimes', paper presented the 30th Communications and Internet Research Conference, Alexandira, Virginia, USA. Availableonlineathttp://www.ictregulationtoolkit.org/Documents/Document/Document/2299

Electricitypricingmodels

- 17. Paranjoy Guha Thakurta, 2016, 'Power Tariff Scam Gets Bigger at Rs.50,000 Crore', EPW, LI(21), pp. 12-15
 - Power(Coal/Nuclear)pricing and bidding models
- 18. Sumantra Bhattacharya, Rachit Tiwari, 2014, 'Non-Coking Coal Pricing in India', EPW, XLIX(3), pp. 20-22
- 19. EA SSarma, 2013, 'Myopiaon Coal', EPW, XLVIII(44), pp. 12-15
- 20. Suvrat Raju, M V Ramana, 2013, 'Cost of Electricity from the Jaitapur Nuclear Power Plant', EPW, XLVIII (26 & 27), pp. 51-60
- 21. Pranjul Bhandari, Rohit Lamba, 2013, 'The Coal Saga: The Imminent and the Feasible', EPW,XLVIII(28), pp. 19-21
- 22. Rahul Tongia and Rangan Banerjee, 1998, 'Price of power in India', Energy Policy, 26 (7), pp.557Đ 575
- 23. KannanKasturi, 2013, 'PricingElectricityinDelhi', EPW, 58(1), pp. 20-23

Liability

- 24. Suvrat Raju, M V Ramana, 2010, 'The Other Side of Nuclear Liability', EPW, XLV (16), pp.48-54
- 25. MichaelG.Faure and Karine Fiore, 2009, An Economic Analysis Of The Nuclear Liability Subsidy, Pace Environmental Law Review, 26 (2). Available at: http://digitalcommons.pace.edu/pelr/vol26/iss2/5

NationalHighwayTollpricing

26. RamSingh, 2010, 'A High-handed Approach to National Highways', EPW, XLV(8), pp. 19-21

Environmental Damages and Ecological values

- 27. L Venkatachalam, 2005, 'Damage Assessment and Compensation to Farmers: Lessons from Verdictof Loss of Ecology Authority in Tamil Nadu', EPW, April 9, pp. 1555-60
- K. Chopra and P. Dasgupta, 2008, 'Assessing the Economic and Ecosystem ServicesContributionofForests: IssuesinModelling,andanIllustration',InternationalForestryReview,10(2), pp. 376-386

Module 5:

- 28. "Edited by Robert N. Stavins. (2000). "Economics of the Environment: Selected Readings." Norton.
- 29. Frischmann, B. M. (2012). "Infrastructure: The Social Value of Shared Resources." Oxford University Press.
- 30. Grigg, N. (2017). "Infrastructure Finance: The Business of Infrastructure for a Sustainable Future." Wiley.
- 31. Hartwick, J. M., & Olewiler, N. D. (1998). "The Economics of Natural Resource Use." Addison Wesley Longman.
- 32. Gómez-Ibáñez, J. A. (2003). "Regulating Infrastructure: Monopoly, Contracts, and Discretion." Harvard University Press.
- 33. Backhaus, J. G., & Wagner, R. E. (1998). "The Law and Economics of Public Policy: A Plea to Economics for more Interdisciplinary Research." Kluwer Academic Publishers.
- 34. Hayes, B. (2005). "Infrastructure: A Guide to the Industrial Landscape." W. W. Norton & Company.
- 35. **Generaladditionalreading:**RelevantjudgmentsoftheSupremeCourt **Indian Authored Books**

- 36. Sunder, S. Shyam. (2016). Law and Economics in India: Understanding and Practice. Oxford University Press.
- 37. Adhikari, Malay. (2019). Economics of Development and Environmental Law. LexisNexis.
- 38. Gouri, Geeta. (2014). Competition Law and Economics in India. Wolters Kluwer.
- 39. Bhala, Raj. (2013). Law, Economics and Development. Foundation Press.
- 40. Saran, Shyam (Ed.). (2018). Law, Economics and Environment in India. Springer.

Additional information (if any):75% Attendance is compulsory to appear for Major Test.

Student responsibilities: Reading financial newspapers like Mint, Economic Times, Business Line, as well magazines like Economist, for identifying the relevant topics for the assignment.

Course Reviewers:

- 1. Prof Rakesh Kumar, Professor, USLLS, GGSIPU, Delhi. (Comments Awaited; Likely to be received by Monday).
- 2. Dr Anant Vijay Maria, Advocate-on-Record, Supreme court of India
- 3. Ms. Preety Sharma, Assistant Professor (Economics), University School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University

Note: Course Revised by Dr Kavita, Assistant Professor (Law), TERI SAS New Delhi

Course 3 MPL 155- Environmental Law and Policy

| Course Title | : Environmental Law and P | Policy | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| Course code | : | No. of cre | edits: 3 | L-T-P: 30-15-0 | Learning | g hours | : 45 | |
| Pre-requisite | e course code and title (if a | any): None | | | | | | |
| Department | : Centre for Post Graduate I | Legal Studio | es | | | | | |
| Course coor | dinator: | | Course ins | tructor: | | | | |
| Contact deta | | | | | | | | |
| Course type | | | Course off | ered in Semester | 1 | | | |
| pollution con Policy. The cand principle of environment forests and projects and of the judicia | icy play a major role in the trol. This course intends to course has been divided into sof Environmental Law. The ental jurisprudence. The security including bio-diversarine laws; and laws relatively including the National Commental court. 2. To create a new idea environment. 2. To evaluate the existing India. 3. To analyze the role of | introduce to three bro nis included cond part hersity-relate ting to haza Green Tribut for bringing law and the different | he students that areas. The the judicial as been divided laws; Air rdous substantal in protections and an ewellog a new legal policy relational and the national and the students are students. | o the vast field of e first part has corprecedents, which ded into specific is and Water-relate nces. The third pating the environmental regime for the ting to environment d international ins | Environm vered the lagrange formed are introductored laws in art has discent and the entand protection ental protection. | ental La basic co a essenti ry modu cluding ussed the propose | w and ncepts al part iles on mega ne role al of a | |
| | dealing with environment-related issues in India. 4.To practically apply the existing legislation and policies. 5.To understand the development of environmental law both nationally and internationally. | | | | | | | |
| Course cont | 6.To remember the laws. | Juaginents | , and 50 011 10 | cracing to environi | iiciitui pioi | | | |
| S.No | Topic | | | | L | T | P | |
| 1 | Introduction | | | | 10 | 3 | 0 | |
| | Environment: Definition -Environment vs. develor -Trigger eventsbusiness a -A brief introduction to S - Post Stockholm: aglind development of environmental Instituti -Introduction to environmental provisions, an overview of the company of the com | pment deba and environ SDGs. npseof internental law ions: nationaronmental of the laws. | tes. mental law. rnational env n India. al and interna laws in ral law: Prec | ntional. India-Constitution autionary Princip | nal le; | | | |

| 2 | Forest, Wildlife, and Biodiversity-relatedLaws | 6 | 3 | 0 |
|---|---|----|----|---|
| 2 | -Evolution and jurisprudence of forest and wildlife and | U | 3 | U |
| | biodiversitylaws: colonial forest policies; forest policies after | | | |
| | independence. | | | |
| | -Existing statutory framework on forests, wildlife, and biodiversity: | | | |
| | protection and conservation; key points of governance of forest, | | | |
| | wildlife, and biodiversity. | | | |
| | -Eco-Sensitive Zones (ESZs). | | | |
| | -Strategies for conservation and protection: Mangroves; Tiger; | | | |
| | Elephant; Rhino; and Snow leopard. | | | |
| 3 | Air and Water Pollution and Control | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| | -Laws relating to the prevention of pollution and control of water | | | |
| | and air. | | | |
| | -National Water Policy. | | | |
| | -Health impacts and air pollution: legal measures taken to date. | | | |
| | -Pollution Control Boards. | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4 | Environment Protection Laws and Large Projects | 4 | 3 | 0 |
| | -Environment Protection Act 1986: safeguarding nature for a | | | |
| | sustainable future; regulating large projects; Environmental Impact | | | |
| | Assessment. | | | |
| | -Protection of the marine environment: legal mechanism-coastal | | | |
| | zone regulations, wetland conservation. | | | |
| 5 | Judicial remedies and the role of the National Green Tribunal | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| | Polo of judiciony in any ironmental protection | | | |
| | -Role of judiciary in environmental protection. | | | |
| | - Infrastructure projects and the Indian judiciary. | | | |
| | -Jurisdiction and powers of NGT, A critical analysis of its role, | | | |
| | suggestions to make it an advisory body. | | | |
| | -Proposal for a special environmental court. | | | |
| | Total | 30 | 15 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

- 1. Class participation: 5 marks
- 2. Attendance: 5 marks
- 3. Minor 1: Written Examination-20 marks [Module 1]
- 4. Term paper written submission: 10marks [Module 1-5]
- 5. Presentation of term paper 10 Marks [Module 1-5]
- 6. Major Test: Written Examination: 50 marks [Module 2-4]

Learning outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students would:

- 1.Be able to create new ideas for further development of law and policy relating to environmental protection [Term Paper and Presentation].
- 2.Be able to evaluate the existing legal regime and provide suggestions for the development of environmental law [Minor 1 and Major Test]
- 3.Be able to analyze the role of different national and international institutions that are shaping environmental law and policy [Minor 1 and Major Test].
- 4.Be able to apply the provisions of the law, especially for environmental litigation [Minor 1 and Major Test].
- 5.Be able to understand and compare the development and importance of environmental law and policy [Minor 1 and Major Test].
- 6.Be able to remember the key provisions of the law and policy that are important for the protection of the environment in India [Minor 1 and Major Test].

Pedagogical approach:

A combination of lecture-based, and problem-based learning would be used. Judicial decisions would form the starting point for discussions in the classroom. A lot of emphasis is given to self-study.

Materials:

Text Books

- 1. Sands P. and Peel J. (2012). Principles of international environmental law. 3rd ed, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Divan S. and Rosencranz A. (2005) Environmental Law and Policy in India, 2nd ed., Oxford, New Delhi.

Suggested Readings

- **1.** Kohli, K. and Menon, M. (eds.) (2016). Business interests and the environmental crisis. New Delhi: Sage India.
- **2.** Dutta, R. (2015). Commentary on the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010. New Delhi: Wadhwa Book Company.
- **3.** Bharat H Desai (2014). International Environmental Governance: Towards UNEPO? Boston, USA: Brill/Nijhoff.
- **4.** Sahu, G. (2014). Why the underdogs came out ahead. Economic and Political Weekly, 49 (4), 52-57.
- **5.** Sahu, G. (2014). Environmental jurisprudence and the Supreme Court: Litigation, interpretation, implementation. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
- **6.** Lele, S. and Menon, A. (eds.) (2014). Democratizing forest governance in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 7. Bharat H Desai (2010). Multilateral Environmental Agreements: Legal Status of the Secretariats (New York, NY: Cambridge University Press.
- **8.** Birnie P. (2009). International law and the environment, 3rd ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- **9.** Bharat H Desai (2003). Institutionalizing International Environmental Law, New York: Transnational Publishers.
- **10.** Upadhyay S. and Upadhyay V. (2002). Hand Book on environmental law- Forest laws, wildlife laws and the environment. Vols. I, II and III, New Delhi: Lexis Nexis- Butterworths-India.
- 11. Guha, R. (2000). Environmentalism: A global history. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 12. Gadgil, M. and Guha, R. (1995). Ecology and equity. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 13. Singh, C. (1986). Common property and common poverty. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Additional information (if any):

-MoEFCC (2023), Status of Mangrove Plantations; https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseIframePage.aspx?PRID=1947426

-MoEFCC (2022), Conservation and protection of mangroves; https://moef.gov.in/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/Conservation-and-protection-of-mangroves.pdf

-Law Commission of India one Hundred Eighty-Sixth Report on Proposal to Constitute Environment Courts

September,

 $2003; \underline{https://cdnbbsr.s3waas.gov.in/s3ca0daec69b5adc880fb464895726dbdf/uploads/2022/08/2022081021-1.pdf}$

 $-MoEFCC, \ \ ``Eco-Sensitive Zones"; \ \ \underline{https://moef.gov.in/moef/division/forest-divisions-2/eco-sensitive-zone-esz/introduction-2/index.html}$

-MoEFCC, "92 Eco-Sensitive Zones, 2 Ecologically Sensitive Areas notified in 13 States of Indian Himalayan Region"; 23 March 2023; https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseIframePage.aspx?PRID=1909904

List of the leading cases:

- -GodavarmanThirumulpadv. Union of India and Others (2023).
- -Orissa Mining Corporation Ltd v. Ministry of Environment & Forest &Ors (2013).
- --Narmada BachaoAndolan v. Union of India (2000).
- -Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra, Dehradun v. State of Uttar Pradesh (1985).
- -M.C. Mehta v. Union of India (1997) (Taj Trapezium case).
- -M.C. Mehta v. Kamal Nath &Ors. (1996).
- -Indian Council for Enviro- Legal Action v. Union of India, (1996).
- --Subhash Kumar v. State of Bihar (1991).
- --M.C. Mehta & Another v. Union of India (Shriram Foods & Fertilizer Industries Case) (1987).
- -Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation (1986).

Student Responsibilities:

Students are expected to come prepared with readings and actively participate in the discussions.

Course reviewers:

- 1. Prof. (Dr.) Shiju M. V, Acting Dean, School of Law, Sai University, Tamil Nadu, Chennai.
- 2. Dr. Smita Srivastava, Assistant Professor, Faculty of Law, University of Allahabad.
- 3. Dr. Rohin Koul, Assistant Professor, IIULER (Goa)

^{*}Course review process assigned to Dr.Moumita Mandal (Assistant Professor, TERI SAS, New Delhi)

Course 4 MPL 157- Infrastructure Law and Policy

| Course title: Infrastructure Law and Policy | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: MPL 157 | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 30-15-00 | Learning hours: 45 | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None | | | | | | | | |
| Department: Centre for Post Graduate Lega | al Studies | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator: | Course ins | Course instructor: | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Course off | Course offered in: Semester 1 | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | · | · | | | | | |

Course description:

This course provides an overview of the Constitutional and general legal context in which the infrastructure sector operates. It also covers the legislative and policy framework within which the specific infrastructure activity has to be undertaken. Special emphasis is placed on the regulatory law of different infrastructure sectors, and an attempt is made to undertake a comparative assessment of the regulatory laws and policies of different infrastructure sectors.

Course objectives:

- 1. To provide an overview of the constitutional and the general legal context in which the infrastructure sector operates.
- 2. To examine the importance of independent regulation in infrastructure
- 3. A general analysis of the laws, policies, and reforms carried out in select infrastructure sectors
- 4. To discuss and analyze various legal and policy frameworks within the infrastructure sector and foster the ability to propose policy reforms.

Course contents S.No **Topic** L Т P 1 **Constitutional aspects** 2 Constitutional Infrastructure Law in India: Allocation of jurisdiction over different infrastructure sectors between the Centre and State - law-making powers; Allocation of natural resources: Judicial review; Administrative law: Case Studies for Comparative Analysis: South Korea, Germany, and Singapore Basic Infrastructure (Public Health; Public Education) vs. Developmental Infrastructure 0 2 Independent regulation: New Mechanism of Governance in 2 **infrastructure** Theories of regulation-genesis of Independent regulation evolution of regulation in different jurisdictions- Design and structure of regulators-scope and functions-regulatory process- regulatory autonomy and accountability-regulatory predictability and certainty; Comparative Analysis of Regulatory Frameworks across Different Sectors; Public Participation and Transparency in the Regulatory Process 3 **Land Acquisition** 0 4 2 Concepts of eminent domain and public purpose; The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013: Social Impact Assessment, Environmental Considerations in Land Acquisition: Requirement of consent in the case of certain acquisitions, compensation, rehabilitation and resettlement.; Human Rights and Indigenous Rights Considerations in **Land Acquisition** Infrastructure Sectoral polices, reforms and laws

| Power Sector/Electricity | 4 | 1 | 0 |
|--|---|---|---|
| Introduction-evolution of the power sector reforms, polices- Electricity | | | |
| Act, 2003 - National Electricity policy- legal framework- the state | | | |
| electricity boards- licensing framework- Provisions Relating to and | | | |
| working of Electricity Regulatory Commissions-their structure, role and | | | |
| functions; Renewable Energy Policies and Regulations in India | | | |
| Telecommunications | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| The national telecom policies-the legal framework- regulatory agencies | | | |
| functioning, power and functions of TRAI and TDSAT | | | |
| Oil, Petroleum and Natural Gas | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Reforms, policies and legal framework -New Exploration Licensing Policy | | | |
| (NELP)- production sharing contracts- the Petroleum Regulatory and | | | |

| Natural Gas Board Act – the emerging regulatory reforms ; | | | |
|---|----|----|---|
| Water | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Water policy | | | |
| General Legal framework and reforms-Water rights- state jurisdiction- new | | | |
| regulatory reforms in water sector. | | | |
| Transport | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Law, policy and reforms relating to Airports-Railways-Road –Port; TAMP; | | | |
| an overview of coastal shipping and Inland Water Transport policy; Urban | | | |
| Transport Planning and Policy | | | |
| Real estate | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| The Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016; Land Use | | | |
| Planning and Zoning Laws; interrelationship between planning and zoning | | | |
| laws and environmental legislations | | | |
| Infrastructure as a contributor and mitigator toward climate change: | 1 | | |
| Cross Sectorial Analysis; Case Studies | | | |
| Total | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Evaluation criteria:

- 1. Minor Test: Written Examination- 20% [Syllabus: Module 1]
- 2. Written Assignment: Research Paper or Case Comment 20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- 3. Presentation on the Assignment -20 % [Entire Syllabus]
- 4. Major Test: Written Examination-40 % [Syllabus: Module 2-4]

Learning outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students would be able to:

- 1. *Understand and Remember* key principles of infrastructure law and policy. [Minor Test, Major Test]
- 2. Apply this knowledge to real-world scenarios in infrastructure development, effectively using legal reasoning to interpret policy implications and regulatory decisions. [Minor Test, Major Test, Case Comment, Presentation]
- 3. Analyze and critique laws, policies, and reforms within various infrastructure sectors, and identify potential areas for improvement. [Research Paper, Presentation]
- 4. Evaluate the role of infrastructure in broader socio-economic contexts, considering the implications of legal frameworks on human rights, environmental sustainability, and economic development. [Minor Test, Major Test, Research Paper or Case Comment, Presentation]
- 5. *Create* well-founded arguments and proposals for policy or legal reform to address contemporary challenges in infrastructure development. [Research Paper,

| Presentation] | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |

Pedagogical approach:

A combination of lecture based and problem based learning would be used. Case studies would be used for initiating discussions in the module on specific sectors.

Materials:

Suggested Theoretical Readings:

Module 1: Constitutional Aspects

- Baldwin, R., & McCrudden, C. (1987). Regulation and Public Law. London: Weidenfeld & Nicolson.
- National Transport Development Policy Committee Report (Rakesh Mohan Committee).
- Shapiro, S., & Tomain, J. (2003). Regulatory Law and Policy: Cases and Materials. New Delhi: LexisNexis.

Module 2: Independent Regulation

- Sarkar, S. K., & Srivastava, L. (Eds.). (2002). *Reforms in the Infrastructure Sectors: Next Steps*. New Delhi: TERI Press.
- Sundar, S., & Sarkar, S. K. (2000). Framework for Infrastructure Regulation. New Delhi: TERI Press.
- **Joshi, P.** (2003). Law Relating to Infrastructure Projects (2nd ed.). New Delhi: Butterworths.

Module 3: Land Acquisition

- Cullet, P., & Koonan, S. (2012). Water Law in India: An Introduction to Legal Instruments.
- Iver, R. R. (2009). Water and the Laws in India. Sage.

Module 4: Sectoral Policies, Reforms, and Laws

- Chatterjee, S. K. (2013). Commentary On The Electricity Laws of India. Delhi Law House.
- Raghavan, V. (2007). Communications Law in India: Legal Aspects of Telecom, Broadcasting, and Cable Services. LexisNexis.
- Naseem, M. (2010). *Energy Law in India*. Kluwer Law International.
- Fatima, T. (2012). Transport Law in India. Kluwer Law International.
- Palmer, E. (2021). Regulating infrastructure: Human rights and the sustainable development goals in Myanmar. *Human Rights Law Review*, 21(3), 588-619.
- Fagundes, A., de Cássia Lisboa Ribeiro, R., de Brito, E. R. B., Recine, E., & Rocha, C. (2022). Public infrastructure for food and nutrition security in Brazil: Fulfilling the constitutional commitment to the human right to adequate food. *Food Security*, 14(4), 897-905.
- Hulten, C. R., & Schwab, R. M. (1997). A fiscal federalism approach to infrastructure policy. *Regional Science and Urban Economics*, 27(2), 139-159.
- **Greiving, S., et al. (2016).** Developments and drawbacks in critical infrastructure and regional planning: A case study on region of Cologne, Germany. *Journal of Extreme Events, 3*(04), 1650014.
- **Malone, N. (2005).** The evolution of private financing of government infrastructure in Australia—2005 and beyond. *Australian Economic Review, 38*(4), 420-430.
- **Shortridge, J., & Camp, J. S. (2019).** Addressing climate change as an emerging risk to infrastructure systems. *Risk Analysis*. *39*(5), 959-967.
- Palin, E. J., et al. (2021). Implications of climate change for railway infrastructure. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change, 12(5), e728.

Student responsibilities: Students are expected to come prepared with readings and actively participate in the discussions.

Course Reviewers:

- 1. Prof. (Dr.) Rashmi Salpekar, Dean and Professor, Vivekananda School of Law and Legal Studies, Vivekananda Institute of Professional Studies-Technical Campus- Delhi
- 2. Prof. (Dr.) P.P. Mitra, Professor, Woxsen University, Hyderabad
- 3. Ms. Gurmeet Bindra, Managing Partner, GBA Law offices

Course Revised by :Dr. Manini Syali, Assistant Professor, Centre for Postgraduate Legal Studies, TERI-SAS

MA SDP Programme Outline

| | | Si dillille o dellille | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| First year | | | | | | | |
| | Course | Credit | Duration | | | | |
| First Semester | 7 core courses | 20 | 15 weeks | | | | |
| Second Semester | 7 core courses | 20 | 15 weeks | | | | |
| | Second Year | | | | | | |
| Third Semester | Minor project | 8 | 6-8 weeks | | | | |
| | 3 core courses | 10 | 15 weeks | | | | |
| | 3 (or more) electives | 9 (Minimum but can be exceeded if student opts for more than 3 electives | | | | | |
| Fourth Semester | Major Project | 20 | 20 weeks | | | | |
| Total Credit | | 87 | | | | | |

MA SDP Programme Outline

| Course Code | Course Title | Туре | No. of Credit | L-T-P | | | |
|----------------|--|----------|---------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Semester -1 | | | | | | | |
| MPD 137 | Current Advances in Environmental Science | Core | 3 | 42-0-6 | | | |
| MPD 143 | Principles of Economics | Core | 4 | 47-13-00 | | | |
| MPD 139 | Themes and Perspective on Development | Core | 2 | 27-3-0 | | | |
| MPD 107 | Global Classroom: Integrated Approaches to Sustainable Development | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 | | | |
| MPD 154 | Law, Society and Sustainable Development | Core | 3 | 34-11-0 | | | |
| MPD 114 | Qualitative Research Methods for Development practice | Core | 3 | 33-0-24 | | | |
| MPD 115 | Quantitative Approaches & Methods for Development Practice | Core | 3 | 34-6-10 | | | |
| | Semester -2 | | | | | | |
| MPD 147 | Development Economics | Core | 3 | 37-8-0 | | | |
| MPD 130 | Population Health & Sustainable Development: Analytical Perspective | Core | 3 | 38-4-6 | | | |
| MPD 145 | Integrated Impact Assessment | Core | 3 | 39-0-12 | | | |
| MPD 106 | Group Practicum – Community Needs assessment | Core | 4 | 12-12-72 | | | |
| MPD 149 | Fundamentals of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) Principles | Core | 2 | 26-4-0 | | | |
| MPD 148 | Gender in Development Practice | Core | 2 | 26-4-0 | | | |
| MPD 150 | Management of Development Organizations | Core | 3 | 34-11-00 | | | |
| PPM 210 | Climate, Energy and Carbon Market | Elective | 2 | 26-04-0 | | | |
| Semester -3 | | | | | | | |
| MPD 109 | Minor Project | Core | 8 | 0-0-240 | | | |

| MPD 161 | Public Policy processes and Institution | Core | 3 | 35-10-0 |
|------------|--|---|----|----------|
| MPD 129 | Project Design and Management for Sustainable | Core | 4 | 46-14-0 |
| | Development | Corc | | |
| MPD 144 | Contemporary Public Health Issues and Emerging | ry Public Health Issues and Emerging Core | | 38-04-06 |
| | Approaches | Core | | |
| | Application of quantitative data analysis in | Elective | 3 | 20-12-22 |
| MPD 113 | development practice | Liective | | |
| NRE 168 | Food security and agriculture | Elective | 3 | 26-16-6 |
| NRE 149 | Governance and management of natural resources | Elective | 3 | 35-10-0 |
| NRE 133 | Environmental management system | Elective | 4 | 42-18-0 |
| NRC 162 | Climate change and disaster risk reduction | Elective | 3 | 33-12-0 |
| | Indian agricultural development: Contemporary | Elective | | 60-0-0 |
| MPE 122 | Issues | Elective | 4 | |
| MPE 154 | Economics of health and environment | Elective | 4 | 43-15-4 |
| MPL 153 | Law and justice in globalizing world | Elective | 3 | 42-0-0 |
| PPM 179 | Design thinking | Elective | 2 | 12-18-0 |
| PPM 198 | Entrepreneurship | Elective | 2 | 15-14-2 |
| Semester-4 | | | | |
| MPD 104 | Major project | Core | 20 | 0-0-480 |
| | | | | |
| | - | | | |

Themes and Perspectives of Development

| Course title: Themes and Perspectives of Development | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of cr | edits: 2 | L-T-P: 30 -0-0 | Learning hours: 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any | y): | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy and Management Studies | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course | | Course i | instructor(s): | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course offered in 1 st Semester | | | | | |
| Course description: This is a foundation course for any development practitioner. The course provides a | | | | | | | |
| base for other subjects in MA-SDP Programme in TERI SAS. Hence, basic social science lexicons of | | | | | | | |
| Development will be introduced to the students. Examples from diverse global and regional contexts will | | | | | | | |

be used to facilitate discussions in the classroom. **Course objectives:** This course introduces the conceptual foundations of Development and demonstrates the complexities of 'development' and 'development theories'. The course enables the students –

- to develop a critical understanding on both historical and contemporary perspectives of development both mainstream and alternative
- to understand theoretical and empirical notions of development.
- to engage the students in various discourses of development practice through debate and discussion

| Course co | | 1 | | |
|-----------|---|----|---|---|
| Module | Торіс | L | T | P |
| 1 | Understanding Development: | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | This module introduces the notion of 'development' conceptualized by | | | |
| | various development thinkers and practitioners. The following topics will be | | | |
| | covered in this module: | | | |
| | Basic concepts of Change and development | | | |
| | Development as dominant discourse of western modernity | | | |
| | Understanding third world and the concept of global north and south | | | |
| | Growth versus Development debate | | | |
| | Agencies of development (state and non-state actors) | | | |
| 2 | Models of Development: | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | Through this module, the students will be able to understand two dominant | | | |
| | models of development – capitalist and socialist model. In the socialist model | | | |
| | both the utopian and the scientific socialism will be discussed along with | | | |
| | various types of socialist models like social democratic model (Keynesianism | | | |
| | and Nordic Model); Centrally planned or Command Economy; Socialist | | | |
| | Market economy. Hence, two major topics will be covered – | | | |
| | Capitalism | | | |
| | Socialism | | | |
| 3 | Perspectives of Development (mainstream) | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| | Development theories are about understanding how the processes of change in | | | |
| | societies take place. In this regard, the module will be dedicated to the debate | | | |
| | and discussion on the emergence of the Post-war growth-centric development | | | |
| | theories like modernization, underdevelopment and neoliberalism which | | | |
| | shapes contemporary perspectives of Development. | | | |
| | Modernization (Traditional vs. Modern; Stages of Growth) | | | |
| | Theories of Underdevelopment, Dependency, and world system | | | |

| | Neoliberalism | | | |
|---|--|----|---|---|
| 4 | Perspectives of Development (Alternative) | | 0 | 0 |
| | The alternative approaches and their methodologies have emerged as development paradigm indicating a theoretical break from the mainstream | | | |
| | development approaches. The following topics will be covered. | | | |
| | Human development | | | |
| | Social development | | | |
| | Sustainable development | | | |
| | Gender and development | | | |
| | Participatory Development | | | |
| | | 30 | 0 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria

- Class participation [10%]: based on active participation (like debate, discussion and presentation) and attentiveness. [Learning outcomes-1-2]
- Minor-1: Assignment submission and Presentation [40%]: the students will submit an assignment by taking any developmental challenges as a case for the assignment. [Learning outcomes 1-3]
- **Major test: written exam** [50%] [Learning outcomes 1-3]

Learning outcomes:

Upon successful completion of the course students should be able to –

- 1. understand the basic concepts of development and its necessity as a process in social change.
- 2. critically reflect on the diverse discourses of development.
- 3. undertake research and formulate arguments on various contemporary development challenges to and exclusion and be able to present a substantiated opinion.

Pedagogical approach: The course will be taught through discussion-centric lectures augmented through relevant academic readings. In addition, contemporary issues will be conceptualized as a practical component to deconstruct the complexities of Development. Various documentary movies on history of Development and emergence of development theories will be shown for debate and discussion on contemporary development challenges

Essential Readings

- Amartya Sen (n.d.) Concept of Development. Harvard University
- Agarwal, B. (2018). Gender equality, food security and the sustainable development goals. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cosust.2018.07.002
- Beteille, Andre (1996), "Sociology and Common Sense", *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 31, No. 35/37, (pp. 2361-2365).
- Baden, H. R. (2000). Gender and Development: Concepts and Definitions. UK: BRIDGE.
- Boellstorff, D. L. (1995). Women in Development: The need for a Grassroots Gender Planning Approach. Nebraska Anthropologist, pp. 45-55.
- Burgess, G. (2008). Planning and the Gender Equality Duty- Why does gender matter? People, Place and Policy Online, 112-121.
- Chambers R. Idea of Development: Reflecting forward, IDS working paper. Institute of Development Studies: England
- Chaudhary A. (2013). Modernization: Impact, Theory, Advantages and Disadvantages. International Journal for Research in Education. Vol. 2 (2).
- Christine Saulnier, S. B. (1999). Gender Planning: Developing an Operational Framework for En-Gendering Healthy Public Policy. Canada: MCEWH.
- Engelhard, Karl (1983) Theories of Development and Underdevelopment and Chances of their Practical Application. Journal of Geography. Vol. 10 (12) pp. 383-89
- Escobar, Arturo (1995), Encountering development: the making and unmaking of the Third World, Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press. Harvard

- FRANK, AG, (1966) The Development of Underdevelopment, Monthly Review Monthly review. Vol.41(2), p.37-51
- Patnaik U. and Patnaik P. (2021) Capital and Imperialism: Theory History and Present. Monthly Review Press: New York
- Perry, John A & Erna K Perry (2016), *Contemporary Society: An Introduction to Social Science*, Routledge, New York.
- Pieterse, J. N. (1998). My Paradigm or Yours? Alternative Development, Post-Development, Reflexive Development. Development and Change. Vol. 29. pp. 343-73.
- Pieterse, Jan Nederveen, (2010) Development Theory (2nd edition). Sage.
- Przeworski Adam and Papaterra Fernando Modernization: Theories and Facts (1997 World Politics 49.2 (1997) 155-183
- Reyes, G. E. (2001). Four main theories of Development: Modernization, Dependency, World system and Globalization. Nómadas. Revista Crítica de Ciencias Sociales y Jurídicas. Vol.4 (2)
- Rapley, J.2007. Understanding development: theory and Practice in the Third World. Boulder: lynee Reinner Publishers.
- Roberts, J.T. and Hite A. (eds) (2000) From modernization to globalization Perspective on Development and Social Change. Blackwell Publishing: US
- Schuurman, F.J. (2000) Paradigms Lost, Paradigms Regained? Development Studies in 21st century. *Third World Quarterly*, Vol 21, No 1, pp 7- 20.
- Summer, Andy and Tribe, Michael (2008). International Developmental Studies: Theories and Methods in Research and Practice. Sage Publication
- Taylor, V. (1999). Gender Mainstreaming in Development Planning. United Kingdom: Commonwealth Secretariat
- Webster, Andrew. (1984). Introduction to Sociology of Development McMillan Publishers: UK
- Venugopal, R. (2015). Neoliberalism as Concept. *Economy and Society*. Vol.44 (2)
- Willis, Katie (2005). Theories and Practices of Development. Routledge: UK

Recommended journals [for reference]

- Economic and Political Weekly / Journal of Human Development and Capabilities
- Indian Journal of Human Development
- World Development / Journal of Development Studies
- Oxford Development Studies/ Third World Quarterly

Student responsibilities

- 1. As the University has the policy of minimum 75% of physical presence, the students are expected to plan their academic activities considering the learning goals and evaluation criterion of the Course.
- 2. Lastly, any sort of academic dishonesty including cheating, copying, inappropriate collaboration and plagiarism will NOT be acceptable.

Course reviewers:

- 1. Prof. Abhijit Guha, Former Professor of Anthropology, Vidyasagar University, and Senior ICSSR Fellow, Government of India
- 2. Dr Manasi Mishra, Head of Research Division, Center for Social Research, New Delhi
- 3. Dr Snigdha Bishnoi, Asst. Professor, School of Liberal Studies, Ambedkar University, Delhi

This Course outline was prepared by Dr Swarup Dutta and approved by the..... Academic Council Meeting on at TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Law, Society, and Sustainable Development

| Course title: Law, Soc | | |
|----------------------------|-------|--|
| | | L-T-P distribution: 34-11-0 Learning hours: 45 |
| Pre-requisite course c | ` ' | |
| Department: Departm | | |
| Course coordinator (s |): Co | ourse instructor (s): |
| Contact details: | | |
| Course type: Core | C | ourse offered in: Semester 1 |

Course Description: This course provides a comprehensive understanding of the origins and development of the concept of law and sustainable development, along with the multifaceted role of law in society. India has numerous laws and policies aimed at protecting the rights of vulnerable communities and promoting sustainable development across various dimensions, including social, economic, and environmental aspects. The Indian judiciary, particularly the Supreme Court of India, has played a pivotal role in interpreting the Constitutional provisions and has delineated the obligations of the state and citizens to protect the environment and attain the goal of social justice and economic equity. The course will cover legislative frameworks, policies, and judicial interventions that have collectively shaped India's approach to sustainable development.

Course objectives:

- To make the students realize the significance of law as an instrument for social changes in that how it has set the course in the contemporary Indian society.
- To enable students to critically examine how law and legal institutions can be effectively used to combat social oppression and inequalities, promoting justice and equity in Indian society.
- To expose students to various legal principles and familiarize them with the concept of judicial activism and the tool of public interest litigation that has often been used to implement the concept of sustainable development.
- To inculcate an understanding among students of the various legal frameworks at international, national, and local levels that govern sustainable development initiatives. This includes exploring laws and policies aimed at achieving social, economic, and environmental sustainability.
- To provide students with a comprehensive perspective on how the judiciary, legislature, and policy-making institutions collaborate to advance sustainable development goals, ensuring a balanced approach that addresses all facets of sustainability.

Course Contents:

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Introduction to Law, Society and Development: This module shall cover the conceptual and legal framework of the intersection of law, society, and development. | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | Discussion on relevant constitutional provisions | | | |
| | Discussion on justice and rule of law | | | |
| | Law as an instrument of social change | | | |
| | Understanding the intersection between law, society, and development | | | |
| | Examination of legal frameworks that address gender-based discrimination. | | | |
| | • Exploration of the role of law in promoting human rights. | | | |

| 2 | Key legal concepts: This module discusses various relevant legal concepts related to Sustainable development: | 6 | 0 | 0 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Historical evolution: Brundtland Commission Report. | | | |
| | • Key principles of sustainability (e.g., environmental | | | |
| | protection, social equity, economic viability) | | | |
| | • Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and their significance | | | |
| | Role of law and legal institutions for SDG governance | | | |
| 3 | in India International Law and Systemable Dayslanments This module | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | International Law and Sustainable Development: This module deals with the evolution and development of sustainable | O | O | |
| | development frameworks, encompassing environmental, social, | | | |
| | and economic aspects. | | | |
| | and coonsider aspects. | | | |
| | Important Doctrines: Precautionary Principle, Polluter | | | |
| | Pays Principle and Public Trust Doctrine | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Biodiversity Convention and Climate Change Law and | | | |
| | Policy: Interlinkages with Sustainable Development | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Global Economic Policies for Sustainable Development: | | | |
| | Analysis of international economic policies and | | | |
| | agreements that promote sustainable development, | | | |
| | including trade, investment, and development aid | | | |
| | policies. | | | |
| | Social Sustainability and International Law: Discussion | | | |
| | on international legal frameworks that address social | | | |
| | sustainability issues such as poverty alleviation, | | | |
| | education, health, and gender equality. | | | |
| 4 | Sustainable Development at the National Level: This module | 8 | 6 | 0 |
| | highlights the laws related to sustainable development at the | | | |
| | national level, covering environmental, social, and economic dimensions – | | | |
| | difficultions | | | |
| | Public Interest Litigation (PIL) | | | |
| | Right to Wholesome Environment: Evolution and Application | | | |
| | Environmental Legislations in India | | | |
| | Legal Framework for Social Inclusion: Laws addressing | | | |
| | social equity and justice (Right to Education Act, | | | |
| | MGNREGA). | | | |
| | • Legal Framework for Economic Development: CSR; | | | |
| | Sustainable Business Practices; Labor Rights | | | |
| | Economic and Social Rights of Forest Dwelling Communities | | | |
| 5 | Contemporary Challenges in relation to Emerging Legal | 8 | 5 | 0 |
| | Issues in India (Case Studies): This module will cover the | | | |
| | discussion regarding contemporary challenges with respect to | | | |
| | emerging legal issues in relation to sustainability with the help of various case studies. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Legal aspects of land use planning: The RFCTLARR Act 2013 (case study: Industrial corridors in Maharashtra) | | | |
| | 2013 (case study: Industrial corridors in Maharashtra) | | | |
| | Water related conflicts at national level (Case Study India): Inter-State Water Disputes Act, 1956; Role of judiciary; | | | |
| | Mullaperiya dispute; Cauvery Water Disputes | | | |
| | iviunaportya dispute, Cauvery water Disputes | | | |

| | Landmark Judicial Decisions: N.D. Jayal vs Union of India; Narmada Bachao Andolan vs. Union of India; TN Godavarman vs Union of India | | | |
|-------|---|----|----|---|
| Total | | 34 | 11 | 0 |

Evaluation procedure:

| | on procedure. | Weightage (%) |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| • | Class Participation: | 10 |
| • | Minor 1: Case Law Discussion | 20 |
| • | Minor 2: Assignment and Presentation | 30 |
| • | Major Test: Written test | 40 |

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Awareness about the basic tenets of Indian Constitutional law specifically focusing on Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy
- 2. Familiarity with the Institutional Structure of Indian Governance for Sustainable Development and the Role of the Indian Judiciary
- 3. Familiarity with Gender justice, Human rights issues and conceptual understanding of Sustainable Development.
- 4. Apply critical thinking skills to assess ethical dilemmas and conflicts in sustainable development decision-making, proposing viable solutions and strategies for mitigation.
- 5. A true understanding of the student over the subject will help them to work in a diverse field of law. They may be able to have a better understanding of the law and society and may understand the impact of law on society and vice versa.

Pedagogical approach:

The course will be taught through interactive sessions based on previously circulated readings. Many legal principles in India have organically developed through judgments of the courts and these judgments will be discussed in class. It is understood that most students do not have a background in law and therefore the readings for class will be decided and the student assessment shall be undertaken keeping that in mind. The teaching learning methodology shall comprise lectures, case studies, group discussions, presentation by the participants, guest lectures, seminars and research.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Agnes Flavia Law and Gender Inequality: The Politics of Women's Rights in India, Oxford, New Delhi (1999)
- 2. Anna Grear & Louis J. Kotzé (eds.) Research Handbook on Human Rights and the Environment, Edward Elgar (2015)
- 3. Bakshi, M.P.- Constitution of India, Vol 1, 19th edition, Lexis Nexis (2023)
- 4. Basu, D. D. An Introduction to the Constitution of India, 26th edition, New Delhi, Prentice Hall (2023)
- 5. Baxi, Upendra The Crisis of Indian Legal System, Vikas Publication (1982)
- 6. Eloise Scotford Environmental Principles and the Evolution of Environmental Law, Hart Publishers (2017)
- 7. Marc Galanter (ed.) Law and Society in Modern India, Oxford, New Delhi (1997)
- 8. P. Leelakrishnan Environmental Law in India, 3rd Edition, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi (2008)
- 9. Philippe Cullet & Sujith Koonan (eds.) Research Handbook on Law, Environment and the Global South, Edward Elgar (2019)
- 10. S.P. Sathe Judicial Activism in India: Transgressing Borders and Enforcing Limits, New Delhi: Oxford University Press (2002)
- 11. Savitri Gunasekhare Children, Law and Justice, Sage Publications (1997)
- 12. Sunil Deshta and Kiran Deshta Law and Menace of Child Labour, Anmol Publications, New Delhi (2007)

- 13. Shyam Diwan & Armin Rosencranz Environmental Law and Policy in India, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press (2001)
- 14. Segger, M.-C. C., & Khalfan, A. Sustainable Development Law: Principles, Practices, and Prospects, Oxford: Oxford University Press (2004)
- 15. Boyle, A.E. and Freestone, D. (eds.) *International Law and Sustainable Development: Past Achievements and Future Challenges, Oxford University Press, USA (2001)
- 16. Orebech, Peter The Role of Customary Law in Sustainable Development, Cambridge University Press (2005)
- 17. Porras, Ileana M. The City and International Law: In Pursuit of Sustainable Development, Fordham Urb. LJ 36 (2009): 537
- 18. Segger, Marie Claire Cordonier, and Freedom-Kai Phillips Indigenous Traditional Knowledge for Sustainable Development: The Biodiversity Convention and Plant Treaty Regimes, Journal of Forest Research 20.5 (2015): 430-437
- 19. Bizikova, Livia, John Robinson, and Stewart Cohen Linking Climate Change and Sustainable Development at the Local Level, Climate Policy 7.4 (2007): 271-277
- 20. Harish, B. Role of the Supreme Court in Developing & Applying the Principles of Sustainable Development, Issue 5 Indian JL & Legal Rsch. 4 (2022): 1
- 21. Puvimanasinhe, Shyami Fernando Towards a Jurisprudence of Sustainable Development in South Africa: Litigation in the Public Interest, Sustainable Dev. L. & Pol'y 10 (2009): 41
- 22. Jameel, Anas, and Waseem Ahmed Sustainable Development Goals and India's Commitment to Gender Justice, Society & Sustainability 3.2 (2021): 68-86
- 23. MacNaughton, Gillian, and Diane F. Frey Decent Work, Human Rights and the Sustainable Development Goals, Geo. J. Int'l L. 47 (2015): 607

Student responsibilities:

Attendance: At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam. The students are required to come prepared with readings that are suggested during the class and ensure timely submission of assignments. They are also expected to participate and further strengthen their understanding of concepts through classroom discussions.

Course Reviewers

- Dr Aditi Singh, Associate Professor, Galgotias University, Greater Noida\
- Dr Anant Vijay Maria, ADV on Record Supreme Court of India

This Course outline was prepared by Dr Kavita and Dr Manini Syali and approved by the..... Academic Council Meeting on at TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Principles of Economics

| Course title: Principles of Economi | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Course code: MPD 143 | | L-T-P: 47-13-00 | Learning hours: 60 |
| Pre-requisite course code and title | e (if any): NA | | |
| Department: Department of Policy | C | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Co | urse instructor(s): | |
| Contact details: | <u>.</u> | | |
| Course type: Core | Co | urse offered in: Sen | nester 1 |
| Course description | | | |

Course description

This introductory course primarily covers the core and fundamental aspects of microeconomics, macroeconomics, and public finance. The goal of this course is to make students understand the key economic concepts, theories, and principles and how they relate to the world they live in. The emphasis is laid on building students critical thinking and analytical abilities in microeconomics, macroeconomics and public finance. The central focus of this course is how and why markets (one important mechanism for allocating scarce resources) operate, and why markets and pricing principles are fundamental in trade-offs and choice questions. Besides, how the key economic decisions are made by households and firms are discussed and exemplified. Production, costs and market structures are analyzed at firm level. Key macro-economic issues such as output, income, and employment are discussed and their impact on inflation and other macroeconomic indicators are examined. Key concepts of public finance such as taxation and public expenditure and their applications in Indian context will also be elaborated. In each module, Indian context is highlighted so that students can connect theories to practice and to policies. Explanations of economic concepts are supplemented by application-based cases studies and live examples.

Course objectives-

- To familiarize students with the key economic principles and theories and relate it to the world they live in.
- To develop students critical thinking and analytical abilities around concepts of economics
- To provide understanding of how output and income are determined at an aggregated level and impact the (un)employment and inflation
- To expose students how taxation and other policies can influence economic incentives of individuals, firms and other entities
- To create grounds for students to hone skill sets of analyzing, interpreting economic variables through diagrams, and graphs

| _ | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Course | content | | | | |
| Modul | Topic | L | T | P | |
| e | • | | | | |
| Ι | Introduction to economics | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| | A brief history of ideas in economics | | | | |
| | Basic concepts of Economics | | | | |
| | Understanding the philosophy of economics | | | | |
| | Nature of economics: Is economics a science or an art? | | | | |
| | Scope, method and techniques of economics, | | | | |
| | Definitional pluralities and distinctions such as micro-versus macro, | | | | |
| | theories versus models, positive economics and normative economics | | | | |
| | The economic problem of scarcity, choice, and opportunity cost | | | | |
| II | Demand, Supply, Elasticities, and Market Efficiency | 6 | 2 | 0 | |
| | Demand, supply, and market equilibrium. | | | | |
| | Derivation of Demand and supply curve | | | | |
| | Demand and supply applications | | | | |

| | Consumer surplus and producer's surplus Market afficiency and their applications | | | |
|-------|--|----|----|---|
| | Market efficiency and their applications | | | |
| | Elasticity: its various forms and estimation methods, point, arc | | | |
| | Elasticity and total revenue | | | |
| | Elasticity applications in the filed of energy and environment | | | |
| III | Utility, Preferences and Choice | 4 | 2 | |
| | Budget constraints, determination of optimal choices using indifference | | | |
| | curve analysis and its applications | | | |
| | Extensions of Indifference curve analysis and revealed preference analysis | | | |
| | Changes in income and prices, income and substitution effects | | | |
| | Behavioural economics as an alternative framework for economic analysis | | | |
| | Application of behavioural economic in energy efficiency context | | | |
| [V | Production and Cost | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Production Theory | | | |
| | Production function and different forms | | | |
| | Short-run and long-run production function, Isoquants, MRTS | | | |
| | Total, average and marginal products Economies of scale and scope | | | |
| | Theory of cost | | | |
| | Short-run and long run costs, cost minimization | | | |
| | Total, average and marginal costs | | | |
| | Applications of production and costs theory | | | |
| V | Market structure and regulation | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Market equilibrium and price determination under different | | | |
| | market structures | | | |
| | Perfect and Imperfect market structure, welfare | | | |
| | costs of monopoly | | | |
| | Market failure, externalities, role of government, efficiency, | | | |
| | and regulation | | | |
| | Regulation of public monopolies | | | |
| | Application in case of infrastructure industries such as energy | | | |
| | and water | | | |
| VI | National Income Accounting | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Measuring national income, output and employment – different | | | |
| | approaches Determination of aggregate output, price level and interest rate – classical, | | | |
| | Keynesian and modern theories and approaches | | | |
| | GDP estimation in India | | | |
| VII | Critiques of traditional measures of NIA | 6 | 2 | |
| V 11 | Macro-economic policies Policy effects: monetary and fiscal policy | U | | 0 |
| | Indian monetary and fiscal policies: evidence from its evolving dynamics | | | |
| | Open economy macro-economics: balance of payment, exchange rate, | | | |
| VIII | international trade, Indian case study Public Finance | 8 | 2 | |
| V 111 | Theories of Public Finance, Theories of taxation, , tax incidence and tax | O | | |
| | burden, public expenditure, subsidies, | | | |
| | public expenditure and external debt structure in India, public sector | | | |
| | reform agenda in India, Fiscal federalism in India Public finance case studies in India | | | |
| | Total | 46 | 14 | 0 |
| | tion criteria: | | | |

Evaluation criteria:

Minor Test 1: 20% Minor Test 2: Assignment (individual): 20 % Classroom exercises: 10 % Major Exam: 50%

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, students would be able to;

- Understand the core micro, macroeconomic and public finance concepts, theories, models, principles, tools, and techniques (All tests)
- Develop the skills to interpret, analyze the economic concepts and variables through diagrams, tables and graphs (Minor test 1, Class-room exercises, and Major test)
- Relate the key economic principles to real life situations, especially in the context of development challenges which would help students to make informed decisions (Minor test 2)

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through a mix of classroom lectures, quizzes, discussions, classroom exercises and assignments and case studies discussion and presentation.

Course Reading Materials

Suggested core readings:

- 1. Principles of Economics, Karl Case, Ray Fair, and Sharon Oster, 12th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2017.
- 2. Principles of Economics, Mankiw, N. Gregory, 4th edition. South-Western College Publications, 2006.
- 3. Principles of Economics, Stiglitz, J.E. and C.E. Walsh, 3rd Edition. New York: W.W. Norton & Company, 2002.
- 4. Macro Economics, R. Dornbusch, S. Fischer, and R. Startz, 10th Edition, Tata-McGRAW-HILL, 2012.
- 5. Macroeconomics, Olivier Blanchard, 5th edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2009.
- 6. Public Finance in Theory and Practice, R. Musgrave and P. Musgrave, McGraw Hill Education, 5th Edition, 2017

Advanced Reading Material

- 1. Intermediate Micro-economics: A Modern Approach, H.L Varian, 8th Edition, W.W. Norton & Company, 2010.
- 2. Fundamentals of Microeconomics, C. Snyder and W. Nicholson, 11th Edition, Cengage Learning (India), 2012.
- 3. Macro-Economics: Theory and Policy, W.H. Branson, Third Edition, East-West Press, 2005.
- 4. Macroeconomics, Richard T. Froyen, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2005

Additional readings

- 1. An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations, Adam Smith
- 2. Economics: A Very Short Introduction, Partha Dasgupta, First Edition, Oxford University Press, 2007
- 3. The Company of Strangers, Paul Seabright, Princeton University Press, 2010
- 4. Free to Choose, Milton Friedman and Rose Director Friedman, First Edition, Mariner Books, 1990
- 5. The Armchair Economist: Economics and Everyday Life, Steven E. Landsburg, The Free Press, New York, 2012

Additional information

Students should be sincere and regular in classes

Student responsibilities

Attendance: At-least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam

Course reviewers:

Prof. Saon Ray, Professor, ICRIER

Dr Seema Sangita, Associate Professor, Centre for Economic Studies and Planning, JNU Dr Chandra Sekhar Bahinipati, Associate Professor, IIT Tirupati Dr Santosh Das, Assistant Professor, ISID

The course outline is prepared by Dr Gopal K. Sarangi.

Climate Change and Development

| Course title: Climate Change and Development | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Course code: | No. of credits: | L-T-P: 28-17- | Learning hours: |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy and Management Studies | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Course i | nstructor | (s): |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course type: Elective | Course of | ffered in | : 3 rd |
| | Semester | | |
| | 1' 1 | · · | 1 |

Course description: This course provides an in-depth exploration of climate change, focusing on key aspects such as data analysis, vulnerability assessments, adaptation strategies, maladaptation, and mitigation measures. Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of the science, socio-economic impacts, and responses associated with climate change in the context of development. The course is structured to foster critical thinking, research skills, and practical applications for addressing climate change challenges

Course objectives:

- ✓ To acquire an understanding of the science behind climate change and develop proficiency in climate data analysis.
- ✓ To evaluate the vulnerability of regions, ecosystems, and socio-economic systems to climate change.
- ✓ To investigate adaptation strategies aimed at enhancing resilience and promoting sustainable development.
- ✓ To critically assess instances of maladaptation and unintended consequences.
- ✓ To explore measures for mitigation, such as renewable energy and carbon capture.
- To analyze real-world case studies and propose climate solutions for development.

| Course content | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1 | Introduction to Climate Change in the Context of | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| | Development | | | |
| | This foundational module starts by exploring the earth's | | | |
| | climate system, providing a comprehensive overview of | | | |
| | atmospheric components. By delving into historical | | | |
| | perspectives, students gain insight into how climate change has | | | |
| | evolved alongside global development agendas and | | | |
| | international agreements. The module also addresses key | | | |
| | drivers like greenhouse gas emissions, deforestation, and | | | |
| | industrial activities, laying the groundwork for understanding | | | |
| | the complex forces shaping our climate and developmental | | | |
| | landscapes. | | | |
| | a) Overview of the Earth's climate system | | | |
| | b) Key drivers of climate change and their developmental | | | |
| | implications | | | |
| | c) Historical perspectives on climate change in global | | | |
| | development agendas and other international | | | |
| | agreements | | | |
| 2 | Climate Change, Vulnerability, and Development | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | This module deepens the understanding of vulnerability within | | | |

| | vulnerable regions, populations, and ecosystems. Additionally, it covers tools and methodologies for assessing socio-economic vulnerability, with case studies providing insight | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| | into real-world adaptation challenges. | | | |
| | a) Concepts and frameworks for vulnerability assessment within the developmental context. b) Identifying vulnerable regions, populations, and ecosystems, with a focus on understanding the intersectionality of socio-economic factors and environmental risks | | | |
| | c) Tools and methodologies for assessing socio-economic | | | |
| | vulnerability and its implications for development.d) Case studies: Exploring the livelihood vulnerability of | | | |
| | mountainous and coastal communities in India, | | | |
| | elucidating the intertwined nature of vulnerability and | | | |
| | development in the face of climate change. | 4 | | |
| 3 | Climate Change, Adaptation, and Resilience This module explores adaptation strategies to enhance | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| | This module explores adaptation strategies to enhance resilience and mitigate the impacts of climate change. It covers | | | |
| | various types of adaptation, with a focus on nature-based | | | |
| | solutions that promote biodiversity and ecosystem services. | | | |
| | Emphasis is placed on integrating adaptation strategies into | | | |
| | policy and planning processes to mainstream resilience- | | | |
| | building measures across sectors and governance levels. | | | |
| | a) Types of adaptation: incremental, systemic, and | | | |
| | transformational, with a focus on resilience-building | | | |
| | b) Nature-based solutions for climate adaptation and their | | | |
| | role in fostering resilience | | | |
| | c) Mainstreaming adaptation into policy and planning | | | |
| | frameworks to enhance overall resilience | | | |
| | d) Case studies: Examining adaptation strategies | | | |
| | implemented by coastal and mountainous communities in the agriculture and water sectors of India, | | | |
| | highlighting resilience-building practices amidst | | | |
| | | | | |
| | climate challenges | | | |
| 4 | climate challenges. Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate challenges. Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, contextualized within the developmental landscape | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, contextualized within the developmental landscape b) Factors contributing to maladaptation, with a focus on | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, contextualized within the developmental landscape b) Factors contributing to maladaptation, with a focus on the intersection with development challenges | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, contextualized within the developmental landscape b) Factors contributing to maladaptation, with a focus on the intersection with development challenges c) Assessing the unintended consequences of adaptation | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| 4 | Climate Change, Maladaptation, and Development In this module, dedicated to the critical evaluation of adaptation efforts within the context of development, special attention is given to maladaptation. It defines maladaptation and provides examples, scrutinizing the factors contributing to unintended negative consequences. a) Definition and examples of maladaptation, contextualized within the developmental landscape b) Factors contributing to maladaptation, with a focus on the intersection with development challenges | 6 | 2 | 0 |

| | developed countries | | | |
|---|--|----|----|---|
| 5 | Integrating Development Perspectives into Mitigation | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Measures | | | |
| | In this module, students are introduced to climate change | | | |
| | mitigation within the broader context of development, offering | | | |
| | a comprehensive overview of strategies aimed at reducing or | | | |
| | preventing the emission of greenhouse gases. This module not | | | |
| | only explores the technical aspects of mitigation but also | | | |
| | underscores the socio-economic dimensions inherent in | | | |
| | sustainable development. | | | |
| | a) Overview of climate change mitigation with a focus on | | | |
| | sustainable development | | | |
| | b) Renewable energy technologies | | | |
| | c) Sustainable land use and forestry practices | | | |
| | d) Carbon capture and storage | | | |
| | e) Case studies: Factors determining household use of | | | |
| | clean energy and sustainable land use practices in | | | |
| | developing countries | | | |
| 6 | Climate Data Analysis in the Context of Development | 4 | 9 | 0 |
| | This module starts by introducing various sources of climate | | | |
| | data, emphasizing their significance in climate research. The | | | |
| | module then delves into data preprocessing techniques | | | |
| | essential for cleaning and organizing datasets. Statistical | | | |
| | analysis methods are covered, and students will engage in | | | |
| | hands-on exercises, gaining proficiency in working with real- | | | |
| | world climate data. | | | |
| | a) Introduction to climate data sources and databases | | | |
| | b) Data preprocessing techniques | | | |
| | c) Statistical analysis of climate data | | | |
| | d) Hands-on exercises using climate datasets | | | |
| | | 28 | 17 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

- ✓ Minor-1: Assignment: Presentation (20%) and Report submission (30%)
- ✓ Major Test: written test (50%)

Learning outcomes:

- ✓ By the end of the Major Test, students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of key concepts, theories, and analytical techniques related to climate change and its impact on development.
- ✓ Upon completion of the Assignment Submission, students will showcase their ability to critically analyze and synthesize climate data within the context of development projects. Their assignments will reflect a deep understanding of the interconnectedness between climate change, development, and the utilization of climate data for evidence-based decision-making.

Pedagogical approach:

This course adopts an integrated pedagogical approach, combining theoretical knowledge with practical applications to facilitate deep learning and skill acquisition. It emphasizes active learning methodologies such as hands-on exercises, case studies, and collaborative projects to engage students in real-world problem-solving. Assessment methods are designed to assess both conceptual understanding and practical proficiency, encouraging students to apply their knowledge to analyze and propose solutions to complex climate change challenges.

Essential Reading:

Module 1: Introduction to Climate Change

- Harris, J.M., Roach, B. and Environmental, J.M.H., 2007. The economics of global climate change.
- Pachauri, R.K., Allen, M.R., Barros, V.R., Broome, J., Cramer, W., Christ, R., Church, J.A., Clarke, L., Dahe, Q., Dasgupta, P. and Dubash, N.K., 2014. Climate change 2014: synthesis report. Contribution of Working Groups I, II and III to the fifth assessment report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (p. 151). Ipcc.
- Lee, H., Calvin, K., Dasgupta, D., Krinner, G., Mukherji, A., Thorne, P., Trisos, C., Romero, J., Aldunce, P., Barrett, K. and Blanco, G., 2023. Climate change 2023: synthesis report. Contribution of working groups I, II and III to the sixth assessment report of the intergovernmental panel on climate change.

Module 2: Climate Change and Vulnerability Assessment

- Thomas, K., Hardy, R.D., Lazrus, H., Mendez, M., Orlove, B., Rivera-Collazo, I., Roberts, J.T., Rockman, M., Warner, B.P. and Winthrop, R., 2019. Explaining differential vulnerability to climate change: A social science review. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change, 10(2), p.e565.
- Pandey, R., Jha, S.K., Alatalo, J.M., Archie, K.M. and Gupta, A.K., 2017. Sustainable livelihood framework-based indicators for assessing climate change vulnerability and adaptation for Himalayan communities. Ecological indicators, 79, pp.338-346.
- Sahana, M., Rehman, S., Paul, A.K. and Sajjad, H., 2021. Assessing socio-economic vulnerability to climate change-induced disasters: evidence from Sundarban Biosphere Reserve, India. Geology, Ecology, and Landscapes, 5(1), pp.40-52.

Module 3: Climate Change and Adaptation Strategies

- Mendelsohn, R., Dinar, A. and Williams, L., 2006. The distributional impact of climate change on rich and poor countries. Environment and development economics, 11(2), pp.159-178.
- Mendelsohn, R. and Dinar, A., 1999. Climate change, agriculture, and developing countries: does adaptation matter?. The World Bank Research Observer, 14(2), pp.277-293.
- Vermeulen, S.J., Dinesh, D., Howden, S.M., Cramer, L. and Thornton, P.K., 2018. Transformation in practice: a review of empirical cases of transformational adaptation in agriculture under climate change. Frontiers in Sustainable Food Systems, 2, p.65.
- Panda, A., 2018. Transformational adaptation of agricultural systems to climate change. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change, 9(4), p.e520.
- Datta, P., Behera, B. and Rahut, D.B., 2023. Climate change and water-related threats in the Indian Sundarbans: food security and management implications. International Journal of Water Resources Development, pp.1-22.
- Shukla, R., Agarwal, A., Gornott, C., Sachdeva, K. and Joshi, P.K., 2019. Farmer typology to understand differentiated climate change adaptation in Himalaya. Scientific reports, 9(1), p.20375.
- Datta, P., Behera, B. and Rahut, D.B., 2022. Climate Change and Indian Agriculture: A Systematic Review of Farmers' Perception, Adaptation, and Transformation. Environmental Challenges, 8.
- Aryal, J.P. and Marenya, P., 2021. Understanding climate-risk coping strategies among farm households: Evidence from five countries in Eastern and Southern Africa. Science of the Total Environment, 769, p.145236.
- Aryal, J.P., Sapkota, T.B., Rahut, D.B., Krupnik, T.J., Shahrin, S., Jat, M.L. and Stirling, C.M., 2020. Major climate risks and adaptation strategies of smallholder farmers in coastal Bangladesh. Environmental Management, 66(1), pp.105-120.
- 10. Aryal, J.P., Sapkota, T.B., Khurana, R., Khatri-Chhetri, A., Rahut, D.B. and Jat, M.L., 2020.

Climate change and agriculture in South Asia: Adaptation options in smallholder production systems. Environment, Development and Sustainability, 22(6), pp.5045-5075.

Module 4: Climate Change and Maladaptation

- Barnett, J. and O'neill, S., 2010. maladaptation. Global environmental change, 20(2), pp.211-213.
- Juhola, S., Glaas, E., Linnér, B.O. and Neset, T.S., 2016. Redefining maladaptation. Environmental Science & Policy, 55, pp.135-140.
- Datta, P. and Behera, B., 2023. Assessing farmers' maladaptation to climate change in a sub-Himalayan region of India. Environment, Development and Sustainability, pp.1-18.

Module 5: Climate Change and Mitigation Measures

- Harris, J.M., Roach, B. and Environmental, J.M.H., 2007. The economics of global climate change.
- Rahut, D., Behera, B. and Ali, A., 2017. Factors determining household use of clean and renewable energy sources for lighting in Sub-Saharan Africa. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 72, pp.661-672.
- Dhakal, A., Cockfield, G. and Maraseni, T.N., 2015. Deriving an index of adoption rate and assessing factors affecting adoption of an agroforestry-based farming system in Dhanusha District, Nepal. Agroforestry systems, 89, pp.645-661.
- Azhgaliyeva, D. and Rahut, D.B., 2022. Climate Change Mitigation: Policies and Lessons for Asia.
- Aryal, J.P., Rahut, D.B., Sapkota, T.B., Khurana, R. and Khatri-Chhetri, A., 2020. Climate change mitigation options among farmers in South Asia. Environment, Development and Sustainability, 22(4), pp.3267-3289.

Module 6: Climate Data Analysis

- Gilbert, R. O. (1987). Statistical methods for environmental pollution monitoring. New York: Wiley.
- Datta, P. and Das, S., 2022. Assessing the consistency of trends in Indian summer monsoon rainfall. Hydrological Sciences Journal, 67(9), pp.1384-1396.
- Datta, P. and Das, S., 2019. Analysis of long-term seasonal and annual temperature trends in North Bengal, India. Spatial Information Research, 27(4), pp.475-496.
- Ali, A., 2017. Coping with climate change and its impact on productivity, income, and poverty: evidence from the Himalayan region of Pakistan. International journal of disaster risk reduction, 24, pp.515-525.

Student responsibilities:

Maintaining a minimum attendance of 75% is mandatory. Additionally, students are expected to submit assignments and projects promptly and actively engage in class discussions.

Course Reviewers:

The course is reviewed by the following experts.

- 1. Prof. Bhagirath Behera, Professor of Economics, Department of Humanities and Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, India.
- 2. Dr. Dil Bahadur Rahut, Vice-Chair of Research and Senior Research Fellow, Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI), Japan.

This Course outline was prepared by Dr Pritha Datta and approved by the Academic Council Meeting on at TERI School of Advanced Studies, New Delhi.

Energy Economics, Policy and Finance

| Course title: Energy Economics, Police | cy and Finance | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Course code: MPD XXX | No. of credits: 4 | L-T-P: 48-12- | Learning hours: 60 |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (i | • / | | |
| Department: Department of Policy an | d Management Stu | dies | |
| Course coordinator(s): | Cour | rse instructor(s): | |
| Contact details: | | | |
| Course type: Elective | Cour | se offered in: Sen | nester 3 |
| Course description | | | |

This course is designed to provide an understanding of the application of economic and financial concepts, theories, frameworks, tools and quantitative methods in analyzing the energy sector and energy policies. In this course students will be equipped with the skill sets to apply economic thinking, economic tools and frameworks and use empirical data for economic analysis in energy and finance. It is also designed to trigger students' mind to think about complex developmental issues through the energy lens.

Course objectives-

- To offer a broad overview and critical understanding of the economics of energy and energy finance
- To equip students with the knowledge and skill set of various energy, financial and investment models and frameworks.
- To provide students hands-on experience in using various tools to estimate, assess the energy.

| Course | content | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|
| Modul | Topic | L | T | P |
| e | | | 2 | |
| Ι | Basic concepts of energy economics and | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | finance | | | |
| | Energy as a system, History of energy use, Nexus between energy and | | | |
| | economic growth, Global energy and climate policy, Energy as a resource: | | | |
| | classification, units/measurement, accounting frameworks, stock and flow, | | | |
| | Distinction between primary energy and secondary energy, Concept of | | | |
| | energy balance, Energy services and energy demand, Energy versus | | | |
| | power, Energy conversions, Concepts of energy efficiency and energy | | | |
| | intensity | | | |
| II | Economics of energy demand | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Theoretical background of energy demand, Load factor and load curves, | | | |
| | Derived energy demand, Energy demand at aggregated level and sectoral | | | |
| | demand of energy, Energy demand models and tools. Energy demand | | | |
| | management, Demand Side Management (DSM) tools, techniques and | | | |
| | approaches, Load management, Dynamics of load under renewable energy | | | |
| | penetration, Energy efficiency and energy demand, Time of day, seasonal, | | | |
| | and block pricing approaches to energy demand management, Energy | | | |
| | demand scenario in India, DSM approaches in India, Case studies from | | | |
| | India, Business models around energy demand such as agri-photovoltaic | | | |
| | and changing energy demand, Energy demand from emerging sectors such | | | |
| | as Electric Vehicles and Green Hydrogen, Energy demand in the context | | | |
| | of energy storage systems | | | |
| III | Economics of energy supply | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Economic theories and principles of depletable resources including critical | | | |
| | minerals, Economics of fossil fuel supply such as oil, gas and other | | | |
| | initiation, Decisionines of rossil raci supply sacin as on, gas and other | | | |

| as laws, and policies for coal, oil and gas and renewable energy, nuclear. Policies around emerging energy technologies and market such as green hydrogen, electric vehicles, battery storage policies etc. Total | 48 | 12 | 0 |
|--|----|----|---|
| II Energy laws, policies, regulation and governance in India Constitutional position of energy, energy and federal structure, institutional and governance structure of energy in India, Umbrella policies around energy and climate change such as NAPCC cross-cutting policies around energy and other sectors, energy sub-sector policies such | 6 | 0 | |
| Investment needs and requirements, Theories of energy finance, Source of energy financing, Energy project financing, Discounted cash flow analysis, Estimating Net Present Value (NPV), Estimating cost of capital, Financing of renewable energy, Renewable policy instruments and institutions for renewable energy Energy and climate finance, Energy transition financing, Financial risk management for energy projects, Spot versus futures markets in energy, Clean tech venture capital financing, Crowd funding for clean tech projects, Carbon market as an instrument of climate financing | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| Energy pricing under carbon constrained energy systems, Examples and case studies of energy market and price discovery in India Energy for sustainable development Energy access issues, Tiered approach to energy access, Energy poverty, vulnerability, deprivation, Multi-dimensional energy poverty (MEPI), Energy and productive use of energy, Distributed renewable energy (DRE) systems /Off-grid energy systems and productive use of energy, Energy for the agriculture sector, Energy for the industry sector, Energy and inequality issues, Energy security and security indicators, Geopolitical issues around supply of and demand for energy, Energy and International trading, Issues around energy transition and transformation, Just energy transition issues, Sectoral integration and energy transition, Energy transition and WEF nexus, Energy in the urban sector, Energy reform considerations, Political economy dimensions of energy systems and structures, Energy and the low carbon pathways, environmental impacts of different energy sources, Socio-economic impacts of emerging energy technologies and systems such as green hydrogen, large-scale RE, battery storage systems, electric vehicles, Critical minerals and developmental issues | 8 | | 0 |
| sources, Economics of power generation – both renewable and non- renewable, Economics of supply of energy from new sources such as off- shore wind energy, floating solar Economics of shale gas exploration, Economics of coal bed methane, Grid-scale and decentralized renewable energy (DRE) supply systems, Business models around DRE, Power procurement theories, models and approaches, Examples and case studies from India Energy market and pricing Structure of various energy markets, changing dynamics of energy markets, different pricing principles, average and marginal cost pricing, peak load pricing, Ramsey pricing, Seasonal and sectoral pricing, Regulated versus market pricing models, Pricing under competition: theories and practice, Price discovery of renewables through auctions, Price discovery through trading, Competitive bidding for renewable energy, Pricing under energy taxes and subsidies, Categories of tariffs, | 8 | 2 | 0 |

- Evaluation criteria:
 Minor 1: Seminal paper presentation and discussion (individual presentations by students): 25 %
 Minor 2: Case study analysis (individual submissions by students): 25 %
 Major Test (written): 50 %

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, students would be able to;

- Understand and appreciate the concepts, theories, principles and practices of energy economics, policy and finance (Minor Test 1 and Major Test 3)
- Develop abilities to understand and assess various energy investment models and business models and apply them in real life situations. (All the evaluation criteria)
- Develop analytical abilities to connect various energy economics and finance concepts, approaches and frameworks and critically analyze them (All the evaluation criteria)
- Build skill sets in analyzing energy projects and their operational elements (All the evaluation criteria)

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through a mix of classroom lectures, discussions, classroom exercises and assignments and case studies discussion and presentation.

Course Reading Materials

Suggested core readings:

- 1. Subhes C. Bhattacharyya, Energy Economics: Concepts, Issues, Markets and Governance, Springer, London, 2011.
- 2. F.E. Banks, Energy Economics: A Modern Introduction, Springer Verlag, New York, 2012
- 3. Peter M. Schwarz, Energy Economics, Routledge Publication, 2022
- 4. J.M. Griffin, and H.B. Steele, Energy Economics and Policy, Academic Press,1985
- 5. Hunt, Lester C., and Joanne Evans, eds. International handbook on the economics of energy. Edward Elgar Publishing, 2011. (EEP)
- 6. Betty J. Simkins and Russel E. Simkins, Energy Finance and Economics: Analysis and Valuation, Risk Management, and the Future of Energy, John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken, NJ 2013.
- 7. P. Deo and S.K Chatterjee, Renewable energy in India, Sage Publications, 2021
- 8. A. Kumar and S.K. Chatterjee, Electricity Sector in India: Policy and Regulation, Oxford University Press, 2012
- 9. Kandpal T.C. & Garg, H.P., Financial Evaluation of Renewable Energy Technologies, Macmillan India, 2003
- 10. D. Yergin, The Prize: The Epic Quest for Oil, Money and Power, Simon and Schuster, 1991

Additional readings

6. Carol A. Dahl, International Energy Markets: Understanding Pricing, Policies, and Profits, Tulsa: Pennwell, 2004.

Journals/Magazines to be referred.

Energy Policy

Energy for Sustainable Development

Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews

Energy Economics

The Energy Journal

Energy Research and Social Science

The Economist

Other readings

Reports by IEA, IRENA, UNFCCC, World Bank, ADB

Energy Statistics and Reports by various Indian Ministries and Departments such

as MNRE, MoEFCC, MoP, MoPNG, MoC, DST

Reports published by State Energy Departments,

Reports published by CEA, NITI Aayog, FoRs

Regulations and Discussion Papers published by CERC and SERCs

Other emerging policies around energy and climate change

Additional information

Students should be sincere and regular in classes

Student responsibilities

Attendance: At-least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam

Course reviewers:

Prof. Saudamini Das, Professor, Institute of Economic Growth, Delhi Dr Shyamasree Dasgupta, Associate Professor, IIT, Mandi Dr Dil Rahut, Vice Chair of Research, ADBI, Japan

The course outline is prepared by Gopal K. Sarangi.

Realignment of the Programme Outline of the Master's in Public Policy and Sustainable Development (PPSD)

I. Background

The TERI School of Advanced Studies (TERI SAS) has been one of the first universities to introduce a Master's programme in Public Policy in India. It is the only Institute which offers a comprehensive programme on "Public Policy and Sustainable Development" in the country. The programme started in 2006 with the support of the Department of Personnel and Training, Government of India, primarily intended to orient mid-career civil servants. However, soon, the programme also started admitting candidates with certain years of working experience in national or international non-government organizations (including profit and not-for-profit sectors). The mix of the Govt.-sponsored and self-sponsored participants presents immense opportunities for cross-learning for them.

With the periodic renewal of the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the President of India, through the Minister of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions, Department of Personnel and Training (DoPT, Training Division), and the TERI SAS, the DoPT annually circulates a Government Notification to the Secretaries of all the Ministries/Departments in Government of India, Chief Secretaries to all State Governments, Administrators of Union Territories, all the Cadre Controlling Authorities, and Directors General/Directors of Central & State Training Institutes. All these Divisions are requested to give the Circular/Notification wide publicity among officers of their cadre. The completed applications of the interested officers/applicants, after obtaining necessary clearances including Vigilance Clearance from Cadre Controlling Authority/State Government (wherever necessary) are then sent to the DoPT office, with a copy to TERI SAS.

II. Basic Structure of the Programme

The existing structure of the Programme is a two-year Master's Programme in "Public Policy and Sustainable Development (PPSD)", with a one-year exit option (i.e., One-Year Post-Graduate Diploma). The DoPT in its annual circular/notification primarily highlights the One-Year Post-Graduate Diploma (PGD) Programme in Public Policy and Sustainable Development. The participants have the option to continue with the Programme for the second year, wherein they are required to complete a dissertation while on the job during the second year. Due to this structure, the Programme follows a rigorous and engaging one-year on-campus involvement of the participants, while the following year the participants get a supervised off-campus engagement.

The PGD/MA-PPSD Programme is founded on a consolidated and well-organised curriculum focusing on multiple dimensions of public policy making. It revolves around the concepts of formulation, analysis, evaluation, and practical implications while incorporating them into the developmental needs of society. The programme broadly covers public policy processes, geopolitics, governance issues, legal issues in public administration, normative ethics, methods of public policy assessment and evaluation, major public policy issues (such as education, public health, infrastructure development, water security and management, energy security and transition, agriculture and rural development, sustainable urbanization, etc.), public management reforms, management principles

(such as leadership, organisation management and human resources management), environment, and sustainable development, etc.

III. Programme-specific Outcome

The Programme assists the participants in experiential learning and helps them:

- identify problems and the scope for policy research and intervention
- build up strong analytical capabilities that help to evaluate when policy interventions are needed and also their necessary impacts
- gain an understanding of the normative basis of choice of policy objectives and trade-off
- analyse policy constraints, design of public institutions, and choice of policy instruments
- in pragmatic assessment of unintended consequences of various policies
- facilitate the formulation of processes of stakeholder consultations and debates

IV. Need for Realignment of the Programme

- TERI SAS, as an institution of excellence, is known for its commitment towards quality education and under its internal quality assessment activities, it encourages all its academic programmes to undergo a periodic restructuring to offer timely and updated content and curriculum to its students.
- The existing PGD/MA-PPSD Programme was primarily designed to consider the needs of mid-career civil servants or senior professionals, having prior experience in governance systems ministry, departments, or non-governmental international or national/regional organizations. However, with the increasing participation of fresh graduates (coming from various disciplinary backgrounds) and civil service aspirants motivated to learn and contribute to the process of public policymaking, there is a need to revisit the content and alignment of the courses.
- The DoPT has been an important stakeholder in the implementation of PGD/MA-PPSD Programme since its inception. In addition, such programmes, providing training and orientation to government officials (across different levels of cadres), also come under the functional supervision of the Capacity Building Commission (CBC)¹. The CBC has recommended a few suggestions to all training Institutions involved in the capacity building of civil servants to incorporate into their programmes.

¹ The Capacity Building Commission was constituted through the Gazette of India on 1 April 2021. As the custodian of the civil services capacity-building ecosystem, the commission is mandated to perform the following:

Facilitate preparation of **Annual Capacity Building Plans** of departments, ministries and agencies

[•] Functional supervision over all training Institutions involved in capacity building of civil servants

[•] Prepare and present CBC's Annual Report to the Prime Minister's HR Council

[•] Make Policy recommendations to DoPT on personnel/ HR and Capacity Building

[•] **Audit of Human Resources** in Government and outcomes of the Capacity Building efforts

Approve Knowledge Partners and Content Validation mechanism for training of civil servants

- The Programme needs to be aligned with the guidelines of the National Higher Education Qualifications Framework (NHEQF) under National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, which proposes
 - o to facilitate a 1-year Master's programme for students who have completed a 4-year Bachelor's degree (Honours/Research) programme with research.
 - o to standardize the credits earned by the students per semester, i.e., 20 credits (one credit equivalent to 15 hours of instruction)
 - o one-year (two semesters equivalent to at least 40 credits) Post-Graduate Diploma in the case of those who exit after successful completion of the first year (two semesters) of the 2-year Master's programme.
 - o the credit apportionment for internship, and "community engagement and service" is one credit per week.
- The earlier officers or alumni of this Programme, who couldn't continue with the second year of the programme to complete the Master's degree due to their professional/work commitment, and had to exit after having the PG Diploma, request for readmission in the second year to complete their Master's degree. This can be considered under the purview of the NEP 2020 and as per the rules and regulations of the TERI SAS.

V. Process of Realignment of the Programme

The Programme undergoes a systematic approach to carry out the overall realignment of the Programme. The realignment process includes:

- the screening of individual feedback of the participants passing out from the Programme in the last three academic sessions
- the consideration of suggestions accumulated from the Capacity Building Commission and Department of Personnel & Training, Government of India, during the last two meetings
- the discussion points and decisions taken during a series of meetings of the Master Programme Executive Committee (MPEC) of the MA-PPSD Programme, which includes the faculty members involved in the Programme.

Feedback received from the Alumni:

- At least one class/session of each faculty needs to focus on the importance of the particular subject, how it will help in policymaking (with example) and clarity in expectation.
- Less contemporary courses focusing on current policy/industry scenarios. Low focus on International Policy/development environment
- Lack of a course to teach tools and theory for research, data presentation and data analysis.
- O Courses offered in 2nd semester should be included in 1st semester; Research methods course are taught in 2nd semester instead of first semester. Certain courses such as PPS191 (Assessing public policy: methods and Measurements) and PPS 198 (Public management: Issues and challenges with special reference to India) courses should be taught in first semester.
- o Guidelines are common for both DOPT and private candidates. Now, private candidates are not connected to DOPT rules, and they have different expectations too. So, either have private

- candidates or DOPT sponsored ones. In case you do want to continue with both the categories, have separate guidelines.
- Certain courses are divided into 2/3 subtopics, and each has individual project submissions. It doesn't provide time to learn, most of the time is spent in preparing assignments.
- Some topics are extremely intense academically and carry a sizeable weightage in terms of credit, presentations and projects. While practical and pragmatic topics such as 'India & The World' was not given the due credit and weightage. In fact, it should be the other way around. When students graduate from PPSD they need to know what is happening geopolitically across the world in different areas. Hence, a relook on the credit weightage and addition/deletion of some courses, and importantly insertion of relevant topics that are aligned to topics such as 'India & The World'.
- O Programme structure needs changes to meet different requirements of the course participants, need for breaking course structure in three parts- 1st phase (two months)- introductory and homogenize with the policy framing required subjects, phase II- basic ingredients for policy framing, analysis, and appraisal work, and phase III shall be for specialization needs of the participants.
- Students should be taught basic of each subject in 1 or 2 sessions, as most of the students come straightway from professional life and may not have been in touch with academia for long time.
- O Divide the year into 2 parts: First 6 months- Academics- can be a mix of intense subjects covering all aspects of policy and sustainable development; Second 6 months- Field visit, industry visit. Can be more practical oriented. It is suggested not to make tall promises such as 'International Component', instead start small- make it local. Delhi NCR is the hub of governance and at the same time has different multinational companies operating in recycling, co-generation power, alternate energy, organic farming, etc. More visits can be planned to these places with project submissions. A visit or a discussion can be done at government institutions as well.
- o Include topics that are more relevant to the industry, such as Environmental Impact Assessment, etc.
- o Instead of public policy I & II, full policy paper submission can be done at the end, for example during the field visits that students do.
- o NGO attachment should be for a longer period and should be coordinated by TERI and not left to the students.
- o Program should be crisp with less papers and focused.
- In all the topics- developing the skill to look at different policies pertaining to social issues such as health, education, unemployment, etc, and then designing policy interventions by way of classroom discussions is more important rather than simply reviewing a policy and giving individual suggestions.

Suggestions of the CBC:

1. The highest priority are modules on Behavioural Training (refer to KCM² model)

² The Kaleidoscope Career Model (KCM) was developed to explain how individuals enact their careers within today's complex, dynamic workplace. The KCM is particularly relevant for studying career development activities, such as networking behavior, a key career management strategy.

- a) Personal Leadership
- b) Leading Teams
- c) Leading Organizations
- d) Stakeholder Management
- e) Stress Management
- 2. Functional competencies including:
 - a) Big Data Analytics
 - b) Writing particularly report writing
 - c) Communications to various stakeholders
 - d) Impactful presentations
 - e) Digital fluency
 - f) Financial Management
 - g) Emerging technologies
- 3. There is a strong need to create programs in more domain and technically oriented fields, e.g.
 - a) Data Management
 - b) Artificial Intelligence
 - c) Social Sector
 - d) Infrastructure Sector
 - e) Finance Sector
- 4. Rather than having general post-degree courses, the programs can be designed around the various specializations or sectors as shown above.
- 5. In addition, comments made last year included the need to do a detailed impact assessment of the officers who have taken the courses.
- 6. Most of the training being done now for officers is in hybrid mode and we should look for courses that are offered in hybrid mode -30% digital and 70% physical.

Discussion Points and the Decision taken by the MPEC:

- 1. In the meeting held on 12th April 2024, the MPEC considered that the existing PGD/MA-PPSD Programme Structure must be sustained to avoid any sort of discrepancies in the requirements to be fulfilled by the DoPT-sponsored candidates and the self-sponsored candidates.
- 2. However, fresh graduates should not be allowed for a Post-Graduate Diploma, i.e., exiting the Programme after only completing the first year of the Programme. Awarding a PG Diploma should only be applicable for Senior & Mid-Career Officers and Professionals, who fulfil the requirement of completing the credits mentioned for the PGD.
- 3. Considering the increasing number of applications of fresh graduates, MPEC also discussed the prospects of the Programme which was originally designed to cater for the needs of Mid-Career Administrative Officers sent by the Department of Personnel & Training (DoPT). To ensure the sanctity and relevance of the Programme as per the MoU with the Govt. of India, MPEC believes that in the case of a good number of candidates (at least 15) from the DoPT and an adequate number of admissions of fresh graduates (e.g., more than 20) in the Programme, we need to run this Programme in sections (separately for fresh graduates and the DoPT candidates).

- 4. The issue of the past students who could not continue the second year of the Programme due to some circumstances at their work front, and now willing to continue the second year of Project work in order to complete the requirement for the Degree, was put before the MPEC for consideration. Considering the second year of the Programme in which the candidates are required to complete their research work and submit the Dissertation is a stand-alone activity, MPEC was of the opinion that the alumni, who were awarded the PGD and are now willing to fulfil the requirements of the second year of the Programme, can be allowed to complete the required credits for the award of the Master's Degree as per the old structure of the Programme.
- 5. In the meeting held on 16th April 2024, the MPEC discussed the realignment and required modifications in the existing courses and the need for the introduction of new courses as per the requirements of fresh graduates admitted to the Programme.
- 6. The feedback received from the Alumni and the Capacity Building Commission (CBC), Govt. of India were given due consideration while implementing required modifications in the realignment of the courses being offered in the first two semesters. In addition, the MPEC also ensured that the Programme fulfils the credit requirements suggested for the Post-Graduate Diploma (PGD) and the Master's Programme in the National Higher Education Quality Framework (NHEQF).
- 7. MPEC decided to reach out to a few foreign universities, such as the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, the University of Leeds, etc. to collaborate in developing Policy Ratiocination Panel Discussions, Webinars, Workshops, etc. under the course "International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy", and for deliberations in other courses.
- 8. MPEC also considered the need for an in-house faculty member with specialization in the field of Public Policy, who can deal with related courses across the Programmes.

VI. Revised Programme Outline

Based on the suggestions received from all the stakeholders of the PGD/MA-PPSD Programme, the following revised Programme Outline (see page 8-9) is proposed for getting the approval of the Board of Studies (BoS), Department of Policy and Management Studies. The old/existing Programme Outline can be accessed here: https://www.terisas.ac.in/ma-public-policy-and-sustainable-development.php

| MA in Public Policy & Susta | inable Development |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Semester | Credits |
| Semester-I | 20 |
| Semester-II | 21 |
| Semester-III | 20 |
| Semester-IV | 20 |
| Total Credits | 81 |

| PG Diploma* in Public Policy & Sustainable Development | | | | |
|--|---------|--|--|--|
| Semester | Credits | | | |
| Semester-I | 20 | | | |
| Semester-II | 21 | | | |
| Summer Internship (8 weeks) | 8 | | | |

| International/Domestic Field Exposure | NC |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| Bridge Course: Stress Management | NC |
| Total Credits | 49 |

^{*} Only for Senior & Mid-Career Officers and Professionals NC: Non-Credit Activity

| l. | Revised Programme Outline | |
|-----|--|--------|
| No. | Semester I | Credit |
| 1 | Public Policy: A Concise Exposure | 3 |
| 2 | Social Policies & Sustainable Development | 3 |
| 3 | Public Administration and Systems Management | 3 |
| 4 | Research Methods for Public Policy | 3 |
| 5 | Globalisation and Changing Geopolitics: Implications for Economic & Foreign Policies | 2 |
| 6 | Sustainable Consumption and Production: Policies & Practices | 2 |
| 7 | Economics for Public Policy | 2 |
| 8 | International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy | 1 |
| 9 | Policy Lab - I: Sectoral Policy Scoping | 1 |
| | Total Credits (Semester I) | 20 |
| | 10001 0100010 (000110001 1) | |
| | Semester II | |
| 10 | Sustainable Urbanization | 2 |
| 11 | Water and Sustainable Development: Policy Perspectives | 2 |
| 12 | Energy and Sustainable Development: Issues, Challenges & Policy | 2 |
| 13 | Digital Economy: Dividends, Disputes & Dimensions | 2 |
| 14 | Infrastructure Development and Sustainability: Issues & Policy Perspectives | 2 |
| 15 | Sustainable Industrial Development: Policies & Practices | 2 |
| 16 | Climate Change and Cities: Policies & Practices | 2 |
| 17 | Public Policy Assessment: Methods & Measurements | 2 |
| 18 | Policy Lab - II: Developing a Policy Paper | 3 |
| 19 | Electives [Select courses from the following list to earn 2 credits] | 2 |
| | MPL 165: Competition Law and Policy | 2 |
| | MPL 134: Climate Change and Law | 2 |
| | MPL 144: Contracts Law and Management | 2 |
| | MPL 166: Urban Infrastructure Laws and Management | 2 |
| | MPL 158: Forest Law and Policy | 2 |
| | PPS 195: Communities and Conservation | 2 |
| | Total Credits (Semester II) | 21 |
| | | |
| | Semester III | 20 |
| 20 | Major Project - I | 20 |
| | Semester IV | |
| 21 | Major Project - II | 20 |
| 41 | Total Credits (MA - PPSD) | 81 |
| | 1000 (100) | 0.1 |

Public Policy: A Concise Exposure

| Course title: Public Policy: A Concise Exposure | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------|-------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 43-02-00 Learning hours: 45 | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course | e offered in: 1st Semes | ter | | | |

Course description

Public policy affects almost every aspect of one's daily life, but it cannot be understood without reference to policy-making processes, which refer to a series of decisions made by public actors. Learning more about public policy and the making of it covers the whole process of public decision-making. It also includes the feedback policymakers receive on their decisions. This course is designed to provide the students a brief, yet comprehensive, overview of the Public Policy processes including formulation, implementation, monitoring and evaluation, and key actors/institutions. The course comprises four modules: the first module sets the context for policymaking, which begins with discussing fundamental concepts related to public policy discipline; the second module focuses on approaches/models and determinants of policy formulation; the third includes the approaches/models and instruments of policy implementation, and a brief overview of the policy monitoring and evaluation issues; and the fourth module provides a background of public policy formulation and implementation in India along with a few case studies.

Learning objectives:

- To introduce students to key concepts, elements, approaches/models, processes, scope, and dimensions specific to the public policy discipline.
- To discuss the role of key institutions and actors in public policy processes.
- To provide students with an overview of the public policy formulation and implementation in the Indian context.

Course content

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
| 1. | Policy Perspectives, Institutions & Actors • Linkages between Polity, Politics, and Policy | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| | Governance: A synoptic perspective on Policymaking Public Policy: Significance, Elements, Scope, Typologies, Dimensions, Styles, and Advocacy Policy Institutions: National (e.g., Constitutions & Constitutional Courts, Division of Powers, Electoral Institutions & Party Systems); and Intergovernmental Organizations (e.g., The United Nations System, The World Trade Organization) Key Policy Actors: Public Actors (Executive, Legislature, Judiciary, Bureaucracy); Political Parties; Private Actors (Interest Groups, Experts) The Policy Cycle | | | |
| 2. | Policy Formulation | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | Approaches/Models of Policy Formulation: Rational Model; Incremental Model; Group Theory Model; Elite Theory Model; Institutional Model; Game Theory Model, Systems Model. Determinants of Policy Formulation: Expertise, Information, and Ideas; International Organizations; Interest Groups; Political Preferences; Pursuit of Private Interests (Bureau-shaping) | | | |

| 3. | Policy Implementation, Monitoring & Evaluation | 15 | 0 | 0 |
|----|--|----|---|---|
| | Policy Implementation Approaches/Models: Top-Down Model; Bottom-Up Model; | | | |
| | Policy-Action Relationship Model; Inter-Organizational Interaction Approach; A | | | |
| | Synthesis of Bottom-Up and Top-Down Approaches | | | |
| | Policy Implementation Instruments: Organizational, Authoritative, Financial, and | | | |
| | Information-based Implementation Tools | | | |
| | Barriers and Conditions for Successful Policy Implementation | | | |
| | Policy Monitoring: Approaches, Techniques, and Challenges | | | |
| | Policy Evaluation: Criteria, Types, Approaches, and Methods | | | |
| 4. | Public Policy in India | 8 | 2 | 0 |
| | Public Policy in India: Historical Perspective and Contemporary Issues | | _ | |
| | Civil Society Organization's interface with Government in India and their role in policy formulation | | | |
| | Policy implementation in India | | | |
| | Key Indian Policy case studies: for example, The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act, 2009; The Muslim | | | |
| | Women (Protection of Rights on Marriage) Act, 2019; The Medical Termination of | | | |
| | Pregnancy (MTP) Act, 1971 and MTP (Amendment) Act, 2021. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Total | 43 | 2 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20%)
- Minor Test-2: Guided Reading and Presentation of Policy Case Studies (30%)
- Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission and Presentation (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be:

- 1. able to understand the fundamental concepts, elements, approaches, considerations, scope, and dimensions of public policy and its processes (All evaluations)
- 2. able to critically reflect on the role and functions of key actors and public policy institutions (All evaluations)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Policy Experts in particular domains including Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies. The learning expectation is to enhance critical and informed understanding.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Birkland, T. A. (2015). *An Introduction to the Policy Process: Theories, Concepts, and Models of Public Policy Making, Third Edition*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Howlett, M., & Tosun, J. (Eds.) (2017). *Policy Styles and Policy-Making: Exploring the Linkages*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Kingdon, J. W. (2014). *Agendas, Alternatives, and Public Policies, Second Edition*. England: Pearson Education Limited.
- Knill, C., & Tosun, J. (2020). *Public Policy: A New Introduction, Second Edition*. London: Red Globe Press (Macmillan Education Ltd.).
- O'Connell, S. (ND). Policy Development and Policy Advocacy. A Manual prepared by the National Democratic Institute, Arab Center for Development. Available at:
- https://www.ndi.org/sites/default/files/Policy%20Development%20and%20Advocacy%20Workbook_EN.pdf.

 Rinfret, S. R., Scheberle, D., & Pautz, M. C. (2019). *Public Policy: A Concise Introduction*. California: CQ Press.
- Zahariadis, N. (Ed.) (2016). Handbook of Public Policy Agenda Setting. Cheltenham, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.

Module 2:

- Cairney, P. (ed.) (2012). Understanding Public Policy: Theories and Issues. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Christopher, W.M., & Sabatier, P.A. (Eds.) (2018). *Theories of the Policy Process, Fourth Edition*. New York: Routledge.
- Dye, T.R. (2017). Understanding Public Policy, Fifteenth Edition. Boston, USA: Pearson Education, Inc.
- Gerston, L. N. (2015). Public Policy Making: Process and Principles, Third Edition. London & New York:

- Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Howlett, M., & Mukherjee, I. (2017). Handbook of Policy Formulation. Cheltenham, UK: Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd.
- Howlett, M., Ramesh, M., & Perl, A. (2020). *Studying Public Policy: Principles and Processes, Fourth Edition*. Ontario: Oxford University Press.
- Potůček, M. et al. (2017). Public Policy: A Comprehensive Introduction. Prague, Czech Republic: Karolinum Press.

Module 3:

- Bochel, C., & Hugh Bochel, H. (2018). *Making and Implementing Public Policy: Key Concepts and Issues*. London: Palgrave.
- Gardner, A. L., & Brindis, C. D. (2017). *Advocacy and Policy Change Evaluation: Theory and Practice*. California: Stanford University Press.
- Howlett, M. (2019). *Designing Public Policies: Principles and Instruments, Second edition*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Linquiti, P. D. (2022). *Rebooting Policy Analysis: Strengthening the Foundation, Expanding the Scope.* California: CQ Press.
- Shah, A. (Ed.) (2020). Policy, *Program and Project Evaluation: A Toolkit for Economic Analysis in a Changing World*. Cham, Switzerland: company Springer Nature Switzerland AG.

Module 4:

- Bhattacharya, R. (Ed.) (2015). Regional Development and Public Policy Challenges in India. New Delhi: Springer.
- Chakrabarti, R., & Sanyal, K. (2017). Public Policy in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Chopra, K. (2017). *Development and Environmental Policy in India: The Last Few Decades*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Mitra, S.K. (2017). Politics in India: Structure, Process and Policy, Second Edition. New York: Routledge.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course reviewers

- 1. Prof. Vishal Narain, Professor, Public Policy and Governance, Management Development Institute, Gurugram.
- 2. Prof. Arvind K. Mishra, Professor, Zakir Husain Centre for Educational Studies, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India

Social Policies & Sustainable Development

| Course title: Social Policies & Sustainable Development | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--------|-----------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 41-04-00 Learning hours: 4 | | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course | offered in: 1st Semes | ter | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Course description

Strong social policy is essential for sustainable growth. Social policies have been expanded across the Global South during the last few decades, and social protection is increasingly highlighted as a fundamental component of the global sustainable development agenda. Having an overview of social policy issues is extremely useful for students of public policy and anyone who wants to understand the true roots of successful sustainable development. This course comprises five modules discussing social policy in the sustainable development context with an emphasis on four select social policy domains and well-being with special reference to India. It begins by introducing the fundamentals of sustainable development and how social policies can be instrumental in achieving its objectives. Further, the course discusses four key social policy domains; first, the food and nutrition security issues and related agrarian policy initiatives and innovations; second, the population health and well-being issues and associated schemes/programmes; third includes the education and skill development policy initiatives; and fourth focuses on work and employment issues and initiatives. The aim is to orient students to the importance of social policies in promoting sustainable development, along with the processes and challenges in developing and implementing such policies, with special reference to India.

Learning objectives:

- To provide students with a basic understanding of sustainable development and social policies, their instruments, and how well-implemented social policies help achieve the objectives of sustainable development.
- To discuss the aspects of food and nutrition security, sustainable food systems, and government initiatives taken to end hunger through food and agricultural policies in the Indian context.
- To orient students to understand and assess the public health issues and challenges, and discuss major government schemes/programmes in India to improve population health and wellbeing.
- To provide an overview of the processes and challenges related to India's education policy and recent scenarios of population skilling initiatives.
- To discuss the livelihood and workforce participation scenarios including employment and unemployment patterns of the Indian population along with contemporary government initiatives to promote and generate employment.

Course content Module L P **Topic** 1. **Introduction to Sustainable Development & Social Policy** 5 Sustainable Development: Concept, Evolution, Framework, and Challenges Social Policy in a Sustainable Development Context: emphasizing Gender Issues, Regional Disparities, Social Marginalization, Disability, Inclusivity. Social Policy Instruments: Food Subsidies, Guarantee of Work, Social Assistance, Conditional Cash Transfers, Social (Health) Insurance for the Poor, Social Security, Direct Benefit Transfer 2. **Food Security and Agrarian Innovations** 10 Drivers of Food System affecting the Access to Safe and Nutritious Food for All The ecosystem of India's food security regime: Evolution of National Food Security Act (NFSA) An Overview of Food-based Safety Net Programmes in India Sustainable Food Systems: Priorities to End Hunger and Protect the Planet Innovations in Production Technologies in India: Green Revolution, White Revolution, Blue Revolution, Red Revolution, Golden Revolution Innovations in Incentive Policies in Indian Agriculture: Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay

| | Sanrakshan Abhiyan (PM AASHA), Direct income (investment) support-based schemes, Reforms in marketing policies, arrangements, and infrastructure | | | |
|----|---|----|---|--|
| 3. | Health and Wellbeing Approaches to understanding Population Health and Disease Recent trends and patterns of key public health challenges in India (including progress towards SDG 3 targets) Importance of social determinants of health in India's context and its policy relevance Major Contemporary Health Schemes and Programmes as case studies (subject to change as per the Government's focus/priority): for example – National Health Mission, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Scheme, Janani Suraksha Yojana and its modified/allied schemes or programmes, Ayushman Bharat Scheme, POSHAN Abhiyaan, etc. One Health Approach | 10 | 1 | |
| 4. | Education and Skill Development History of Education Policymaking in India since Independence Salient Features of National Education Policy 2020: Contemporary Education System in India: Issues & Challenges Inequality in Access to Education in India: social group, gender, economic, locational, and age disadvantage (including progress towards SDG 4 targets) Education, Skill, and Employability Gaps in India Skill Development in India: Challenges; Solutions; and Government Schemes including Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), Skills Acquisition and Knowledge Awareness for Livelihood Promotion (SANKALP), UDAAN, Standard Training Assessment and Reward Scheme (STAR), Polytechnic Schemes, Vocationalisation of Education | 10 | 2 | |
| 5. | Work and Employment Workforce across economic sectors in India including progress in female workforce participation. Contemporary Employment and Unemployment scenario in India Special cases: child labour, migrant workers (particularly women migrants), precarious employment, forced labour, gig workers. Employment Guarantee Schemes and other Government Initiatives for Employment Generation | 6 | 1 | |
| | Total | 41 | 4 | |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20%)
- Minor Test-2: Guided Reading and Presentation of Select Social Policy Context (30%)
- **Major Test:** Written Test (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be:

- 1. able to understand the fundamental concepts, considerations, and challenges related to the development and implementation of social policy in a country and its linkages with sustainable development (All evaluations)
- 2. able to independently identify, conceptualize, articulate, and systematically document any social policy issues in the form of a brief report (Minor Test-2)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Social Policy Experts in particular domains including Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Alcock, C., Daly, G., & Griggs, E. (2008). Introducing Social Policy, Second Edition. England: Pearson Education Limited.
- Alcock, P., May, M., & Wright, S. (Eds.) (2012). *The Student's Companion to Social Policy, Fourth Edition*. West Sussex, UK: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- Blakemore, K., & Griggs, E. (2007). *Social Policy: An Introduction, Third Edition*. Berkshire, England: Open University Press.
- Elliott, J.A. (2013). *An Introduction to Sustainable Development, Fourth Edition*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Hall, A., & Midgley, J. (2004). Social Policy for Development. London: Sage Publications Ltd.
- Mkandawire, T. (Ed.) (2004). Social Policy in a Development Context. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Sachs, J.D. (2015). The age of sustainable development. New York: Columbia University Press.
- Spicker, P. (2014). Social Policy: Theory and Practice, Third Edition. Bristol, UK: Policy Press.
- Redclift, M., & Springett, D. (2015). *Routledge International Handbook of Sustainable Development*. New York: Routledge.
- Wapling, L., Schjoedt, R., & Sibun, D. (2021). *Social Protection and Disability in India*. Working Paper. London: Development Pathways Ltd. Available at: https://www.developmentpathways.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/India-disability-Feb-2021-1.pdf.

Module 2:

- Behnassi, M., Pollmann, O., & Gupta, H. (Eds.) (2019). *Climate Change, Food Security and Natural Resource Management: Regional Case Studies from Three Continents*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature.
- Erokhin, V., & Gao, T. (2020). *Handbook of Research on Globalized Agricultural Trade and New Challenges for Food Security*. Hershey PA, USA: IGI Global.
- Goswami, B., Bezbaruah, M. P., & Mandal, R. (Eds.) (2018). *Indian Agriculture after the Green Revolution: Changes and Challenges*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Gulati, A., Roy, R., & Saini, S. (Eds.) (2021). *Revitalizing Indian Agriculture and Boosting Farmer Incomes*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Gulati, A., Zhou, Y., Huang, J., Tal, A., & Juneja, R. (2021). From Food Scarcity to Surplus: Innovations in Indian, Chinese and Israeli Agriculture. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Narayanan, S. (2015). Food Security in India: The Imperative and Its Challenges. *Asia & the Pacific Policy Studies*, 2(1), 197–209.
- Naylor, R.L. (Ed.) (2014). The Evolving Sphere of Food Security. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Pingali, P., Aiyar, A., Abraham, M., & Rahman, A. (2019). *Transforming Food Systems for a Rising India*. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Saad, M. B. (2013). The Global Hunger Crisis: Tackling Food Insecurity in Developing Countries. London: Pluto Press.
- Sarkar, A., Sensarma, S.R., & vanLoon, G.W. (Eds.) (2019). Sustainable Solutions for Food Security: Combating Climate Change by Adaptation. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature.
- Upadhyaya, A.S., Kolås,Å., & Beri, R. (Eds.) (2022). Food Governance in India: Rights, Security and Challenges in the Global Sphere. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- von Braun, J., Afsana, K., Fresco, L.O., & Hassan, M.H.A. (Eds.) (2023). *Science and Innovations for Food Systems Transformation*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-031-15703-5.
- Webb, J. (Ed.) (2017). Food Security: Treat Factors, Policies and Challenges. New York: Nova Science Publishers, Inc.

Module 3:

- Bharat, S., & Sethi, G. (Eds.) (2019). *Health and Wellbeing of India's Young People: Challenges and Prospects*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Boccia, S., Villari, P., & Ricciardi, W. (2015). A Systematic Review of Key Issues in Public Health. Switzerland: Springer International Publishing.
- Brown GW, Yamey G, Wamala S (Eds.) (2014). *The Handbook of Global Health Policy*. West Sussex: John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- Clavier, C., & de Leeuw, E. (2013). *Health Promotion and the Policy Process*. New York: Oxford University Press, Inc.
- Mackenzie, J. S., Jeggo, M., Daszak, P., & Richt, J. A. (Eds.) (2013). One Health: The Human–Animal–Environment Interfaces in Emerging Infectious Diseases. Food Safety and Security, and International and National Plans for Implementation of One Health Activities. Heidelberg: Springer-Verlag.
- Mohanty, S. K., Mishra, U. S., & Chauhan, R. K. (Eds.) (2019). *The Demographic and Development Divide in India: A District-Level Analyses*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.

- Phelan, J. C., Link, B. G., & Tehranifar, P. (2010). Social conditions as fundamental causes of health inequalities: theory, evidence, and policy implications. *Journal of health and social behavior*, 51 Suppl, S28–S40.
- Prata, J. C., Ribeiro, A. I., & Rocha-Santos, T. (Eds.) (2022). *One Health: Integrated Approach to 21st Century Challenges to Health.* London: Elsevier Inc.
- Rüegg, S. R., Häsler, B., & Zinsstag, J. (Eds.) (2018). Integrated approaches to health: A handbook for the evaluation of One Health. The Netherlands: Wageningen Academic Publishers.
- Spasoff RA (1999). Epidemiologic Methods for Health Policy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- WHO (2010). A Conceptual Framework for Action on the Social Determinant of Health. Social Determinants of Health Discussion Paper 2. Debates, Policy & Practice, Case Studies. Geneva: World Health Organization (WHO).

Module 4:

- Ayyar, R.V.V. (2017). History of Education Policymaking in India, 1947–2016. New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- Borooah, V. K. (2017). *The Progress of Education in India: A Quantitative Analysis of Challenges and Opportunities*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature.
- GoI (2021). National Education Policy 2020. Ministry of Human Resource Development, Govt. of India. Available at: https://www.education.gov.in/sites/upload_files/mhrd/files/NEP_Final_English_0.pdf.
- Jain, M., Mehendale, A., Mukhopadhyay, R., Sarangapani, P.M., & Winch, C. (Eds.) (2018). *School Education in India: Market, State and Quality*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Kaul, V., & Bhattacharjea, S. (Eds.) (2019). *Early Childhood Education and School Readiness in India: Quality and Diversity*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Kumar, C., Singh, S.P., & Nauriyal, D.K. (2016). *Dynamics of Occupational and Educational Mobility in India*. New Delhi: Authors Press.
- Kumar, K. (Eds.) (2018). *Routledge Handbook of Education in India: Debates, Practices, and Policies*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Mishra, M., & Pettala, R. (Eds.) (2023). Education of Socio-Economic Disadvantaged Groups: From Marginalisation to Inclusion. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Nambissan, G.B., & Rao, S. (Eds.) (2013). Sociology of Education in India: Changing Contours and Emerging Concerns. New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- Raina, J. (Ed.) (2020). Elementary Education in India: Policy Shifts, Issues and Challenges. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Sarangapani, P. M., & Pappu, R. (Eds.) (2021). *Handbook of Education Systems in South Asia*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Varghese, N.V., & Sabharwal, N.S. (Eds.) (2024). *India Higher Education Report 2022: Women in Higher Education*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).

Module 5:

- Balasubramanian, I. (2016). Local skill concentrations and district employment growth: a simultaneous equation approach for India. *Annals of Regional Science*, 56(2), 491-511.
- Bhide, S., Balasubramanyam, V.N., & Krishna, K.L. (Eds.) (2021). Deciphering India's Services
- Bisht, N., & Pattanaik, F. (2023). Youth Employment across Industrial Categories in India during the Neoliberal Paradigm. *Youth Voice Journal*, 12, 3-29.
- Borooah, V.K. (2019). Disparity and Discrimination in Labour Market Outcomes in India: A Quantitative Analysis of Inequalities. London: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Chand, R., & Singh, J. (2022). Workforce Changes and Employment: Some Findings from PLFS Data Series. NITI Aayog Discussion Paper. https://www.niti.gov.in/sites/default/files/2023-02/Discussion Paper on Workforce 05042022.pdf
- Das, K., & Mahanta A. (2023). Rural non-farm employment diversification in India: the role of gender, education, caste and land ownership. *International Journal of Social Economics*, 50(6), 741-765.
- Jatav, M., & Nair J. (2023). Determinants of Participation in India's Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme in Three Southern States. *Journal of Asian and African Studies*, 58(7), 1055-1075.
- Khan, G.A. (2021). A critical analysis of vulnerability in informal sector employment in India: Protective mechanisms and adequacy of protection. *International Social Science Journal*, 71 (241-242), 197-215.
- Klonner, S., & Oldiges, C. (2022). The welfare effects of India's rural employment guarantee. *Journal of Development Economics*, 157, 102848.
- Patwardhan, S., & Tasciotti, L. (2023). The effect of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act on the size of outstanding debts in rural India. *Journal of Development Effectiveness*, 15(4), 353-372.
- Posso, A. (Ed.) (2020). *Child Labor in the Developing World: Theory, Practice and Policy*. Singapore: Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.
- Raj, R. S. N., & Singha, K. (Eds.) (2022). *The Routledge Handbook of Post-Reform Indian Economy*. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Ramaswamy, K.V. (2015). Labour, Employment and Economic Growth in India. New Delhi: Cambridge University

Press.

- Roychowdhury, A. (2023). Economic viability and underemployment in India's unorganized manufacturing firms: evidence from nationally representative surveys. *Journal of the Asia Pacific Economy*, 28(2), 786-811.
- Sarkar, S., Sahoo, S., & Klasen, S. (2019). Employment transitions of women in India: A panel analysis. *World Development*, 115, 291-309.
- Sector Growth. London & New York: Routledge (Taylor & Francis Group).
- Tiwari, R., & Tiwari, S. (2016). Women employment in unorganised sector in India: An empirical analysis. *Journal of Rural Development*, 35(4), 645-664.
- Upadhya, C., & RoyChowdhury, S. (2024). Crafting new service workers: skill training, migration and employment in Bengaluru, India. *Third World Quarterly*, 45(4), 753-770.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course reviewers

- 1. Prof. Arvind K. Mishra, Professor, Zakir Husain Centre for Educational Studies, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India
- 2. Prof. M. Mahapatro, Professor & Head, Department of Social Sciences, The National Institute of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi, India.

Public Administration and Systems Management

| Course title: Public Administration and Systems Management | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: 3 | L-T-P: 43-02-00 | Learning hours: 45 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): | | ourse instructor(s): | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | · | | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core Course type: Core | | rrse offered in: 1st Semester | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Course description

With the changing role of the State and government, Public Administrators are now viewed by many as entrepreneurial managers, who are expected to be more entrepreneurial and result-focused. Public systems management is a developing theme lending a new dimension to the discipline of public administration. This course, divided into three modules, is designed to provide an overview of public administration and its role in successful implementation of public policies/programmes with emerging approaches. The first module begins with a discussion of the elements of governance and public administration, which can be described as two sides of a coin, governance refers primarily to government, and one of the pillars of government is public administration. The second module introduces public systems management with modern elements and techniques, and its integration with new technologies. Further, the third module focuses on micro-level planning and implementation through decentralised administration and local governance.

Learning objectives:

- To provide students with an overview of governance and public administration, along with the systems approach for organisational management.
- To discuss the nature, elements, techniques and considerations of public systems management and its integration with new technologies.
- To orient students to understand the administrative decentralisation, and the role and functioning of local administrative bodies towards planning and implementation of public policies/programmes.

Course content

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
| 1. | Governance and Public Administration | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| | Governance: Concept, Contextual Uses, Forms, and Models | | | |
| | Role of Bureaucracy, Political Executive, Legislature, and the Judiciary in Governance | | | |
| | Changing nature of Public Services and State of Administrative Principles in the | | | |
| | Twenty-first Century | | | |
| | Work Ethics in Public Administration | | | |
| | Organizational Conflict Resolution and Management | | | |
| | Leadership Skills | | | |
| | Systems Approach for Organizational Management: Closed-Systems Approach | | | |
| | (Scientific Management; Administrative Management Movement; Weberian | | | |
| | Bureaucracy), and Open-Systems Approach (The Hawthrone Experiment; Hierarchy of | | | |
| | Needs; Humanistic Organization; Prismatic-Sala Model; Cooperative System) | | | |
| 2. | Public Systems Management | 14 | 2 | 0 |
| | Public Systems Management: Concept, Nature, Scope, and Characteristics | | | |
| | New Technologies & Public Systems Management: Electronic Governance; Digital | | | |
| | Governance; Challenges in Application of New Technology | | | |
| | Management Information System in Public Services: Evolution, Framework, Structure | | | |
| | and Appraisal | | | |
| | Group Decision-Making Techniques: Brainstorming, Synectics, Delphi, Nominal | | | |
| | Group Technique, Heuristic Technique | | | |
| | Accountability and Responsiveness in Public Systems Management | | | |
| | Transparency and Citizen's Right to Information | | | |

| 3. | Decentralised Administration & Local Governance | 15 | 0 | 0 |
|----|--|----|---|---|
| | Federal Structure: Central and State Relationship | | | |
| | Understanding Decentralization in Contemporary Settings: Political, Functional, Administrative and Financial Decentralization | | | |
| | Organizational Structure and Administrative Functioning of Rural Local Bodies: | | | |
| | Panchayati Raj System; Intra-Tier Distribution of Powers and Functions; Intra-Tier Implementation Hurdles | | | |
| | Organizational Structure and Administrative Functioning of Urban Local Bodies: Municipalities and Metropolitan Planning Committee | | | |
| | Partnership among Local Authorities and Special Purpose Agencies in various sectors, e.g., Education Sector, Health Sector, Telecom Sector, Agriculture Sector | | | |
| | Micro-level Planning formulation and implementation: Considerations and Constraints | | | |
| | Total | 43 | 2 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- **Minor Test-1:** Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20%)
- Minor Test-2: Seminar Presentation and Field Report Submission based on the Group visit of Rural/Urban Local Bodies (30%)
- Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper submission and presentation (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be:

- 1. able to understand the fundamental concepts, elements and approaches related to governance and public administration or organisational management (All evaluations)
- 2. able to independently formulate a micro-level plan to implement any intervention/strategies through the local-level administrative bodies in rural/urban areas (Minor Test-2)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Social Policy Experts in particular domains including Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Basu, R. (2019). Public Administration in the 21st Century: A Global South Perspective. London & New York: Routledge.
- Frederickson, H. G., Smith, K. B., Larimer, C. W., & Licari, M. J. (2012). *The Public Administration Theory Primer,* 2nd Edition. Boulder, Colorado: Westview Press.
- Harrison, N. E., & Geyer, R. (2022). Governing complexity in the 21st century. London & New York: Routledge.
- Laxmikanth, M. (2011). Public Administration. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Laxmikanth, M. (2014). Governance in India. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Rosenbloom, D. H., Kravchuk, R. S., & Clerkin, R. M. (2015). *Public Administration: Understanding Management, Politics, and Law in the Public Sector, 8th Edition*. New York: McGraw Hill Education.
- Singh, H., & Sachdeva, P. (2012). Public Administration: Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Pearson Education.
- Singh, H., & Singh, P. (2011). *Indian Administration*. New Delhi: Pearson Education.

Module 2:

- Arora, R. K. (Ed.) (2001). Management in Government: Concerns and Priorities. Jaipur: Aalekh Publishers.
- Batley, R., & Larbi, G. (2004). *The Changing Role of Government: The Reforms of Public Services in Developing Countries*. England: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Bhattacharya, M. (2001). New Horizons of Public Administration. New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers and Distributors.
- Bresser-Periera, L. C. (2004). *Democracy and Public Management Reform-Building the Republican State*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Ferlie, E., Lynn Jr, L. E., & Pollitt, C. (Eds.) (2007). *The Oxford Handbook of Public Management*. New York: Oxford University Press Inc.
- Osborne, S. P. (Ed.) (2002). Public Management: Critical Perspectives. London & New York: Routledge.
- Sahni, P., & Medury, U. (Eds.) (2003). *Governance for Development: Issues and Strategies*. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- Vayunandan, E., & Mathew, D. (Eds.) (2003). *Good Governance: Initiatives in India*. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Module 3:

- Chaubey, P. K. (2004). *Urban Local Bodies in India: Governance with Self Reliance*. New Delhi: Indian Institute of Public Administration.
- Ghosh, B., & Kumar, G. (2003). State Politics and Panchayats in India. New Delhi: Manohar Publications.
- Sachdeva, P. (2011). Local Government in India. New Delhi: Pearson Education (Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.).
- Mullen, R. D. (Ed.) (2012). Decentralization, Local Governance, and Social Wellbeing in India: Do local governments matter? London & New York: Routledge.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

Course reviewers

- 1. Prof. Praveen K. Pathak, Professor, Centre for the Study of Regional Development, School of Social Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India
- 2. Dr. Smriti Das, Associate Professor, Strategic Management, XLRI, National Capital Region of Delhi, India.

Research Methods for Public Policy

| Course title: Research Methods for Public Policy | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 3 L-T-P: 39-04-04 Learning hours: 4 | | | | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Manageme | nt Studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Cour | se offered in: Semeste | r 1 | | | | |
| Course description | | | _ | | | | |

This course is designed to orient students to essential research methods helpful for understanding and conceptualizing policy research and tools for administrative decision-making. Policy research often employs the methods of social science disciplines. The course aims to create a firm base on basic quantitative and qualitative research methods and tools, their appropriate application in policy research and to help students build perspectives based on robust evidence. This course comprises five modules: the first module discusses the basic features of research, with special reference to policy research; the second module provides crosscutting methods; the third and fourth modules provide an overview of qualitative and quantitative analytical methods, respectively; and the fifth module focuses on organizing and documenting analytic evidence.

Learning objectives:

- To orient students to basic and unique features of research in public policy.
- To enable students to design and carry out an independent study using quantitative or qualitative or mixed method approach.
- To help students develop the ability to select appropriate methods and tools for quantitative and qualitative data analyses and to draw inferences.
- To support students developing or strengthening their skills in organizing, synthesizing, and documenting analytical evidence in the form of research/technical reports.

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
| 1. | Basic Features of Research in Public Policy Unique Features of Research in Public Policy Basis Steps of Policy Analysis and Research for Evidence-based Policymaking Research Ethics | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 2. | Research Design, Data, and Measurement Approaches & Tools Study Design for Policy Research: Cross-Sectional Study, Time-Series Study, Longitudinal design, Systematic Review, Meta-Analysis, Experimental Research Study, Case Study Identifying and Gathering Secondary Data: Public or Private Sources of Data, Bibliographic Databases, Literature Review, Legal Searches, Management Records Primary Data Collection Approaches/Methods for Policy Information: The Investigative Approach, Survey Method, In-depth Interview, Focus-Group Discussion, Observation Definition and Measurements of Theoretical Concepts & Constructs; Types of Data; Scales of Measurements; Reliability and Validity Population, Sampling, and Subjects: concept of population and sample, various approaches to the sampling, central limit theorem, issues in sample size selection, and basic sampling designs Preparation of Survey Instrument: Considerations for Quality Questionnaire Design | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | Qualitative Research Approach and Analysis Qualitative Research Approaches: Grounded Theory; Ethnography; Discourse Analysis and Critical Discourse Analysis; Phenomenology. Analysis and Interpretation of Qualitative Data: Transcribing and listening; Organizing the Data; Coding and Categorizing; Interpreting the Data; Evaluating the Interpretation; Being Reflexive about the Interpretation; Some Specific Analytical Issues. Use of Software for Qualitative data analysis: e.g., ATLAS.ti, NVivo, etc. | | 2 | 2 |

| 4. | Quantitative Data Analysis | 12 | 2 | 2 |
|----|---|----|---|---|
| | Univariate Analysis: Frequencies, Measures of Central tendency, Measures of | | | |
| | Dispersion | | | |
| | Combining Indicators and Constructing Indices | | | |
| | Examining the Relationship between and among Variables with Tests of Statistical | | | |
| | Significance: Introduction to Hypothesis Testing; Type of Statistical Errors; Level of | | | |
| | Significance; Confidence Interval; Statistical vs. Practical Significance; some | | | |
| | commonly used Statistical Tests | | | |
| | Correlation and Regression Analysis | | | |
| | • Use of Statistical Software for Data Analysis: e.g., SPSS, Stata, R, etc. (along with | | | |
| | Microsoft Excel). | | | |
| 5. | Communicating/Documenting the Analysis | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| | Organization of the Report | | | |
| | Presentation of quantitative data into meaningful tables | | | |
| | Using Graphics to communicate | | | |
| | Interpretation and Discussion of results | | | |
| | Acknowledging the limitations of the study | | | |
| | Total | 39 | 4 | 4 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (20%)
- Minor Test-2: Presentation & Submission of Excel-based Exercises on Quantitative Data (30%)
- **Major Test:** Presentation and submission of a Research study proposal (50%); the students are required to select any policy research question, and develop a research proposal, which will be submitted and presented as a part of the major/final test. The structure of the research proposal for a policy research study includes:
 - Introduction
 - Research Questions
 - Objectives
 - Methodology: Research hypothesis; Study design; Study setting; Reference and study population; Sample size; Sampling method; Exclusion criteria (if any); Specify the measures/variables; Study tools/instruments; Technique/Process of using the instruments and making the measurements; Pilot study, Data analysis plan
 - Expected Outcomes
 - Study Timeline

Indicators for evaluation: (a) Identification of research problem; (b) Framing research questions, objectives, and hypothesis (if any); (c) Description of components under methodology section; (d) Conceptualizing expected outcomes and timeline; (d) Content, language, clarity; (e) Reference style and number of references cited

Learning outcomes

- 1. Upon completion of the course, candidates would be able to systematically identify the policy research questions and conceptualize them to carry out a scientific investigation (All evaluations)
- 2. Knowledge of quantitative and qualitative research methods and their usage will help participants appropriately apply such methods in their research inquiries that they'll carry out in the following semesters as well as in the future (All evaluations)
- 3. Participants would get the ability to develop a research proposal based on objective(s) which require(s) investigation using quantitative, qualitative, or mixed method approach (Major Test)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures, excel-based data analysis, and invited talks from guest speakers, especially those working in the development sector who could provide exposure to different sorts of quantitative or qualitative analysis carried out by them on real-world data.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Ewing, R., & Park, K. (Eds.) (2020). *Basic Quantitative Research Methods for Urban Planners*. New York & London: Routledge.
- Gelman, A., & Cortina, J. (Eds.) (2009). *A Quantitative Tour of the Social Sciences*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.
- Gravetter, F. J., & Wallnau, L. B. (2014). *Essentials of Statistics for the Behavioral Sciences*, 8th Edition. Belmont:Thomson Wadsworth.
- Howlett, M. (Ed.) (2023). The Routledge Handbook of Policy Tools. London & New York: Routledge.
- Patton, C. V., Sawicki, D. S., & Clark, J. J. (2016). *Basic Methods of Policy Analysis and Planning*, 3rd *Edition*. London & New York: Routledge.
- Weimer, D. L., & Vining, A. R. (2017). Policy Analysis: Concepts and Practice, 6th Edition. New York &

London: Routledge.

Module 2:

- Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2018). *Research Design. Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches*, 5th Edition. California: SAGE Publication, Inc.
- Rassel, G., Leland, S., Mohr, Z., & O'Sullivan, E. (2021). *Research Methods for Public Administrators*, 7th *Edition*. New York & London: Routledge.
- Rosenbaum, P. R. (2017). *Observation and experiment: an introduction to causal inference*. Massachusetts: Harvard University Press.
- Roy, T. K., Acharya, R., & Roy, A. K. (2016). *Statistical Survey Design and Evaluating Impact*. Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- van Thiel, S. (2022). Research Methods in Public Administration and Public Management: An Introduction, 2nd Edition. London & New York: Routledge.

Module 3:

- Daymon, C., & Holloway, I. (2011). *Qualitative Research Methods in Public Relations and Marketing Communications*, 2nd Edition. London & New York: Routledge.
- Kachuyevski, A., & Samuel, L. M. (Eds.) (2018). Doing Qualitative Research in Politics: Integrating Theory Building and Policy Relevance. Cham, Switzerland: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Merriam, S. B., & Tisdell, E. J. (2016). *Qualitative Research: A Guide to Design and Implementation*, 4th *Edition*. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass (John Wiley & Sons, Inc.).

Module 4:

- Gupta, S. P. (2021). Statistical Methods, 46th Edition. New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons Educational Publishers.
- Kirk, R. E. (2008). Statistics: An Introduction, 5th Edition. Belmont: Wadsworth Publishing Co., Inc.
- Peck, R., Olsen, C., & Devore, J. L. (2016). *Introduction to Statistics and Data Analysis*, 5th Edition. Boston, MA,USA: Cengage Learning.
- Woodbury, G. (2002). An Introduction to Statistics, 8th Edition. Pacific Grove, CA, USA: Duxbury.

Module 5:

- Kothari, C. R. (2004). *Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques*, 2nd *Revised Edition*. New Delhi: New Age International Publishers.
- Maimon, E., & Yancey, K. B. (2020). A Writer's Resource: A Handbook for Writing and Research, 6th Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill Education.
- Mligo, E. S. (2016). *Introduction to Research Methods and Report Writing: A Practical Guide for Students and Researchers in Social Sciences and the Humanities*. Eugene, Oregon: Wipf and Stock Publishers.

Additional information: Up to 5 candidates will be accommodated from other courses/disciplines after discussion with the course coordinator

Student responsibilities

Attendance: At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.

- 1. Dr. Mathew Gayman, Associate Professor, Department of Sociology, Georgia State University, Atlanta, Georgia, United States of America.
- 2. Dr. Neeti, Associate Professor, Centre for Climate Change, Azim Premji University, Bengaluru, India.

Globalisation and Changing Geopolitics: Implications for Economic & Foreign Policies

| Course title: Globalisation and Changing Geopolitics: Implications for Economic & Foreign Policies | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P: 30-00-00 | Learning hours: 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Course type: Core Course offered in: 1st Semester | | | | | |
| Course description | • | | | | | |

Studying a country's economic and foreign policies is almost impossible without understanding the features of globalisation and dynamic geopolitics. This course will discuss the issues surrounding globalisation, and geopolitical and security challenges from an Indian perspective, and their implications on the economic and foreign policies. It will provide an understanding of how international agreements and institutions have been shaping up due to political, technological, and economic forces. The role of India as well as the shrinking policy space at the national level will also be discussed. The discussions on how ethics and equity can be mainstreamed into international law and global institutions will form an important part of the course. This course comprises four modules: the first module discusses the fundamentals of globalization, industrialization, international trade systems, and the learnings from global financial crises; the second module focuses on the Indian economy's transition in the globalizing world; the third module provides the basics of geopolitics and international relations issues in the contemporary world; and the fourth module focuses on India's international relations and foreign policy.

Learning objectives:

- To provide students with a basic understanding of the process of globalisation, the related institutional structure, and their implications on the Indian economy and associated policies.
- To orient students to critically understand the global geopolitics including security concerns from an Indian perspective and how India has been shaping the global discourse and institutions.

| Course co | ment | | | |
|-----------|---|---|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| 1. | Globalisation, Industrialization, Trade System and Financial Crisis | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Globalisation: concept; economic, political, and cultural dimensions; Challenges to | | | |
| | Globalism | | | |
| | Phases and Theories of Industrial Development/Industrialization | | | |
| | World Trade System: Gains and losses in International Trade; Trade Theories and | | | |
| | Public Policy; Political economy of the World Trading System | | | |
| | Learnings from the Global Financial Crisis: Keynesian Models after the Great | | | |
| I | Depression: The Bretton Woods System: The State of Crisis Theories: Sustainability | | | |

in the Face of Crisis 2. **Indian Economy in the Globalizing World** 6 0 Features of the Indian State in the Planning Era India's Economic Transition: Neoliberal Globalization; Global Capitalism; Inclusive Development and Sustainability India's Position and Approaches to International & Regional Trade Agreements and Organizations: e.g., GATT/WTO; SAARC, BIMSTEC, BBIN, etc. Indian approach to Bilateral Investment Treaties (BIT) and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Essential Principles of Indian Development Cooperation 3. 8 0 **Geopolitics and International Relations** Understanding Geopolitics: using a framework focusing on place, scale, region, territory, network, and structure and agency International Relations: Significance, Scope, and Approaches Roots of Geopolitical Tensions in the 21st Century: USA-Russia-Europe

Major Contemporary Geopolitical Fissures: Syria, Ukraine, South China Sea, DPRK

| 4. | India's International Relations & Foreign Policy | 10 | 0 | 0 |
|----|---|----|---|---|
| | India's Foreign Policy and its Relations with Major Powers (i.e., India's relations | | | |
| | with the USA, China, Russia, and EU) | | | |
| | • India's Policy to Immediate Neighbourhood: Pakistan, China, Nepal, Bangladesh, Sri | | | |
| | Lanka, Bhutan. | | | |
| | Geopolitics in India's Extended Neighbourhood: West Asia; Central Asia; India's | | | |
| | Act East Policy: Japan, ASEAN & Australia; Africa; Indian Ocean | | | |
| | • India at the UN: UN Reforms & India's Quest for a Permanent UN Security Council | | | |
| | Seat | | | |
| | India's Security Policy | | | |
| | • India's role in Other Multilateral Bodies: Quad, BRICS, G20, etc.; India as a Green | | | |
| | Leader: International Solar Alliance (ISA). | | | |
| | Total | 30 | 0 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- Minor Test-1: Short-Answer Type Questions/Quizzes/MCQs (30%)
- Minor Test-2: Seminar/Debate Sessions on select Geopolitical Issues (20%)
- Major Test: Written Test/Term Paper Submission & Presentation (50%)

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, candidates would be:

- 1. able to understand the fundamental concepts and theoretical background of globalisation, geopolitics and international relations concerning India's role and implications (All evaluations)
- 2. able to develop critical thinking on the global discourse on international trade and geopolitics including the role and impacts of global institutions and agreements on Indian policies and institutions (All evaluations)

Pedagogical approach

Classroom lectures; Student Seminars; Invited talks from Social Policy Experts in particular domains including Practitioners and Senior/Superannuated Govt. Officers; Case studies.

Suggested Readings

Module 1:

- Steger, M. B. (2003). Globalization: A Very Short Introduction. New York: Oxford University Press Inc.
- Stiglitz, J. E. (2003). Globalization and its discontents. New Delhi: Penguin Books India Pvt. Ltd.
- Nanda, N. (2008). Expanding Frontiers of Global Trade Rules: The political economy dynamics of the international trading system. London: Routledge.
- Thirlwall, A. P. (2013). Economic Growth in an Open Developing Economy. London: Edward Elgar.
- WTO (2015). Understanding the WTO, 5th Edition. Geneva: WTO.

Module 2:

- Basu, K., & Maertens, A. (2012). *The New Oxford Companion to Economics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Chaturvedi, S., & Mulakala, A. (Eds.) (2016). *India's Approach to Development Cooperation*. London: Routledge.
- Nayar, B. R. (2014). *Globalization and India's Economic Integration*. Washington, D.C., US: Georgetown University Press.
- Nayyar, D. (2017). Economic Liberalisation in India: Then and Now. Economic and Political Weekly, 52(2), 41-48.

Module 3:

- Bordachev, T. (2022). Europe, Russia, and the Liberal World Order: International Relations after the Cold War. Routledge.
- Burchill, S., Linklater, A., Devetak, R., Donnelly, J., Nardin, T., Paterson, M., Reus-Snnit, C., & True, J. (2013). *Theories of International Relations, 5th Edition*. England: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Criekemans, D. (Ed.) (2021). *Geopolitics and International Relations: Grounding World Politics Anew*. Leiden, The Netherlands: Koninklijke Brill NV.
- Dittmer, J., & Sharp, J. (Eds.) (2014). Geopolitics: An Introductory Reader. Routledge.
- Dodds, K. (2019). *Geopolitics: A Very Short Introduction*, 3rd Edition. Oxford University Press.
- Dodds, K. (2019). Geopolitics: A Very Short Introduction. Oxford University Press
- Dugin, A. (2021). The Theory of a Multipolar World. Arktos Media Ltd.
- Dyvik, S. L., Selby, J., & Wilkinson, R. (Eds.) (2017). What's the Point of International Relations? Routledge.
- Flint, C. (2022). *Introduction to Geopolitics, 4th Edition*. London & New York: Routledge.
- Kumar, Y. (2020). Geopolitics in the Era of Globalisation; Mapping an Alternative Global Future. Routledge.
- Nestorovic, C. (2023). Geopolitics and Business: Relevance and Resonance. Springer.

- O'Donnell, F., & Ganguly, S. (Eds.) (2022). Routledge Handbook of the International Relations of South Asia. Routledge.
- Voskressenski, A. D. (2017). Non-Western Theories of International Relations: Conceptualizing World Regional Studies. Palgrave Macmillan.
- Ward, M. D. (Ed.) (2022). The New Geopolitics. Routledge.
- Wilkinson, P. (2007). International Relations: A Very Short Introduction. New York: Oxford University Press Inc.

Module 4:

- Beitelmair-Berini, B. (2021). *India's Grand Strategy and Foreign Policy: Strategic Pluralism and Subcultures*. Routledge.
- Bekkevold, J. I., & Kalyanaraman, S. (Eds.) (2021). *India's Great Power Politics: Managing China's Rise*. Routledge India.
- Bhatnagar, A. & Passi, R. (Eds.) (2016). *Neighbourhood First: Navigating Ties under Modi*. New Delhi: Observer Research Foundation and Global Policy Journal.
- Bhatnagar, S. (2020). *India's Pakistan Policy: How Think Tanks Are Shaping Foreign Relations*. Routledge India.
- Chakraborti, T., & Chakraborty, M. (2020). *India's Strategy in the South China Sea*. Routledge.
- Dhaliwal, S. (Ed.) (2021). *Indo-US Relations: Steering through the Changing World Order*. Routledge India.
- Dhaliwal, S. (Ed.) (2023). *India and the Changing World Order*. London & New York: Routledge.
- Gieg, P., Lowinger, T., Pietzko, M., Zürn, A., Bava, U. S., & Müller-Brandeck-Bocquet, G. (Eds.) (2021). *EU-India Relations: The Strategic Partnership in the Light of the European Union Global Strategy*. Cham, Switzerland: Springer Nature Switzerland AG.
- Hall, I. (2019). Modi and the Reinvention of Indian Foreign Policy. Bristol University Press.
- Hansel, M., Khan, R., & Levaillant, M. (Eds.) (2017). *Theorizing Indian Foreign Policy*. Routledge.
- Kim, Y-C. (Ed.) (2020). *China-India Relations: Geo-political Competition, Economic Cooperation, Cultural Exchange and Business Ties*. Springer International Publishing.
- Mayilvaganan, M. (Ed.) (2021). ASEAN and India-ASEAN Relations: Navigating Shifting Geopolitics. Routledge.
- Ogden, C. (2023). Global India: The Pursuit of Influence and Status. Routledge
- Panda, J. P., & Gunasekara-Rockwell, E. (Eds.) (2022). *Quad Plus and Indo-Pacific; The Changing Profile of International Relations*. Routledge.
- Pethiyagoda, K. (2021). *Indian Foreign Policy and Cultural Values*. Cham, Switzerland: Palgrave Macmillan (Springer Nature Switzerland AG).
- Schmidt, J. D., & Chakrabarti, S. (Eds.) (2021). *The Interface of Domestic and International Factors in India's Foreign Policy*. Routledge.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections and timely submission according to the evaluation criterion.

- 1. Prof. S. P. Singh, Professor, Department of Humanities & Social Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee (IITR), Roorkee, Uttarakhand, India.
- 2. Dr. R. R. Shukla, Associate Professor, Centre for Comparative Politics & Political Theory, School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.

Economics for Public Policy

| Course title: Economics for Public Policy | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: MPD 143 | No. of credits: 2 | L-T-P: 26-04-00 | Learning hours: 30 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | NA | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy and Management Studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): ***** Course instructor(s): **** | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | Co | ırse offered in: Semeste | er 1 | | | |

Course description

This introductory course primarily covers the impacts and implications of government policy by emphasizing the core and fundamental concepts, theories, principles, tools and instruments in economics. The emphasis is laid on building students critical thinking and analytical abilities in applying the economic concepts to range of public policy problems in evaluating it and analyzing it. It lays emphasis on developing students' understanding in how and why markets (one important mechanism for allocating scarce resources) operate, and under what conditions markets fail. What are the mechanisms to correct market failure?

Course objectives-

- To develop students critical thinking around a range of public issues by using tools and techniques of economics
- To make students understand how and why markets work, when do they fail and mechanisms to correct such failures
- To build students skill sets for analyzing, interpreting public policy issues by using various economics tools and techniques

| Course c | | | | |
|----------|---|----|---|---|
| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
| I | Fundamentals | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| | Basic concepts and the philosophy behind economics | | | |
| | Assumptions of perfectly competition markets and rationale actors | | | |
| | Inefficiency and imperfect markets | | | |
| | Welfare economics and policy applications | | | |
| II | Market failure: Definition, causes and | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | typologies. | | | |
| | Why do markets fail? Causes of market failure, Externalities and | | | |
| | public goods, Natural monopolies, Free-rider problem, Common | | | |
| | property problems, Information asymmetry | | | |
| | Behavioral economics in the context of market failure | | | |
| | Case studies in market failure in infrastructure sector | | | |
| III | Mechanisms to correct the market failure | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| | Introduction to various intervention tools such as command and | | | |
| | control approach (CAC) versus Market based Instruments | | | |
| | (MBI's) such as taxes and cap and trade mechanisms | | | |
| | Role of regulation in market failure, Theories of economic regulation and its | | | |
| | applications in infrastructure sector | | | |
| | Theories of public expenditure | | | |
| IV | Tools for analyzing public policy | 6 | 2 | 0 |
| | Introduction to cost-benefit analysis | | | |
| | Present value analysis, choosing the discount rate | | | |
| | Policy analysis involving risks and uncertainty | | | |
| | Economic impact analysis tools | | | |
| | Project management tools in public policy analysis | | | |
| | Case study: Tools for catalyzing fossil fuel transitions | | | |
| | Total | 26 | 4 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Minor Test 1: Written test 20 %

Minor test 2: Group assignment in the form of group presentations of important public policy case studies: 30 %

Major Exam: 50%

Learning outcomes

By the end of the course, students would be able to;

- Understand the key concepts, theories, models, tools, and techniques of economics to apply in the public policy context (Major Exam)
- Understand and appraise the role of market, market failure and mechanisms for correcting the market failure (Minor Exam 2 and Major test)
- Develop the skills to interpret, analyze the economic concepts, tools, and techniques for resolving public problem problems (Minor Test 1 and 2)

Pedagogical approach

The course will be delivered through a mix of classroom lectures, quizzes, discussions, classroom exercises and assignments and case studies discussion and presentation.

Course Reading Materials

Suggested core readings:

- 7. Principles of Economics, Karl Case, Ray Fair, and Sharon Oster, 12th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2017.
- 8. Gruber J. Public Finance and Public Policy, 7th edition, Worth Publishers, 2022.
- 9. Mishan, E.J., Cost Benefit Analysis, Routledge Publication, 2020.
- 10. Kolstad C.D. Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2002
- 11. Nudge: improving decision about health, by R. H Thaler and C.R. Sunstein, Penguin UK, 2009

Additional readings

- 7. Economics: A Very Short Introduction, Partha Dasgupta, First Ey Edition, Oxford University Press, 2007
- 8. Free to Choose, Milton Friedman and Rose Director Friedman, First Edition, Mariner Books, 1990
- The Armchair Economist: Economics and Everyday Life, Steven E. Landsburg, The Free Press, New York, 2012
- 10. The Political Economy of Public Goods: Some Evidence from India by Abhijit Banerjee and Rohini Somanathan, Journal of Development Economics 82 (2007)

Additional information

Students should be sincere and regular in classes

Student responsibilities

Attendance: At-least 75% attendance will be necessary to be able to appear for the final exam

Course reviewers:

Prof. Badri Narayan Rath, Professor, IIT Hyderabad Dr Subir Sen, Associate Professor, IIT Roorkee

Course prepared by: Dr Gopal Sarangi

International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy

| Course title: International Collaborative Studio on Public Policy | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Course code: PPS XXX | No. of credits: 1 L-T-P: 15-00-00 Learning hours: 15 | | | Learning hours: 15 | | | |
| Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): | | | | | | | |
| Department: Department of Policy & Management | Department: Department of Policy & Management Studies | | | | | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | | | | |
| Contact details: | | | | | | | |
| Course type: Core | | Course | offered in: 1st Semes | ster | | | |

Course description

This course is intended to provide students with an international platform to have exposure to global, contemporary, and state-of-the-art perspectives on critical public policy domains with a focus on sustainability. This platform would help the students to directly interact with experts from academia and industry including popular foreign university centres/schools/departments leading the education in public policy, and independent centres across various domains having important roles in public policy processes. The course will be delivered through five or six structured panel discussions on select thematic areas in a hybrid mode considering the mutually convenient period across time zones of the involved collaborators. This platform would open opportunities for students for further continued formal/informal interactions with external experts to develop or conceptualise ideas or policy research questions to carry out their requirements for developing a policy paper or writing dissertations in the following semesters of the Programme. On a mutual understanding or acceptance between the external expert and the student as per the specific guidelines of the Programme and the Institute, the student can get an opportunity to work under the mentorship of the external experts too.

Learning objectives:

- To provide students with an understanding of key public policy issues and challenges of the global community and critically reflect on the context under discussion.
- To develop the skills among students to summarise the debates on any thematic policy issues.

Course content

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
| 1. | International Discussion Panels shall be structured to focus on the public policy dimension of diverse, yet critical thematic areas linked to sustainability. • Climate Change • Urbanisation • Water resources • Energy • Digital Economy • Infrastructure Development • Industrial Development • Various Social Policies, including Food Security, Education, Health, Work & Employment, etc. | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total | 15 | 0 | 0 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the concurrent evaluation process:

- Assignment (90%): Submission of the Summary Report of each panel discussion in a prescribed format as per the guidelines over the semester.
- Active participation (10%): Active participation in the Panel Discussion would be observed through students' presence/attendance and asking relevant questions to the experts.

Learning outcomes

Upon completion of this course, students would be able to:

- 1. enhance their understanding towards complexities and possible solutions for diverse sustainability dimensions such as climate change, urbanisation, water resources, energy, digital economy, infrastructure development, industrial development, etc. (All evaluations).
- 2. develop summaries or briefs based on the major discussion points of importance or the outcome of the live expert panel discussions (All evaluations).

Pedagogical approach

Panel Discussion sessions will be conducted in hybrid mode. The international or national experts from academia or industry/research organisations will participate in the thematic deliberations.

Student responsibilities

- At least 75% attendance will be required.
- Active participation in the organised panel discussions/webinars/workshops, etc. through asking relevant questions to the experts.

- 1. Prof. Shannon B. Olsson, Global Director, Echo Network, India Office, Bengaluru, Karnataka, India; the Special Scientific Envoy to India with the Danish Academy of Technical Sciences (ATV).
- 2. Dr. Sunil Pandey, Director, Circular Economy and Waste Management, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India

Policy Lab-I: Sectoral Policy Scoping

| Course title: Policy | Lab-I: Sectoral Policy Sco | ping | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Course code: | No. of credits: 1 | L-T-P : 10-00-10 | Learning hours: 15 | |
| Pre-requisite course | e code and title (if any): Nor | ne | | |
| Department: Depar | tment of Policy & Manageme | ent Studies | | |
| Course coordinator(s): Course instructor(s): | | | | |
| Contact details: | | • | | |
| Course Type: Core | | Course offered in: | Semester 1 | |

Course Description

This course is designed to provide students with a practical environment to reflect upon the policy-relevant dimensions covered across the sectors and develop their skills to conduct evidence synthesis and scoping in order to identify key policy research questions. In the second part of this course, the students will take up some of the identified research questions to develop a policy paper considering their feasibility to be carried out. Some of the unattended research questions students may select for their dissertation work. This course is the first part of a two-part course that imparts practical knowledge of the processes of policymaking or developing a policy paper/brief. In this part, the students learn initial process of identifying policy-relevant research questions through the scoping of literature and other evidence, and stakeholder consultation.

Course objectives

- To provide students with a platform to practically engage in evidence synthesis and systematically review the bibliographic databases and other sources of evidence to carry out a scoping exercise in the select policy-relevant domains.
- To equip students with the skill to identify and draft policy-relevant research questions based on the identified research gaps from the scoping exercise of the collated literature/evidence.
- To orient students to the relevance and essential conditions to carry out the stakeholder analysis
 including the process of identifying key stakeholders and critical research questions based on the
 discussions.
- To provide students with a platform to enhance their skills to conduct, moderate or lead the brainstorming sessions to extract critical research questions through reaching on consensus.

Course content

| Module | Topic | L | T | P |
|--------|--|----|---|----|
| 1. | Scoping of Policy Research Questions: The students will be guided and instructed to identify policy-relevant research questions by scoping bibliographic databases, govt. reports, grey literature, and newspaper articles as per the context and domain under investigation. Based on the nature of policy domains or research investigation, the students would also conduct a stakeholder analysis to come up with critical issues for investigation. | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| | Based on the class size, the scoping activity and presentation of the outcome would be conducted in groups or as individual exercises. | | | |
| | TOTAL | 10 | 0 | 10 |

Evaluation criteria:

Course grades will be based on the following criteria:

- **Minor Test:** Presentation of Scoping Excercise (40%)
- **Major Test:** Submission of Review Paper (60%)

Learning Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students would be able to:

- enhance their practical skills to delineate policy dimensions across the domains.
- augment their understanding to develop relevant policy research questions through scoping of literature and other evidence.

Pedagogical approach:

Systematic literature review; content analysis; brainstorming sessions, group, or individual presentation, etc.

Suggested readings:

It is a practical exercise using the knowledge gained from other taught courses and through the review

process.

Relevant literature, reports, textbooks, case studies, journals, databases will be suggested to the students based on the context and requirements.

Student responsibilities:

- At least 75% attendance will be required.
- Active classroom participation; Critical reflections during Brainstorming Sessions; Equal participation of the participants working in a group.

- 1. Dr. Sunil Pandey, Director, Circular Economy and Waste Management, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), New Delhi, India.
- 2. Dr. Prashanth N. Srinivas, Director & Health Equity Cluster Lead, Institute of Public Health, Bengaluru, India.

Two changes in the overall program structure are made to align the credit requirements as per NHEQF. The course BBP 112 Statistics for the Life Sciences is shifted from Semester 2 to Semester 3. Second, the credits of course BBP 108 Major Project credits are changed from 16 to 20. Accordingly, the total credit requirement for overall program is 82.

Total credits: 82

| Semester | Courses | Credits | Duration |
|--------------|--|---------|----------|
| 1st Semester | 7 core courses of 2-7 credits each, and 2 core audit courses | 21 | 15 weeks |
| 2nd Semester | 7 core courses of 2-7 credits and 1 course of 2 credits in the area of specialisation** | 20 | 15 weeks |
| | | | |
| Second Year | | | |
| 3rd Semester | Semester 4 core courses of 2-7 credits and 1 course of 3 credits in the area of specialisation** | | 15 weeks |
| 4th Semester | Major project | 20 | 15 weeks |
| | Total | 82 | |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits | No. of L-T-P |
|------------|---------------|--|------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Semester 1 | NRE 113 | Applied mathematics | Core | 0 | 33-12-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 111 | Bioanalytical techniques | Core | 3 | 39-6-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 174 | Bioinformatics and computational biology - Part I | Core | 2 | 22-8-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 105 | Biotechnology laboratory - Part 1 | Core | 7 | 7-0-196 |
| Semester 1 | NRE 106 | Communication Skills and Technical Writing | Core | 0 | 16-14-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 158 | Conceptual foundations of molecular biology | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 123 | Plant and Animal Biotechnology | Core | 2 | 45-0-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 161 | Principles of Biochemistry and Biophysics | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 1 | BBP 155 | Principles of genetic engineering and recombinant DNA technology | Core | 3 | 30-15-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 106 | Biotechnology Laboratory - Part 2 | Core | 7 | 0-0-210 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 144 | Conservation Genetics and Genomics | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 146 | Genome Structure and Diversity: Concepts and Methodologies | Core | 3 | 23-22-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 115 | Introduction to Nanobiotechnology | Core | 2 | 22-8-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 145 | Microbial Pathogenesis | PE | 2 | 15-15-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 114 | Molecular Cell Biology - From Genes to Communities | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 131 | Molecular Microbiology and Immunology | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 2 | BBP 116 | Molecular Plant Physiology and Metabolism | PE | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 112 | Statistics for The Life Sciences | Core | 3 | 30-15-0 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 141 | Bioethics, IPR and Regulations in Biotechnology | Core | 3 | 39-6-0 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 162 | Bioprocess Engineering and Environmental Biotechnology | PE | 3 | 30-15-0 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 103 | Biotechnology Laboratory - Part 3 | Core | 7 | 0-0-210 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 147 | Molecular Genetics for Plant Functional Genomics: Principles and Practice | PE | 3 | 22-23-0 |

| Semester | Course No. | Course Title | Туре | Number of Credits | No. of L-T-P |
|------------|---------------|--|------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Semester 3 | BBP 163 | Gene Expression Analysis and Transcriptomics | Core | 2 | 30-0-0 |
| Semester 1 | NRE 165 | Introduction to Sustainable Development | OE | 0 | 15-0-0 |
| Semester 3 | BBP 164 | Proteomics and Protein Engineering | Core | 3 | 45-0-0 |
| Semester 4 | BBP 108 | Major project | Core | 20 | 0-0-672 |

SCHEME FOR APPOINTMENT OF HONORARY DISTINGUISHED PROFESSOR AT THE TERI SCHOOL OF ADVANCED STUDIES (TERI SAS)

1. PREAMBLE

A retired Professor or Eminent Academic of repute of any University/Research/Academic Organization having an authoritative standing in a field of interest to a Department of TERI SAS may, on the recommendation of the Vice-Chancellor, be selected for appointment as Honorary Distinguished Professor. The terms and conditions and procedure of selection shall be as provided in this scheme. As the position is a purely honorary one, the Honorary Distinguished Professor shall not be paid any salary from TERI SAS funds.

2. SELECTION

The conferment of distinguished professorship by the TERI SAS shall be done only on such scholars who have earned national/global recognition with their distinguished work. Active Academics/Researchers of such repute, who are performance oriented (writing books, writing essays, comments etc.) and have potential to contribute to the academic environment of TERI SAS shall be eligible for conferment of said status under the scheme. The procedure of selection of scholars for award of the said status shall be as follows:

- a) There shall be no age bar for consideration of Distinguished scholar of the university.
- b) The Scheme will be notified as per the requirement for such positions subject to departmental approval and requirements. Applications will be invited and the outcome of the selection process will be communicated to all applicants before the end of the subsequent month as well as prominently displayed on the TERI SAS website. Further in addition to application-based selection, nominations of esteemed academicians and individuals of eminence by former/present Vice Chancellors, former/present Directors of National Institutes, Fellows of the National Academies shall be considered as Honorary Distinguished Professors at TERI SAS.
- c) Host departments will scrutinize applications and forward their recommendations to the Vice-Chancellor. If the host department advises against selection, the same will the communicated to the applicant. If the host department recommends selection, the applicant's candidature will be forwarded to the Consultative Committee.
- d) **The Consultative Committee:** A Committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor as Chairman, the Deans and two persons of eminence in the relevant field (to be nominated by the Vice-Chancellor from the panel approved by the Executive Council) as members, shall consider the individual(s) suggested for Honorary Distinguished Professorship and, if found suitable, forward their endorsement of the said individual's candidature to the Executive Council for final approval.
- e) The Registrar's office will document the above process during every selection cycle.

The Departments and the Consultative Committees should make their recommendations based on the following criteria:

1. The candidate for Honorary Distinguished Professorship should be a highly acclaimed academician.

- 2. S/he should have consistent publications in highly reputed journals/publishing houses.
- 3. S/he should have received patents/copyrights or have inventions to his/her credit or other relevant discipline-specific indicators of eminence.
- 4. S/he should have supervised Ph.D. students and/or post-doctoral fellows within the preceding 5 years.
- 5. S/he should have received national and/or international recognition as evidenced by for example, selection to the membership of leading discipline-specific national and/or international academies. (Note: Paid memberships to various professional associations will not count towards this indicator).
- 6. He/She should be a good teacher and should have contributed to the development of innovative methods of teaching and improvement of course curricula.
- 7. Any other noted accomplishments and contributions to the field of education and/or research.

3. FUNCTIONS OF THE HONORARY DISTINGUISHED PROFESSOR

The Honorary Distinguished Professor would function as guide, philosopher and mentor for the hosting department.

The Honorary Distinguished Professor of TERI SAS may discharge any or all of the following illustrative (but not comprehensive) functions:

- a) Delivering special lectures for the students/faculty members.
- b) Conducting specialized short-term refresher courses and to help research students and members of faculty.
- c) Guiding to shape the existing course curricula to make it contemporary and contextual as an invited member of the Board of Studies of the host Department.
- d) Aiding conceptualization of new research areas and development of research projects in that line.
- e) Extending need-based guidance in the relevant field.
- f) Extending guidance across Departments to enable multi-disciplinarity and in other matters of the University, where required.
- g) Each Honorary Distinguished Professor should submit a yearly report on his/her work and accomplishments during the year duly forwarded by the Head of the department to the Vice-Chancellor. This report shall form part of the Annual Report of the University.
- h) Each Honorary Distinguished Professor should deliver a public lecture on his/her work and/or emerging trends in his/her field every year.
- i) The Distinguished Professor's affiliation to the hosting Department and TERI SAS should be mentioned prominently on his/her written works, such as books, research articles etc.
- j) All standards of professional conduct prescribed in the faculty code of conduct shall be applicable to the Honorary Distinguished Professor.

Notwithstanding anything contained above, the Honorary Distinguished Professor will not be assigned administrative roles (Dean, HoD, Program Coordinators etc.).

4. PRIVILEGES

(a) An Honorary Distinguished Professor will be treated as an 'honoured' member of the

department and appropriate facilities for discharge of his functions shall be extended to him/her by the hosting department. However, extension of laboratory facilities and other research-related facilities to the Distinguished Professor shall be decided at the department level. These provisions should not constitute any kind of additional cost to TERI SAS.

- (b) He/she should also be extended Library facilities at par with regular faculty members to enable proper pursuance of his/her academic pursuits.
- (c) An Honorary Distinguished Professor who is invited to the Campus from outside shall be entitled for payment of honoraria for lectures delivered in various courses taught at TERI SAS at prevailing rates recommended for guest faculty.
- (d) Submitting joint research proposals for extramural funding with a regular faculty of TERI SAS as co-investigator. (However, the administrative and financial responsibilities in such projects would rest with the co-investigator from TERI).
- (e) The Honorary Distinguished Professor may elect to supervise doctoral students and/or post-doctoral fellows provided a regular faculty of TERI SAS consents to serve as the co-supervisor.

5. TENURE

- (a) The tenure of the Honorary Distinguished Professor shall be **five** years from the date of joining, subject to termination from either side with a three-month's notice.
- (b) The tenure of the Honorary Distinguished Professor may be renewed by the Vice-Chancellor for an additional **five** years based on the recommendation of the host department and the Deans. Only **one** extension is permitted.

NOTE: This scheme is not open to current or past employees of TERI and TERI SAS.